# Larry\_Taylor.module02lab01

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Please complete all exercises below. You may use stringr, lubridate, or the forcats library.

Place this at the top of your script: library(stringr) library(lubridate) library(forcats)

## Exercise 1

Read the sales\_pipe.txt file into an R data frame as sales.

# Exercise 2

You can extract a vector of columns names from a data frame using the columns() function. Notice the first column has some odd characters. Change the column name for the FIRST column in the sales date frame to Row.ID.

Note: You will need to assign the first element of colnames to a single character.

```
# Your code here
colnames(sales)[1] <- "Row.ID"</pre>
```

#### Exercise 3

Convert both Ship.Date and Order.Date to date vectors within the sales data frame. What is the number of days between the most recent order and the oldest order? How many years is that? How many weeks?

#### Note: Use lubridate

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
num_of_days <- max(sales$Order.Date) - min(sales$Order.Date)
num_of_weeks <- days(num_of_days)/weeks(1)

## estimate only: convert to intervals for accuracy
num_of_years <- days(num_of_days)/years(1)

## estimate only: convert to intervals for accuracy
print(num_of_days)

## Time difference of 1457 days
print(num_of_weeks)

## [1] 208.1429
print(num_of_years)

## [1] 3.989049</pre>
```

### Exercise 4

What is the average number of days it takes to ship an order?

```
sales$days_to_ship_order <- difftime(sales$Ship.Date, sales$Order.Date, units='days')
mean(sales$days_to_ship_order)</pre>
```

## Time difference of 3.908482 days

#### Exercise 5

How many customers have the first name Bill? You will need to split the customer name into first and last name segments and then use a regular expression to match the first name bill. Use the length() function to determine the number of customers with the first name Bill in the sales data.

```
library(stringr)

sales$first_name <- str_split_fixed(string=sales$Customer.Name, pattern=" ", n=2)

length(which(sales$first_name=="Bill"))</pre>
```

## [1] 37

#### Exercise 6

How many mentions of the word 'table' are there in the Product. Name column? Note you can do this in one line of code

```
library(stringr)
length(str_which(sales$Product.Name, "table", negate=FALSE))
```

## [1] 197

# Exercise 7

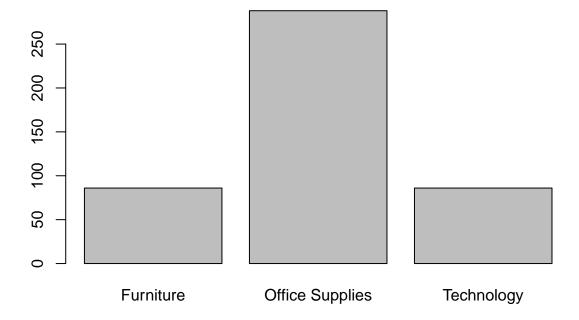
Create a table of counts for each state in the sales data. The counts table should be ordered alphabetically from A to Z.

```
# Your code here
library(forcats)
fct_count(sales$State, sort=FALSE,prop=FALSE)
## # A tibble: 49 x 2
##
      f
                               n
##
      <fct>
                           <int>
##
   1 Alabama
                              28
##
   2 Arizona
                             119
## 3 Arkansas
                              22
## 4 California
                             993
## 5 Colorado
                              90
   6 Connecticut
                              50
## 7 Delaware
                              47
## 8 District of Columbia
                               1
## 9 Florida
                             186
## 10 Georgia
                              79
## # ... with 39 more rows
```

# Exercise 8

Create an alphabetically ordered barplot for each sales Category in the State of Texas.

```
# Your code here
texas_only <- sales[sales$State=="Texas",]
barplot(table(factor(texas_only$Category)))</pre>
```



## Exercise 9

Find the average profit by region. Note: You will need to use the aggregate() function to do this. To understand how the function works type ?aggregate in the console.

```
# Your code here
aggregate(sales$Profit, list(Region = sales$Region), mean)

## Region x
## 1 Central 20.46822
## 2 East 29.91937
## 3 South 11.27720
## 4 West 32.77000
```

# Exercise 10

Find the average profit by order year. Note: You will need to use the aggregate() function to do this. To understand how the function works type ?aggregate in the console.

```
# Your code here
aggregate(sales$Profit, list(Region = year(sales$Order.Date)), mean)

## Region x
## 1 2014 32.24582
## 2 2015 21.58676
## 3 2016 30.10960
```

# ## 4 2017 21.31825