RDP Generic CFS File Workflow

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Importing libararies

```
In [1]: import os
   import sys
   import requests
   import json
```

Set RDP credentials and Initial Parameters

```
In []: username = 'your RDP Machine-ID'
password = 'your RDP Password'
clientId = 'your RDP APP Key'

RDP_HOST= 'https://api.refinitiv.com'
acccess_token = None
refresh_token = None
expires_in = 0
```

RDP APIs Application Workflow

Step 1: Authentication with RDP APIs

RDP APIs entitlement check is based on OAuth 2.0 specification. The first step of an application workflow is to get a token from RDP Auth Service, which will allow access to the protected resource, i.e. data REST API.

The API requires the following access credential information:

- Username: The username.
- Password: Password associated with the username.
- Client ID: This is also known as AppKey, and it is generated using an App key Generator. This unique identifier is defined for the user or application and is deemed

confidential (not shared between users). The client_id parameter can be passed in the request body or as an "Authorization" request header that is encoded as base64.

• Grant Type password: This is for initial authentication request. An application does not have any token, so it requests new tokens using username/password combination.

The HTTP request for the RDP APIs Authentication service is as follows:

```
POST /auth/oauth2/v1/token HTTP/1.1
Accept: */*
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Host: api.refinitiv.com:443
Content-Length: XXX

username=RDP_USERNAME
&password=RDP_PASSWORD
&client_id=RDP_APP_KEY
&grant_type=password
&takeExclusiveSignOnControl=true
&scope=trapi
```

Once the authentication success, the function gets the RDP Auth service response message and keeps the following RDP token information in the variables.

- access_token: The token used to invoke REST data API calls as described above. The application must keep this credential for further RDP APIs requests.
- **refresh_token**: Refresh token to be used for obtaining an updated access token before expiration. The application must keep this credential for access token renewal.
- **expires_in**: Access token validity time in seconds.

Next, after the application received the Access Token (and authorization token) from RDP Auth Service, all subsequent REST API calls will use this token to get the data. Please find more detail regarding RDP APIs workflow in the following resources:

- RDP APIs: Introduction to the Request-Response API page.
- RDP APIs: Authorization All about tokens page.

```
if auth_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
    print('Authentication success')
    access_token = auth_response.json()['access_token']
    refresh_token = auth_response.json()['refresh_token']
    expires_in = int(auth_response.json()['expires_in'])

if auth_response.status_code != 200:
    print(f'RDP authentication failure: {auth_response.status_code} {auth_response.print(f'Text: {auth_response.text}')
```

Authentication success

Requesting Data from RDP APIs

That brings us to requesting the RDP APIs data. All subsequent REST API calls use the Access Token via the *Authorization* HTTP request message header as shown below to get the data.

- Header:
 - Authorization = Bearer <RDP Access Token>

Please notice the space between the Bearer and RDP Access Token values.

The application then creates a request message in a JSON message format or URL query parameter based on the interested service and sends it as an HTTP request message to the Service Endpoint. Developers can get RDP APIs the Service Endpoint, HTTP operations, and parameters from RDP API Playground page - which is an interactive documentation site developers can access once they have a valid RDP account.

Requesting CFS Data

Step 2: Listing the Package Ids using the Bucket Name

To request the CFS data, the first step is to send an HTTP GET request to the RDP /file-store/v1/packages?bucketName={bucket-name} endpoint to list all Package Ids under the input bucket-name.

The HTTP Request structure is as follows:

```
GET /file-store/v1/packages?bucketName={bucket-name} HTTP/1.1
Host: api.refinitiv.com
Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>
```

The example bucket names and package Ids for RDP content set are as follows:

| Content | Bucket Name | Example of Package ID |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| Financial Markets | bulk-FMRD | 4d48-d7ff-edcc3d38- |
| Reference Data | | 8243-a4f7517962b8 |

| Content | Bucket Name | Example of Package ID |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Symbology | bulk-Symbology | 4c80-73a0-fcef949b- bfde-2b9b8117cfb0 |
| ESG | bulk-ESG | 4288-ebb6-93372235- acb2-89882a826af1 |
| ESG - Point in Time | bulk-ESG | 4173-aec7-8a0b0ac9- 96f9-48e83ddbd2ad |
| Tick History | TICKHISTORY_VBD_NO_EMBARGO | 4c01-ab9e-db594a31- a8f5-5b7852ec4638 |
| Green Revenue | bulk-GreenRevenue | Summary: 4e94-6d63- fea034dc-90e2- de33895bd4e9 |
| Green Revenue | bulk-GreenRevenue | Standard: 4316-d43b- 81c40763-8e6a- 0dbec8162ab1 |
| Starmine | STARMINE_PREDICTIVE_ANALYTICS_SMARTECON_LIVE | 40d4-1404-58533484- afe8-718650a4e0d4 |
| Municipal Market Monitor (TM3) | bulk-Custom | 4c5b-0f65-c57f5ae4- b548-2a1075ee725d |

Note: The bucket name is *case-insensitive*.

