

Domain Adaptation and Active Learning for SN photometric classification

Emille E. O. Ishida

*Laboratoire de Physique Corpusculaire
Université Blaise Pascal*

Ricardo Vilalta, Renuka Pamplana and Kinjal Dhar Gupta
(Pattern Recognition Laboratory, U. Houston – USA)

Rafael S. de Souza
(ELTE – Hungary / USP – Brazil)

Filipe B. Abdalla
(UCL - UK)

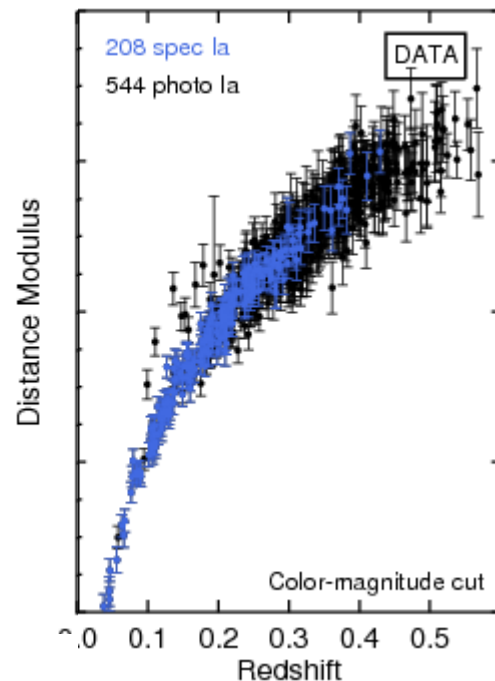
Goal:

Compensate for the fact that spectroscopic and photometric samples come from intrinsically different underlying distributions

Example:

Covariate shift

Photometric samples go further in z



$$P_{train}(Y) = \underline{P(Y|X)} P_{train}(X)$$

$$P_{test}(Y) = \underline{P(Y|X)} P_{test}(X)$$

$$P_{train}(Y) \neq P_{test}(X)$$

Solution:

Use the Kernel trick to re-weight the training sample
(*Kernel Mean Matching - KMM*)

Important remarks:

I am aware that

Selection cuts here imply very good epoch coverage

post-SNPCC data

-3 to +24 days in all filters

This is best-case scenario!

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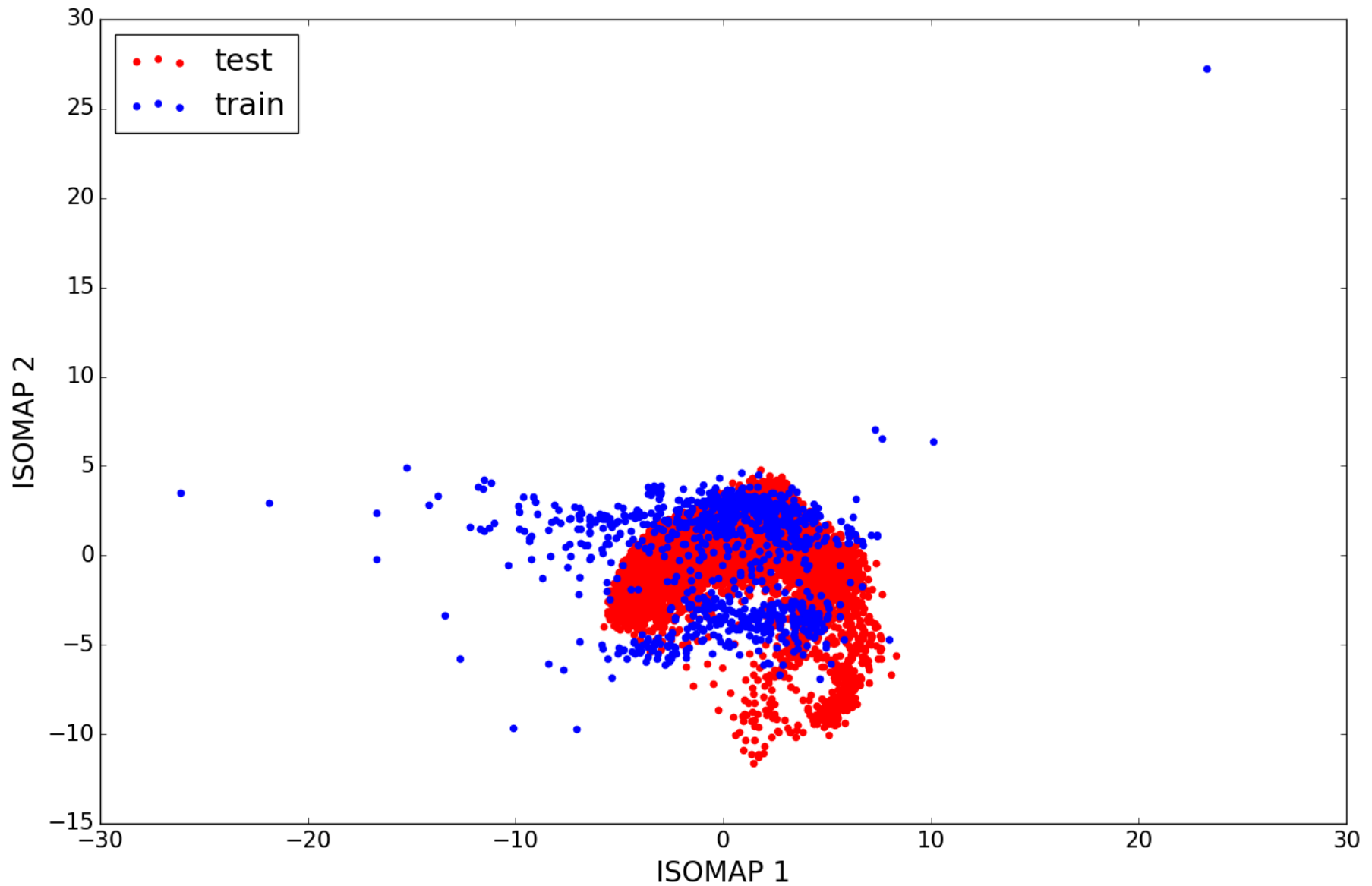
Spoiler alert!

