

# STACK

```
package constructorpac;

import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.Stack;

//Stack is a linear data Structure / generic data structure
//it follows the Last In First Out (LIFO) principle
//maintain insertion order
//allow duplicate and null values
//Dynamic in size
//implements list ,Extends Vector, random access allowed.

public class StackImple {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Stack <Integer> sk=new Stack <>(); // Creating a new stack

        //push elements onto the stack instead of adding using push() method

        sk.push(1);
        sk.push(2);
        sk.push(3);
        sk.push(4);

        System.out.println(sk);

        // pop elements from the stack instead of removing using pop() method

        System.out.println("The removed/poped element is : "+sk.pop());
        System.out.println(sk);

        // accessing the element which is top in the stack using peek() method

        System.out.println("The top element is : "+sk.peek());

        System.out.println(sk.reversed()); //it reversed but not actually reversed in the memory
        System.out.println(sk);

        //_____
        // element can be added using add() and inserted between the stack becoz it extends
        vector
```

```
// but it violets the stack protocol
// it deviates the standards of stack
// it is not recommended becoz push is designed for (LIFO) stack
//and insertion is not allowed in principle of stack
```

```
sk.add(5);
sk.insertElementAt(0, 0);
sk.insertElementAt(4, 4);
System.out.println(sk);
```

```
// _____
```

```
Stack <String> sk2=new Stack <>();
```

```
sk2.push("Vivo");
sk2.push("Oppo");
sk2.push("Samsung");
sk2.push("Apple");
```

```
System.out.println(sk2);
```

```
// searching an element in stack
//if not found it returns -1
```

```
int pos=sk2.search("Apple");
if(pos==-1) {
    System.out.println("The element not found in the stack");
}
else {
    System.out.println("The element found in the position "+pos);
}
```

```
//sorting the stack
```

```
Collections.sort(sk2);
System.out.println(sk2);
System.out.println("The element after sort found at the position"+sk2.search("Apple"));
```

```
//Checking the stack is empty or not
```

```
if(sk.isEmpty()) {
    System.out.println("The stack is empty");
}
else {
    System.out.println("The stack contains elements");
}
```

```
// default method of creating stack
```

```
Stack sk3 =new Stack();
```

```
sk3.push(4); // but it's not type safe we use only generic stack
```

```
sk3.push("Game");
```

```
sk3.push(5.8);
```

```
System.out.println(sk3);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```