# **Suitability Analysis using Earthpy**

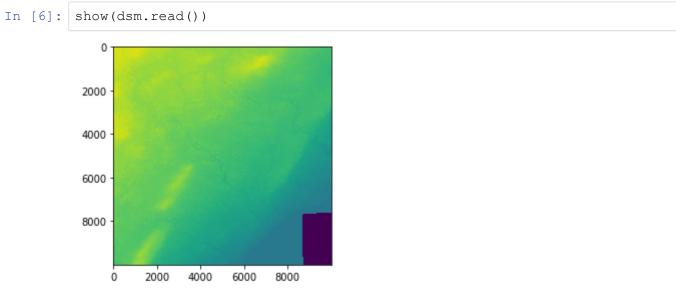
This notebook will perform a suitability analysis DSM rasters using earthpy. First, I will upload a single tile and merged rasters. Then I will perform a Hillshade analysis and view the histogram. Finally, I will reclass and Multiply the rasters.

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import os
import rasterio
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

### Part 1: Uploading and Viewing the DSM

```
In [2]: dsm= rasterio.open("D:/git/GIS5572shpfiles/projdata/q2758/2758-03-03 26
         52.img") ##Single Raster
         dsm full = rasterio.open('D:/git/GIS5572shpfiles/projdata/q2758/2758-01
         -09 2786.img') ##Merged raster from Arcpy
In [3]:
         dsm
Out[3]: <open DatasetReader name='D:/git/GIS5572shpfiles/projdata/q2758/2758-
         03-03 2652.img' mode='r'>
In [4]:
         from rasterio.plot import show
In [5]:
         show(dsm full)
          5202500
          5200000
          5197500
          5195000
          5192500
          5190000
          5187500
          5185000
                  580000
                         585000
                                590000
                                              600000
                                                     605000
                                       595000
```

Out[5]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x22a7aad33c8>



Out[6]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x22a00353988>

#### Part 2: Hillshade and Histogram

```
In [14]: elevation = dsm.read(1) ##single tile
         full elevation = dsm full.read(1) ##merge tile
In [16]: import earthpy.spatial as es
         import earthpy.plot as ep
In [18]: WinAM 52 = es.hillshade(elevation, azimuth=131.87, altitude = 5) ##Sing
         le tile
         #Hillshade at winter moring solstice
In [20]: WinPM 52 = es.hillshade(elevation, azimuth=228.11, altitude = 5) ##Sing
         le tile
         ##Hillshade at winter evening solstice
         SumAM 52 = es.hillshade(elevation, azimuth=60.66, altitude = 5) ##Singl
         e tile
         ##Hillshade at summer morning solstice
In [22]:
         SumPM 52 = es.hillshade(elevation, azimuth =299.33, altitude = 5) ##Sin
         gle tile
         ##Hillshade at summer evening solstice
```

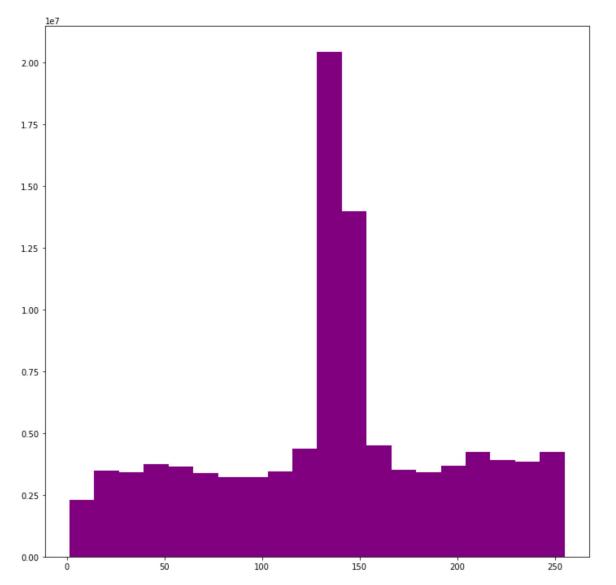
```
In [23]: WinAM_86 = es.hillshade(full_elevation, azimuth=131.87, altitude = 5) #
#Merged tile
    #Hillshade at winter moring solstice

In [24]: WinPM_86 = es.hillshade(full_elevation, azimuth=228.11, altitude = 5) #
#Merged tile
    ##Hillshade at winter evening solstice

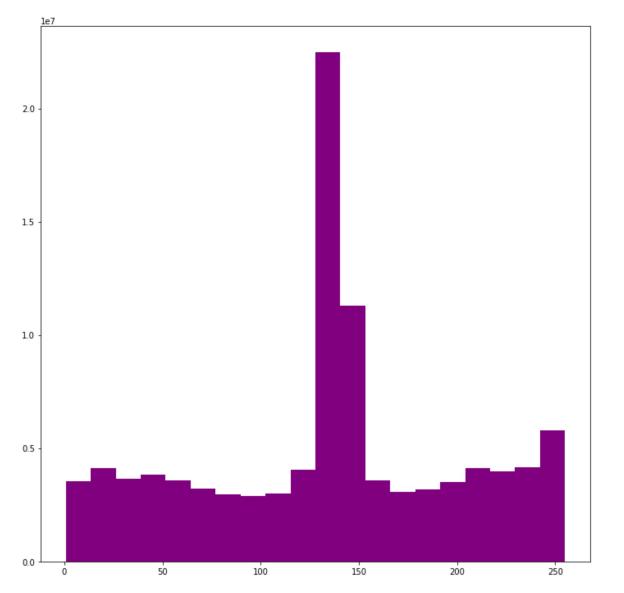
In [25]: SumAM_86 = es.hillshade(full_elevation, azimuth=60.66, altitude = 5) ##
Merged tile
    ##Hillshade at summer morning solstice

In [26]: SumPM_86 = es.hillshade(full_elevation, azimuth =299.33, altitude = 5)
##Merged tile
##Hillshade at summer evening solstice
```