Domain Adaptation alone will not solve the problem.

We will need to re-think how
spectroscopic samples are built.

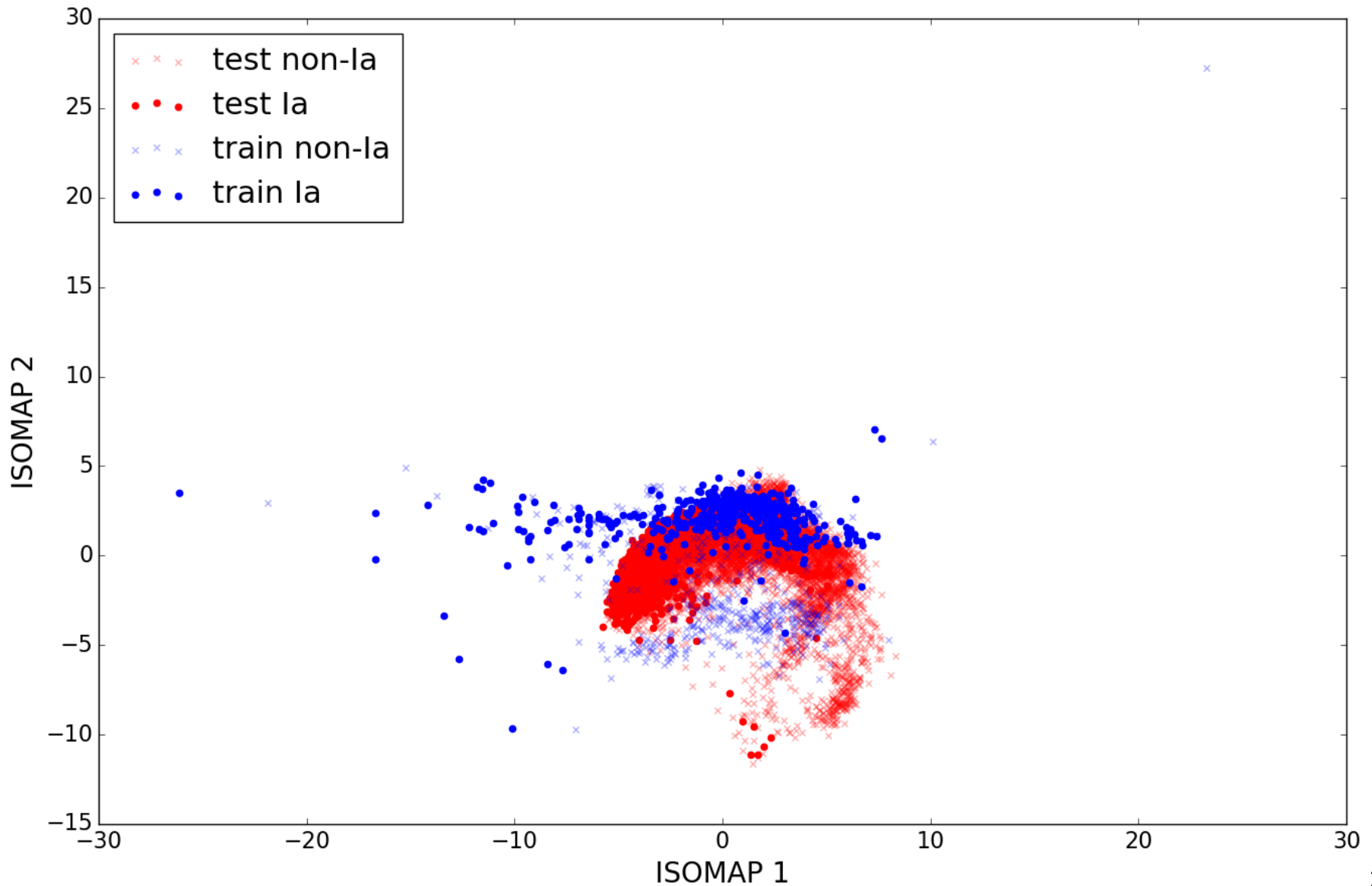
