LSST SN science kick-off workshop

Faint and fast transients with LSST

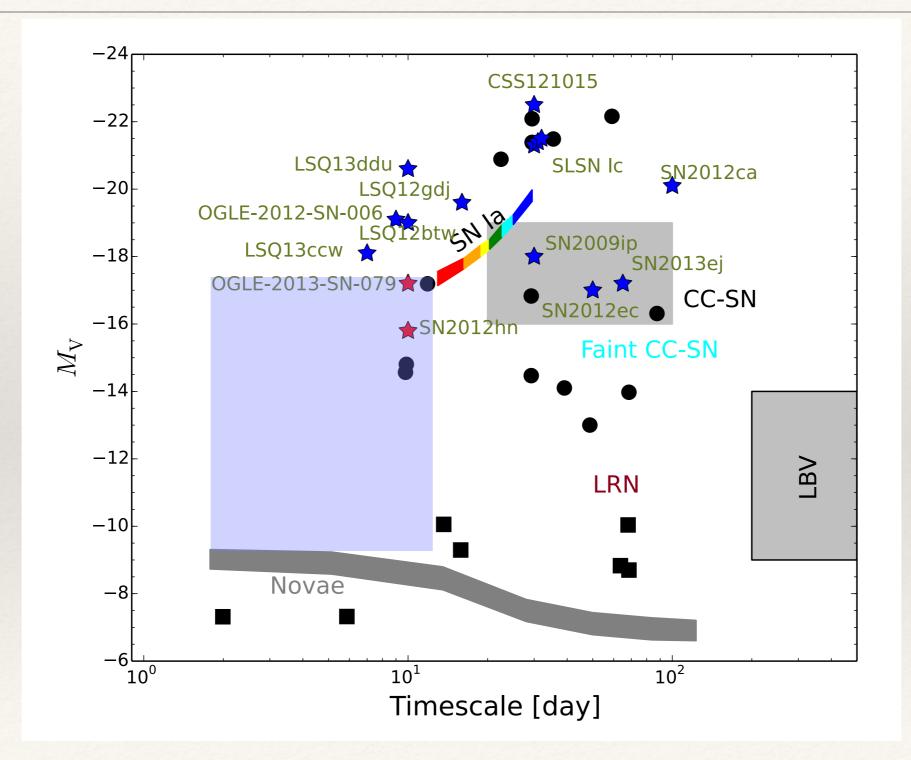




Kate Maguire

STFC Ernest Rutherford Fellow, Queen's University Belfast

Extremes of explosion physics

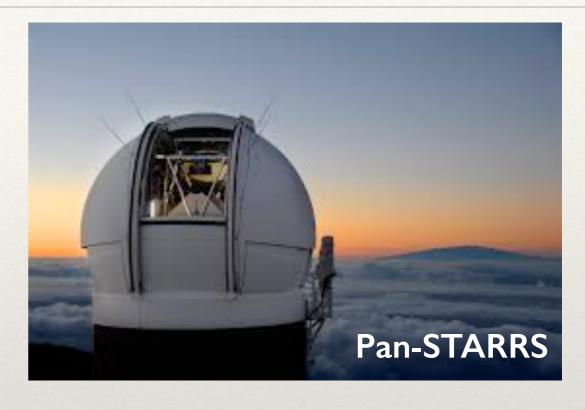


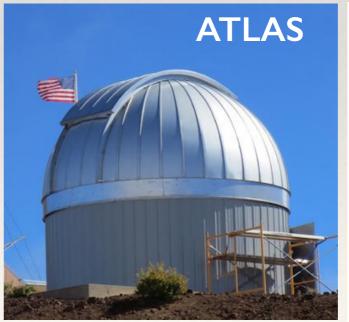
Smartt et al. (2015, updated version of Kasliwal & Kulkarni)

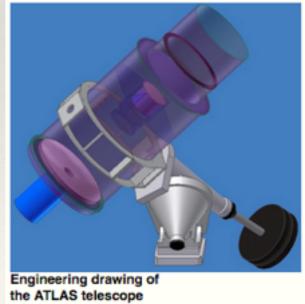
High-cadence surveys

- * <1 day cadence
- * Deep to increase volume surveyed (~20 21.5 mag)





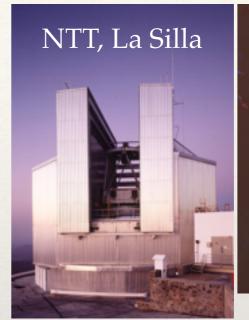




Kate Maguire

Rapid spectroscopic follow-up

- * PESSTO/ePESSTO
 - 90 nights per year on NTT
 - Proposal submitted for further two years (until mid 2019)

