

SN Cosmology with BEAMS

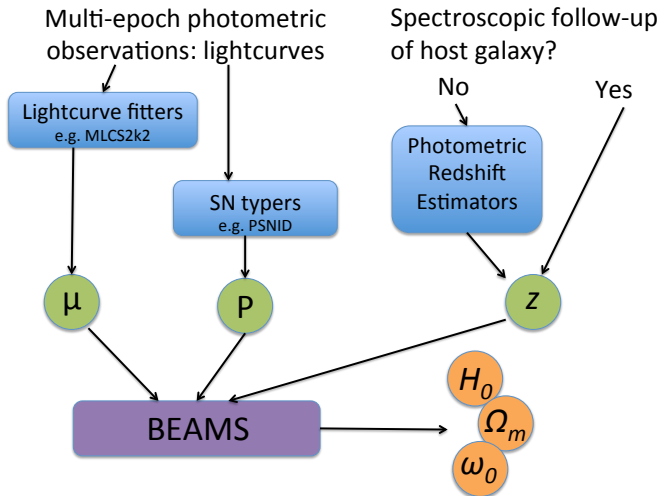
Christina M. Peters

LSST SN Workshop - Pitt
November 2016

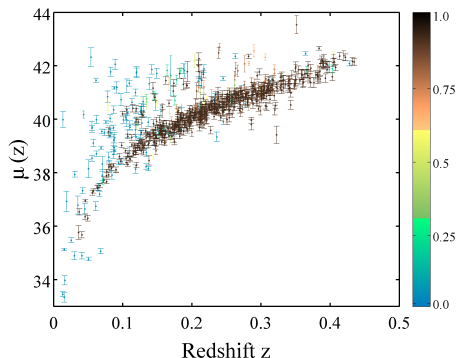
Motivation

- doing cosmology with SNe, without spectroscopy
- incorporate type probably
- use the full (contaminated) sample, without making cuts
- error ellipses on cosmological parameters

What does BEAMS do?



Photometric Sample from SDSS-II SN Survey



- z from host galaxy spectroscopic redshift
- μ from MLCS2k2 (Jha et al. 2007)
- color coded using P_{Ia} from the PSNID typer (Sako et al. 2008, 2011)
- we want to fit for two populations: SNIa and non-SNIa

Hlozek et al. 2012

Calculating the Posterior Probability

Maths:

$$P(\boldsymbol{\theta}|\boldsymbol{d}) \propto P(\boldsymbol{\theta}) \times \prod_{i=1}^N \{P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{SN Ia})P_{\text{Ia},i} + P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{not SN Ia})(1 - P_{\text{Ia},i})\}$$

Calculating the Posterior Probability

Maths:

$$P(\boldsymbol{\theta}|\boldsymbol{d}) \propto P(\boldsymbol{\theta}) \times \prod_{i=1}^N \{P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{SN Ia})P_{\text{Ia},i} + P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{not SN Ia}) (1 - P_{\text{Ia},i})\}$$

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$: parameters you are fitting for
- \boldsymbol{d} : μ, μ_{err}, z

Calculating the Posterior Probability

Maths:

$$P(\boldsymbol{\theta}|\mathbf{d}) \propto P(\boldsymbol{\theta}) \times \prod_{i=1}^N \{P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{SN Ia})P_{\text{Ia},i} + P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{not SN Ia})(1 - P_{\text{Ia},i})\}$$

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$: parameters you are fitting for
- \mathbf{d} : μ, μ_{err}, z

Words:

Posterior probability for total population \propto
prior on cosmological parameters \times

$\prod_{i=1}^N$ (likelihood for Ia \times probability that it is a SN Ia
+ likelihood for not Ia \times probability that it is not a SN Ia)

Calculating the Posterior Probability

$$P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{SN Ia}): \boldsymbol{\theta} = H_0, \Omega_m, \Omega_\Lambda$$

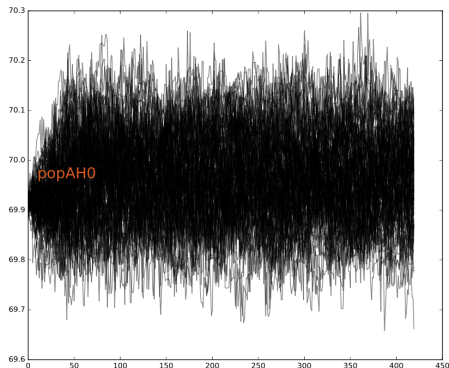
Calculating the Posterior Probability

$P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{SN Ia}): \boldsymbol{\theta} = H_0, \Omega_m, \Omega_\Lambda$

$P(d_i|\boldsymbol{\theta}, \text{not SN Ia}):$

fitting several sub-populations... do you need a single mean, binned means?