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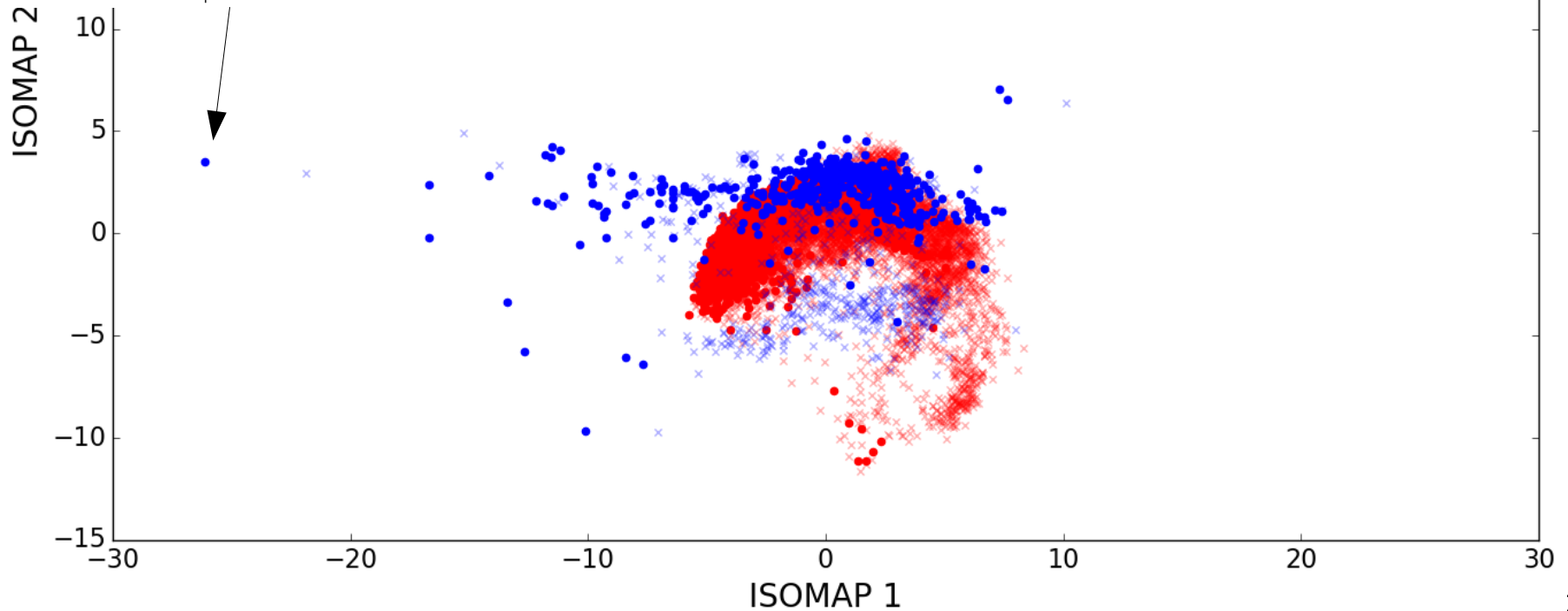
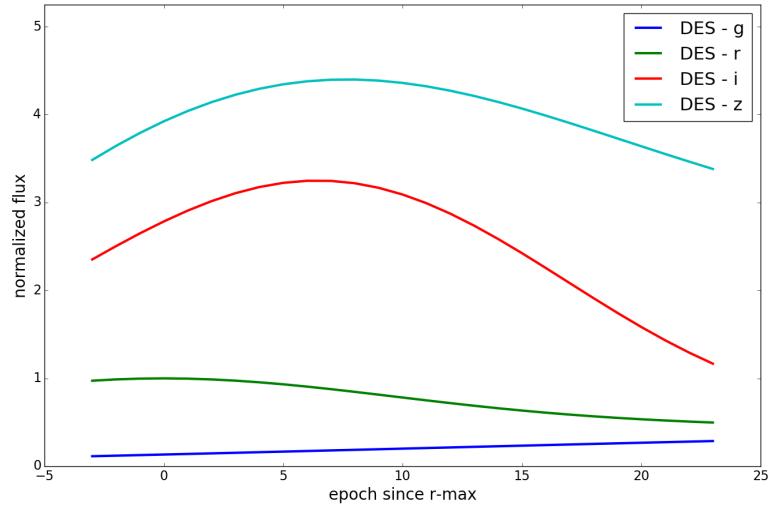