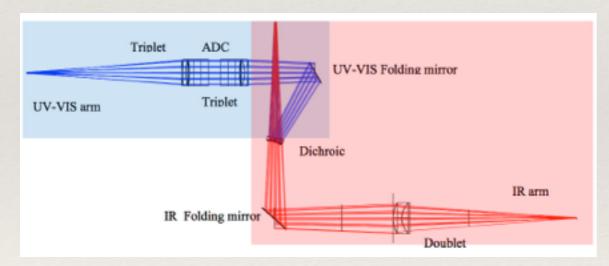




Rapid spectroscopic follow-up

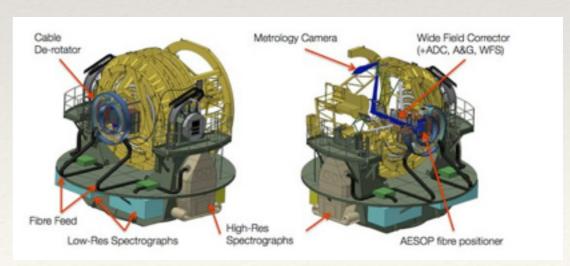
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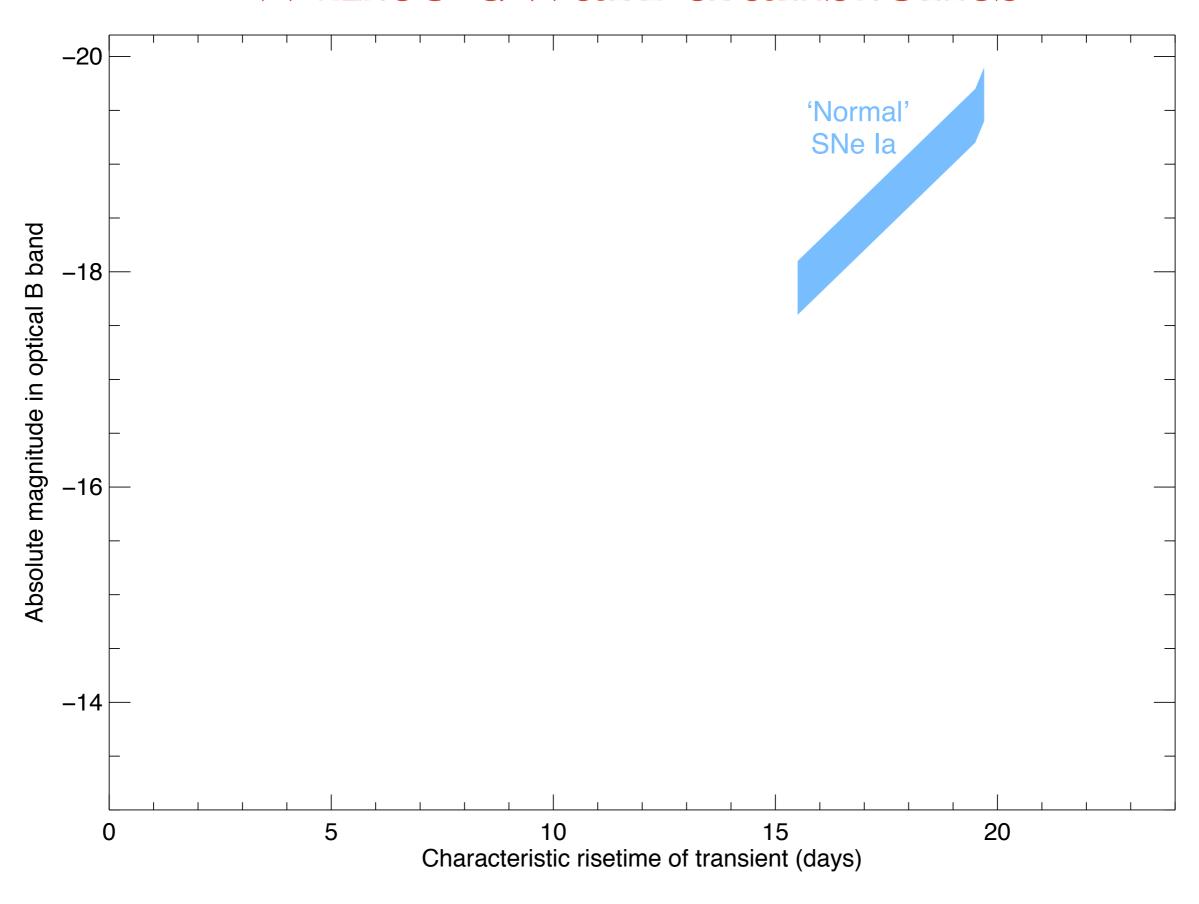


