

Molecular Modelling Course

November 17. 2025 – 19. 2025 | Dr. Birkan Emrem, Dr. Ferdinand Jamitzky, Dr. Plamen Dobrev, Dr. Prasanth Ganta
Leibniz Supercomputing Centre

Outline

- Motivation
- Bio-molecular atomistic structures
- Molecular dynamics introduction
- Introduction to GROMACS
- Input file parameters and topologies for molecular dynamics simulations and in GROMACS in particular

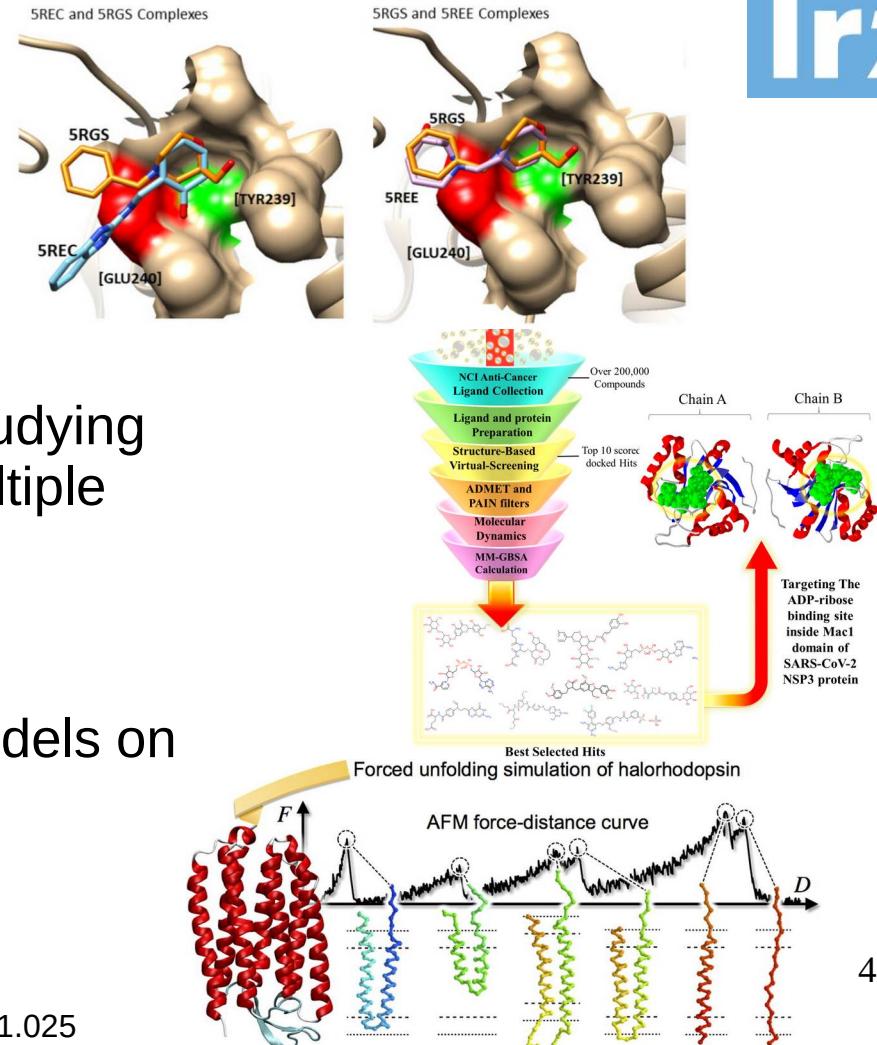
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Why do simulations?



