

Detecting Lateral Movement through Tracking Event Logs

JPCERT Coordination Center June 12, 2017

Table of Contents

1.	Intro	oduct	tion4	ļ
2.	Res	earc	h Method5	;
	2.1.	Арр	roach	5
	2.2.	Test	ted Tools	6
:	2.3.	Res	earch Environment	8
3.	Res	earc	h Results9)
,	3.1.	Lay	out of This Chapter	9
;	3.2.	Con	nmand Execution	11
	3.2.	1.	PsExec	11
	3.2.	2.	wmic	13
	3.2.	3.	PowerShell	14
	3.2.	4.	wmiexec.vbs	16
	3.2.	5.	BeginX	18
	3.2.	6.	WinRM	19
	3.2.	7.	WinRS	21
	3.2.	8.	AT	23
	3.2.	9.	BITS	25
,	3.3.	Obta	aining Password Hash	26
	3.3.	1.	PWDump7	26
	3.3.	2.	PWDumpX	27
	3.3.	3.	Quarks PwDump	29
	3.3.	4.	Mimikatz (Obtaining Password Hash)	30
	3.3.	5.	Mimikatz (Obtaining Ticket)	31
	3.3.	6.	WCE	32
	3.3.	7.	gsecdump	33
	3.3.	8.	Islsass	34
	3.3.	9.	Find-GPOPasswords.ps1	35
	3.3.	10.	Mail PassView	36
	3.3.	11.	WebBrowserPassView	37
	3.3.	12.	Remote Desktop PassView	38
,	3.4.	Mali	icious Communication Relay	39
	3.4.	1.	Htran	39
	3.4.	2.	Fake wpad	40
;	3.5.	Ren	note Login	42
	3.5.	1.	RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol)	42
	3.6.	Pas	s-the-hash, Pass-the-ticket	43
	3.6.	1.	WCE (Remote Login)	43

3.6.2. Mimikatz (Remote login)		45
3.7. Escalation to the SYSTEM Privilege		46
3.7.1. MS14-058 Exploit		46
3.7.2. MS15-078 Exploit		47
3.8. Privilege Escalation		48
3.8.1. SDB UAC Bypass		48
3.9. Capturing Domain Administrator Rights Account		50
3.9.1. MS14-068 Exploit		50
3.9.2. Mimikatz (Golden Ticket)		52
3.9.3. Mimikatz (Silver Ticket)		54
3.10. Capturing Active Directory Database		55
3.10.1. ntdsutil		55
3.10.2. vssadmin		56
3.11. Adding or Deleting Local User and Group		57
3.11.1. net user		57
3.12. File Sharing		58
3.12.1. net use		58
3.12.2. net share		59
3.12.3. icacls		60
3.13. Deleting Evidence		61
3.13.1. sdelete		61
3.13.2. timestomp		62
3.14. Deleting Event Log		63
3.14.1. wevtutil		63
3.15. Obtaining Account Information		64
3.15.1. csvde		64
3.15.2. Idifde		66
3.15.3. dsquery		67
3.16. Evidence That Can Be Observed for Successful Tool Execution		68
4. Acquiring Additional Logs	70	
4.1. Importance of Acquiring Additional Logs		70
4.2. Precautions When Changing the Additional Log Acquisition Settings		70
5. How to Use This Report in Incident Investigation	71	
5.1. Incident Investigation Using This Report		71
6. Conclusion	72	
7. Appendix A	73	
7.1. How to Install Sysmon		73
7.2. How to Enable the Audit Policy		73
8. Appendix B	77	

Index79

1. Introduction

Many recent cyberattacks have been confirmed in which malware infects a host and in turn spreads to other hosts and internal servers, resulting in the whole organization becoming compromised. In such cases, many points need to be investigated. Accordingly, an approach for quickly and thoroughly investigating such critical events, ascertaining the overall picture of the damage as accurately as possible, and collecting facts necessary for devising remedial measures is required.

While the configuration of the network that is targeted by an attack varies depending on the organization, there are some common patterns in the attack methods. First, an attacker that has infiltrated a network collects information of the host it has infected using "ipconfig", "systeminfo", and other tools installed on Windows by default. Then, they examine information of other hosts connected to the network, domain information, account information, and other information using "net" and other tools. After choosing a host to infect next based on the examined information, the attacker obtains the credential information of the user using "mimikatz", "pwdump", or other password dump tools. Then, by fully utilizing "net", "at", or other tools, the attacker infects other hosts and collects confidential information.

For such conventional attack methods, limited set of tools are used in many different incidents. The many points that need to be investigated can be dealt with quickly and systematically by understanding typical tools often used by such attackers, and what kind of and where evidence is left.

For such use of tools, the Japan Computer Emergency Response Team Coordination Center (JPCERT/CC) extracted tools used by many attackers by investigating recently confirmed cases of targeted attacks. Then, a research was conducted to investigate what kind of logs were left on the server and clients by using such tools, and what settings need to be configured to obtain logs that contain sufficient evidential information. This report is a summary of the results of this research.

The outline of this report is as follows. First, Chapter 2 describes the environment and the tools used for this research. Next, Chapter 3 describes the results of this research. Then, Chapter 4 explains how to investigate an incident based on this research results described in Chapter 3.

2. Research Method

This chapter describes the method that was used for this research.

2.1. Approach

The research aims to provide basic information which is useful in log analysis by investigating evidence of tools used by many attackers. More specifically, this report aims to be a dictionary that can be used as a guide for effective log analysis by identifying which tools were used based on logs or which log is recorded when a certain tool is executed.

In this research, tools that are used by many attackers were investigated. The specific tools that JPCERT/CC knows are used by many attackers are described in the next section. The following log items were investigated so that persons who are not experts in incident investigation can analyze more easily:

- Event log
- Execution history
- Registry entry

Note that a sufficient amount of event logs cannot be acquired with the default Windows settings. In this research, logs that are recorded with the default setting and the following setting were investigated:

- Enabling the audit policy
- Installing Sysmon

The audit policy is a default Windows setting for acquiring detailed logs about logon, logoff, file access, etc. The audit policy can be confirmed and its settings can be changed from the local group policy.

Sysmon is a tool provided by Microsoft that enables process startup, network communication, file changes, etc., to be recorded in event logs. Installing Sysmon enables recorded logs from Event Viewer to be checked as shown below.

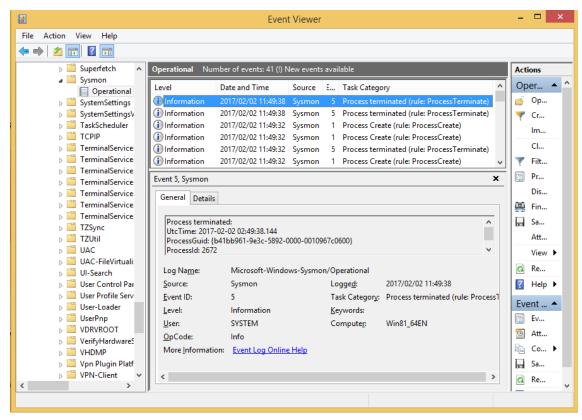


Fig. 2-1: Checking Sysmon Logs from Event Viewer

In this research, the tools listed in Section 2.2 were actually executed on a virtual network made up of Windows Domain Controller and a client. By checking changes in the system before and after executing each tool, execution history, event logs, and registry entry records were collected and summarized in Chapter 3. The network environment used for this research are described in detail in Section 2.3.

2.2. Tested Tools

Among tools observed in multiple incidents that JPCERT/CC handled, 44 tools that are directly related to attack operations were selected as typical tools, such as command execution, obtaining password hash, and remote login. Table 2-1 shows these tools grouped by the attackers' purpose of use.