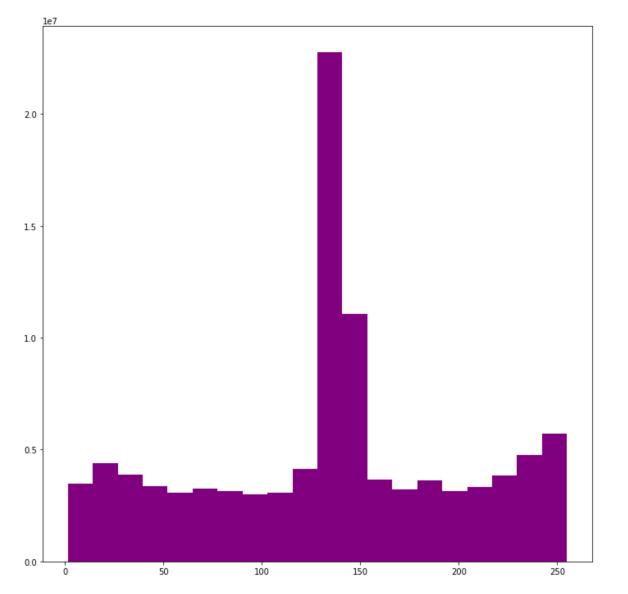
```
In [28]: ep.hist(WinAM_52) ##histogram of winter morning solstice
```



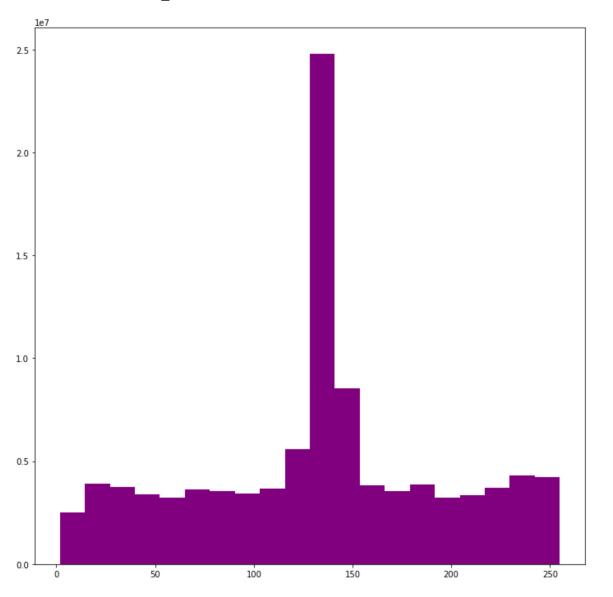
```
In [29]: ep.hist(WinPM_52) ##histogram of winter evening solstice
```



```
In [30]: ep.hist(SumAM_52) ##Histogram of summer morning soltice
```