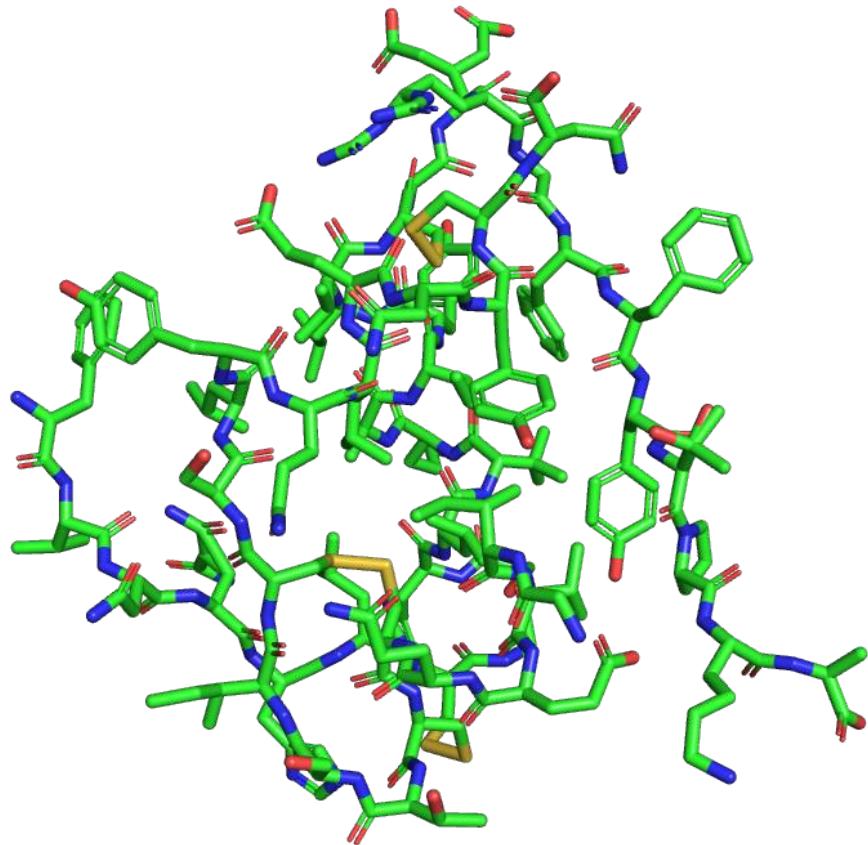
- To study observables not accessible by experimental approaches
- To carry out high throughput essays, studying system under multiple conditions or multiple systems simultaneously
- Reproduce experiment and validate models on microscopic level



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Biomolecular Structures



- Structures of biological molecules are saved as a set of atomic coordinates
- They are derived experimentally either by X-ray crystallography, atomic NMR or Cryo-EM, or *in silico* using AI methods (e.g. AlphaFold)
- Atomic resolution of a structure is crucial for obtaining physiologically relevant data during simulation

Welcome

Deposit

Search

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Analyze

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RCSB Protein Data Bank (RCSB PDB) enables breakthroughs in science and education by providing access and tools for exploration, visualization, and analysis of:

- Experimentally-determined 3D structures from the **Protein Data Bank (PDB)** archive
- Computed Structure Models (CSM) from AlphaFold DB and ModelArchive

These data can be explored in context of external annotations providing a structural view of biology.



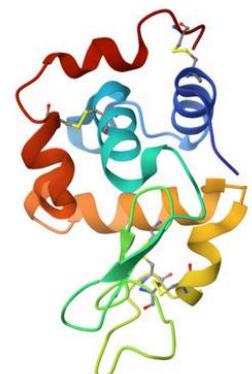
May Molecule of the Month

TOC-TIC Translocon

Latest Entries	As of Tue May 13 2025	Features & Highlights	News	Publications
 9EHY X-ray crystal structure of ADC-33 beta-lactamase in complex with ceftazidime in acyl and product forms		<p> Announcement: Ligand Expo To Be Retired in 2025 Users should transition to RCSB PDB and wwPDB services as soon as possible</p> <p> Watch the Webinar: Seeing Bird Flu in 3D This virtual course will help you explore Influenza A H5N1 virus protein structures using RCSB.org tools</p> <p> Watch the Webinar: Streamlining Access to RCSB PDB APIs with Python This virtual course introduces and demonstrates usage of the rcsb-api Python package for easy interactions with RCSB PDB Search and Data API services</p>	 Access Computed Structure Model Annotations Gene Ontology terms (for Molecular Function, Cellular Component, and Biological Process), InterPro protein family classifications, and Pharos disease associations are available for CSMs at RCSB.org » 05/19/2025	 PDB-101 Focus: Peak Performance PDB-101 materials explore the structural biology of nutrition. » 05/16/2025



Biological Assembly 1

[Explore in 3D: Structure](#) | [Sequence Annotations](#) |
[Electron Density](#) | [Validation Report](#)**Global Symmetry:** Asymmetric - C1
Global Stoichiometry: Monomer - A1 [Find Similar Assemblies](#)

Biological assembly 1 assigned by authors.

