# UNICOL - Aplicação de gestão de iventario

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# 1 Tools and configurations:

#### 1.1 Tools used

• Database: MySQL

• IDE: IntelliJ IDEA (project with Maven to help with the necessary plugins)

• OS: Linux

### 1.2 Configurations:

### Database configurations:

The **links** that i followed were:

- To install: http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/linux-completely-reinstall-mysql-server/
- To remove: http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/uninstall-mysql-ubuntu-linux-command/

#### 1.2.1 To install and create the database and an user:

To install the database, i used the command line that are below:

• sudo apt-get install mysql-client mysql-server mysql-common

After this, we need to create a database and an user. To do this, it is necessary entry as admin (root). Normally, it is just run the command line below:

• mysql -u root -p (ENTER and the password is null if you do not put any password during the installation, just ENTER again)

I created with these names:

• Nome: UNICOL

• User: user1

• Password: password1

To create the database i used the command line below:

• CREATE DATABASE UNICOL;

To create a new user and give to him all permissions, i used the command lines below:

- CREATE USER 'user1'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'password1';
- GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON UNICOL . \* TO 'user1'@'localhost';
- FLUSH PRIVILEGES;

To **start** the database directly i use this command line:

• mysql -u user1 -p UNICOL (ENTER and after insert the password)

#### 1.2.2 To create all tables:

To create all tables that are explained on the next section, on the entity relationship diagram, i used the below SQL:

#### Table Status:

drop table Status;

create table Status ( status\_id int not null auto\_increment, name varchar(45) not null, primary key (status\_id));

### Table Location:

drop table Location;

create table Location (location\_id int not null auto\_increment, name varchar(45) not null, department varchar(45) not null, room varchar(45) not null, actually\_used bool not null primary key (location\_id));

### Table Date:

drop table Date;

create table Date (date\_id int not null auto\_increment, year int not null, month int not null, day int not null, primary key (date\_id);

### Table Category:

drop table Category;

create table Category (category\_id int not null auto\_increment, name varchar(45) not null, actually\_used bool not null primary key (category\_id));

#### Table Family:

drop table Family;

create table Family (family\_id int not null auto\_increment, name varchar(100) not null, actually\_used bool not null primary key (familly\_id));

#### Table Equipments:

drop table Equipments;

create table Equipments (equipments\_id int not null auto\_increment, id\_location int references Location (location\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, id\_family int references Family (family\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, id\_category int references Category (category\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, id\_date int references Date (date\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, id\_status int references Status(status\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, code varchar(45) not null, observations varchar(255) not null, primary key (equipments\_id));

### Table Historic:

drop table Historic;

create table Historic ( historic\_id int not null auto\_increment, id\_location int references Location (location\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, id\_family int references Family (family\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, id\_category int references Category (category\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, id\_date int references Date (date\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, id\_status int references Status(status\_id) on delete cascade on update cascade, code varchar(45) not null, observations varchar(255) not null, primary key (historic\_id));

# 2 Entity Relationship Diagram (Database):

I drew the database in to order to achieve that you can create or delete new locations, famalies, categories and dates. The status it will be insert a priori. The table *Equipments* will contain all equipments and the table *Historic* will contain all records saved about each equipment.

In the table *Location* the parameter *name* is to insert the location's name, for example "Zona industrial Praia da Vitória", the parameter *department* is to the department's name, for example "Informática" and the parameter *room* is to insert the room's number (or name).

The parameter *actually\_used* is a boolean and it is used to verify if a specific location, or family, or category still exist, because the user can delete a specific location, or family, or category, but we can to save an historic so it is necessary save this records's ID. This field is 1 is created and 0 when it is deleted.

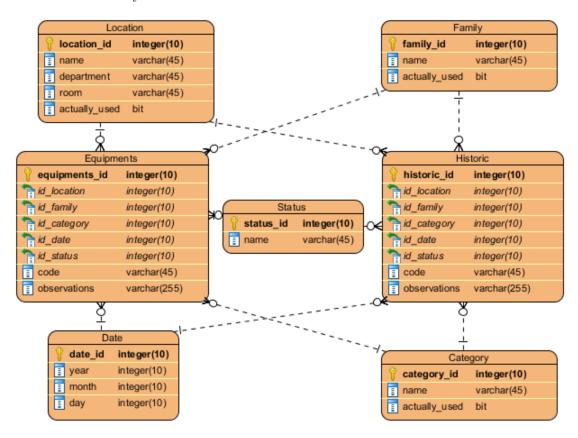


Figure 1: Entity Relations Diagram - Database

## 3 Code and methods:

The project is organised by 2 packages called  $Main\_Graphics$  and Model. Inside the package  $Main\_Graphics$  exist 2 java files, one is the  $Main\_java$  where contain the main method and it is here that is called the UI and the initialization of the database and the other file is the  $Controller\_java$  where it is intended to handle user interactions with the UI. Inside the package Model exist more 2 java files, one is the DatabaseConnection that does the connection to the database and the other file is the ModelFunctions where i think that it has already created all necessary methods to the model to exchange the information between the user and the database, but the mockups that i drew are in the next section and you can verify. The methods that are created in the package Model are all well commented in order to understand quickly the objective of each one of them.

To do the **user interface** i thought do this using the **JavaFX**, but it can be changed quickly and at the same time it is the part of the project that need to be finished. I opted to use the JavaFX because i was reading some papers and they tell that JavaFX is better than Swing(Java) and i think that it is the better option to this project.

# 4 Mockups:

The next images are the mockups that i drew to the user interface as i thought and i did almost every necessary methods to interact with the databse to do the selects, inserts, updates and deletes.