If you cannot find the bucket name for your interested content set, please contact your LSEG representative.

Next, set a bucket name to a bucket_name variable below like to following statement:

```
bucket_name = 'bulk-Symbology'
This notebook uses bulk-ESG as an example.
```

```
In [4]: # set Bucket Name, this notebook use bulk-ESG as an example
    bucket_name = 'bulk-ESG'

In []: #step 2 - list Package IDs from bucket name
    CFS_url = f'{RDP_HOST}/file-store/v1/packages?bucketName={bucket_name}'

try:
    packageID_response = requests.get(CFS_url, headers={'Authorization': f'Bearer {
    except requests.exceptions.RequestException as exp:
        print(f'Caught exception: {exp}')

if packageID_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
        print('Receive list Package IDs from RDP APIs')
    else:
```

```
print(f'RDP APIs: CFS request failure: {packageID_response.status_code} {packag
print(f'Text: {packageID_response.text}')
```

Receive list Package IDs from RDP APIs

Example of the first entry of package IDs, the packageId is the packageId field.

```
In []: print(json.dumps(packageID_response.json()['value'][0], sort_keys=True, indent=2, s

{
    "bucketNames":[
        "bulk-ESG"
],
    "contactEmail":"robin.fielder@refinitiv.com",
    "created":"2021-11-11T07:54:04Z",
    "modified":"2025-04-04T09:55:15Z",
    "packageId":"4037-e79c-96b73648-a42a-6b65ef8ccbd1",
    "packageName":"Bulk-ESG-Global-Symbology-Organization-v1",
    "packageType":"bulk"
}
```

More on /file-store/v1/packages parameters

Beside the packageName query, the /file-store/v1/packages endpoint supports the following optional parameters:

- packageType: Return all packages that match the specified package type.
- bucketName:Return all packages that are associated with the specified bucket name.
- page: Filter results by a specific pagination index (If client has already specified this
 query parameter, the skipToken logic will be excluded)
- *includedTotalResult*: The total search result will be counting and added to the first response message.
- *skipToken*: A token to retrieve the next set of result that exceeds page size.
- pageSize: The number of packages that will be shown on one page. Default value is 25.
- *includedEntitilementResult*: CFS will perform a permission check on each package against the client permission.

Please find more detail on the CFS API User Guide document.

Tips

It is recommended to call the endpoint with pageSize=100 parameter as follows:

```
GET /file-store/v1/packages?bucketName={bucket-name}&pageSize=100 HTTP/1.1
Host: api.refinitiv.com
Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>
```

Step 3: Listing the FileSets using the Bucket Name and Package ID

Now we come to getting the FileSets information. The application needs to send an HTTP GET request to the RDP /file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket={bucketname { & package Id = { package Id } endpoint to list all File Sets under the input bucketname and packageId.

The HTTP Request structure is as follows:

```
GET /file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket={bucket-name}&packageId={packageId}
HTTP/1.1
Host: api.refinitiv.com
```

Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>

Next, set a package Id to packageId variable below like to following statement:

```
packageId = '408c-ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7'
```

This notebook uses 4037-e79c-96b73648-a42a-6b65ef8ccbd1 packageId of the bulk-ESG bucket as an example.