Macromolecule Content

- Total Structure Weight: 14.33 kDa
- Atom Count: 1,082
- Modeled Residue Count: 129
- Deposited Residue Count: 129

Unpublished residue count

[Display Files](#) | [Download Files](#) | [Data API](#)**2YVB | pdb_00002yvb**

High resolution X-ray crystal structure of Tetragonal Hen egg white lysozyme

PDB DOI: <https://doi.org/10.2210/pdb2YVB/pdb>

Classification: HYDROLASE

Organism(s): Gallus gallus

Mutation(s): No

Deposited: 2007-04-10 Released: 2007-04-24

Deposition Author(s): Naresh, M.D., Jaimohan, S.M., Kumar, V.V., Mandal, A.B.

Experimental Data Snapshot

Method: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

Resolution: 1.62 Å

R-Value Free:

0.277 (Depositor), 0.280 (DCC)

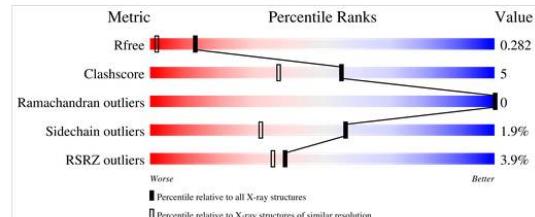
R-Value Work:

0.229 (Depositor), 0.230 (DCC)

R-Value Observed:

0.231 (Depositor)

Starting Model: experimental

[View more details](#)**wwPDB Validation** [3D Report](#) | [Full Report](#)

This is version 1.6 of the entry. See complete history.

Literature[Download Primary Citation](#)

High resolution X-ray crystal structure of Tetragonal Hen egg white lysozyme

[Naresh, M.D., Jaimohan, S.M., Kumar, V.V.](#)

To be published.

PDB file format

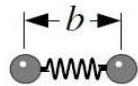
	TITLE	GRowing Old MAKes el Chrono Sweat										
	REMARK	THIS IS A SIMULATION BOX										
	CRYST1	50.000	50.000	50.000	90.00	90.00	90.00	P	1		1	
	MODEL	1										
atom number	ATOM	1	N	GLY	A	1	26.489	31.416	34.421	1.00	21.88	
	ATOM	2	CA	GLY	A	1	25.423	31.498	33.376	1.00	22.85	
	ATOM	3	C	GLY	A	1	25.301	30.097	32.750	1.00	43.92	
atom name	ATOM	4	O	GLY	A	1	25.570	29.200	33.539	1.00	25.22	
	ATOM	5	N	ILE	A	2	25.019	30.003	31.464	1.00	26.28	
	ATOM	6	CA	ILE	A	2	24.864	28.738	30.732	1.00	20.84	
residue name	ATOM	7	C	ILE	A	2	25.985	27.774	30.790	1.00	11.81	
	ATOM	8	O	ILE	A	2	25.772	26.564	31.101	1.00	20.31	
	ATOM	9	CB	ILE	A	2	24.469	28.965	29.227	1.00	40.00	
chain identifier	ATOM	10	CG1	IL	▶A	2	23.773	27.618	28.829	1.00	36.74	
	ATOM	11	CG2	ILE	A	2	25.611	29.266	28.272	1.00	23.02	
	ATOM	12	CD1	ILE	A	2	22.539	27.503	29.772	1.00	26.69	
residue number	ATOM	13	N	VAL	A	3	27.219	28.231	30.615	1.00	16.57	
	ATOM	14	CA	VAL	A	3	28.386	27.373	30.708	1.00	15.75	
	ATOM	15	C	VAL	A	3	28.460	26.633	32.054	1.00	22.09	
	X	ATOM	16	O	VAL	3	28.805	25.462	32.169	1.00	24.52	
		ATOM	17	CB	VAL	A	3	29.655	28.180	30.357	1.00	21.34
		ATOM	18	CG1	VAL	A	3	30.970	27.432	30.580	1.00	32.48
coordinates	Y	ATOM	19	CG2	VAL	A	3	29.510	28.681	28.909	1.00	26.35
		ATOM	20	N	GLU	A	4	28.309	27.491	33.067	1.00	16.58
		ATOM	21	CA	GLU	A	4	28.463	26.946	34.427	1.00	15.32
	Z	ATOM	22	C	GLU	A	4	27.348	26.030	34.742	1.00	16.88
		ATOM	23	O	GLU	A	4	27.464	24.946	35.260	1.00	23.30
		ATOM	24	CB	GLU	A	4	28.543	28.163	35.398	1.00	17.11
occupancy		ATOM	25	CG	GLU	A	4	29.737	29.037	35.083	1.00	21.45
		ATOM	26	CD	GLU	A	4	29.648	29.929	33.867	1.00	21.59
		ATOM	27	OE1	GLU	A	4	28.595	30.431	33.509	1.00	23.43
B-factor		ATOM	28	OE2	GLU	A	4	30.784	30.041	33.311	1.00	25.36