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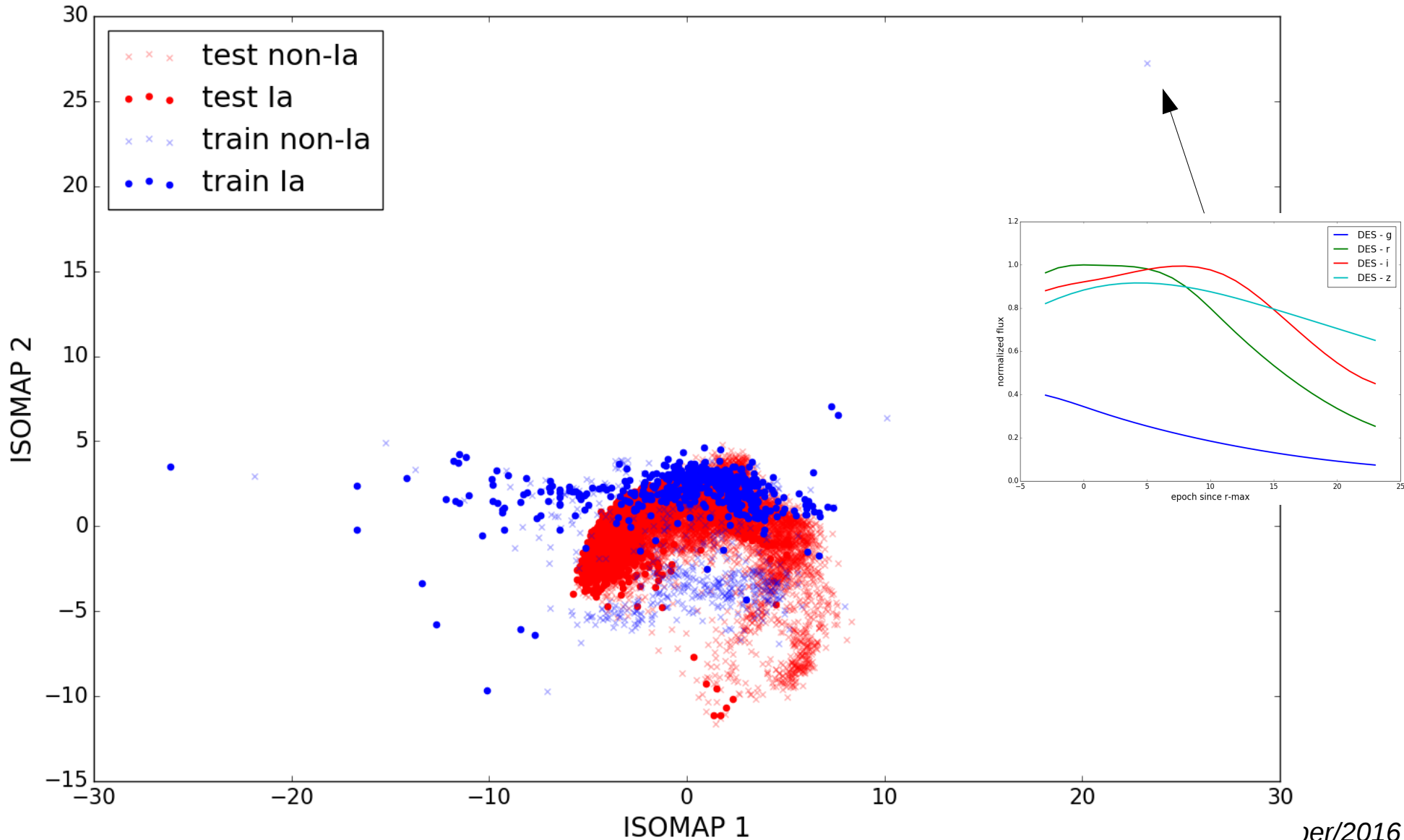
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