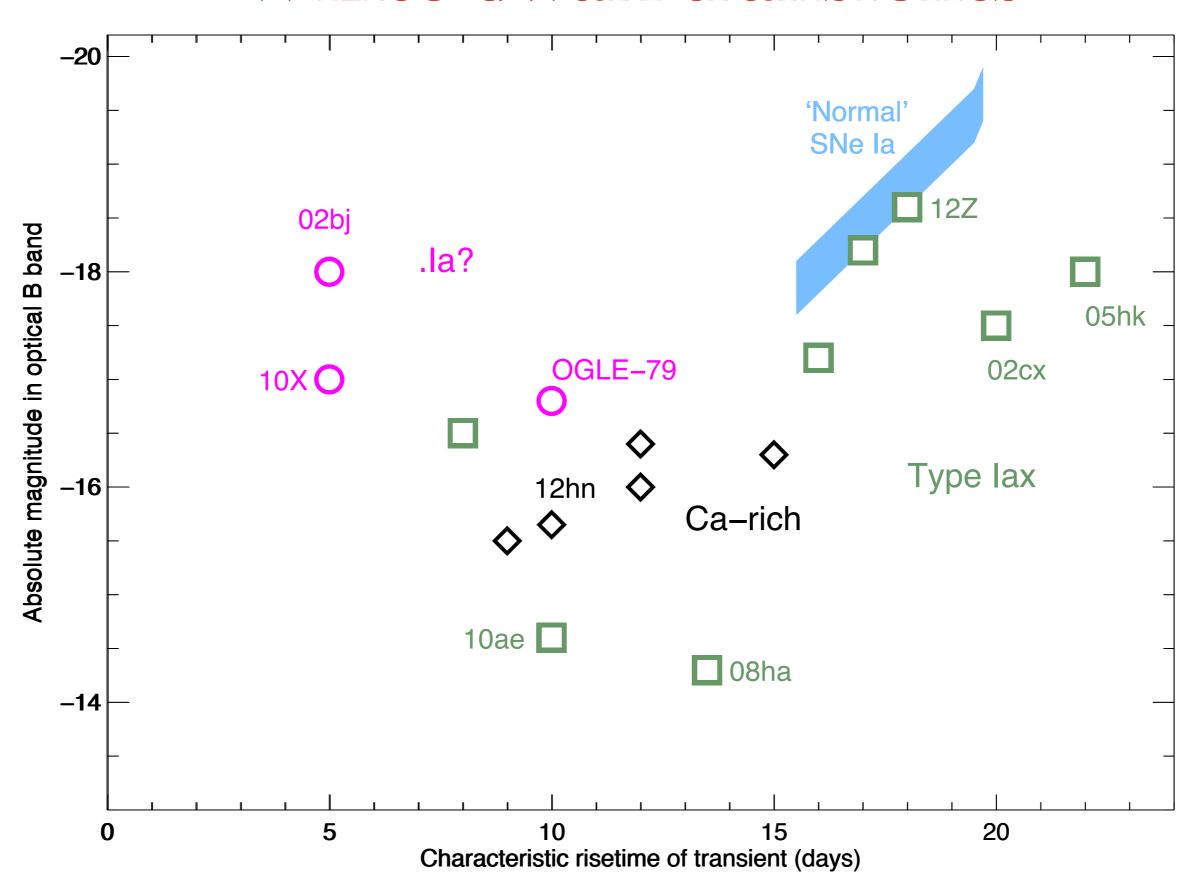


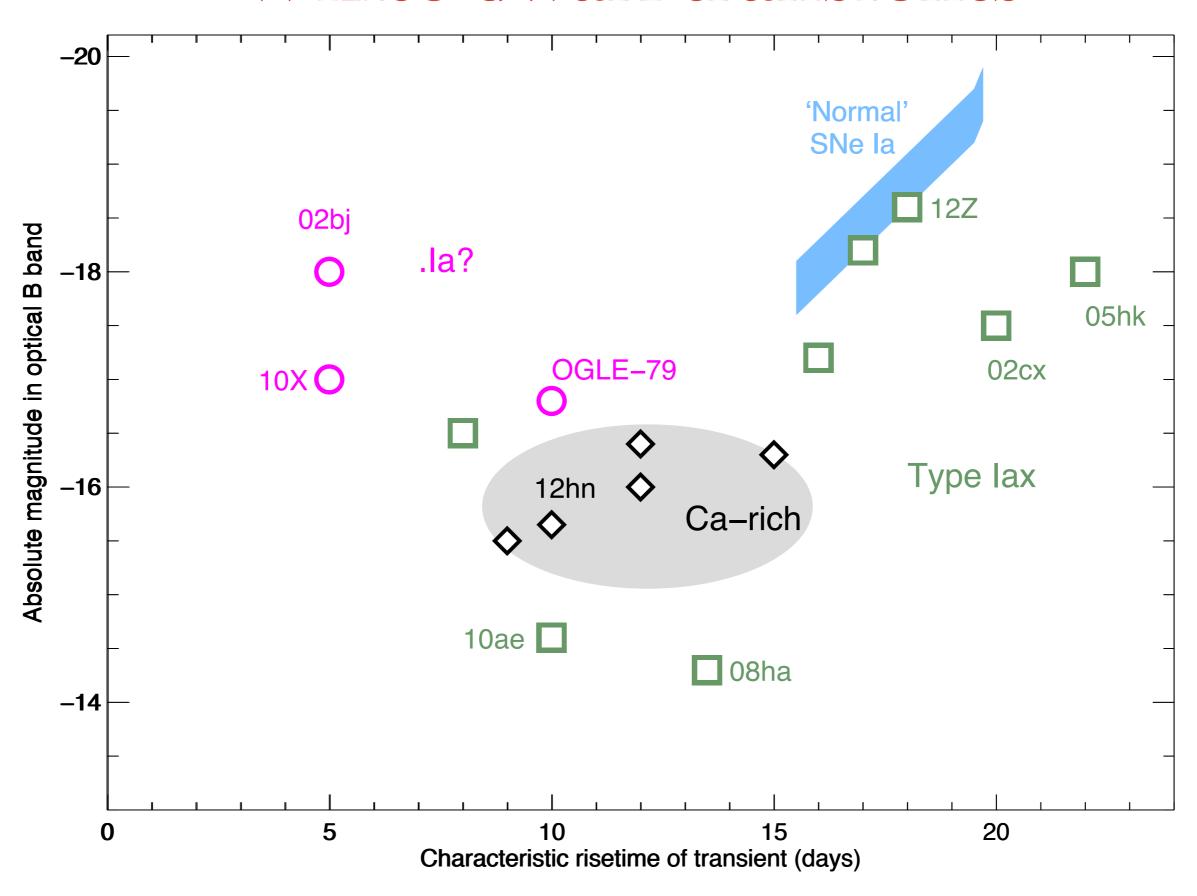
* 4MOST - 4 sq. deg. MOS on VISTA telescope