Table 2-1: List of Tested Tools

Attacker's Purpose of Using Tool	Tool	Chapter
		Number
	PsExec	3.2.1
Command execution	wmic	3.2.2
Command execution	PowerShell	3.2.3
	wmiexec.vbs	3.2.4

Attacker's Purpose of Using Tool	Tool	Chapter
		Number
	BeginX	3.2.5
	winrm	3.2.6
	at	3.2.7
	winrs	3.2.8
	BITS	3.2.9
	PWDump7	3.3.1
	PWDumpX	3.3.2
	Quarks PwDump	3.3.3
	Mimikatz (Obtaining password hash)	3.3.4
	Mimikatz (Obtaining ticket)	3.3.5
Obtaining password hash	WCE	3.3.6
Obtaining password nasin	gsecdump	3.3.7
	Islsass	3.3.8
	Find-GPOPasswords.ps1	3.3.9
	Mail PassView	3.3.10
	WebBrowserPassView	3.3.11
	Remote Desktop PassView	3.3.12
Malicious communication relay	Htran	3.4.1
(Packet tunneling)	Fake wpad	3.4.2
Remote login	RDP	3.5.1
Pass-the-hash	WCE (Remote login)	3.6.1
Pass-the-ticket	Mimikatz (Remote login)	3.6.2
Facilities to OVOTEM and Thomas	MS14-058 Exploit	3.7.1
Escalation to SYSTEM privilege	MS15-078 Exploit	3.7.2
Privilege escalation	SDB UAC Bypass	3.8.1
	MS14-068 Exploit	3.9.1
Capturing domain administrator	Golden Ticket (Mimikatz)	3.9.2
rights account	Silver Ticket (Mimikatz)	3.9.3
Capturing Active Directory database	ntdsutil	3.10.1
(Creating a domain administrator user or adding it to an administrator group)	vssadmin	3.10.2
Adding or deleting a user group	net user	3.11.1
	net use	3.12.1
File sharing	net share	3.12.2
	icacls	3.12.3

Attacker's Purpose of Using Tool	Tool	Chapter
		Number
Doloting ovidence	sdelete	3.13.1
Deleting evidence	evidence timestomp	
Deleting event log	wevtutil	3.14.1
	csvde	3.15.1
Obtaining account information	ldifde	3.15.2
	dsquery	3.15.3

2.3. Research Environment

A simplified system with a pair of client and server, was built on a virtual network as a target. The selected tools were executed in the environment to observe changes to files and registries resulting from the execution. By installing the following Windows versions on the server and client, a total of four types of system configurations were tested. In each system configuration, Active Directory service was configured on the server to manage the client computer.

- OS installed on the client
 - Windows 7 Professional Service Pack 1
 - ➤ Windows 8.1 Pro
- OS installed on the server
 - Windows Server 2008 R2 Service Pack 1
 - Windows Server 2012 R2

3. Research Results

This chapter summarizes the basic information including functionality of the tools tested in this research and log information recorded when the relevant tools were executed. The attacker's perspective was also taken into account in the description of the basic information so that the significance of each tool in an attack sequence can be easily understood. This chapter also describes the details of logs that can be acquired when the settings described in section 2.1 are configured. (Note that how to set up the audit policy and how to install Sysmon are described in Chapter 7.)

3.1. Layout of This Chapter

The following describes the 44 tools using the table format shown below.

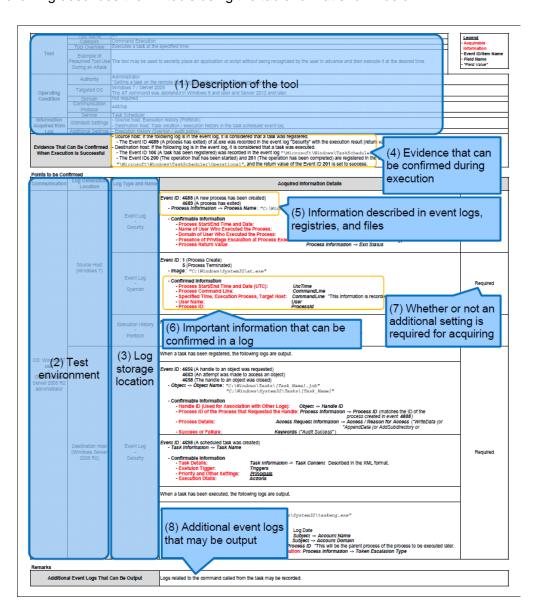


Fig. 3-1: Content of the Descriptions in the Subsequent Sections

The following describes the content described for each item.

(1) Description of the tool

The impact from the use of the tool, privileges for using the tool, communication protocol, and related services are described.

(2) Test environment

Information about the OS at the source host and destination host.

(3) Log storage location

- Storage location of registries and event logs.
- (4) Evidence that can be confirmed when execution is successful
 - > The method to confirm successful execution of the tool.
- (5) Information described in event logs, registries, and files
 - If the record in an event log, registry, or file match the description in this item, it is likely that the record was made by executing the relevant tool and thus investigation is required.
- (6) Important information that can be confirmed in a log
 - Important information that can be used for the investigation of records in the targeted logs (This does not necessarily mean that all information that is recorded is described.)
- (7) Whether or not an additional setting is required for acquiring the relevant log
 - Indicated as "-" when the log can be obtained in the standard setting, or "Required" when an additional setting is needed.
- (8) Additional event logs that may be output
 - Any logs that may be additionally recorded.

3.2.1. PsExec

Basic Information	on		
		PsExec	<u>Legend</u>
		Command Execution	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Executes a process on a remote system	Information
Tool	Example of	The tool may be used to remotely execute a command on client and servers in a domain.	- Event ID/Item Name - <i>Field Name</i>
		- Source host: PsExec command execution source	- "Field Value"
	During an Attack	- Destination host: The destination logged in by the PsExec command	Tiola Value
	Authority	- Source host: Standard user - Destination host: Administrator	
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows	
Condition		Not required	
Condition	Communication	135/tcp, 445/tcp, a random high port	
	Protocol	*When executing in a domain environment, communication for Kerberos authentication with the domain controller occurs.	
	Service		
	Standard Settings	- Source host: A registry to the effect that the PsExec License Agreement has been entered is registered.	
	Otandara Octungs	- Destination host: The fact that the "PSEXESVC" service has been installed, started, and ended is recorded.	
Information		- Execution history (Sysmon/audit policy)	
Acquired from		- Source host: The fact that the PsExec process was executed and that connection was made to the destination via the network, as well as the command name	and argument for a
Log	Additional Settings	remotely executed command are recorded.	
		- Destination host: The fact that the PSEXESVC's binary was created and accessed, and that connection was made from the source via the network, as well as	the command name and
		argument for a remotely executed command are recorded.	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		If the following is confirmed, it is possible that PsExec was executed.	
		- Source host: If the following log is in the event log	
		- The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of psexec.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0".	
		- Destination host: PSEXESVC.exe is installed.	

Points to be Con				
Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[Execution File (psexec.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
	Source Host	Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[Execution File (psexec.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: - Victime - CommandLine *The remotely executed command is recorded in the argument in the command line Process ID: - Pr	Required
		Execution history - Registry	Registry Entry: hkey_users\[sid]\software\sysinternals\Psexec - EulaAccepted *If Psexec has not been executed in the past, the registry to the effect that the License Agreement has been entered is output. (If the service was executed in the past, the registry will remain unchanged.)	-
OS: Windows		Event Log - System	Event ID: 7045 (A service was installed in the system) - Confirmable Information - Process Name: "PSEXESVC" - Path: "%SystemRoot%\PSEXESVC.exe" Event ID: 7036 (The service state has changed)	-
user ↓ OS: Windows administrator	Destination Host		Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) *Communication occurs from the source host to the destination with destination ports 135 and 445. (Example: The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed communication from 192.168.0.10:49210 to 192.168.0.2: 445) *Communication occurs from the source host to the destination with a random high port (1024 and higher) as the destination port. Event ID: 5140 (A network share object was accessed) - Confirmable Information - Connection Date and Time: Log Date *The date and time before the start of PSEXESVC.exe - Account Used for Connection: Subject -> Security ID and Account Name - Source Host: Network Information -> Source Address and Source Port - Connected Share: "\??\C:\Windows" (administrative share) Event ID: 4672 (Special privileges assigned to new logon) *Before this event occurs, the event 4624 occurs. An account logged on when the event 4624 occurs is assigned privileges. - Confirmable Information - Account Used for Connection: Subject -> Security ID and Account Name - Assigned Privileges: Privileges	Required
			Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested), 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) - Object -> Object Name: "C:\Windows\PSEXESVC.exe" Event ID: 5140 (A network share object was accessed) - Confirmable Information - Account Used for Connection: Subject -> Security ID and Account Name - Source Host: Network Information -> Source Address and Source Port - Connected Share: "*\IPC\$" (administrative share) Event ID: 5145 (A network share object was checked to see whether client can be granted desired access) *The Event ID is recorded several times. - Confirmable Information - Account Used for Connection: Subject -> Security ID and Account Name - Source Host Machine: Network Information -> Source Address and Source Port - Targeted Share: Share Information -> Share Path *The share path contains "PSEXESVC" and "\\??\C:\Windows".	

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
OS: Windows		Event Log - Security (Continued from the previous entry)"	Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4660 (An object was deleted) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process ID: "0x4" (SYSTEM) - Confirmable Information - Targeted File: Object -> Object Name ("C:\Windows\PSEXESVC.exe") - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID *This is used for association with other logs Process Details: Access Request Information -> Access ("DELETE", "ReadAttributes") - Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success")	Required
user ↓ OS: Windows	Destination Host (Continued from the previous entry)	Event Log -	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C: \Windows\PSEXESVC.exe" - User: "SYSTEM" - Confirmed Information - Date and Time PSEXESVC.exe was Executed: Log Date Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Confirmable Information - Remotely Executed Process: - Argument: - Argument: - Process Start/End Date and Time (UTC): - Account Used for Remote Execution: - User - Viser - Viser - Viser - Viser - Viser - Vicerime - Vicerim	Required

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output Information related to the process execution using PsExec may be recorded to the "Destination host".