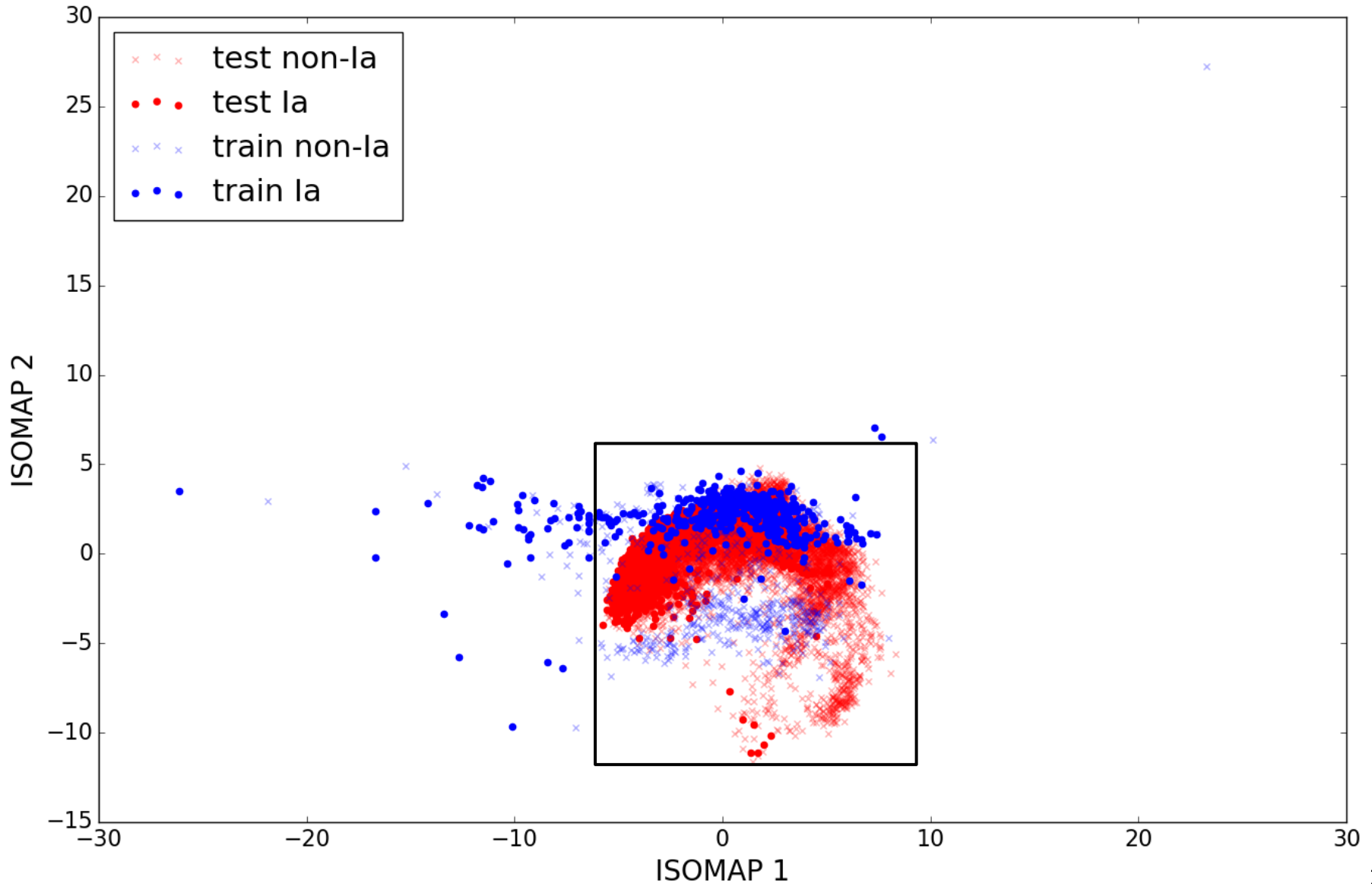
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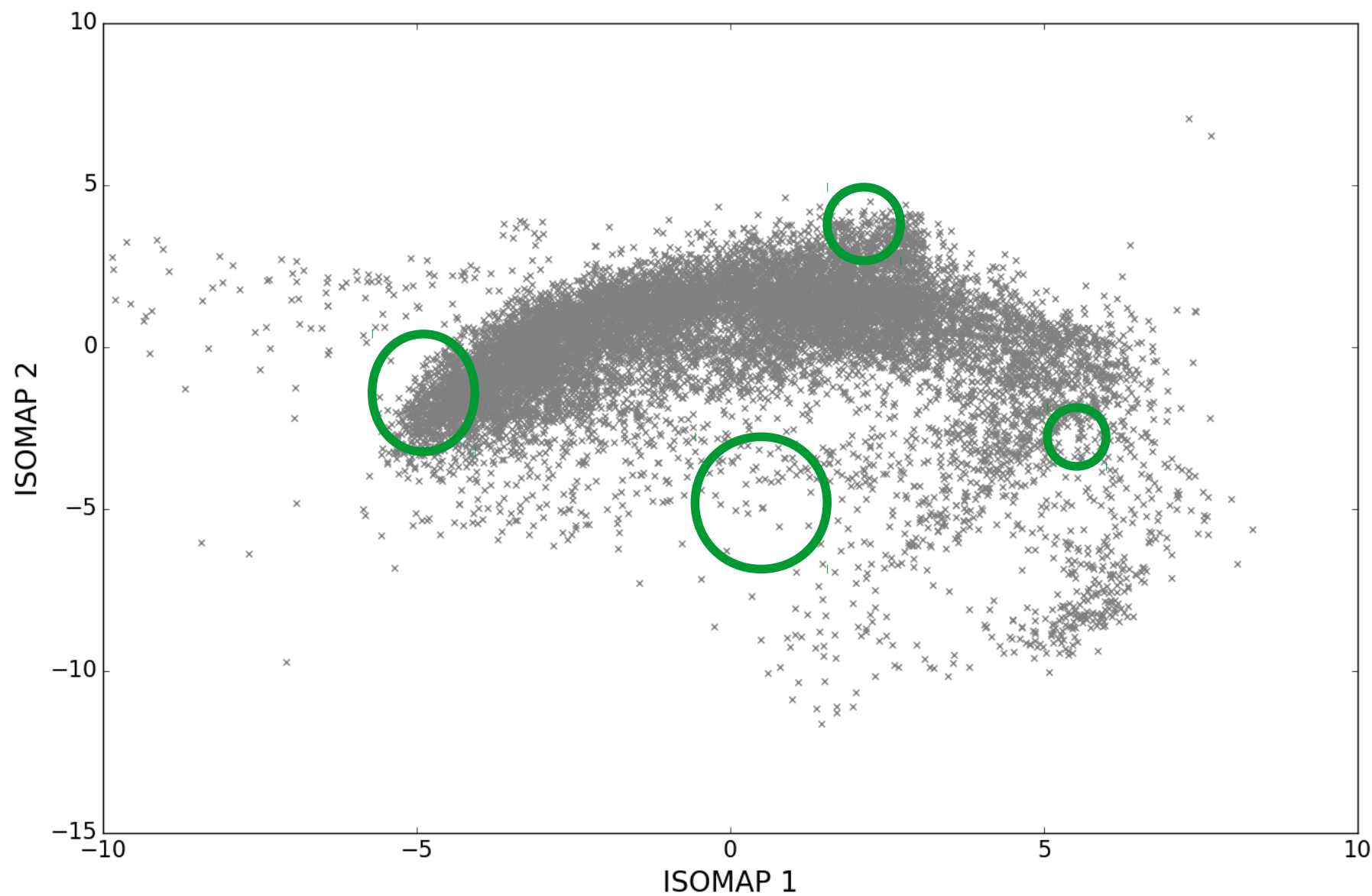