SOXS on NTT- starting ~2020



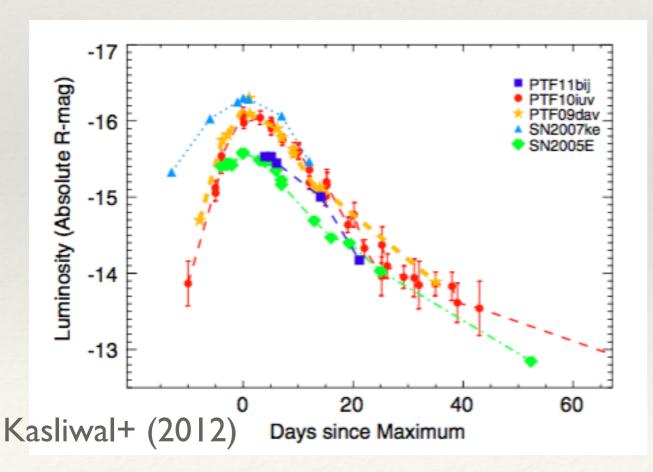


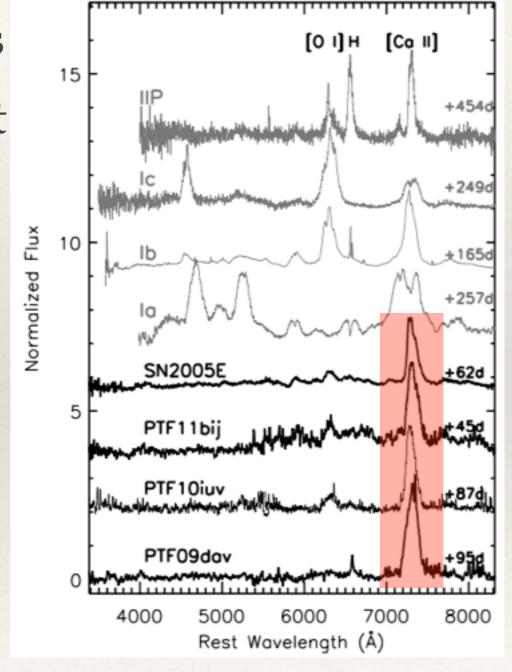




Ca-rich/Ca-strong transients

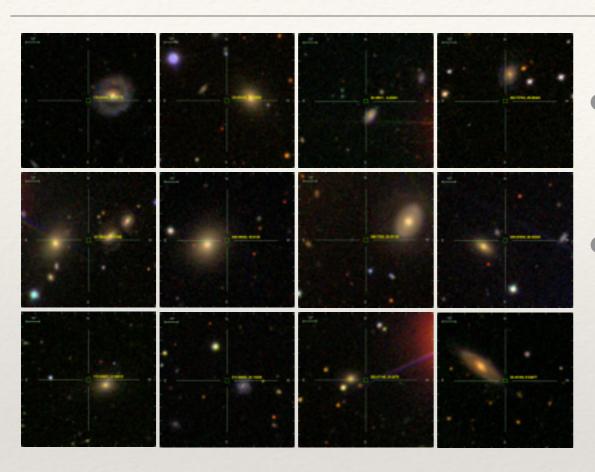
- Strong [Ca II] emission at late times
- Major contributor to Ca enrichment in the Universe?





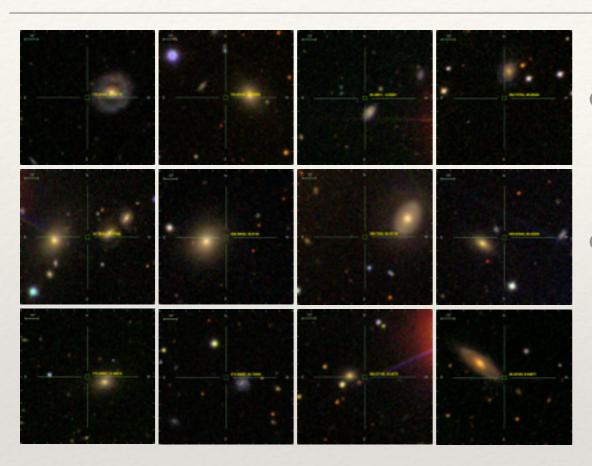
Kasliwal+ (2012)

Remote locations preferred



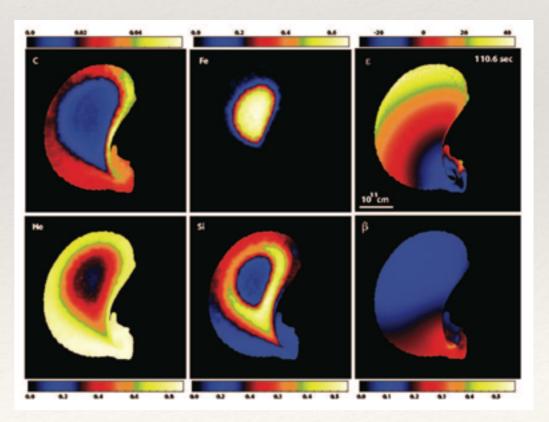
- Far from host centres (Yuan+ 2013)
- Strict limits on globular clusters in some cases (Lyman+ 2016)