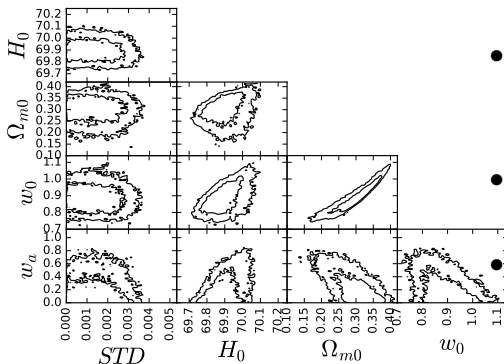
Maximizing the Posterior Probability



MCMC walkers.

- BEAMS is implemented using MCMC. (*emcee* Python package.)
- See Renee's talk yesterday.

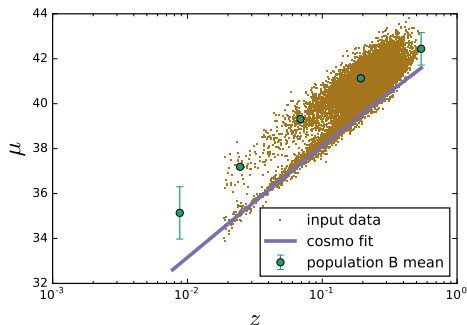
Maximizing the Posterior Probability



- BEAMS is implemented using MCMC. (*emcee* Python package.)
- See Renee's talk yesterday.
- This gives full error ellipses on all the fit parameters.

Covariance of cosmological parameters.

Maximizing the Posterior Probability



- BEAMS is implemented using MCMC. (*emcee* Python package.)
- See Renee's talk yesterday.
- This gives full error ellipses on all the fit parameters.

Fits to mock SNe data.

Future of BEAMS

- Incorporating full photo-z PDFs.

Future of BEAMS

- Incorporating full photo-z PDFs.
- Selection effects as priors? Magnitude, galaxy type, Malmquist bias, others?

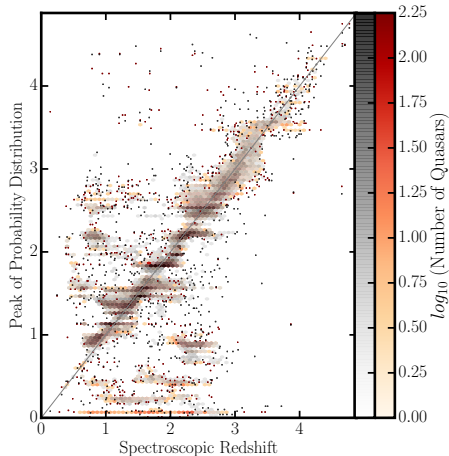
Future of BEAMS

- Incorporating full photo- z PDFs.
- Selection effects as priors? Magnitude, galaxy type, Malmquist bias, others?
- Flexible in the model for the non-Ia population.

Future of BEAMS

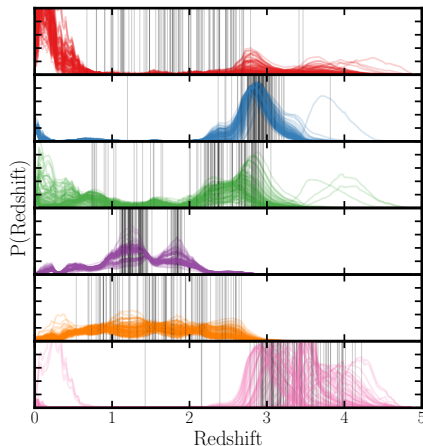
- Incorporating full photo-z PDFs.
- Selection effects as priors? Magnitude, galaxy type, Malmquist bias, others?
- Flexible in the model for the non-Ia population.
- Comparison of lightcurve fitting algorithms, how does that effect the output cosmology?

More about Photo-z PDFs (of quasars...)



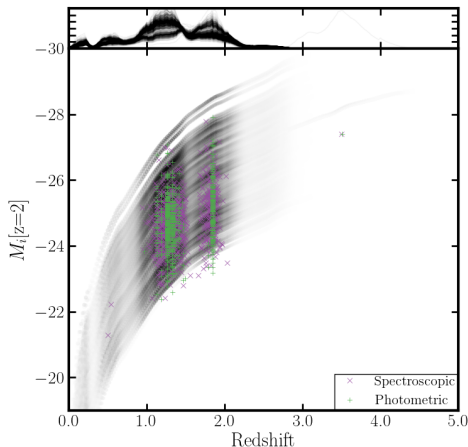
- Photometric redshifts can be drastically different from spectroscopic redshifts.

More about Photo-z PDFs (of quasars...)



- Photometric redshifts can be drastically different from spectroscopic redshifts.
- Using the full PDF gives you a lot more information.

More about Photo-z PDFs (of quasars...)



- Photometric redshifts can be drastically different from spectroscopic redshifts.
- Using the full PDF gives you a lot more information.
- Implementing this in practice is difficult, but has been done for quasar luminosity functions. (Kelly et al. 2008)
- I have plans to do this for BEAMS.