Landmark selection:

Build less complex models

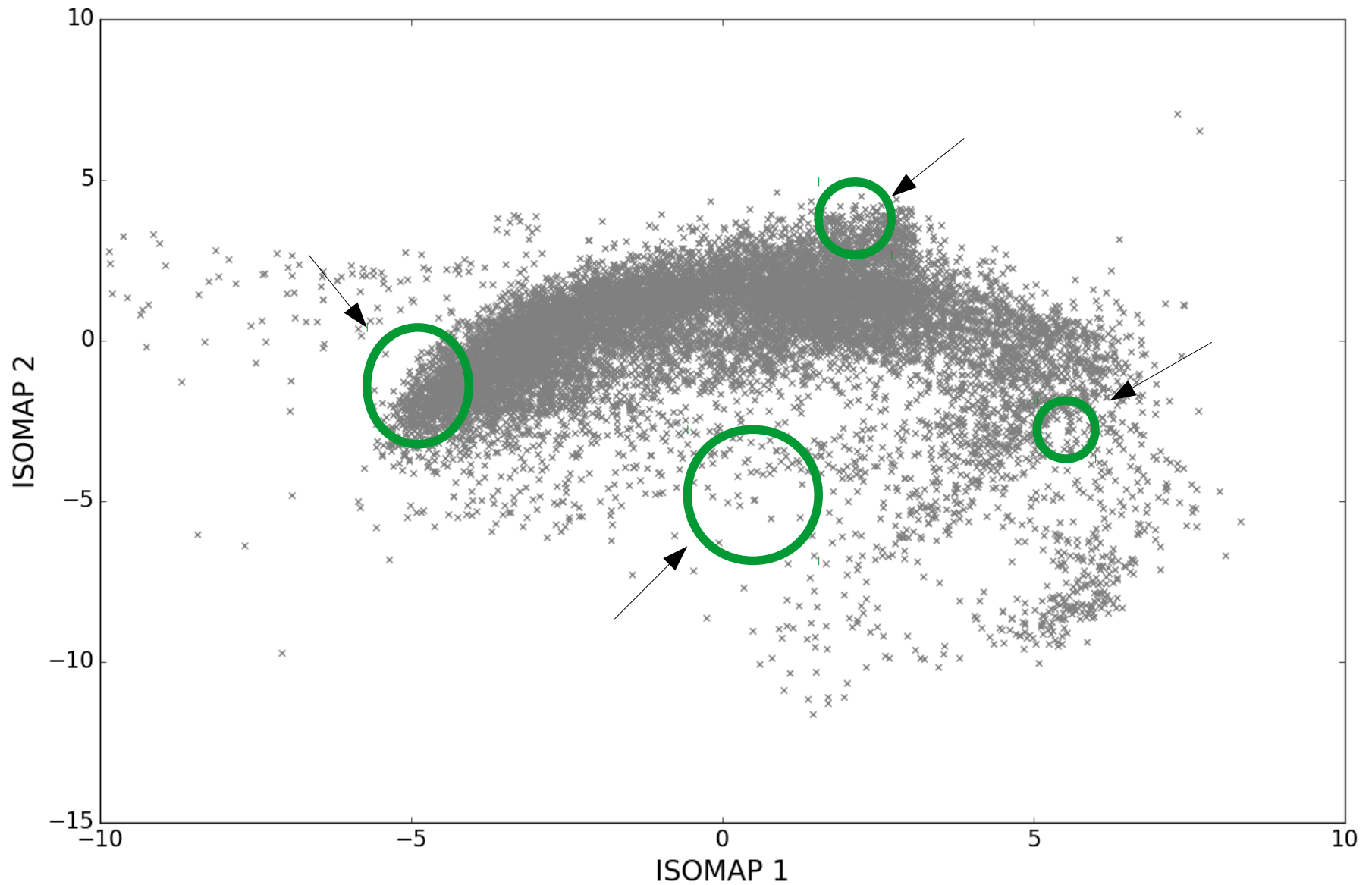
Forget spec/sample distinction:

*Landmark
clustering*



Forget spec/sample distinction:

*Train the model locally +
Apply the weights*

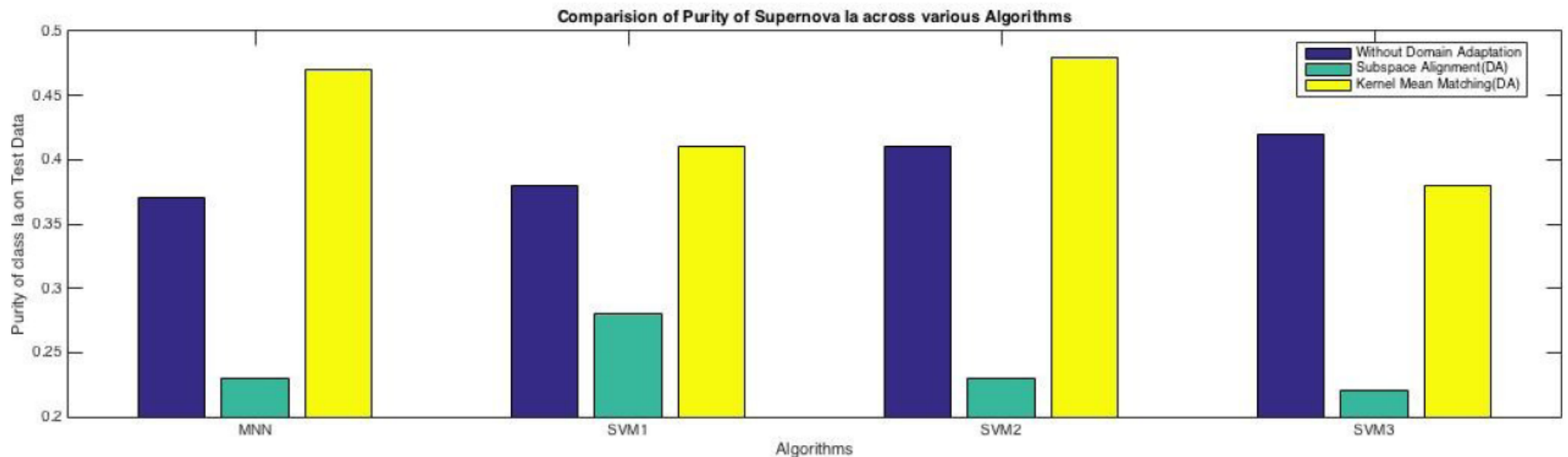


Preliminary results from post-SNPCC data:

At least 3 observed epochs (for all filters)

At least one epoch before -3 and 1 epoch after +24 days since max (for all filters)

Light curve fit using Gaussian Process regression



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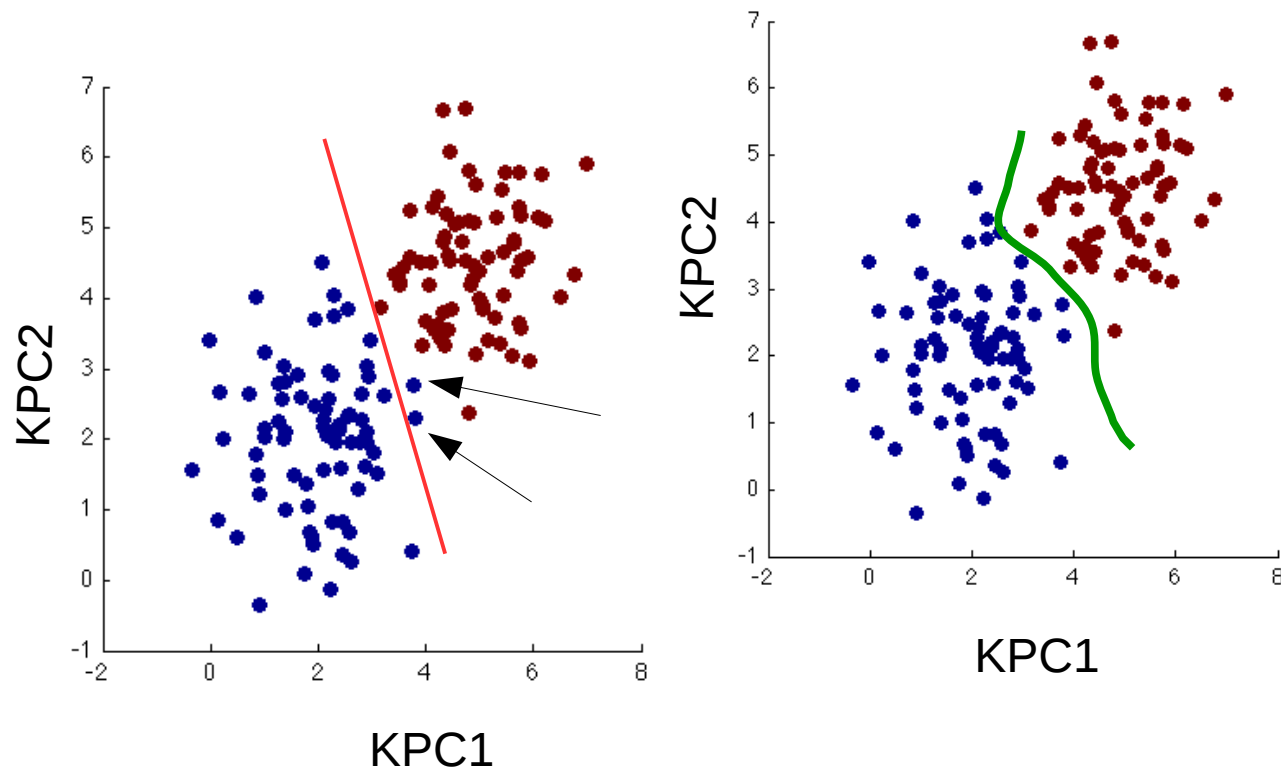
Active learning: ask!