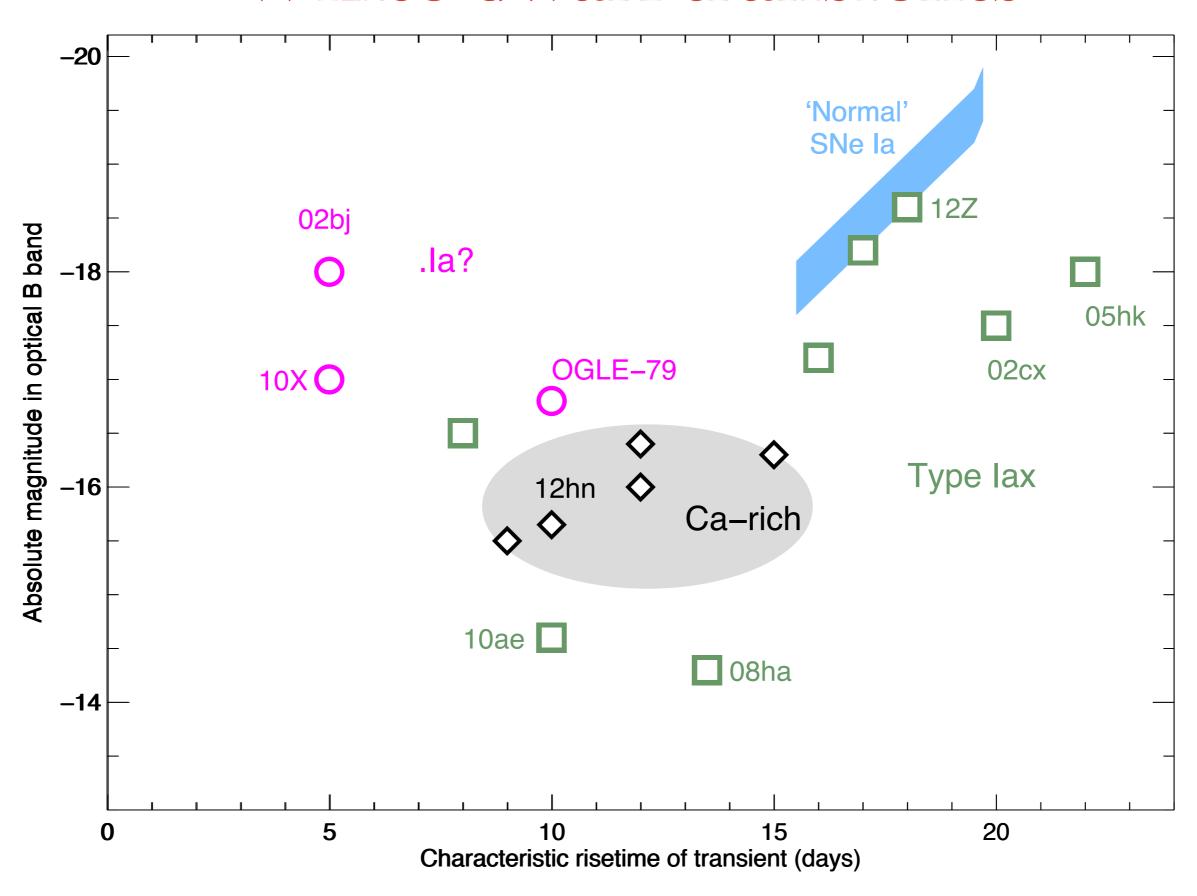
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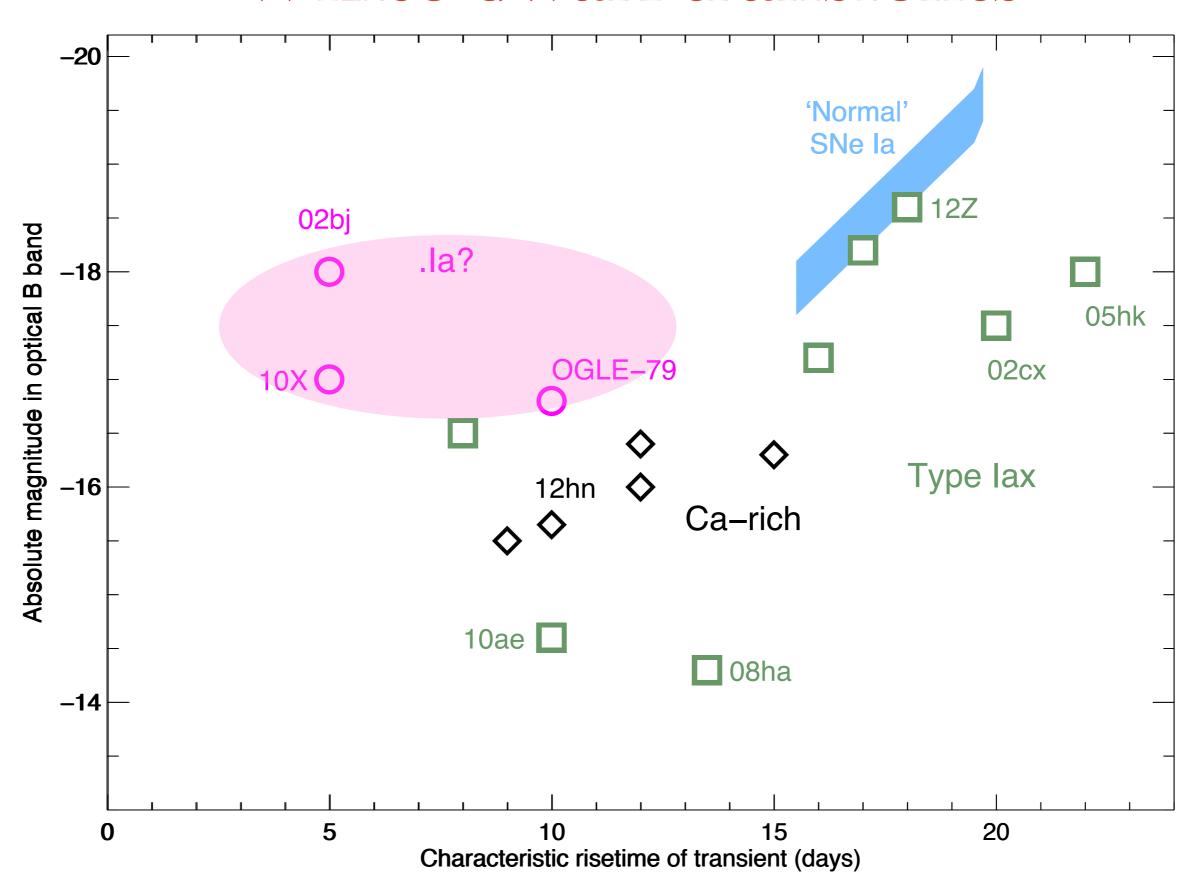