If you cannot find the package Id for your interested content set, please contact your LSEG representative.

```
In [14]: # pick the packageId you need and set to the packageId variable
         #packageId = response.json()['value'][0]['packageId']
         packageId = '408c-ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7'
```

```
In [ ]: #step 3 - list FileSets from bucket name and package Id
        CFS_url = f'{RDP_HOST}/file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket={bucket_name}&packageId={pack
        try:
            fileSet_response = requests.get(CFS_url, headers={'Authorization': f'Bearer {ac
        except requests.exceptions.RequestException as exp:
            print(f'Caught exception: {exp}')
        if fileSet_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
            print('Receive FileSets list from RDP APIs')
        else:
            print(f'RDP APIs: CFS request failure: {fileSet_response.status_code} {fileSet_
            print(f'Text: {fileSet_response.text}')
```

Receive FileSets list from RDP APIs

Example of the first entry of FileSets.

```
In [ ]: print(json.dumps(fileSet_response.json()['value'][0], sort_keys=True, indent=2, sep
```

```
"attributes":[
      "name": "ContentType",
      "value": "ESGWealthStandard"
    },
      "name": "ResultCount",
      "value": "3855140"
  ],
  "availableFrom":"2025-06-08T19:25:14Z",
  "availableTo":"2025-06-22T19:25:13Z",
  "bucketName": "bulk-ESG",
  "contentFrom": "2025-06-01T16:20:00Z",
  "contentTo":"2025-06-08T18:08:25Z",
  "created":"2025-06-08T19:25:14Z",
  "files":[
    "412d-ab1a-f20f60b8-8279-b0bc7f78a804"
  "id":"4035-af6c-bcf9f923-834d-c845673b9608",
  "modified": "2025-06-08T19:25:51Z",
  "name": "Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScores-Csv-Delta-2025-06-08T1
8:15:15.433Z",
  "numFiles":1,
  "packageId": "408c-ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7",
  "status": "READY"
}
```

The File ID is in the files array.

```
In [ ]: # try just one file
file_id = fileSet_response.json()['value'][0]['files'][0]
print(file_id)
```

412d-ab1a-f20f60b8-8279-b0bc7f78a804

More on /file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket parameters

Beside the bucket and packageId queries, the /file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket endpoint supports the following optional parameters:

- name: The name of the file-set. Only exactly matched results are returned.
- packageId: Package ID
- status: Filter file-set by status (Ready/Pending)
- availableFrom: Return all file-sets that become visible to permissioned users after the specified Datetime.
- availableTo: Return all file-sets that is no longer visible to permissioned user after the specified Datetime.
- contentFrom: Filter results by the age of the content within the file-set.
- *contentTo*: Filter results by the age of the content within the file-set.
- createdSince: Return all file-sets that have a created date after the specified Datetime

- modifiedSince: Return all file-sets that have a modified date after the specified Datetime.
- attributes: Return a list of publisher-defined attributes of the file-sets.
- pageSize: The number of file-sets that will be shown on one page. Default value is 25.
- *skipToken*: A token to retrieve the next set of file-set result that exceeds page size.

The modifiedSince parameter can help an application to limit the returned File-Set only for the File-Set that has been modified after a specified time.

Tips

It is recommended to call the endpoint with pageSize=100 and modifiedSince parameters as follows:

```
GET /file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket={bucket-name}&packageId=
{packageId}&modifiedSince={datetime}&pageSize=100 HTTP/1.1
Host: api.refinitiv.com
Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>
Example:

GET /file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket=bulk-ESG&packageId=4288-ebb6-93372235-acb2-89882a826af1&pageSize=100&modifiedSince=2022-01-26T00:00:00Z HTTP/1.1
Host: api.refinitiv.com
Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>
Please find more detail on the CFS API User Guide document.
```

Step 3.1: Listing the FileSets using the Bucket Name - Paging

By default, the /file-store/v1/file-sets endpoint always returns 25 results per request. You can adjust the number of return results via the pageSize query parameter, the maximum number is **100**.

```
GET /file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket={bucket-name}&packageId=
{packageId}&pageSize={number}, HTTP/1.1
Host: api.refinitiv.com
Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>
Let's try with pageSize=2 as an example.
```

```
In [ ]: #step 3.5 - list FileSets from bucket name and package Id - with pageSize 2

CFS_url = f'{RDP_HOST}/file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket={bucket_name}&packageId={pack

try:
    fileSet_response = requests.get(CFS_url, headers={'Authorization': f'Bearer {acexcept requests.exceptions.RequestException as exp:
    print(f'Caught exception: {exp}')

if fileSet_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
```

```
print('Receive list Package IDs from RDP APIs')
else:
   print(f'RDP APIs: CFS request failure: {fileSet_response.status_code} {fileSet_print(f'Text: {fileSet_response.text}')
```