3.2.2. WMIC (Windows Management Instrumentation Command Line)

Basic Information	Basic Information					
	Tool Name	WMIC (Windows Management Instrumentation Command Line)	<u>Legend</u>			
	Category	Command execution	- Acquirable			
	Tool Overview	A tool used for Windows system management	Information			
Tool	Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	The tool is believed to be used to acquire information on the remote system or to execute a command with WMI Source host: wmic command execution source - Destination host: The host accessed by the wmic command	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"			
	Authority	Standard user *Depending on the command executed on the remote side, administrator privileges may be required.				
	Targeted OS	Windows				
Operating	Domain	Not required				
Condition	Communication	135/tcp, 445/tcp, a randomly selected TCP port 1024 or higher				
	Protocol	155/tcp, 445/tcp, a failubility selected TCP port 1024 of higher				
	Service	Windows Management Instrumentation, Remote Procedure Call (RPC)				
Information	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)				
Acquired from		- Process execution details (the argument to wmic) and execution success or failure (the return value) (Sysmon and audit policy)				
		If the following logs that have the same log time are found at "source host" and "destination host", it is possible that a remote connection was made.				
Fyidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- Source host: If the following log is in the event log:				
	ion is Successful	- The event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of WMIC.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0".				
Wilen Executi	ion is successiui	- Destination host: If the following log is in Sysmon:				
		- It is recorded in the event log "Sysmon" that WmiPrvSE.exe was executed with the event IDs 1 and 5.				

Points to be Con Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings	
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WMIC.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Vindows\System32\wbem\WMIC.exe" - Log Date - Subject -> Account Name - Subject -> Account Domain - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Return Value:	Required	
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows administrator	Source Host		-	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WMIC.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *Based on the wmic.exe argument, the remote host and executed command can be confirmed. - Executing user Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
			File Name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\WMIC.EXE-98223A30.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Executed Time	-	
	Destination Host	Event Log - Sysmon	<pre>Event ID: 1 (Process Create)</pre>	Required	
		Execution History - Prefetch	File Name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\WMIPRVSE.EXE-1628051C.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-	

Remarks			
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	 Depending on the process called by wmic, the process-specific logs may be recorded. If the user exists on the Active Directory, the authentication request may be recorded in the Domain Controller. However, it is not possible to determine whether such an authentication request was made by wmic or others. 		

3.2.3. PowerShell (Remote Command Execution)

Basic Information				
		PowerShell (Remote Command Execution)		
	Category	Command Execution	<u>Legend</u>	
	Tool Overview	A command line tool that can be used for Windows management and settings (it is available by default in Windows 7 or later) In addition to the host that executes PowerShell, this tool enables commands to be executed on other hosts via a network.	- Acquirable Information	
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	The tool may be used to change settings to enable the Domain Controller and other hosts on the network to perform operations requiring administrator rights. - Source host: PowerShell command execution source - Destination host: The destination logged in by the PowerShell command	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"	
	Execution Example	Execute the following commands *The Windows Remote Management (WS-Management) service needs to be started at the destination host.		
		> Enable-PSRemoting -force		
	used for	> Set-Item WSMan:\localhost\Client\TrustedHosts -Value *		
	verification)	> Enter-PSSession "[Destination Host]" -Credential Administrator		
	Authority	PowerShell can be used by standard users. *To execute a script for changing settings, appropriate rights are needed on the host to change settings.		
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows		
Condition		Not required		
Condition		Not required to manage within local machines. *To manage other hosts, use 80/tcp or 5985/tcp for HTTP and 443/tcp or 5986/tcp for HTTPS.		
		Destination host: Windows Remote Management (WS-Management)		
Information		Execution history (Prefetch)		
Acquired from		Execution history (Sysmon, audit policy) *The end event of PowerShell allows execution results to be confirmed.		
Log	/ taataana Gottango	With audit policy, it is possible to confirm the occurence of communication from the source host to the destination host 5985/tcp (HTTP) or 5986/tcp (HTTPS).		
	Can Be Confirmed ion is Successful	If the following logs that have the same log time are found, it is possible that a remote command was executed. *This also applies to Prefetch. - Source host: If the following log is in the event log: - The event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of PowerShell was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0". - Destination host: If the following log is in the event log:		
		- The event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of wsmprovhost.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0".		

Points to be Con	Points to be Confirmed					
Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings		
		Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\Windows PowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Subject -> Account Name - Subject -> Account Domain - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Exit Status Event Log - Security Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Process Name: "\device\harddiskvolume \(\) \windows\system32\windowspowershell\v1.0\powershell.exe" - Network Information -> Direction: "Outbound" - Network Information -> Destination Address: "::1" - Network Information -> Destination Port / Protocol: "47001" / "6" (TCP)	4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\Windows PowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type	Required		
			- Process Name: "\device\harddiskvolume 2\windows\system32\windowspowershell\v1.0\powershell.exe" - Network Information -> Direction: "Outbound" - Network Information -> Destination Address: "::1"			
	Source Host		<pre>Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Process Name: "\device\harddiskvolume \(\frac{2}{2} \) windows\system32\windowspowershell\v1.0\powershell.exe" - Network Information -> Direction: "Outbound" - Network Information -> Destination Address: "[Destination Host]" - Network Information -> Destination Port / Protocol: "5985"(HTTP) or "5986"(HTTPS) / "6"(TCP)</pre>			
		Event Log - Sysmon	<pre>Event ID: 1 (Process Create)</pre>	Required		
OS: Windows user I		Execution History - Prefetch	File Name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\POWERSHELL.EXE-920BBA2A.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time			
OS: Windows administrator					Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Process ID: "4" - Application Name: "System" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Confirmed Information - Source Host: Network Information -> Source Address - Incoming Call Port: Network Information -> Source Port ("5985" for HTTP, "5986" for HTTPS) - Protocol: Network Information -> Protocol ("6")	Required
	Destination Host	Security	Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) - Logon Type: "3" - Confirmable Information - Date and Time of Successful Logon: *The date immediately after the wsmprovhost.exe process was created (Event ID 4688) and before it ended (Event ID 4689) Name of Account That Executed the Process on the Destination Host: New Logon -> Security ID / Account Name Event ID: 4634 (An account was logged off) - Confirmable Information - Date and Time of Logoff: Log Date *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost event occass (Event ID 4689) at the source host	-		
	Event Log Sysmon Event Log Sysmon Event ID: 1 (Process Create) Sysmon Event Log Confirmable Information Process Command Line: Sysmon Exert ID: 1 (Process Create) Sysmon Confirmable Information Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime Process Command Line: User Process ID: Execution History Prefetch File Name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\WSMPROVHOST.EXE-EF06207C.pf Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) Last Execution Time *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date after the end of the wsmprovhost.exe process (Event ID 4689) at the source *The date afte	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\at.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine: "C:\Windows\System32\wsmprovhost.exe -Embedding" - User Name: User	Required			
		-	- Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView)	-		

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output

Depending on the command that is executed, logs output by the command may be recorded at the destination host.

3.2.4. wmiexec.vbs

Basic Informatio	n		
		wmiexec.vbs	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Command Execution	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	A tool used for Windows system management	Information
Tool	Presumed Tool Use	This tool executes a script for other hosts Source host: The source that executes wmiexec.vbs - Destination host: The machine accessed by the wmiexec.vbs	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user	
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows	
Condition	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication Protocol	135/tcp, 445/tcp	
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- File creation/delete history (Audit policy)	
Log	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon)	
	Can Be Confirmed on is Successful	Destination host: The "WMI_SHARE" share has been created and deleted.	

Points to be Con Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional
	Source Host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\cscript.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Process Name: "\device\harddiskvolume 2\windows\system32\cscript.exe" - Confirmable Information - Source Port: Network Information -> Destination Port *A port number can be changed by specifying it on the destination.	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\cscript.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: - Process ID: - Process ID: - Process ID: - CommandLine - User - Process ID: - Pro	
	Execution History Prefetch - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-		
OS: Windows user OS: Windows user	Destination Host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) Object > Object Name: "(C:\Windows\Tempt\min, d.ll)" - Access Request Information \to Access / Reason for Access: ("WinteData (or AddFile)", "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)") - Confirmable Information	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WmiPrvSE.exe" "C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
OS: Windows				
user			File Name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\CSCRIPT.EXE-D1EF4768.pf	
\downarrow	Destination Host	Execution History	C:\Windows\Prefetch\WMIPRVSE.EXE-1628051C.pf	
OS: Windows	(Continued from the	<u>-</u>		_
user	previous entry)	Prefetch	- Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView)	
(Continued from	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		- Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	
the previous entry)				

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output -

3.2.5. BeginX

Basic Information Tool Name BeginX Legend Category Tool Overview Command Execution Acquirable Executes a remote command from a client to the server Information Example of This tool is used to change settings on and acquire information from the remote host. Event ID/Item Name Tool Presumed Tool Use - Source host: BeginX client execution source Field Name During an Attack Destination host: BeginX server execution source "Field Value" https://www.jpcert.or.jp/present/2015/20151028_codeblue_apt-en.pdf Reference Standard user Authority Targeted OS Windows Operating Domain Not required Condition Communication TCP or UDP, and the port number varies depending on the tool. Protocol Service Both hosts: Execution history (Prefetch) Standard Settings Information - Destination host: The Windows Firewall settings are changed. **Acquired from** - Both hosts: Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy) **Additional Settings** Log The fact that communication via a specified port occurred is recorded. - Source host: The fact that communication via a permitted port occurred unintentionally at the destination host is recorded.