- Far from host centres (Yuan+ 2013)
- Strict limits on globular clusters in some cases (Lyman+ 2016)

- Tidal disruption of white dwarf
 + IMBH?
- SN 2012hn no X-ray detection (Sell+ 2015)

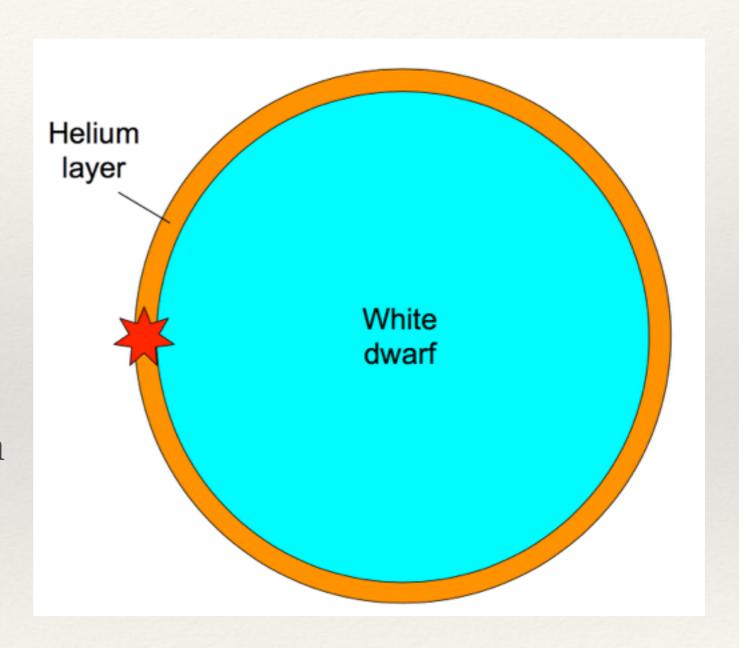




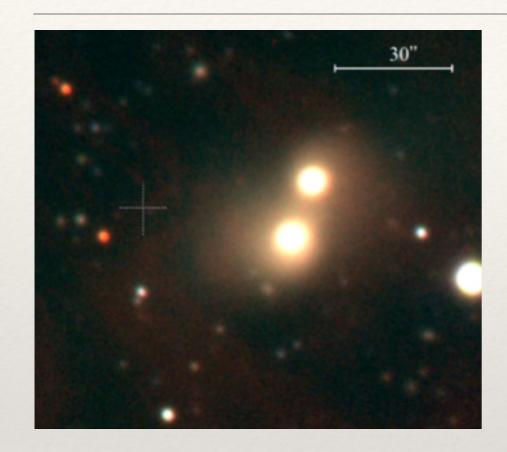


He-shell detonations on white dwarfs

- (point) .Ia SNe
- Bildsten+ (2007), Shen &
 Bildsten (2009), Shen &
 Moore (2014)
- Faint and fast transients
 with Titanium-rich spectra
- Helium not visible

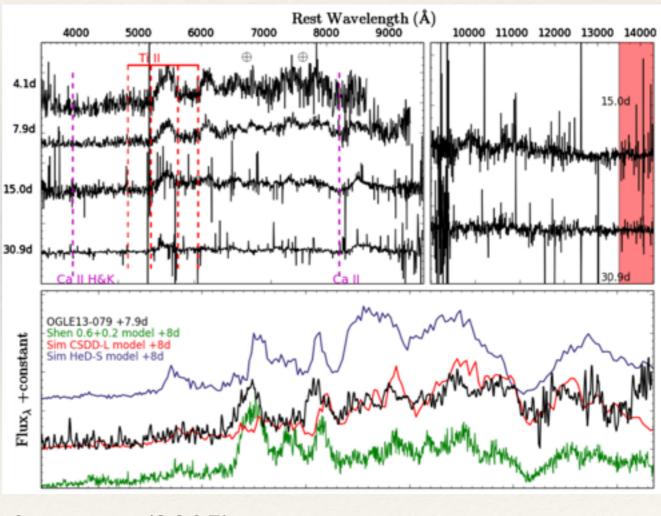


OGLE-2013-SN-079 - a.Ia?



