

North South University

Department of Mathematics and Physics

Assignment-3

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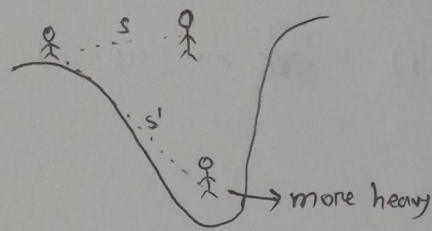
Numerical Question

1. Briefly describe the 4th dimension.

⇒

The 4th dimension is Time. It exists in space.

Time depends on object weight. Heavy object makes time and space more distorted.



$$\begin{aligned} s &= vt \\ t &= \frac{s}{v} \end{aligned} \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned} s' &= vt' \\ t' &= \frac{s'}{v} \end{aligned} \right.$$

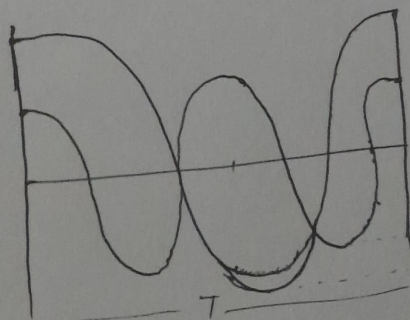
$$\therefore s \propto t$$

\therefore distortion \propto time.

a

2. Draw a graph of two simple harmonic motion.

One has 2 times of higher frequency and other has 2 times of higher amplitude.



3. Find the maximum velocity and maximum acceleration of the give SHM equation.

$$x(t) = 3 \cos(4t + \phi)$$

by differentiate w.r.t. t ,

$$v(t) = -12 \sin(4t + \phi)$$

again differentiate w.r.t. t ,

$$a(t) = \overset{-48}{\cancel{-48}} \cos(4t + \phi)$$

\therefore maximum velocity,

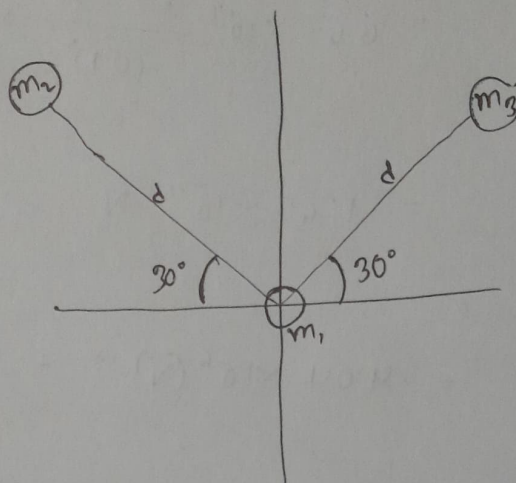
$$|v_{\max}| = |-\omega x_m| = |3 \cdot 4| = 12 \text{ m/s}$$

\therefore maximum acceleration,

$$|a_{\max}| = |-\omega^2 x_m| = \cancel{3} \cdot 4^2 \cdot 3 = 48 \text{ m/s}^2$$

Conceptual Question

1. Calculate the net force of ~~m~~ for m_1 that feels from m_2 and m_3 .



$$m_1 = 70 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 30 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_3 = 40 \text{ kg}$$

$$d = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 0.1 \text{ m}$$

\Rightarrow

$$F_{1 \text{ x-axis}} = F_{12} \cos 30^\circ - F_{13} \cos 30^\circ$$

$$= G \frac{m_1 m_3}{d^2} \cos 30^\circ - G \frac{m_1 m_2}{d^2} \cos 30^\circ$$

$$= 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{70 \times 40}{(0.1)^2} \cos 30^\circ - 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{70 \times 30}{(0.1)^2} \cos 30^\circ$$

$$= \cancel{4.67 \times 10^6} \quad 4.04 \times 10^6 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{1 \text{ y-axis}} = F_{12} \sin 30^\circ + F_{13} \sin 30^\circ$$

$$= G \frac{m_1 m_2}{d^2} \sin 30^\circ + G \frac{m_1 m_3}{d^2} \sin 30^\circ$$

$$= 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{70 \times 30}{(0.1)^2} \sin 30^\circ + 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{70 \times 40}{(0.1)^2} \sin 30^\circ$$

$$= 1.63 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N}$$

$$\therefore \vec{F}_{1 \text{ net}} = 4.04 \times 10^{-6} (\text{N}) \hat{i} + 1.63 \times 10^{-5} (\text{N}) \hat{j}$$

$$\therefore |\vec{F}_{1 \text{ net}}| = \sqrt{(4.04 \times 10^{-6})^2 + (1.63 \times 10^{-5})^2}$$

$$= 4.04 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N}$$

2) Find the escape velocity for Jupiter planet.

$$M_j = 1.898 \times 10^{27} \text{ kg}$$

$$R_j = 69911 \text{ km}$$

\Rightarrow

$$R_j = 69911 \text{ km}$$

$$> 69911000 \text{ m}$$

We know that,

escape velocity,

$$v_{esc} = \sqrt{\frac{2Gm}{R}}$$

$$\text{Here, } G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2/\text{kg}^2$$

$$M_j = 1.898 \times 10^{27} \text{ kg}$$

$$R_j = 69911000 \text{ m}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \times 1.898 \times 10^{27}}{69911000}}$$

$$= 60180.15 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$= 60180 \text{ km/sec}$$

Ans