- Destination host: Unintended communication is permitted for Windows Firewall, and a tool that is listening at the relevant port exists. Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful

Points to be Con Communication	firmed Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Source host	Event Log Security 4689 (A process has exited - Process Information -> Process - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and - Name of User Who Execute - Domain of User Who Execute - Presence of Privilege Escal - Process Return Value: Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filterin - Application Name: "[File Name] - Confirmable Information - Communication Direction: - Source Port:	- Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status - Process Information -> Exit Status - Confirmable Information - Communication Direction: - Source Port: - Destination Host: - Network Information -> Destination Address (the host with a tool name specified during execution)	-
		Event Log - Sysmon	Sevent ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) 5 (Process Terminated) 6 (Process Terminated) 7 (Pride Name)" 7 (Pride Name)" 7 (Pride Name)" 7 (Pride Name) 7 (Pride Name	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch		-
OS: Windows user OS: Windows user	Destination host		The following is recorded immediately after the tool is executed. Event ID: 5154 (The Windows Filtering Platform has permitted an application or service to listen on a port for incoming connections) - Application Name: "[File Name]" - Confirmable Information - Source Port: Network Information -> Source Port - Protocol to Use: Network Information -> Protocol Event ID: 5447 (A Windows Filtering Platform filter has been changed) * Reflection of changes in the firewall settings. 4946 (A change has been made to Windows Firewall exception list. A rule was added) * Reflection of changes in the firewall When the source host executes a command, the following is recorded. Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Name: "[File Name]" - Confirmable Information - Communication Direction: Network Information -> Direction ("Inbound") - Source Port: Network Information -> Destination Address (the remote source host) - Destination Port: Network Information -> Destination Port / Protocol	-
		Event Log - Sysmon Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name]", "netsh.exe", "rundll32.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required	
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\CMD.EXE-4A81B364.pf C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
			Execution History - Registry	Registry Entry: hkey_local_machine\system\currentControlset\services\sharedAccess\parameters\firewallpolicy\firewallRules *The Windows Firewall settings are changed when a tool is executed, and accordingly, the registry value is changed. The executable file name of a tool is included in the rule.

Remarks

No marke		
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-	

3.2.6. WinRM

Basic Information <u>Legend</u> - Acquirable WinRM Tool Name Category Tool Overview Command Execution Executes a command on a remote host Information Tool - Event ID/Item Name Example of This tool is used for an investigation before executing a remote command. Field Name Presumed Tool Use Source host: WinRM command execution source - "Field Value" During an Attack Destination host: The machine accessed by the WinRM command Authority Administrator Targeted OS Domain Windows Operating Condition Communication 5985/tcp (HTTP) or 5986/tcp (HTTPS) Protocol Destination host: Windows Remote Management (WS-Management)
- Execution history (Prefetch) Service Standard Settings Information - Source host: Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)
- Destination host: Connection from the source host
- Source host: If the following log exists, it is possible that WinRM was executed. **Acquired from Additional Settings** Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful - A log indicating that cscript.exe accessed the destination host with Event IDs 1 and 5 of the event log "Sysmon" is recorded.

Points to be Cor Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\cscript.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Return Value: Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume 2\windows\system32\cscript.exe" - Confirmable Information - Communication Direction: Direction ("Outbound") - Destination Host: - Destination Port: - Destination Port - Process Information -> Destination Address - Destination Port: - Destination Port: - Process Information -> Destination Address - Destination Port: - Destination Port: - Destination Port - Process Information -> Destination Address - Process Information -> Destination Port ("5958"(HTTPS)), Protocol ("6" = TCP)	Required
	Source host	Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\cscript.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Specified Time, Execution Process, Target Host: CommandLine - User Name: - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
OS: Windows administrator OS: Windows administrator		Event Log - Application and Service Microsoft\Window s \Windows Remote Management	Event ID: 166 (The chosen authentication mechanism is Negotiate) - Confirmable Information - Authentication Method: Authentication Mechanism (the selected authentication mechanism is Kerberos) Event ID: 80 (Sending the request for operation Get to destination host and port) - Confirmable Information - Send Destination Computer and Port: "[Host Name]:[Port]" Event ID: 143 (Received the response from Network layer) - Confirmable Information - Status: Status (200 (HTTP_STATUS_OK)) Event ID: 132 (WSMan operation Identify completed successfully) - Confirmable Information - Completion Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime	
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\CSCRIPT.EXE-D1EF4768.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
	Destination host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "SYSTEM" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Direction: "5985" (HTTP) or "5986" (HTTPS) - Network Information -> Protocol: "6" (TCP) - Confirmable Information -> Destination Address - Source Port: Network Information -> Destination Address - Source Port: Network Information -> Destination Port Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) - Logon Type: "3" - Confirmable Information - Used Security ID: New Logon -> Security ID - Logon ID: Subject -> Logon ID - Account: Account Name - Account Domain Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C: Windows\System32\sychost.exe" - Object -> Object Name: \REGISTRY\MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\WSMAN\Client" - Object -> Object Name: \REGISTRY\MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\WSMAN\Service" - Confirmable Information - Handle ID: Access Request Details: Access Request Information -> Access ("READ_CONTROL", "Query key value", "Enumerate sub-keys", "Notify about changes to keys") *This process is performed multiple times.	Required

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
OS: Windows administrator OS: Windows administrator (Continued from the previous entry)	Active Directory Domain Controller	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume2\windows\system32\lsass.exe" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Port: "88" - Confirmable Information - Source Host: Network Information -> Destination Address Event ID: 4769 (A Kerberos service ticket was requested) - Network Information -> Client Address: "[Source Host]" - Confirmable Information - Used User: Account Information -> Account Name	Required

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output
--

3.2.7. WinRS

Basic Information	n					
		WinRS	<u>Legend</u>			
	Category	Command Execution	- Acquirable			
Tool	Tool Overview	Executes a command on a remote host	Information			
	•	This tool is sent by the BITS, etc. and remotely executed using winrs Source host: WinRS command execution source	Event ID/Item NameField Name			
			- "Field Value"			
	During an Attack	- Destination host: The machine accessed by the WinRS command				
	Authority	- Source host: Standard user - Destination host: Administrator				
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows				
Condition	Domain	Not required				
Condition	Protocol	5985/tcp (HTTP) or 5986/tcp (HTTPS)				
	Service	Destination host: Windows Remote Management (WS-Management)				
Information	Standard Settings	- WinRM execution log				
Acquired from	Otaridard Octurigs	- Execution history (Prefetch)				
-	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)				
Log	9	- Recording of communication via Windows Filtering Platform				
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- The execution of WinRS is recorded in the event log "Application and Service\Microsoft\Windows\Windows Remote Management\Operational"				
When Executi	on is Successful	- The excedition of white 6 to the event log Appricacion and Service (Mircrosoft (Mindows (Mindows Remote Management (Operational	•			

firmed Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings	
Source heet		4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\winrs.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Vindows\System32\winrs.exe" Log Date - Subject -> Account Name - Subject -> Account Domain - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value:	Required	
	Event Log - Sysmon	- Destination Host: Network Information -> Destination Address It ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) Image: "C:\Windows\System32\winrs.exe"	Required	
Event Log Application and Service Microsoft\Windows \times \text{Windows Remote} \text{Mindows Remote} \text{Mindows Remote} \text{Mindows Remote} \text{Destination Host: Details Tab -> EventData\url \text{Operational} \text{Operational} \text{File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\WINRS.EXE-483CEB0F.pf} \text{File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\Wings can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetch\View)} \text{-Last Execution Time}		Application and Service Microsoft\Windows \Windows Remote Management	Event ID: 80 (Processing of a request) - Confirmable Information - Destination Host: Details Tab -> EventData\url	-
	-			
Destination host	Event Log - Security	4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\winrshost.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[Command Specified by Source Host]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Process Information -> Exit Status	Required	
	Source host	Event Log Security Source host Event Log Sysmon Event Log Application and Service Microsoft\Windows Windows Remote Management \Operational Execution History Prefetch Destination host Event Log Application and Service Microsoft\Windows Amagement \Operational Execution History Prefetch	Evert ID - 4688 la rice process has bond control	

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
OS: Windows standard user OS: Windows administrator (Continued from the previous entry)	Destination host (Continued from the previous entry) Event Log - Application and Service Microsoft\Windows	Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C: \Windows\System32\winrshost.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[Command Specified by Source Host]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - User Name: - Process ID: Process ID: Event ID: 1 (Process Create) - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: - Proc	Required
		- Application and Service	The fact that the WinRS process corresponding to the log at the source host was executed is recorded. Event ID: 81 (Sending the request for operation Get to destination host and port)	-
		,	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\WINRSHOST.EXE-ECE7169D.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	Logs by a command execution via WinRS may be recorded.
--	--

