

Session 71: Counting Problems

- Solving counting problems with generating functions

Combinations

Find the number of k -combinations of a set with n elements using generating functions

- The number of k -combinations is the coefficient of x^k in the generating function

$$f(x) = (1 + x)^n$$

- Using the binomial theorem: $f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^k$
- Therefore the number of k -combinations is $\binom{n}{k}$

Combinations with Repetition

Find the number of k -combinations of a set with n elements using generating functions when repetition is allowed

- The number of k -combinations is the coefficient of x^k in the generating function

$$f(x) = (1 + x + x^2 + \dots)^n$$

- As long as $|x| < 1$ we have $(1 + x + x^2 + \dots) = \frac{1}{1 - x}$
- Therefore $f(x) = \frac{1}{(1 - x)^n} = (1 + (-x))^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{-n}{k} (-1)^k x^k$

Extended Binomial Coefficients

Definition: Let u be a real number and k a nonnegative integer. Then the extended binomial coefficient $\binom{u}{k}$ is defined as

$$\binom{u}{k} = \begin{cases} \frac{u(u-1)\cdots(u-k+1)}{k!}, & \text{if } k > 0 \\ 1, & \text{if } k = 0 \end{cases}$$

Extended Binomial Theorem

Theorem: Let x be real number with $|x| < 1$ and let u be real number.
Then

$$(1 + x)^u = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \binom{u}{k} x^k$$

Combinations with Repetition

- The coefficient of x^k is $\binom{-n}{k}(-1)^k$

Counting Problems and Generating Functions

Find the number of solutions of

$$e_1 + e_2 + e_3 = 17,$$

where e_1 , e_2 , and e_3 are nonnegative integers with

$$2 \leq e_1 \leq 5, 3 \leq e_2 \leq 6, \text{ and } 4 \leq e_3 \leq 7.$$

The number of solutions is the coefficient of x^{17} in the expansion of

$$f(x) = (x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5) (x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6) (x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7).$$

A term equal to x^{17} is obtained in the product by picking

x^{e_1} in the first sum, x^{e_2} in the second sum x^{e_2} , and x^{e_3} in the third sum x^{e_3} ,
such that $e_1 + e_2 + e_3 = 17$.

There are three solutions since the coefficient of x^{17} in the product is 3.

Summary

- Counting combinations with generating functions
- Extended Binomial Theorem
- Counting Combinations with Repetition with generating functions