Receive list Package IDs from RDP APIs

```
In [ ]: print(json.dumps(fileSet_response.json(), sort_keys=True, indent=2, separators=(','
```

```
@nextLink":"/file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket=bulk-ESG&packageId=408c-ba29-cae68349
-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7&pageSize=2&skipToken=ZmlsZXNldElkPTQwZWMtOGRkYi1kMWY0Y2EyMS04ZTNj
LTIxNTgwMTdmY2RjMA",
  "value":[
      "attributes":[
          "name": "ContentType",
          "value": "ESGWealthStandard"
        },
          "name":"ResultCount",
          "value": "3855140"
        }
      "availableFrom": "2025-06-08T19:25:14Z",
      "availableTo":"2025-06-22T19:25:13Z",
      "bucketName": "bulk-ESG",
      "contentFrom": "2025-06-01T16:20:00Z",
      "contentTo":"2025-06-08T18:08:25Z",
      "created": "2025-06-08T19:25:14Z",
      "files":[
        "412d-ab1a-f20f60b8-8279-b0bc7f78a804"
      "id": "4035-af6c-bcf9f923-834d-c845673b9608",
      "modified": "2025-06-08T19:25:51Z",
      "name": "Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScores-Csv-Delta-2025-06-0
8T18:15:15.433Z",
      "numFiles":1,
      "packageId": "408c-ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7",
      "status": "READY"
    },
      "attributes":[
          "name": "ContentType",
          "value": "ESGWealthStandard"
        },
          "name": "ResultCount",
          "value": "3233481"
        }
      1,
      "availableFrom": "2025-06-16T05:49:41Z",
      "availableTo":"2025-06-30T05:49:40Z",
      "bucketName": "bulk-ESG",
      "contentFrom": "2025-06-08T18:08:25Z",
      "contentTo":"2025-06-16T05:33:46Z",
      "created": "2025-06-16T05:49:41Z",
      "files":[
        "45a2-b47d-46625457-85d2-ae5e68edeb38"
      "id": "40ec-8ddb-d1f4ca21-8e3c-2158017fcdc0",
      "modified": "2025-06-16T06:08:04Z",
      "name": "Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-Analytics-Csv-Delta-2025-06-16T
```

Based on the response data above, you see the API returns **2 entries** per request as set via pageSize=2 parameter.

Step 3.2: Listing the FileSets using the Bucket Name - nextLink

The @nextLink node contains the URL for requesting the next page of guery as follows:

```
GET {@nextLink URL}, HTTP/1.1
Host: api.refinitiv.com
Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>
Example:
```

```
In [ ]: # Step 3.2: Listing the FileSets using the Bucket Name - nextLink
if '@nextLink' in fileSet_response.json():
    next_link = fileSet_response.json()['@nextLink']
    #step 3.5 - List Package IDs from bucket name - with pageSize 2 - navigate to n

    CFS_url = f'{RDP_HOST}{next_link}'

    try:
        fileSet_response = requests.get(CFS_url, headers={'Authorization': f'Bearer except requests.exceptions.RequestException as exp:
        print(f'Caught exception: {exp}')

    if fileSet_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
        print('Receive list Package IDs from RDP APIs')
    else:
        print(f'RDP APIs: CFS request failure: {fileSet_response.status_code} {file print(f'Text: {fileSet_response.text}')
```

Receive list Package IDs from RDP APIs

```
In [ ]: print(json.dumps(fileSet_response.json(), sort_keys=True, indent=2, separators=(','
```

```
"@nextLink":"/file-store/v1/file-sets?bucket=bulk-ESG&skipToken=ZmlsZXNldElkPTQyND
YtNWE1OC1jNzY0MDVlNi1iNTlhLTUzYjE1ZDc2MWMyZA&packageId=408c-ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f
6d7fce7&pageSize=2",
  "value":[
      "attributes":[
          "name": "ContentType",
          "value": "ESGWealthStandard"
        }
      ],
      "availableFrom": "2025-06-16T06:15:53Z",
      "availableTo": "2025-06-30T06:15:52Z",
      "bucketName": "bulk-ESG",
      "contentFrom": "1970-01-01T00:00:00Z",
      "contentTo":"2025-06-16T05:33:46Z",
      "created": "2025-06-16T06:15:53Z",
      "files":[
        "4f9f-6dbb-21420ee2-9a21-883de05afc17"
      "id": "4108-8540-e334597d-a70d-d9f73f671d1c",
      "modified": "2025-06-16T06:17:07Z",
      "name": "Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScores-Jsonl-Init-2025-06-
16T05:40:36.092Z",
      "numFiles":1,
      "packageId": "408c-ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7",
      "status": "READY"
    },
      "attributes":[
          "name": "ContentType",
          "value": "ESGWealthStandard"
        }
      ],
      "availableFrom": "2025-06-08T19:05:47Z",
      "availableTo": "2025-06-22T19:05:47Z",
      "bucketName": "bulk-ESG",
      "contentFrom": "2025-06-01T16:20:00Z",
      "contentTo": "2025-06-08T18:08:25Z",
      "created": "2025-06-08T19:05:47Z",
      "files":[
        "4676-87b4-d50b35e7-8136-1bd3b2375774",
        "4706-26a3-3048d56e-b2ed-fda73611ba0b",
        "47c1-bb21-e0928cc4-9b0b-bb0053a68289"
      "id": "4246-5a58-c76405e6-b59a-53b15d761c2d",
      "modified":"2025-06-08T19:25:50Z",
      "name": "Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-DataItems-Jsonl-Delta-2025-06-0
8T18:15:15.433Z",
      "numFiles":3,
      "packageId": "408c-ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7",
      "status": "READY"
    }
```

```
.
]
```