3.2.8. AT Command

Basic Information	on			
		AT	Logond	
	Category	Command Execution	<u>Legend</u> - Acquirable	
	Tool Overview	Executes a task at the specified time	Information	
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	The tool may be used to secretly place an application or script without being recognized by the user in advance and then execute it at the desired time. - Source host: at command execution source - Destination host: The machine for which a task was registered by the AT command	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"	
	Authority	Administrator *Setting a task on the remote host can be performed by a standard user.		
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows 7 / Server 2008 The AT command was abolished in Windows 8 and later and Server 2012 and later.		
Condition	Domain	Not required		
	Communication Protocol	445/tcp		
	Service	Task Scheduler		
Information	Standard Settings	- Source host: Execution history (Prefetch)		
Acquired from	Standard Settings	- Destination host: Task creation / execution history in the task scheduler event log		
Log	Additional Settings			
	Can Be Confirmed	- Source host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a task was registered. - The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of at.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0". - Destination host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a task was executed.		
When Execution is Successful		- The Event ID 106 (A task has been registered) was recorded in the event log "\Microsoft\Windows\TaskScheduler\Operational on The Event IDs 200 (The operation that has been started) and 201 (The operation has been completed) are registered in the event log "\Microsoft\Windows\TaskScheduler\Operational", and the return value of the Event ID 201 is set to success.	al".	

Points to be Confirmed Log Gen	eration		Additional
Communication Loca	I I od I vne and Nam	e Acquired Information Details	Settings
	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\at.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Log Date - Subject -> Account Name - Subject -> Account Domain - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
Source (Windo		Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\at.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - Specified Time, Execution Process, Target Host: - User Name: - Process ID: - Vision Information is recorded when the process is executed for the remote host Process ID:	Required
	Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\AT.EXE-BB02E639.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
OS: Windows 7 user OS: Windows Server 2008 R2 administrator Destinati (Windows 2008)	Server -	When a task has been registered, the following logs are output. Event (D: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Object > Object > Object handle : "C: \Windows\(\text{Pask Name}\). Job" "C: \Windows\(\text{Pask Name}\). Access Request Information > Process (Reason for Access (Windows\(\text{Pask Name}\). White Data (or AddFile)" "AppendData (or AddFile)" "Append	Required

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings	
			Event log - Security (Continued from the previous entry)	<pre>Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) - Object -> Object Name: "C:\Windows\Tasks\[Task Name].job" - Access Request Information -> Access / Reason for Access: "WriteData (or AddFile)" / "AppendData</pre>	Required
			With respect to task registration, no beneficial information is output. When a task has been executed, the following logs are registered. Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - ParentImage Name: "C:\Windows\System32\taskeng.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: - Process ID: CommandLine *The execution process and argument are recorded Process ID: ProcessID: ProcessID: ProcessID: Respect to task registration, no beneficial information is output. When a task has been executed, the following logs are registered. *The execution process and argument are recorded. ProcessID: ProcessI	Required	
OS: Windows 7 user ↓ OS: Windows Server 2008 R2 administrator (Continued from the previous entry)	Destination host (Windows Server 2008 R2) (Continued from the previous entry)	Event Log - Application and Service Log \Microsoft\Windows \TaskScheduler \Operational	When a task has been registered, the following logs are output. Event ID: 106 (A task has been registered) - Confirmable Information - User Who Registered the Task: Details Tab -> EventData\UserContext - Task Name: Details Tab -> EventData\UserContext - Task Name: Details Tab -> EventData\UserContext Event ID: 200 (The operation that has been started) - Confirmable Information - Task Name: Details Tab -> EventData\TaskName - Command that was Executed: Details Tab -> EventData\TaskName - Task Instance ID: Details Tab -> EventData\TaskName - Task Instance ID: Details Tab -> EventData\TaskName output to the start event (Event ID 200). - Confirmable Information - Process that was Executed: Details Tab -> EventData\ProcessID - Process ID: Details Tab -> EventData\ProcessID - Process ID: Details Tab -> EventData\ProcessID - Details Tab -> EventData\TaskInstanceId - Process ID: Details Tab -> EventData\ProcessID - Task Name - Command that was Executed: Details Tab -> EventData\ProcessID - The meaning of a return value varies depending on the process that is executed.		

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output Logs related to the command called from the task may be recorded.

3.2.9. BITS

Basic Informatio	n			
		BITS	<u>Legend</u>	
	Category	Command Execution	- Acquirable	
	Tool Overview	Sends and receives files in background (the priority, etc. for sending and receiving files can be set)	Information	
Tool	•	This tool is used to send or receive files at a bandwidth that is less noticeable than other communications Source host: The machine that sends and receives files by BITS - Destination host: File transmission destination	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"	
	Authority	Standard user		
	Targeted OS	Windows		
Operating	Domain	Not required		
Condition	Communication Protocol	445/tcp		
	Service	Background Intelligent Transfer Service		
Information Acquired from	Standard Settings	- Source host: It is possible that the use of BITS can be determined based on a change in the execution status of the Background Intelligent Transfer Service. *However, it is not possible - Destination host: No beneficial information is recorded.	when BITS is already running.	
Log	Additional Settings	 Source host: Writing to the temporary file created by BITS "BITF[Random Number].tmp" is recorded. Destination host: No beneficial information is recorded. 		
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed		If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a file was transferred.		
When Execution is Successful		- The event ID: 60 is recorded in the event log "Application and Service Log\Microsoft\Windows\Bits-Client", and the status code is set to "0x	«О".	

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Object -> Object Name: "[Path to Created File]\BITF[Random Number].tmp" *Since a temporary file with a name starting with "BITF" is created, it is confirmed that a file transfer by BITS - Confirmable Information - Handle ID (Used for Association with Other Logs): Object -> Handle ID - Process ID of the Process that Requested the Handle: Process Information -> Process ID (matches the ID of the process created in event 4688) - Process Details: Access Request Information -> Access / Reason for Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)" / "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)" / "DELETE") - Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success")	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	<pre>Event ID: 2 (File creation time changed) - Image Name: "C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe" - Confirmable Information - Temporary File for which Time Stamp was Changed: "[Path to Created File]\BITF[Random Number].tmp"</pre>	Required
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows user	Source host	Source host Event Log - System	 Event ID: 7036 (The [Service Name] service entered the [Status] state) Details Tab -> System\Provider\Name is set to "Service Control Manager". Details Tab -> EventData\param1 is set to "Background Intelligent Transfer Service". Confirmable Information Executing the Service: Details Tab -> EventData\param2 ("Executing") Remarks If a process that uses BITS has been executed after the last startup of the machine, logs may not be output (For example, when BITS is used by Windows Update, logs may not be output after a file is downloaded by Windows Update). 	-
			Event ID: 60 - Confirmable Information - Targeted File: Details Tab -> ventData\url - Success or Failure: General Tab -> Status Code	-
		Execution History - Registry	Registry Entry: hkey_local_machine\software\microsoft\windows\currentversion\bits - Confirmable Information - Service State: StateIndex - Remarks - The value changes as a result of the BITS status changing to "Executing" If BITS is already in the executing status when the command is executed, the value does not change.	-
	Destination host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 5145 (A network share object was checked to see whether client can be granted desired access) - Network Information -> Source Address: "[Source Host]" - Network Information -> Source Address: "[Source Port]" - Confirmable Information - Share Name: Shared Information -> Share Name - Share Path: Shared Information -> Share Path - Placed File Name: Shared Information -> Relative Target Name	Required

Remarks	
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	- If an audit of object reading is conducted, reading of transferred files may be recorded.

3.3.1. PwDump7

Basic Information	on		
	Tool Name	PwDump7	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Displays a list of password hashes in the system	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack This tool is used to perform logon authentication on other hosts using the acquired hash information.		- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Administrator	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history.	

Points to b	e Con	firmed
-------------	-------	--------

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (PwDump7.exe)]" - Points to be Confirmed - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
-	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (PwDump7.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: - Victime - CommandLine - *The used option is recorded as an argument. User - Process ID: - Process ID:	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[Executable File(PWDUMP7.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks

1 to manto	Notified No.				
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-				

3.3.2. PWDumpX

Basic Informatio	on		<u> </u>
	Tool Name	PWDumpX	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Acquires a password hash from a remote host	Information
Tool	•	This tool uses the acquired hash to perform attacks such as pass-the-hash Source host: PWDumpX execution source - Destination host: The destination logged in by PWDumpX	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	- Source host: Standard user - Destination host: Administrator	•
Operating Condition	Targeted OS	Windows	
	Domain	Not required	
	Communication Protocol	135/tcp, 445/tcp	
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings	 Both hosts: Execution history (Prefetch) Destination host: The fact that the PWDumpX service has been installed and executed is recorded. 	
Acquired from Log	Additional Settings	- The fact that the PWDumpX service has been sent from the source host to the destination host and then executed is recorded The fact that a text file is used to create and receive hash information is recorded.	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		- Source host: If "[Path to Tool] \ [Destination Address] - PWHashes.txt" has been created, it is considered that it was successfully executed.	