Outline

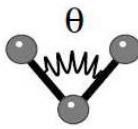
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Molecular Dynamics Introduction

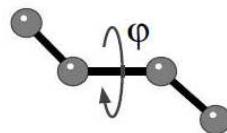
classic potentials



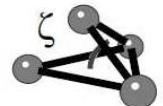
$$V^B = \frac{1}{2}k_b(b - b_0)^2$$



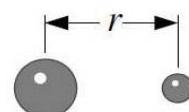
$$V^W = \frac{1}{2}k_\theta(\theta - \theta_0)^2$$



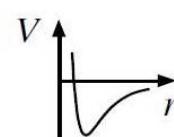
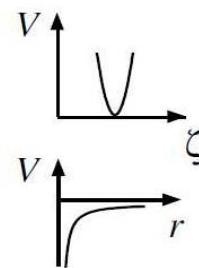
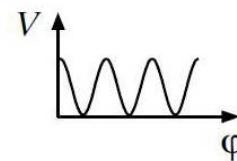
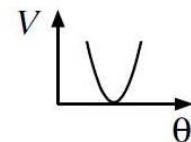
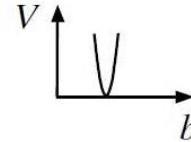
$$V^D = k_\varphi[1 + \cos(n\varphi - \delta)]$$