Then you can continue to send requests to URL in <code>@nextLink</code> node to get the next page results.

Note: The /file-store/v1/packages?bucketName={bucket-name} endpoint on the step 2 above also supports the Paging feature with the same pageSize query parameter and @nextLink node too.

Step 4: Get the file URL on AWS S3

The next step is getting the file URL on Amazon AWS S3 service with the RDP /file-store/v1/files/{file ID}/stream endpoint.

The HTTP Request structure is as follows:

```
GET /file-store/v1/files/{fileId}/stream?doNotRedirect=true HTTP/1.1
Host: api.refinitiv.com
Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>
```

```
In []: #step 4 - get file URL from file id

FileID_url = f'{RDP_HOST}/file-store/v1/files/{file_id}/stream?doNotRedirect=true'

try:
    fileID_response = requests.get(FileID_url, headers={'Authorization': f'Bearer {
    except requests.exceptions.RequestException as exp:
        print(f'Caught exception: {exp}')

if fileID_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
        print('Receive File URL from RDP APIs')
else:
    print(f'RDP APIs: CFS request failure: {fileID_response.status_code} {fileID_response.text}')
```

Receive File URL from RDP APIs

The File URL is in the url attribute of the response message.

```
In [ ]: file_url = fileID_response.json()['url']
print(file_url)
```

https://a206464-bulk-esg.s3.amazonaws.com/Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2/202 5/06/08/Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScores-Delta-2025-06-08T18%3A15% 3A15.433Z.csv.gz?x-request-Id=ce431bcb-2cdc-417a-9e86-7e83af4056b1&x-package-id=408c -ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7&x-client-app-id=b4842f3904fb4a1fa18234796368799086c 63541&x-file-name=Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScores-Delta-2025-06-0 8T18%3A15%3A15.433Z.csv.gz&x-fileset-id=4035-af6c-bcf9f923-834d-c845673b9608&x-bucke t-name=bulk-ESG&x-uuid=GESG1-178570&x-file-Id=412d-ab1a-f20f60b8-8279-b0bc7f78a804&x -fileset-name=Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScores-Csv-Delta-2025-06-0 8T18%3A15%3A15.433Z&x-event-external-name=cfs-claimCheck-download&X-Amz-Security-Tok en=IQoJb3JpZ2luX2VjEIn%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2FwEaCXVzLWVhc3QtMSJHMEUCIQCcvGmFc P8z9NzuAtLbxo7%2BTf%2B2k6x45T97X4TgxJrXXQIgDhErnOPKi08fNhR4RvJi4fZgcGK8c2LUUuweYNydm NcqmgIIchAFGgw2NDIxNTcxODEzMjYiDEOFsCw0CxOGxTTJmyr3ASNFewKXgFz70H4SVgKZjdyBZz8Db8SGw YyASGLRSRSbinapoo2JAP2IM%2BKE2edYb345%2BMe7B2dWYP96HRR3NFdtsT15uKffmkLCSb16s1AyeIU51 HtSYbxAeCqyVRStl2adiJlrug0oyuasqLWKm7GAJAIeGX0YXbGkHW54rHOy%2BgtD1aKl3O1bJjoHUKM7VxA PnvKEigr4JSgyoYE8xeB%2BqMfuAotBzS2leoRwB%2FWhL%2Fou5x4%2FDpI%2BFIWlaTMKY65%2BuVmRj2g GkpaZRjQ1GfI2OeVFNvbqAEjRAs1zejTuldhft8OJFX91o%2FOc%2BxSL7H%2FXVuf1aUkwutHEwgY6nQF%2 BO90EXsX1F7JZGbbbffFmnJGZMRxE9k4SgUN2N1kVZD4QsfjIkKqzXrm5nVd8K80fRAnkg19mzuwSk7j4Exg nTO2ryDiWp4pKUL5o6V8bvnQ1HSP91%2B4BXGMsSL%2B%2B3nXAuRkFgZNJb7Jf%2Bajru6y%2B5m8NZCShT 8WGQMMMVqbKRei2mt51cFeYsSFJQV%2FDlaXfucfEKggHZkdQxtBp&X-Amz-Algorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA2 56&X-Amz-Date=20250617T083506Z&X-Amz-SignedHeaders=host&X-Amz-Expires=21600&X-Amz-Cr edential=ASIAZLA4M7GHHDCU3QDW%2F20250617%2Fus-east-1%2Fs3%2Faws4_request&X-Amz-Signa ture=6708a8de9ba17525fce0b96ddd96a46ee7a3d817aa46291845724564d5806653