Points to be Cor Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Source host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4889 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (PWDumpX.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: Name of User Who Executed the Process: Domain of User Who Executed the Process: Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: Process Information -> Token Escalation Type Process Return Value: A temporary file is created. Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (PWDumpX.exe)]" Dobject -> Object Name: "[Falt to Tool]\[Destination Address]-PWHashes.txt" **Confirmable Information Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID 'Used for association with other logs. Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) Process Information -> Process Name: "[Falt to Tool]\[Destination Address]-PWHashes.txt.Obfuscated" - Confirmable Information Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID 'Used for association with other logs. The temporary file is deleted. Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (PWDumpX.exe)]" Object -> Object Name: "Process Information -> Process Information -> Pro	Required
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows administrator		Event Log - Sysmon Execution History - Prefetch	- Confirmable Information - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID *Used for association with other logs Process Details: Access Request Information -> Access ("DELETE") Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: " [File Name (PWDumpX.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - User Name: - Process ID: File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (PWDUMPX.EXE)]-[File Name].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView)	Required
	Destination host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) Process Information → Process Name: "[File Name (DumpSvc.exe)]" - Confirmable Information Process Start/End Time and Date: Name of User Who Executed the Process: Domain of User Who Executed the Process: Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: Process Information → Token Escalation Type Process Return Value: Event ID: 5145 (A network share object was checked to see whether client can be granted desired access) Network Information → Source Address: "[Source host]" Shared Information → Relative Target Name: "system32\DumpSvc.exe"/"system32\DumpExt.dll" Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) Process Information → Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\PWHashes.txt" "C:\Windows\System32\PWHashes.txt" "C:\Windows\System32\PWHashes.txt" "C:\Windows\System32\PWHashes.txt.Obfuscated" - Confirmable Information - Handle ID (Used for Association with Other Logs): Object → Handle ID "Data is written to the above file multiple times.	Required

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows administrator (Continued from the previous entry)	Destination host (Continued from the previous entry)	Event Log - Security (Continued from the previous entry)	<pre>Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\lsass.exe" - Object -> Object Name: "C:\Windows\System32\PWHashes.txt.Obfuscated"/"C:\Windows\System32\PWHashes.txt"</pre>	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\DumpSvc.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId Event ID: 8 (CreateRemoteThread detected:) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\DumpSvc.exe" - TargetImage: "C:\Windows\System32\lsass.exe"	Required
		Event Log - System	Event ID: 7045 (A service was installed in the system) - Service Name: ("PWDumpX Service") - Service File Name: ("%windir%\system32\DumpSvc.exe") Event ID: 7036 (The [Service Name] service entered the [Status] state) - Service Name: ("PWDumpX Service") * The "PWDumpX Service" service enters the "Executing" state before executing a remote process, and enters the "Stopped" state after the execution.	-
		Execution History Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\DUMPSVC.EXE-DB3A90FA.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output

3.3.3. Quarks PwDump

Basic Information	on		
	Tool Name	Quarks PwDump	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
Tool		Acquires the NTLM hash of a local domain account and cached domain password. Information in a machine including NTDS.DIT files can be specified and analysed.	Information - Event ID/Item Name
	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to perform logon authentication on other hosts using the acquired hash information.	- Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Administrator	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Log	/ taditional octimigs	- A record that the temporary file ("SAM-[Random Number].dmp") has been created	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		- A temporary file ("SAM-[Random Number].dmp") was created and deleted.	

Points	to he	Confirmed	

Points to be Cor Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process StartEnd Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status **'0x0" if successful, or another value if failed. Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (QuarksPwDump.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Targeted File: - Object -> Object Name ("C:\Users\[User Name] \AppData\[Local\Temp\SAM-[Random Number].dmp") - Handle ID: - Object -> Object was closed) - Process Details: Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)") Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - Frocess Information -> Process Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)") Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - Frocess Information -> Process Information -> Recess ID: - Process Information -> Process ID: - Process Information -> Pr	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (QuarksPwDump.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *The specified option (the type of the acquired password) is recorded as an argument User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (QUARKSPWDUMP.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-			

3.3.4. Mimikatz (Obtaining Password Hash)

Basic Information			
		mimikatz > sekurlsa::logonpasswords	<u>Legend</u>
Tool		mimikatz > lsadump::sam	- Acquirable
		Password and Hash Dump	Information
	Tool Overview	Steals recorded authentication information	- Event ID/Item Name
	Example of Presumed		- Field Name
	Tool Use During an	This tool is executed to acquire passwords or escalate the privileges to the domain Administrator privileges.	- "Field Value"
	Attack		
	Authority	Administrator	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information Standard Settings		- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from Additional Settings		- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history.	
When Executi	ion is Successful	The successful execution of the tool carriot be determined from event logs of execution history.	

Points to be Confirmed

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
-	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: *The used option is recorded as an argument. *The used option is recorded as an argument. *The used option is recorded as an argument.	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[Executable File(MIMIKATZ.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks	

tonano				
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-			

3.3.5. Mimikatz (Obtaining Ticket)

Basic Information	n		
		mimikatz > sekurlsa::tickets	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Acquires tickets for all sessions in a host	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to acquire tickets to remotely execute a command.	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"
	Authority	Administrator	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings		
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy) *The fact that a file that output a ticket was generated is recorded.	
	Can Be Confirmed on is Successful	- If a file that output a ticket is generated, it is considered that the process was successful.	

Points	to b	ne Co	nfir	med

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4889 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status Until all tickets are processed, the processing of the Event IDs: 4656, 4663, and 4658 are repeated. Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Targeted File: Object -> Object Name ("Ticket File Name]") - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID "Used for association with other logs Process Details: Access Request Information -> Access ("READ_CONTROL", "SYNCHRONIZE", "WriteData (or AddFile)", "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)", "WriteEA", "ReadAttributes", "WriteAttributes") Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) - Confirmable Information - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID "Used for association with other logs Process Details: Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)", "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)") Event ID: 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Confirmable Information - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: "The used option is recorded as an argument (it is recorded in Event ID 1).	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[Executable File (MIMIKATZ.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks

_	Tellarks	
	Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-

3.3.6. WCE (Windows Credentials Editor)

Basic Informatio	n		
	Tool Name	WCE (Windows Credentials Editor)	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Acquires password hash information in the memory of a logged in host	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool uses the acquired hash information to perform pass-the-hash and other attacks.	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"
	Authority	Administrator	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol	-	
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings		
Acquired from		- The fact that a tool was executed, and the option used during tool execution (Sysmon).	
Log	Additional Settings	- Reference of Isass.exe by the tool (Sysmon)	
		- Creation / deletion of a file (audit policy)	
	Can Be Confirmed on is Successful	- The "C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\Local\Temp\wceaux.dll" file was created and deleted.	

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information >> Process Name: "[File Name (wce.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information >> Process Name: "[File Name (wce.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Targeted File: - Object >> Handle ID: - Process Details: - Process Of ("Audit Success") Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was closed) - Process Of ("Audit Success") Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was closed) - Process Of ("Audit Success") Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was closed) - Process Information - Targeted File: - Confirmable Information - Targeted File: - Object >> Object Name: ("C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\[User Name]\Process Plenistance)", "ReadData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)", "ReadEA", "WriteEA", "ReadAttributes", "WriteAttributes") - Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success") Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was closed) - Process Information - Targeted File: - Object >> Object Name: ("C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\[Local\Temp\wceaux.dll") - Object >> Object Name: ("C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\[Local\Temp\wceaux.dll") - Object >> Object Name: ("C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\[Local\Temp\wceaux.dll") - Object >> Handle ID "Used for association with other logs Process Details: - Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success")	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (wce.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId Event ID: 8 (CreateRemoteThread detected) - Image: "[File Name (wce.exe)]" - TargetImage: "C:\Windows\System32\lsass.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (WCE.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

				_
Remarks				
Addition	al Event Logs That C	an Be Output	-	

3.3.7. gsecdump

Basic Informatio	on		
		gsecdump	<u>Legend</u>
		Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Extracts hash from SAM/AD or logon sessions	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to log on to other hosts using acquired hash information.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Administrator	
	U U	Windows 32-bit (a tool that operates in the 64-bit environment has yet to be confirmed)	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information		- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
	Can Be Confirmed ion is Successful	The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history.	

Poir	nts t	be C	onfirme	þ¢
------	-------	------	---------	----

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Log Date Subject -> Account Name Subject -> Account Domain Process Information -> Token Escalation Type Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
-	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: UtcTime CommandLine *The used option is recorded as an argument. User ProcessID:	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (GSECDUMP.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output
--

3.3.8. Islsass

Basic Information	on		
Tool	Tool Name	Islsass	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Acquires a password hash of active logon sessions from the Isass process	Information
	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to perform logon authentication on other hosts using the acquired hash information.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Administrator	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating Condition	Domain	Not required	
	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon/access history)	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed		The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history.	
When Execution is Successful		The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs of execution history.	