Assume a minimum number of training in each group.

Make a query.

Train the model (+weights), project the test data and classify.
Use a method which gives you full posteriors.

Choose the ones you trust less.



Make a query.

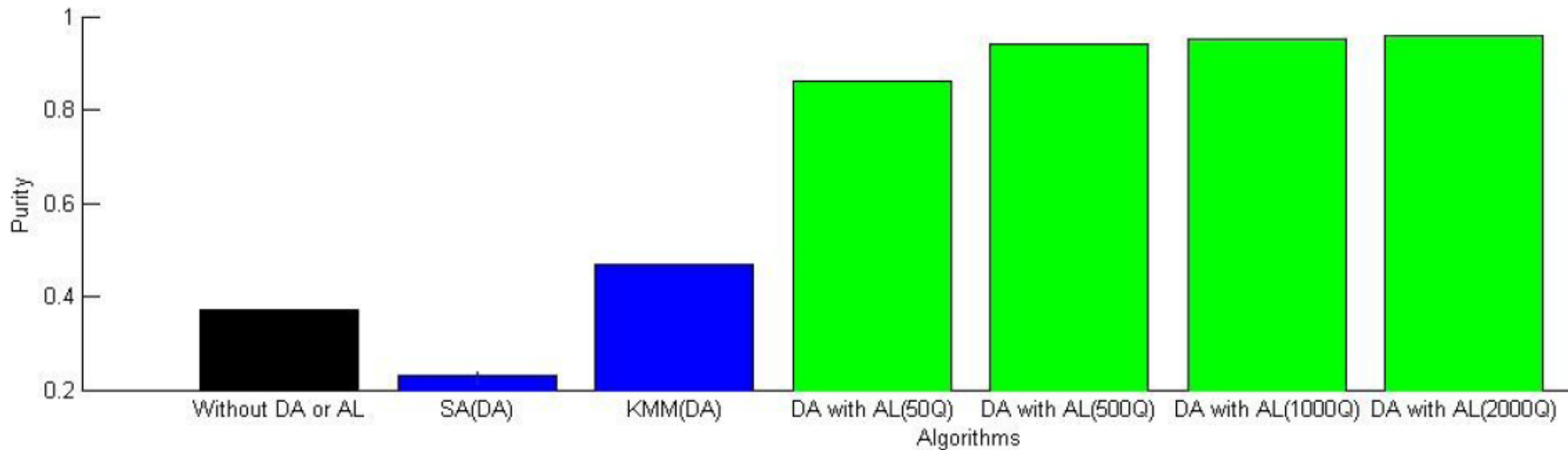
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Comparison of Classification Accuracy of Algorithms on Supernova using Neural Network



Take away message:

Domain differences need to be addressed

Results are dependent on feature extraction
(what about missing data?)

Use active learning in pre-max data or
simulations for follow-up strategies -
But this requires simulations...

Change dynamics in the construction of the
spectroscopic sample

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Change dynamics in the construction of the
spectroscopic sample

I would build the photometric sample first!

References:

Dataset shift in Machine Learning, by Joaquin Quinonero-Candela, Masashi Sugiyama, Anton Schwaighofer and Neil D. Lawrence, 2009, MIT Press

Covariate shift by Kernel Mean Matching, by Arthur Gretto (CMU),
<http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~arthurg/talks.html>

Resources on Active Learning, <http://active-learning.net/>