More on /file-store/v1/files/ parameters

Beside the file_id query, the /file-store/v1/files/ endpoint supports the following optional parameters:

- createdSince: Return all files that have a created date after the specified Datetime.
- modifiedSince: Return all files that have a modified date after the specified Datetime.
- pageSize: The number of files that will be shown on one page. Default value is 25.
- skipToken: A token to retrieve the next set of file result that exceeds page size

Please find more detail on the CFS API User Guide document.

Step 5: Downloading the file

Once you got the S3 URL. You can download the bulk file using that URL (as is). Do not alter or make any changes to the URL text string. It will cause unable to download or signature mismatch error.

Note:

- If you cannot download the file, please wait for a while and then retry download the file from the URL. Please do not flush the download requests.
- The code below set verify = False property in a requests library call to workaround LSEG's beloved ZScaler blocks a download request message. **Do not** set verify = False in a Production.

Downloading File from https://a206464-bulk-esg.s3.amazonaws.com/Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2/2025/06/08/Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScores-Del ta-2025-06-08T18%3A15%3A15.433Z.csv.gz?x-request-Id=ce431bcb-2cdc-417a-9e86-7e83af40 56b1&x-package-id=408c-ba29-cae68349-abb7-ba38f6d7fce7&x-client-app-id=b4842f3904fb4 alfa18234796368799086c63541&x-file-name=Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-Value Scores-Delta-2025-06-08T18%3A15%3A15.433Z.csv.gz&x-fileset-id=4035-af6c-bcf9f923-834 d-c845673b9608&x-bucket-name=bulk-ESG&x-uuid=GESG1-178570&x-file-Id=412d-ab1a-f20f60 b8-8279-b0bc7f78a804&x-fileset-name=Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScor es-Csv-Delta-2025-06-08T18%3A15%3A15.433Z&x-event-external-name=cfs-claimCheck-downl oad&X-Amz-Security-Token=IQoJb3JpZ2luX2VjEIn%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%EaCXVzLWV hc3QtMSJHMEUCIQCcvGmFcP8z9NzuAtLbxo7%2BTf%2B2k6x45T97X4TgxJrXXQIgDhErnOPKi08fNhR4RvJ i4fZgcGK8c2LUUuweYNydmNcqmgIIchAFGgw2NDIxNTcxODEzMjYiDEOFsCw0CxOGxTTJmyr3ASNFewKXgFz 70H4SVgKZjdyBZz8Db8SGwYyASGLRSRSbinapoo2JAP2IM%2BKE2edYb345%2BMe7B2dWYP96HRR3NFdtsT1 5uKffmkLCSb16s1AyeIU51HtSYbxAeCqyVRSt12adiJlrug@oyuasqLWKm7GAJAIeGX@YXbGkHW54rHOy%2B gtD1aKl3O1bJjoHUKM7VxAPnvKEigr4JSgyoYE8xeB%2BqMfuAotBzS2leoRwB%2FWhL%2Fou5x4%2FDpI%2 BFIWlaTMKY65%2BuVmRj2gGkpaZRjQ1GfI2OeVFNvbqAEjRAs1zejTuldhft8OJFX91o%2FOc%2BxSL7H%2F XVuf1aUkwutHEwgY6nQF%2BO90EXsX1F7JZGbbbffFmnJGZMRxE9k4SgUN2N1kVZD4QsfjIkKqzXrm5nVd8K 80fRAnkg19mzuwSk7j4ExgnTO2ryDiWp4pKUL5o6V8bvnQ1HSP91%2B4BXGMsSL%2B%2B3nXAuRkFgZNJb7J f%2Bajru6y%2B5m8NZCShT8WGQMMMVqbKRei2mt51cFeYsSFJQV%2FDlaXfucfEKggHZkdQxtBp&X-Amz-Al gorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA256&X-Amz-Date=20250617T083506Z&X-Amz-SignedHeaders=host&X-Amz-Expires=21600&X-Amz-Credential=ASIAZLA4M7GHHDCU3QDW%2F20250617%2Fus-east-1%2Fs3%2Faw s4_request&X-Amz-Signature=6708a8de9ba17525fce0b96ddd96a46ee7a3d817aa46291845724564d 5806653 ...

```
c:\Projects\Code\CFS_demo\run_cfs\Lib\site-packages\urllib3\connectionpool.py:1097:
InsecureRequestWarning: Unverified HTTPS request is being made to host 'a206464-bulk
-esg.s3.amazonaws.com'. Adding certificate verification is strongly advised. See: ht
tps://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/advanced-usage.html#tls-warnings
warnings.warn(
```