Points to be Con	firmed
Communication	Log G

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
-	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (Islsass[Bit Number].exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: - Subject -> Account Name - Subject -> Account Domain - Process Return Value:	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (Islsass[Bit Number].exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: UtcTime CommandLine *The used option is recorded as an argument. User ProcessID:	Required
		Execution History Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[Executable File(LSLSASS[Number of Bits].EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks	

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	
--	--

3.3.9. Find-GPOPasswords.ps1

Basic Informatio	n		
Tool	Tool Name	Find-GPOPasswords.ps1	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Acquires any password descriptions in a group policy file	Information
	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool attempts to infiltrate other hosts using acquired passwords (by executing the tool on Active Directory).	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"
Operating Condition	Authority	Administrator	
	i iameien us	Windows Server This investigation is conducted on the Domain Controller.	
	Domain	Required	
	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information Acquired from Log	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch) *The information is not of use when PowerShell is used in regular operations.	
	Additional Settings	- The fact that PowerShell was started is recorded. The fact that a file in which passwords are dumped (CRPDataBapart [Damain Name] [Time and Data] say) is output is recorded.	
	0 D 0 (- The fact that a file in which passwords are dumped (GPPDataReport-[Domain Name]-[Time and Date].csv) is output is recorded.	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		- A file in which a password was dumped (GPPDataReport-[Domain Name]-[Time and Date].csv) is output.	

Remarks			
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-		

ProcessId

- Process ID

3.3.10. Mail PassView

Basic Information	on		<u> </u>
	Tool Name	Mail PassView	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Extracts account information saved in the mail client settings on the machine	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	E-mails are transmitted using information obtained with this tool. If the same user name and password obtained with this tool are used for others, they might have been misused.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information Acquired from	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Log	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history. *If the extracted password is saved, it is considered that the execution was successful. If the saved information is protected by a password, it cannot be read with this tool. Therefore, a successful execution and successful collection of information do not always match.	

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
-	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> New Process Name: "[File Name (mailpv.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4658 (The handle to an object was requested) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (mailpv.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Targeted File: - Object -> Object Name: "[File Specified in Argument]" - Handle ID: - Process Details: - Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)")	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (mailpv.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (MAILPV.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks				
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	A read access could occur to the profile of an e-mail client that Mail PassView supports.			

3.3.11. WebBrowserPassView

Basic Information	on		<u> </u>
		WebBrowserPassView	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Extracts user names and passwords saved in the web browser of a machine	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to extract and use account information entered for accessing an intranet or external services.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings		
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history. *If the extracted password is saved, it is considered that the execution and successful the saved information is protected by a password, it cannot be read with this tool. Therefore, a successful execution and successful do not always match.	

Points	to be	Confirmed	

Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
-	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (WebBrowserPassView.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (WebBrowserPassView.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Targeted File: - Object -> Object Name: "[File Specified in Argument]" - Handle ID: - Object -> Handle ID *Used for association with other logs Process Details: - Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)")	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (WebBrowserPassView.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *The text file name used as the output destination is specified in the argument User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
		Execution History Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (WEBBROWSERPASSVIEW.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks

Additional Event Logo That Can Be Outnut	- If browsers supported by WebBrowserPassView are installed on the system, the profile of each browser is read.
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	- The latest WebBrowserPassView is designed for GUI and saves settings in "[Tool Name].cfg" after it is executed.

3.3.12. Remote Desktop PassView

Basic Information	n		
	Tool Name	Remote Desktop PassView	<u>Legend</u>
		Password and Hash Dump	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Extracts account information saved in the RDP settings on the machine	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to extract passwords saved in the settings file for Remote Desktop and to log in to other hosts with such passwords.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history. *If the extracted password is saved, it is considered that the execution was successful.	

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - Process Name in Process Information - Targeted File: - Object -> Object Name: ("The file name of the target tool is specified to the tool in the argument") - Handle ID: - Process Details: - Access Request Information -> Access ("EAD_CONTROL", "SYNCHRONIZE", "WriteData (or AddFile)", "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)", "WriteEA", "ReadAttributes", "WriteAttributes") Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) - Confirmable Information - Handle ID: - Process Details: - Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)", "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)", "WriteEA", "ReadAttributes", "WriteAttributes") Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) - Confirmable Information - Handle ID: - Process Details: - Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)", "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)") Event ID: 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Confirmable Information - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (rdpv.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *The used option is recorded as an argument. (It is recorded in Event ID 1.) - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[Executable File(RDPV.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

emarks emarks				
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-			

3.4.1. Htran

Basic Information <u>Legend</u> - Acquirable Tool Name Htran Category Malicious Communication Relay **Tool Overview** Creates a TCP session and tunnel other port communications Information Tool - Event ID/Item Name Pass communication from unallowed ports through whitelisted ports. Example of Field Name Presumed Tool Use - Source host: Htran execution source - "Field Value" Destination host: the machine connected by Htran During an Attack Authority Targeted OS Standard user Windows Operating Not required Domain Condition Communication Any TCP port Protocol Service Source host: Execution history (Prefetch) Standard Settings Information Destination host: Depends on the application that uses the communication made via a tunnel Acquired from Source host: Execution of the tool (Audit of process tracking) **Additional Settings** Presence or absence of communications with the tunnel host (attacker) and tunnel destination host (destination host) (Audit of object access) Log Destination host: Depends on the application that uses the communications made via a tunnel Source host: If the following log is in the event log, it is possible that communication occurred: **Evidence That Can Be Confirmed** - It is recorded in the event ID 5156 in the event log "Security" that a communication occurred with the tunnel host and tunnel destination host. When Execution is Successful

Points to be Confirmed

Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	nd "the machine connected via Htran" are referred to as "the source host" and "the destination host", respectively. Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
			Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: A communication from the "source host" to two locations occurs.	
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "[File Name]" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Address: "[IP Address of Source Host]" - Network Information -> Protocol: "6"(TCP) - Confirmable Information - Tunnel Host: Destination Address - Port Used for Tunneling: Destination Port	Required
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows user	Source host		Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "[File Name]" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Address: "[IP Address of Source Host]" - Network Information -> Protocol: "6"(TCP) - Confirmable Information - Tunnel Host: Destination Address - Port Used for Tunneling: Destination Port	
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - Specified Time, Execution Process, Targeted Host: CommandLine *The following is recorded in the argument: The IP address and port number of the tunnel host (attacker) and the tunnel destination host (destination host) - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
	Destination host	Various Logs	Multiple logs could be recorded by applications using communications made via a tunnel. Remote Desktop (RDP) is an example of applications often used via Htran. In this case, a communication on the destination port 3389/tcp with the source host IP address of the "source host" where Htran was executed is recorded in the "destination host", which is the tunnel destination. *For details on RDP logs, see the separate RDP document.	Required

Rema	ırks

Remarks						
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	When a version that supports a HTTP proxy is used, HTTPS communication is recorded in the proxy.					
Additional Event Logs That Can be Output	If SSL cannot be decoded due to HTTPS, only the CONNECT method is recorded.					

3.4.2. Fake wpad

Basic Information							
		Fake wpad	<u>Legend</u>				
	<u> </u>	Malicious Communication Relay	- Acquirable				
	Tool Overview	Acquires and changes communication content by operating as the wpad server	Information				
Tool	Example of	This tool modifies the response so that the attacker's site is embedded without the user noticing.	- Event ID/Item Name				
1001	Presumed Tool Use	- Source host: Receives a spoofed wpad file	- Field Name				
	During an Attack	- Destination host: Becomes the proxy of the source host by sending the spoofed wpad file to the source host	- "Field Value"				
	Reference Information	https://www.jpcert.or.jp/present/2015/20151028_codeblue_apt-en.pdf					
		- Destination host (wpad server): Listens on 80/tcp and 8888/tcp. Administrator privileges are required because changes, such as to Windows Firewall to allow file	s to be				
	Authority	received, need to be made.					
Operating		- Source host: Standard user					
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows					
Condition	Domain	Not required					
	Communication Protocol	80/tcp, 8888/tcp					
	Service	-					
	Standard Settings	- Source host: The last acquired proxy setting (registry) is recorded. *The setting cannot be distinguished if wpad is used in regular operations.					
Information	Otandard Octungs	- Destination host: Execution history (Prefetch)					
Acquired from		- Source host: The fact that communications were made via 80/tcp and 8888/tcp to the host that executes the tool is recorded (audit object access).					
Log	Additional Settings	The fact that a wpad.dat cache was created is recorded (audit object access).					
Log	/ taaliional Cottingo	- Destination host: The fact that 80/tcp and 8888/tcp were listened to is recorded (audit object access).					
		Handle requests to wpad.dat and the proxy log proxy.log are recorded (audit object access).					
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- Source host: Communication via 80/tcp and 8888/tcp was made with a host that is originally neither a proxy nor HTTP server.					
	ion is Successful	- Destination host: A host that is originally neither a proxy nor HTTP server was listening to 80/tcp and 8888/tcp.					
When Excedion is edecessi		wpad.dat and proxy.log were created.					