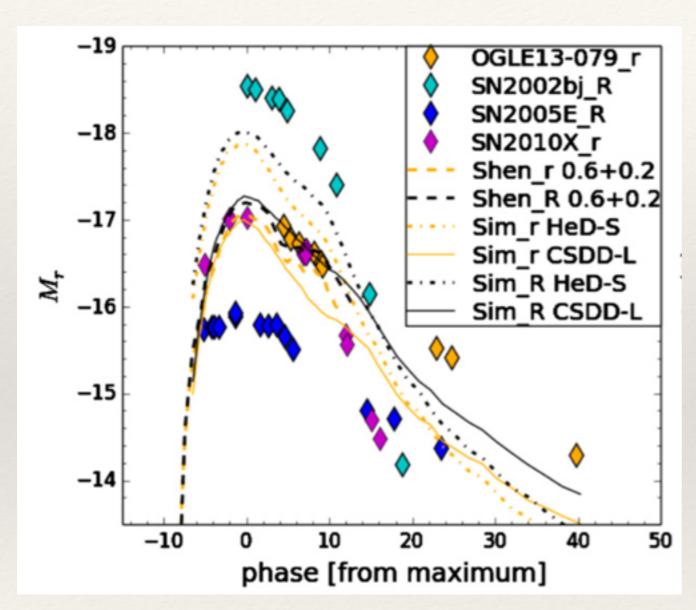
Offset from z=0.07 elliptical galaxy

- Strong Titanium features
- Good match to Heliumshell detonations/ double-detonations



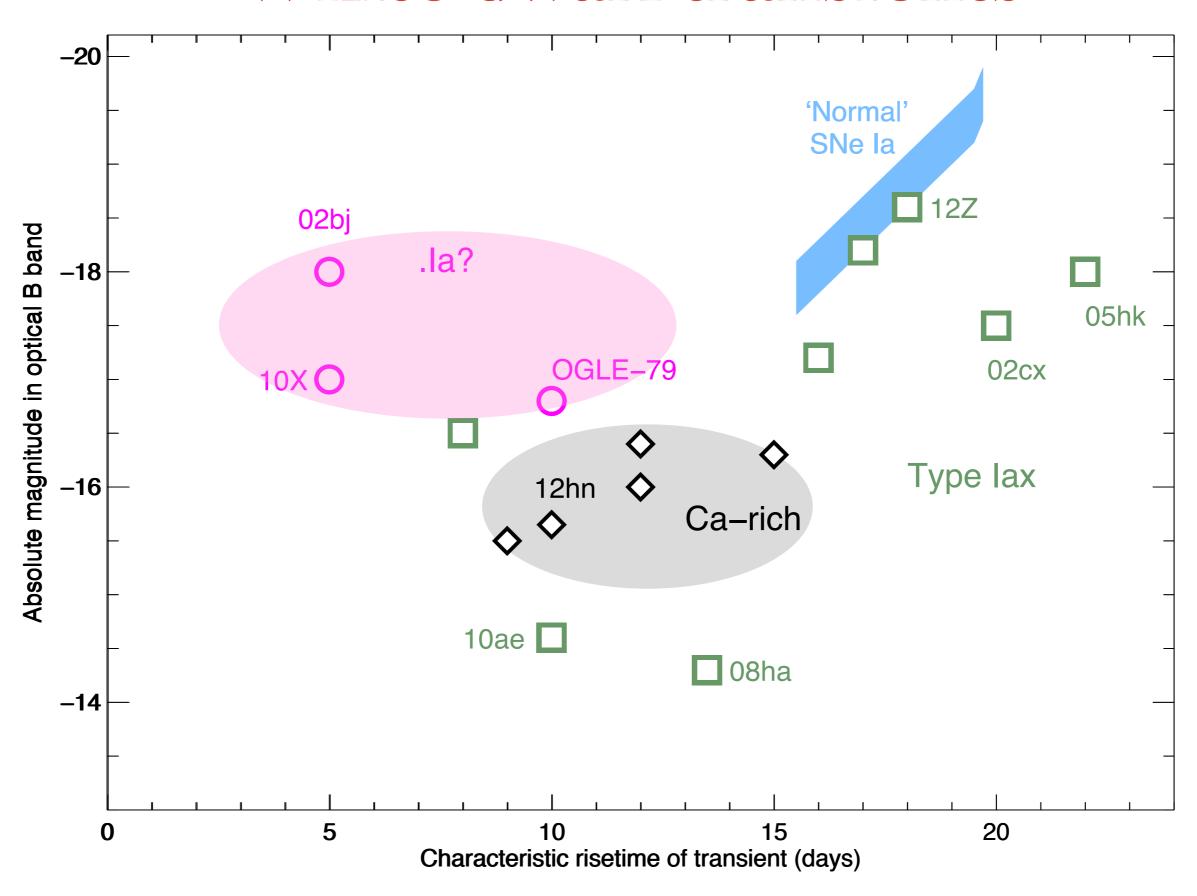
Inserra+ (2015)