Now you have downloaded the CFS bulk file stream in an application level. You can choose to save that file with whatever name you want.

If you need an actual file name of the file, it is available in S3 URL as follows:

```
https://XXXX.s3.amazonaws.com/XXX/YEAR/MONTH/DATE/{file_name}?x-
request-Id={signature}.
```

Examples:

 https://a206464-bulk-esg.s3.amazonaws.com/Bulk-ESG-Global-Symbology-Organization-v1/2023/11/26/*Bulk-ESG-Global-Symbology-Organization-v1-Init-202311-26T16%3A04%3A11.525Z.jsonl.gz*?x-request-ld=signature (an actual file name is **Bulk-ESG-Global-Symbology-Organization-v1-Init-2023-11- 26T16_04_11.525Z.jsonl.gz**)

 https://a206464-bulk-custom.s3.amazonaws.com/GE-11328/2025/06/12/*TM3_SIFMAIndex2025-06-12T14%3A00%3A00.000-04%3A00*?x-request-ld=signature (an actual file name is TM3_SIFMAIndex2025-06-12T14_00_00.000-04_00)

The actual file name has been replace a _ (underscore) with %3A escape character, so an application needs to replace the escape character %3A with _ (underscore) character to get an actual file name.

```
if bulkFile_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
    zipfilename = file_url.split("?")[0].split("/")[-1].replace("%3A","_")
    print('Download File Successfully')
    open(zipfilename, 'wb').write(bulkFile_response.content)
    print(f'{zipfilename} Saved')
else:
    print(f'RDP APIs: Request file failure: {bulkFile_response.status_code} {bulkFile_response.status
```

Download File Successfully Bulk-ESG-Global-Raw-Wealth-Standard-v2-ValueScores-Delta-2025-06-08T18_15_15.433Z.cs v.gz Saved

Now you get the CFS file that you can extract and read the file.

That is all for the RDP CFS File workflow.

Step 6: Refresh Token with RDP APIs

Before the session expires (based on the expires_in parameter, in seconds), an application needs to send a Refresh Grant request message to RDP Authentication service to get a new access token before further request data from the platform.

The API requires the following access credential information:

- Refresh Token: The current Refresh Token value from the previous RDP Authentication call
- Client ID: This is also known as AppKey, and it is generated using an App key Generator. This unique identifier is defined for the user or application and is deemed confidential (not shared between users). The client_id parameter can be passed in the request body or as an "Authorization" request header that is encoded as base64.
- Grant Type refresh_token: This is for getting a new Access Token.

The HTTP request for the RDP APIs Authentication service is as follows:

```
POST /auth/oauth2/v1/token HTTP/1.1
Accept: */*
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Host: api.refinitiv.com:443
Content-Length: XXX

refresh_token={current_refresh_token}
&grant_type=refresh_token
&client_id=RDP_APP_KEY
```

Once the authentication success, the function gets **access_token**, **refresh_token**, and **expires_in** from the RDP Auth service response message the same as the previous RDP Authentication call. An application must keep those value for the next Refresh Token call.