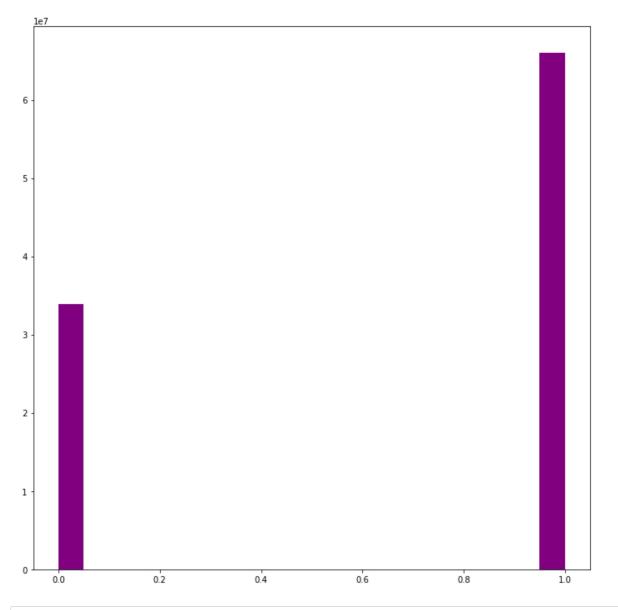
```
In [31]: ep.hist(SumPM_52) ##histogram of summer evening solstice
```



## Part 3: Reclass and Multiply Rasters

```
In [32]: WinAM_52[WinAM_52 <= 127.5] = 0
WinAM_52[WinAM_52 > 127.5] =1
##Reclass single tile winter morning soltice
```

```
In [33]: ep.hist(WinAM_52) ##New Histogram
```



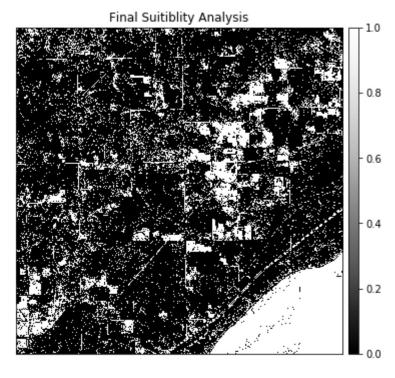
```
In [34]: WinPM_52[WinPM_52 <= 127.5] = 0
WinPM_52[WinPM_52 > 127.5] =1
##Reclass single tile winter evening Solstice
```

```
In [35]: ep.hist(WinPM 52) ## new histogram
Out[35]: (<Figure size 864x864 with 1 Axes>,
          <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x22a1bc769c8>)
          6
          5
          4
          3
          2
          1
In [36]:
         SumAM_52[SumAM_52 <= 127.5] = 0
         SumAM_52[SumAM_52 > 127.5] = 1
         ##Reclass single tile summer morning Solstice
In [37]:
         SumPM 52[SumPM 52 <= 127.5] = 0
         SumPM_52[SumPM_52 > 127.5] = 1
         ##Reclass single tile summer evening Solstice
```

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In [39]: Final\_52 = WinAM\_52 \* WinPM\_52 \* SumAM\_52 \*SumPM\_52 ##Multiplying r

asters



```
In [41]: WinAM_86[WinAM_86 <=127.5] = 0
WinAM_86[WinAM_86 > 127.5] = 1

SumAM_86[SumAM_86 <= 127.5] = 0
SumAM_86[SumAM_86 > 127.5] = 1

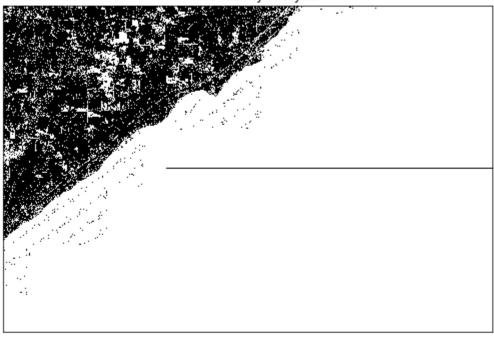
WinPM_86[WinPM_86 <= 127.5] = 0
WinPM_86[WinPM_86 > 127.5] = 1

SumPM_86[SumPM_86 <= 127.5] = 0
SumPM_86[SumPM_86 > 127.5] = 1

##Repeating reclass with merged raster
```

```
In [42]: Final_86 = WinAM_86 * WinPM_86 * SumAM_86 * SumPM_86 ##multiplying merg
ed raster
```

#### Final Suitiblity Analysis



```
In [64]: import pickle
In [65]: filename = 'final_52_array.p'
with open(filename, 'wb') as filehandler:
    pickle.dump(Final_52, filehandler)

##Saving the single tile array so that I can open it in arcpy.
```

The final array will be downloaded to arc pro. This concludes the notebook.

```
In [ ]:
```