$$V^C = q_i q_j / (4\pi\epsilon_0\epsilon_r r)$$

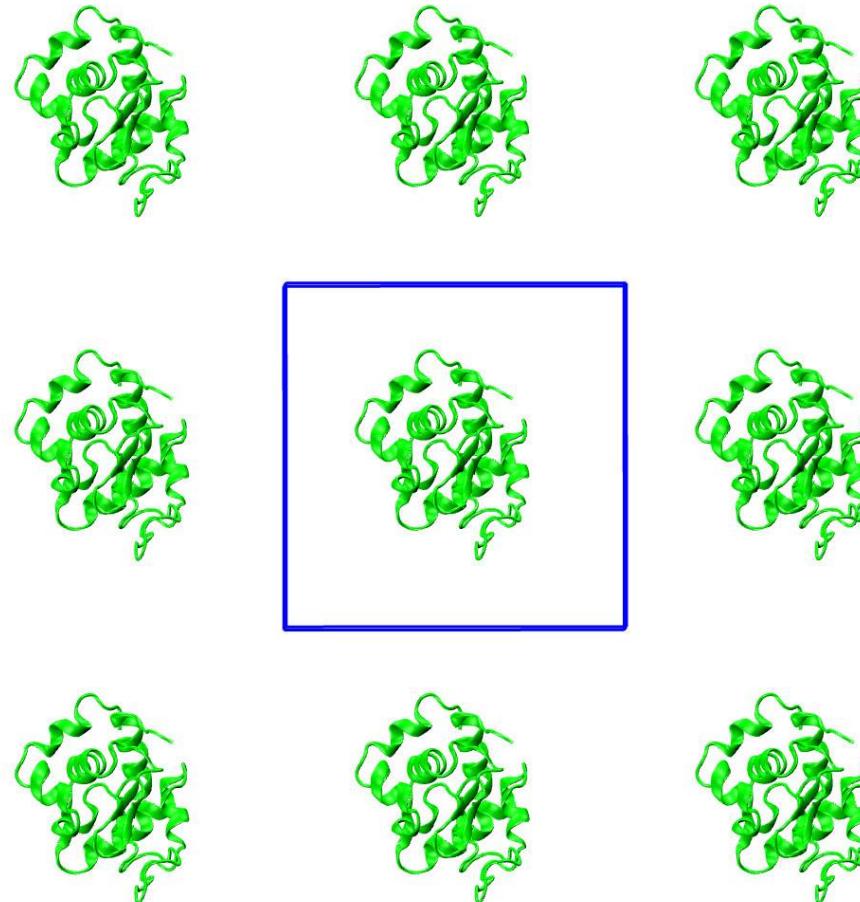


$$V^{LJ} = C_{12}(i, j)/r^{12} - C_6(i, j)/r^6$$



Molecular Dynamics Introduction

periodic boundaries



Molecular Dynamics Introduction

thermostats and barostats



Berendsen thermostat

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{T_0 - T}{\tau}$$

$$\lambda = \left[1 + \frac{n_{TC} \Delta t}{\tau_T} \left(\frac{T_0}{T \left(t - \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \right)} - 1 \right) \right]^{1/2}$$