Caution: API Limit

The RDP Authentication service has the API limit described on the RDP APIs: Limitations and Guidelines for the RDP Authentication Service article. If the application flushes the authentication request messages (both password and refresh_token grant_type) beyond the limit, the account will be blocked by the API Gateway.

```
In [ ]: #step 6 - Refreshing Token
        # Send HTTP Request
        auth_url = f'{RDP_HOST}/auth/oauth2/v1/token'
        payload = f'grant_type=refresh_token&client_id={clientId}&refresh_token={refresh_to
        auth response = None
        try:
            auth_response = requests.post(auth_url,
                                     headers = {'Content-Type':'application/x-www-form-urle
                                     data = payload,
                                     auth = (clientId, '')
                        )
        except requests.exceptions.RequestException as exp:
            print(f'Caught exception: {exp}')
        if auth_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
            print('Refresh Token success')
            access_token = auth_response.json()['access_token']
            refresh_token = auth_response.json()['refresh_token']
            expires_in = int(auth_response.json()['expires_in'])
        if auth_response.status_code != 200:
            print(f'RDP authentication failure: {auth_response.status_code} {auth_response.
            print(f'Text: {auth_response.text}')
```

Refresh Token success

Step 7: Revoke Token to ending the session.

This revocation mechanism allows an application to invalidate its tokens if the end-user logs out, changes identity, or exits the respective application. Notifying the authorization server

that the token is no longer needed allows the authorization server to clean up data associated with that token (e.g., session data) and the underlying authorization grant.

The API requires the following HTTP Header and Credential parameter information:

- Header:
 - Authorization = Basic <App Key in Base64 format>

Please notice the space between the Basic and App Key in Base64 format values.

- Body parameter
 - token: The current Access Token value from the previous RDP Authentication

The HTTP request for the RDP APIs Authentication service is as follows:

```
POST /auth/oauth2/v1/revoke HTTP/1.1
Accept: */*
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Host: api.refinitiv.com:443
Authorization: Basic <App Key+":" in Base64>
Content-Length: XXX

token={current_Access_token}
```

Note:

- Please be noticed ":" string after the **App Key**.
- The /revoke endpoint does not use the password in a Basic Authorization, so we need to send empty password in AppKey: format.

```
In [ ]: #step 7 - Revoking Token
        import base64
        clientId_bytes = f'{clientId}:'.encode('ascii') #Please be noticed ":" string after
        base64_bytes = base64.b64encode(clientId_bytes)
        clientId_base64 = base64_bytes.decode('ascii')
        # Send HTTP Request
        auth_url = f'{RDP_HOST}/auth/oauth2/v1/revoke'
        payload = f'token={access_token}'
        auth_response = None
        try:
            auth_response = requests.post(auth_url,
                                      headers = {
                                          'Content-Type': 'application/x-www-form-urlencoded'
                                          'Authorization': f'Basic {clientId_base64}'
                                      },
                                      data = payload
        except requests.exceptions.RequestException as exp:
```

```
print(f'Caught exception: {exp}')

if auth_response.status_code == 200: # HTTP Status 'OK'
    print('Revoke Token success')

if auth_response.status_code != 200:
    print(f'RDP authentication failure: {auth_response.status_code} {auth_response.
    print(f'Text: {auth_response.text}')
```

Revoke Token success

That's all I have to say about the CFS API workflow.

Next Steps

You may interested in the following resources for more detail about the CFS data usage:

- Find environmental footprint of your bond portfolio article
- RDP APIs Green Revenues CFS file Workflow a dedicate Green Revenue CFS workflow
- RDP APIs ESG CFS file Workflow a dedicate ESG CFS workflow

And much more on the Developer Portal website.

References

That brings me to the end of my generic CFS file workflow project. For further details, please check out the following resources:

- RDP APIs page on the LSEG Developer Community website.
- RDP APIs Playground page.
- RDP APIs: Introduction to the Request-Response API.
- RDP APIs: Authorization All about tokens.
- Limitations and Guidelines for the RDP Authentication Service article.
- Getting Started with Data Platform article.
- CFS API User Guide.

For any questions related to RDP APIs or CFS service, please use the Developers Community Q&A page.

```
In [ ]:
```