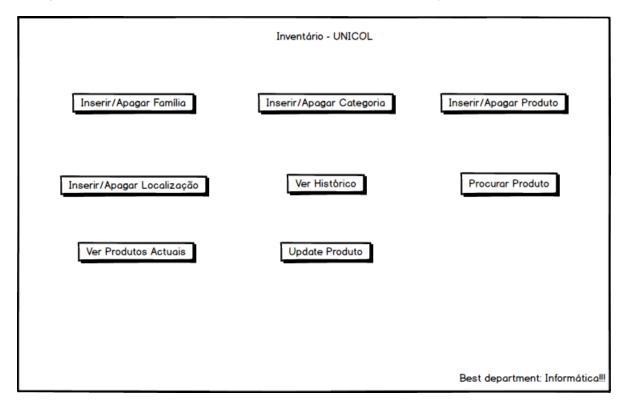


Figure 2: Main panel

Inventário - UNICOL			
Inserir uma cate	egoria:		
Nome:	Inserir		
Remover uma co	ategoria:		
	Categoria ▼ Apagar		
Informações de	erro ou sucesso:		
Exemplo1: Erro	o: Categoria ja existente! Verifique e tente novamente!		
Exemplo2: Suc	cesso: Categoria inserida com sucesso!		
	cesso: Categoria removida com sucesso!		

Figure 3: Insert or delete a category

Inventário - UNICOL			
Inserir uma família:  Nome:  Inserir			
Remover uma família:			
Família ▼ Apagar  Informações de erro ou sucesso:			
Exemplo1: Erro: Família ja existente! Verifique e tente novamente!			
Exemplo2: Sucesso: Família inserida com sucesso!			
Exemplo3: Sucesso: Família removida com sucesso!			
<b>L</b>			

Figure 4: Insert or delete a family

	Inventário - UNICOL					
Nome:  Departamento: Sala:	(necessita preencher todos os campos):  Inserir  erro ou sucesso:	Remover uma localização (de Nome ▼  Departamento ▼  Sala ▼	eve preencher todo):			
Exemplo2: Suc	o: Localização ja existente! Verifique e tento cesso: Localização inserida com sucesso! cesso: Localização removida com sucesso!					

Figure 5: Insert or delete a location  $\,$ 

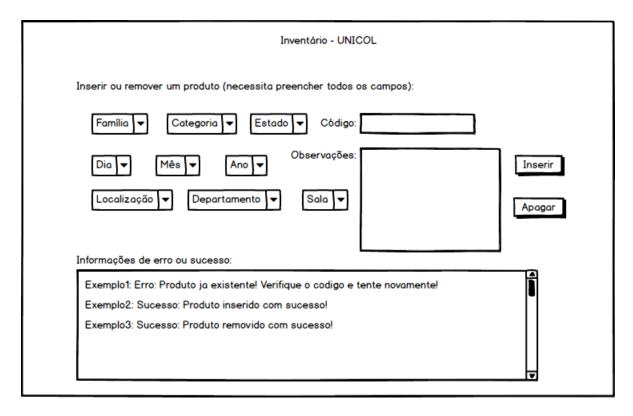


Figure 6: Insert or remove a product

Inventário - UNICOL	
Procurar Produto (preencher só o campo 'Código' ou pelo menos os 2 campos 'Família' e 'Categoria'):	
Familia ▼ Código: Procurar	)
Informação do produto selecionado:	
Código   Família   Categoria   Estado   Dia   Mês   Ano   Localização   Departamento   Sala	l Observações
PC001   PC   Laptop   ON   16   08   2016   Central   Informatica   escritori	o I Sem office   ▼

Figure 7: Search a product

Inventário - UNICOL  Update da informação do produto (pode mudar só os campos que desejar, consoante as regras descritorial	is):
Informações de erro ou sucesso:  Exemplo1: Erro: Update não realizado! Tente novamente!  Exemplo2: Sucesso: Update realizado!	

Figure 8: Update the informations about a specific product

Inventário - UNICOL	
Ver o histórico por família, categoria ou estado:  Família ▼ Categoria ▼ Estado ▼ Selecionar  Ver o histórico de um produto especifico: Código: Selecionar  Ver o histórico por localização, departamento ou sala:	
Localização ▼ Departamento ▼ Sala ▼ Selecionar  Ver todo o histórico no geral:  Informação do produto selecionado:	
Código I Família I Categoria I Estado I Dia I Mês I Ano I Localização I Departamento I Sala I Observações PC001 I PC I Laptop I ON I 16 I 08 I 2016 I Central I Informatica I escritorio I Sem office	

Figure 9: Show historic

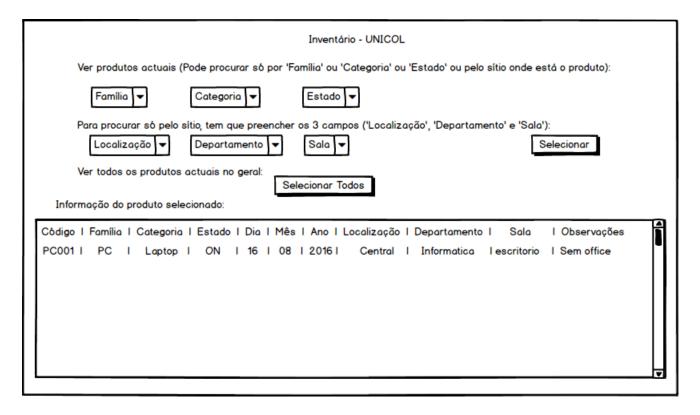


Figure 10: Show some products