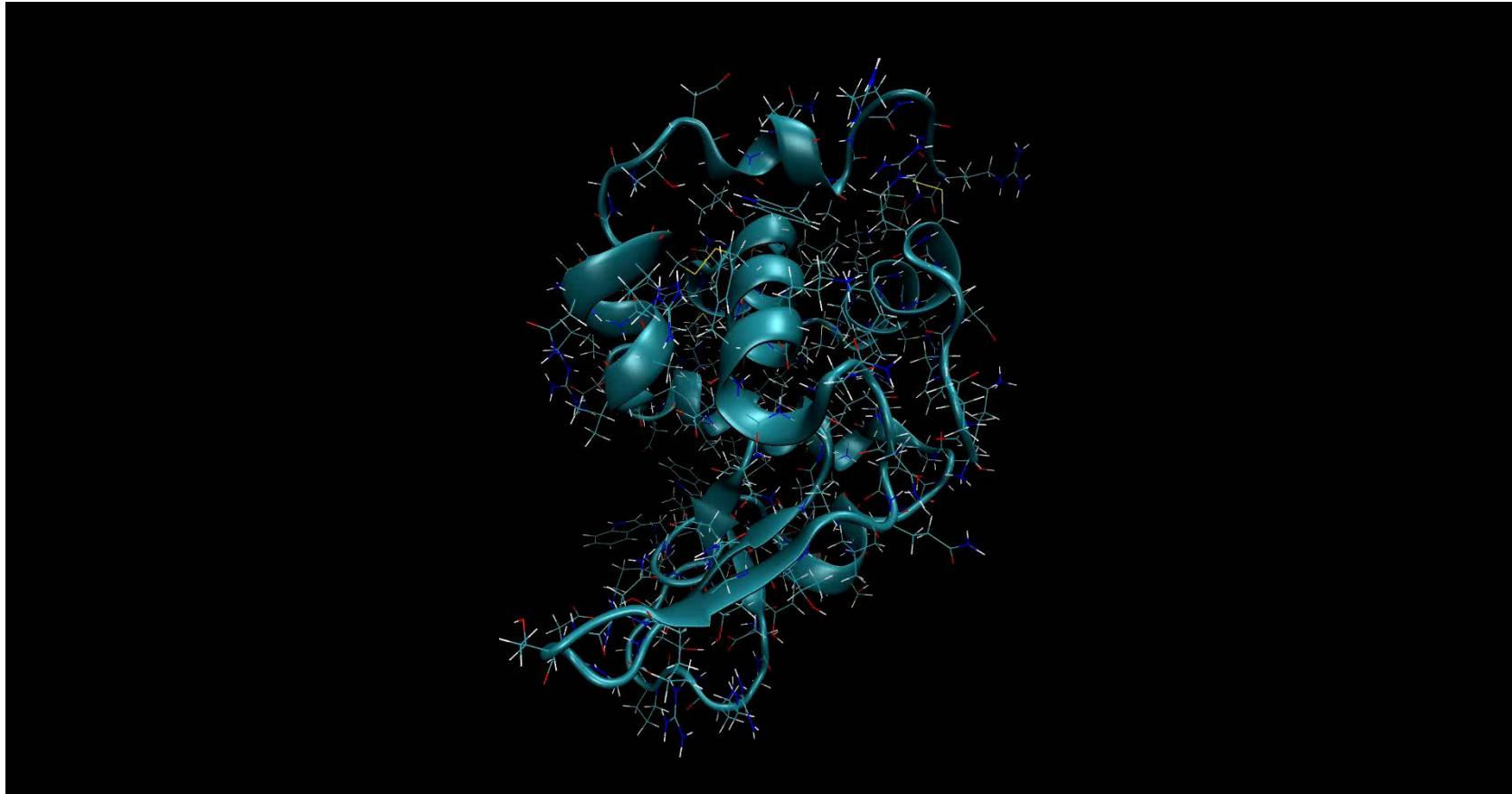
Berendsen barostat

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{P_0 - P}{\tau_p}$$

$$\mu_{ij} = \delta_{ij} - \frac{n_{PC} \Delta t}{3 \tau_p} \beta_{ij} \{ P_{0ij} - P_{ij}(t) \}$$

Molecular Dynamics Introduction

trajectories



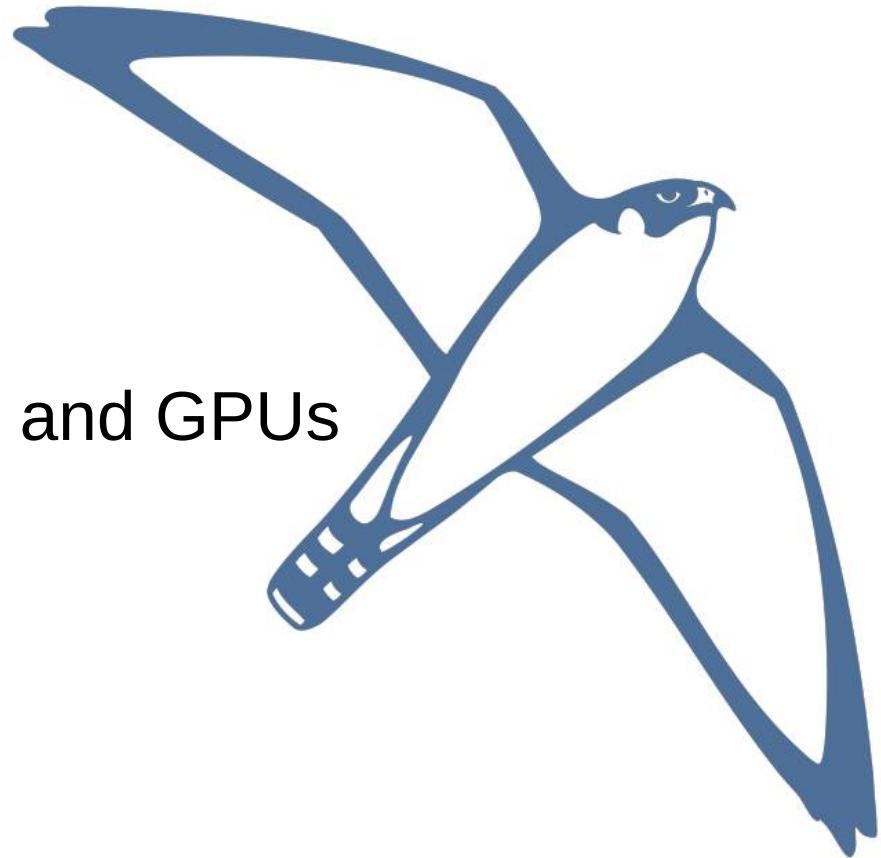
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- **Introduction to GROMACS**
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Introduction to GROMACS



- Open Source
- Highly parallel
- Supports almost all modern CPUs and GPUs
- Easy and straightforward to use