Even faster: 2010X, 2002bj

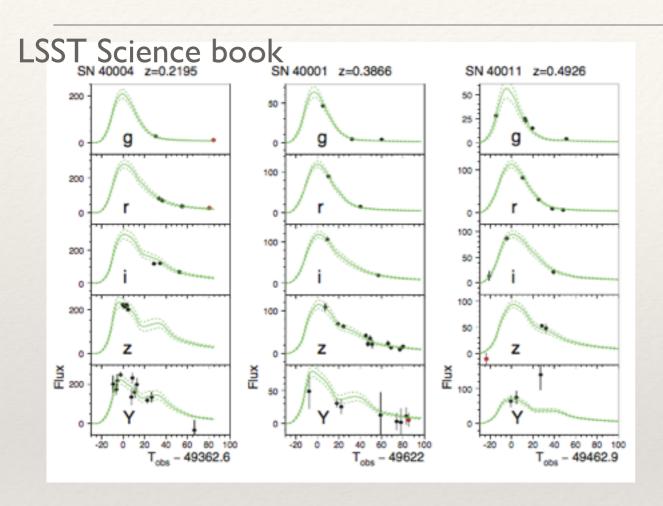


- Not as good matches to models
- Possible Helium signatures
- Could have massive star origin (Kleiser & Kasen 2014)

Inserra+ (2015)

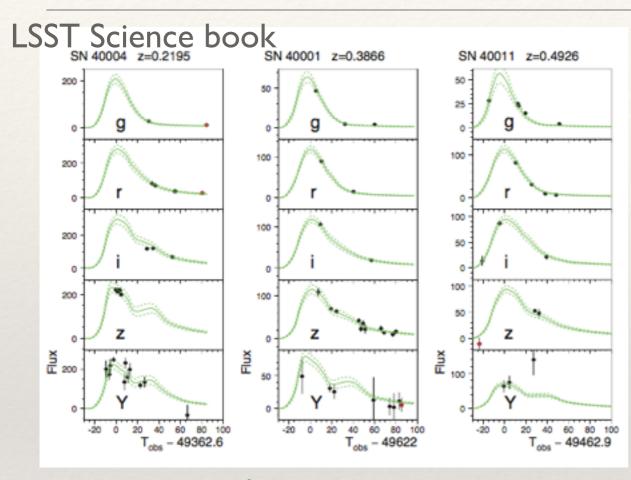


Fast and faint with LSST



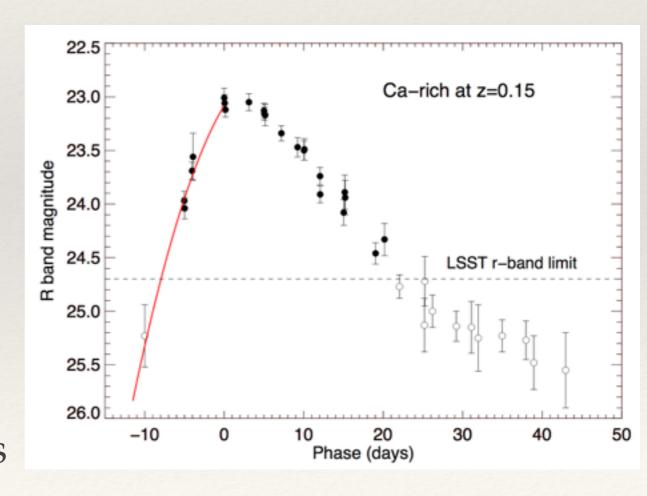
 Simulated baseline cadence light curves

Fast and faint with LSST

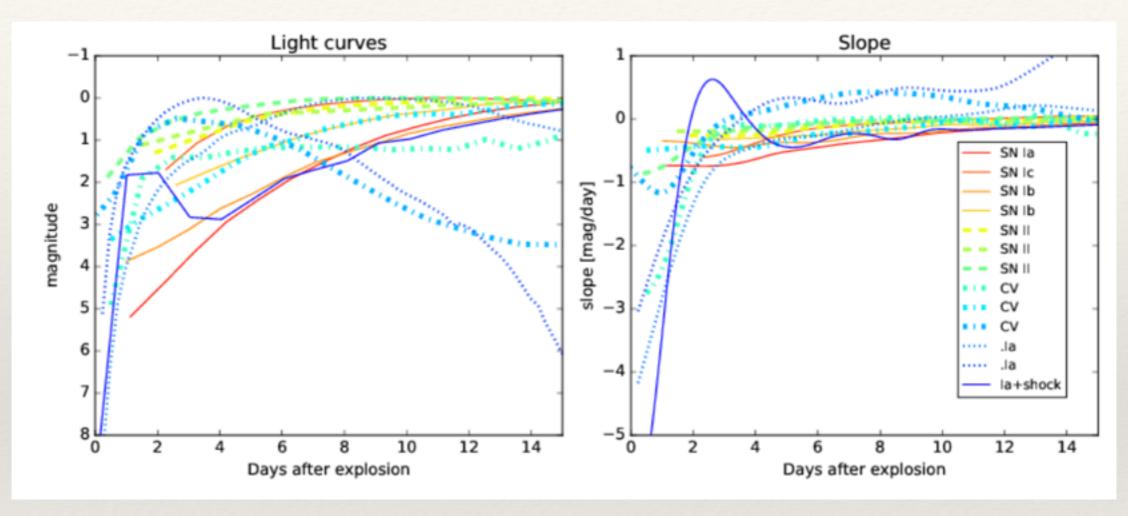


- Average of -16 mag
- Volume surveyed out to z=0.15
- Spectroscopic classification
- Visible for 8 days on rise, 2-3 points

 Simulated baseline cadence light curves



Fast and faint with LSST



LSST observing strategy white paper

- Difficulty in distinguishing these transients
- Colour provides additional constraints

Summary & open questions

- LSST is ideal for faint events single visit depth of
 ~25 mag in blue bands
- Baseline cadence is less ideal for fast transients
- Large volume surveyed
- Distinguishing light curves at early times essential