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Topologies



Molecular descriptions in MD software packages are stored in topologies

Introduction to GROMACS topologies



```
; Include forcefield parameters  
#include "amber99sb-ildn.ff/forcefield.itp"
```

```
[ moleculetype ]  
; Name      nrexcl  
Protein_chain_A 3
```

```
[ atoms ]  
; nr   type resnr residue atom  cgnr  charge    mass typeB  chargeB  massB  
; residue 1 LYS rtp NLYS q +2.0  
 1   N3   1   LYS   N   1   0.0966   14.01  
 2   H    1   LYS   H1   2   0.2165   1.008  
 3   H    1   LYS   H2   3   0.2165   1.008  
 4   H    1   LYS   H3   4   0.2165   1.008  
 5   CT   1   LYS   CA   5   -0.0015  12.01  
 6   HP   1   LYS   HA   6   0.118    1.008  
 7   CT   1   LYS   CB   7   0.0212  12.01  
 8   HC   1   LYS   HB1  8   0.0283  1.008  
 9   HC   1   LYS   HB2  9   0.0283  1.008  
10   CT   1   LYS   CG  10   -0.0048  12.01  
11   HC   1   LYS   HG1 11   0.0121  1.008  
12   HC   1   LYS   HG2 12   0.0121  1.008  
13   CT   1   LYS   CD  13   -0.0608  12.01  
14   HC   1   LYS   HD1 14   0.0633  1.008  
15   HC   1   LYS   HD2 15   0.0633  1.008  
16   CT   1   LYS   CE  16   -0.0181  12.01  
17   HP   1   LYS   HE1 17   0.1171  1.008
```

[bonds]			
;	ai	aj	funct
	1	2	1
	1	3	1
	1	4	1
	1	5	1
	5	6	1
	5	7	1
	5	23	1
	7	8	1
	7	9	1
	7	10	1
	10	11	1
	10	12	1
	10	13	1

Introduction to GROMACS topologies



[angles]

;	ai	aj	ak	funct	c0	c1	c2	c3
	2	1	3	1				
	2	1	4	1				
	2	1	5	1				
	3	1	4	1				
	3	1	5	1				
	4	1	5	1				
	1	5	6	1				
	1	5	7	1				
	1	5	23	1				
	6	5	7	1				

[dihedrals]

;	ai	aj	ak	al	funct	c0	c1	c2	c3	c4	c5
	2	1	5	6	9						
	2	1	5	7	9						
	2	1	5	23	9						
	3	1	5	6	9						
	3	1	5	7	9						
	3	1	5	23	9						
	4	1	5	6	9						

Introduction to GROMACS topologies



```
; Include Position restraint file
#ifndef POSRES
#include "posre.itp"
#endif

; Include water topology
#include "amber99sb-ildn.ff/spce.itp"

#ifndef POSRES_WATER
; Position restraint for each water oxygen
[ position_restraints ]
; i funct    fcx      fcy      fcz
  1   1     1000     1000     1000
#endif

; Include topology for ions
#include "amber99sb-ildn.ff/ions.itp"

[ system ]
; Name
LYSOZYME C

[ molecules ]
; Compound      #mols
Protein_chain_A    1
SOL              6628
NA               20
CL               28
```

Introduction to GROMACS topologies



```
; Include forcefield parameters
#include
"amber99sb-ildn.ff/forcefield.itp"

; Include chain topologies
#include "topol_Protein_chain_A.itp"
#include "topol_Protein_chain_B.itp"

; Include water topology
#include "amber99sb-ildn.ff/spce.itp"

#ifndef POSRES_WATER
; Position restraint for each water
oxygen
[ position_restraints ]
; i funct    fcx      fcy      fcz
  1   1     1000     1000     1000
#endif

; Include topology for ions
#include "amber99sb-ildn.ff/ions.itp"

[ system ]
; Name
INSULIN (CHAIN A); INSULIN (CHAIN
B)

[ molecules ]
; Compound    #mols
Protein_chain_A    1
Protein_chain_B    1
SOL                 31
```

Force field organization



The potentials among all atom types inside a protein are described by set of parameters called force field

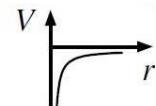
Introduction to GROMACS force fields



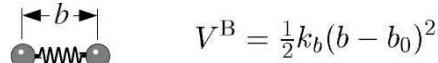
Molecule definition

[ALA]			
[atoms]			
N N	-0.41570	1	
H H	0.27190	2	
CA CT	0.03370	3	
HA H1	0.08230	4	
CB CT	-0.18250	5	
HB1 HC	0.06030	6	
HB2 HC	0.06030	7	
HB3 HC	0.06030	8	
C C	0.59730	9	
O O	-0.56790	10	
[bonds]			
N H			
N CA			
CA HA			
CA CB			
CA C			
CB HB1			
CB HB2			
CB HB3			
C O			
-C N			
[impropers]			
-C CA N H			
CA +N C O			

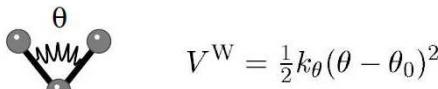
$$V^C = q_i q_j / (4\pi \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r r)$$



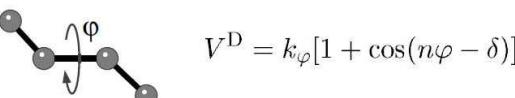
Bonded parameters



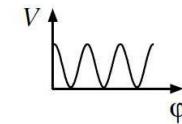
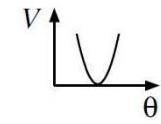
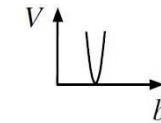
[bondtypes]			
i	j	func	
C C	1	0.1525	259408.0 ; new99
C OS	1	0.1323	376560.0 ; new99
C H4	1	0.1080	307105.6 ; new99



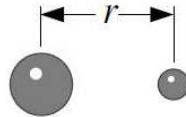
[angletypes]			
i	j	k	func
HW	OW	HW	1 104.520 836.800 ; TIP3P water
HW	HW	OW	1 127.740 0.000 ;
C	C	O	1 120.000 669.440 ; new99
C	C	OH	1 120.000 669.440 ; new99
CT	C	CT	1 117.000 527.184 ; new99



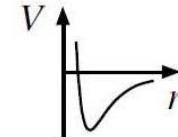
[dihedraltypes]						
i	j	k	l	func		
CT	CT	OS	CT	9 0.0 1.60247 3 ;		
CT	CT	OS	CT	9 180.0 0.41840 2 ;		
C	N	CT	C	9 0.0 1.12968 2 ; new for 99sb		
C	N	CT	C	9 0.0 1.75728 3 ; new for 99sb		



Introduction to GROMACS force fields



$$V^{\text{LJ}} = C_{12}(i,j)/r^{12} - C_6(i,j)/r^6$$



[atomtypes]

```
; name      at.num   mass    charge ptype  sigma    epsilon
Br        35       79.90  0.0000  A  3.95559e-01 1.33888e+00 ; Converted from parm99.dat
C          6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CA         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CB         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CC         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CK         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CM         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CN         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CQ         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CR         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
CT         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 4.57730e-01
CV         6        12.01  0.0000  A  3.39967e-01 3.59824e-01
```

Input parameters

Specifying the way the simulation would run
and output data is described by the input
parameters

Introduction to GROMACS simulation parameters



```
define      = -DPOSRES
;disre     = simple
;disre_fc   = 20
constraints = h-bonds
constraint-algorithm = Lincs
lincs-order = 6
integrator = md
dt          = 0.004 ; ps !
comm_mode   = Linear
nsteps      = 2500000000;000000 ; total 10000 ps.
nstcomm     = 1

nstxout    = 100000
nstvout    = 100000
nstfout    = 0

nstxtcout = 5000

nstlog     = 1000
nstenergy   = 1000
nstlist     = 5
ns_type     = grid
rlist       = 1
vdwtype    = Cut-off
cutoff-scheme = Verlet
rvdw        = 1
coulombtype = PME
fourierspacing = 0.12
pme_order   = 4
rcoulomb    = 1
```

Introduction to GROMACS simulation parameters



```
; Berendsen temperature coupling is on in
two groups
Tcoupl      = v-rescale
tau_t       = 0.1      ; 0.5

tc-grps     = System   ;
Protein    SOL_NA+_CL-
ref_t       = 300      ; 300

; Pressure coupling is not on
Pcoupl      = c-rescale
pcoupltype = Isotropic
tau_p       = 1
compressibility = 4.5e-5
ref_p       = 1.0
; Generate velocities is on at 300 K.
gen_vel     = yes
gen_temp    = 300.0
gen_seed    = -1
```

Introduction to GROMACS

simulation parameters, energy minimization



```
define      = -DFLEXIBLE
constraints = none
integrator = steep
nsteps     = 100
;
;
;       Energy minimizing stuff
;
emtol      = 2000
emstep     = 0.01

nstcomm    = 1
ns_type    = grid
rlist      = 1
rcoulomb   = 1.0
rvdw       = 1.0
Tcoupl     = no
Pcoupl     = no
gen_vel    = no
```