Points to be Cor Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional
	Location	Log Type and Name	Adquired information Betaile	Settings
	Source host	Event Log - Security	The following is recorded when wpad is acquired. (The following shows an example using Internet Explorer. The storage location and behavior are different when using other browsers.) Note that because event IDs 4656, 4663, and 4658 are recorded when wpad is used, malicious communication cannot be distinguished if wpad is used in normal operations. Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume2\program files\internet explorer\iexplore.exe" - Network Information -> Destination Port / Protocol: "80" / '6" (TCP) - Confirmable Information - Connected Host: Network Information -> Destination Address Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4653 (The handle to an object was closed) - Confirmable Information - Target File: - Object -> Object Name ("C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\[\text{\text{Temporary Internet Files\Content.LES\[\text{\text{IP}\text{\text{Text}\text{	Required
OS: Windows user US: Windows user		Access History - Registry	- Confirmable Information - Host Used as the Proxy: Network Information -> Destination Address Registry Entry: HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings\Connections\SavedLegacySettings HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings\Connections\DefaultConnectionSettings - Confirmable Information - Last Acquired Proxy Setting *The setting cannot be distinguished if wpad is used in regular operations.	-
	Destination host		Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> New Process Name: "[File Name (wpad.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: Name of User Who Executed the Process: Domain of User Who Executed the Process: Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: Process Information -> Token Escalation Type Process Return Value: The following is recorded immediately after the tool is executed. Event ID: 5154 (The Windows Filtering Platform has permitted an application or service to listen on a port for incoming connections) - Application Information -> Process ID: Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\larddiskvolume \(\)	Required

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings	
				Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Process ID: The Process ID recorded in event 4688. - Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume \(\frac{2}{2}\) [File Name (wpad.exe)]" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Port / Protocol: "80" / "6"(TCP) - Confirmable Information - Connected Host: Network Information -> Destination Address	Required
			Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (wpad.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Target File: Object -> Object Name ("[Path to Tool]\wpad.dat") - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID *Used for association with other logs Process Details: Access Request Information -> Access ("SYNCHRONIZE" / "ReadData (or ListDirectory)" / "WriteData (or "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)" / "ReadEA" / "WriteEA" / "ReadAttributes" / - Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success")		
			The following is recorded when the source host uses the host as a proxy. The log file (proxy.log) is created on the same path as that of the executable file (a handle for the log is requested and closed each time).		
	Event Log - Application Information -> Process ID: The Process ID recorded in event 4688 Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume \(\frac{2}{2} \) [File Name (wpad.exe)]" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Port / Protocol: "8888" / "6" (TCP)	- Application Information -> Process ID: The Process ID recorded in event 4688 Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume \(\frac{2}{1} \) [File Name (wpad.exe)]" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound"			
OS: Windows user			- Confirmable Information - Connected Host: Network Information -> Destination Address	Required	
OS: Windows user (Continued from the previous entry)	Destination host (Continued from the previous entry)		Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (wpad.exe)]"		
			- Confirmable Information - Target File: Object -> Object Name ("[Path to Tool]\proxy.log") - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID *Used for association with other logs Process Details: Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)") - Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success") vent ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Process ID: The Process ID recorded in event 4688 Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume \(\frac{2}{2} \) [File Name (wpad.exe)]" - Network Information -> Direction: "Outbound" - Network Information -> Source Address: "[Host that Executed the Tool]" - Network Information -> Source Port / Protocol: "[Destination Server Port] (80 if nothing is specified)" / "6"(TCP)		
			- Confirmable Information - Destination Host: Network Information -> Destination Address		
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (wpad.exe)]"		
			- Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *If iframe, etc. is used, it can be read from the argument User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required	
		Execution History Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\WPAD.EXE-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-	

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output -

3.5.1. RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol)

Audit Policy

Event Log

Application and

Service Log \Microsoft\Windows \TerminalServices-

LocalSessionManage

\Operational

Destination host

- Confirmable Information

- Confirmable Information

- Confirmable Information

- Used User

- Connection Source Host

- New Logon ID (used for association with other logs):

Event ID: 21 (Remote Desktop Services: Session logon succeeded)

- Logged in Account Domain and User Name: User

Event ID: 24 (Remote Desktop Services: Session has been disconnected)

- Logged in Account Domain and User Name: User

- Session Connection Start Time and Date:

- Session Connection Start Time and Date:

- Connection Source IP Address:

- Connection Source IP Address:

Basic Information	on		
	Tool Name	RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol)	Legend
	Category	Remote Login	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	A protocol to connect to a server on which Remote Desktop Service (RDS) is running	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	 View files on the logged in machine Collect information (required) for connecting to other servers and clients Use as a stepping stone to connect to other equipment 	- Event ID/Item Name - <i>Field Name</i> - "Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user	
Operating	Targeted OS	- Source host: Windows - Destination host: Windows with Remote Desktop enabled	
Condition	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication Protocol	3389/tcp	
	Service	- Destination host: Remote Desktop Services	
		- Destination host: RDP session connection start/end time and date	
Information	Standard Settings	Source host IP address	
Acquired from	Otandard Octungs	Logged in user name, and	
Log		Success or failure of account domain connection	
	Additional Settings	- Source host: mstsc.exe execution history, file access history	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- Destination host: If the following logs are in the event log, it is considered that the connection was successful.	
	ion is Successful	- Event ID: 4624 is recorded in the event log "Security".	
Wileli Execut	ion is successful	- Event IDs 21 and 24 are recorded in the event log "Microsoft\Windows\TerminalServices-LocalSessionManager\Operatio	nal"

Log		Sı	uccess or failure of account domain connection	
	9		xe execution history, file access history e following logs are in the event log, it is considered that the connection was successful.	
	Can Be Confirmed on is Successful	- Destination flost. If th	- Event ID: 4624 is recorded in the event log "Security".	
Wileii Executi	on is Successiui		- Event IDs 21 and 24 are recorded in the event log "Microsoft\Windows\TerminalServices-LocalSessionManager\Operational	"
oints to be Con	firmed			
Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Source host Execution history Sysmon Execution History Prefetch	Event Log -	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> New Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\mstsc.exe - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) - 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\mstsc.exe" - Confirmable Information - Target File: - Object -> Object Name (Example: "C:\Users\[User Name]\Documents\Default.rdp") - Handle ID (Used for Association with Other Logs): Object -> Handle ID - Process Details: - Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)" - "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or - Success or Failure: - Keywords ("Audit Success")	Required
		Execution history - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\mstsc.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
OS: Windows		File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\MSTSC.EXE-76A46E8A.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-	
user ↓ OS: Windows user		Access History - Registry	Registry Entry: HKEY_USERS\[SID]\Software\Microsoft\Terminal Server Client\Default\ - Confirmable Information - Remote Desktop Connection History: Value Name = "MRU0" to "MRU9" *As the data of the above value, an IP address that was connected to in the past is recorded. MRU0 is the last connected history As the last write time for a key, the update time and date (time of the first connection to a destination host not found in the connection history) for the "MRU0" value data is recorded. Registry Entry: HKEY_USERS\[SID]\Software\Microsoft\Terminal Server Client\Servers\[Destination Host IP Address]\ - Confirmable Information - The Last Accessed Account Domain and User Name: Value Name = "UsernameHint" *As the value data, the last accessed account domain and user name are recorded for each IP address that was connected to in the past.	-
		Access History	Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) - Logon Type: "10" - Network Information -> Source Network Address: Destination Address for event 5156 - Network Information -> Source Port: Destination Port recorded in event 5156 - Detailed Authentication Information -> Logon Process: "Kerberos"	Required

				1
_	_			
_	Remarks			
			Depending on the environment, the following log may be recorded in the destination host event log "Security".	
	Additional Event Logs That Can I	Be Output	Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on)	
			- Logon Type: "12"	

Log Date

Source Network Address

Source Network Address

Network Information -> Source Network Address

New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain

Log Date of an Event Log with the Same Session ID in Event ID: 21

New Logon -> Logon ID

3.6.1. WCE (Remote Login)

Basic Informatio	Basic Information						
	Tool Name	WCE (Remote Login)	<u>Legend</u>				
		pass-the-hash, pass-the-ticket	- Acquirable				
	Tool Overview	Executes a command with higher privileges using the hash of the acquired password	Information				
Tool		Remotely executes a command on another machine by using a password hash for a user with Administrator privileges who belongs to Active Directory - Source host: WCE execution source	- Event ID/Item Name - <i>Field Name</i>				
		- Destination host: The destination logged in by WCE	- "Field Value"				
	Authority	Local administrator					
	Targeted OS	Windows					
Operating	Domain	Not required					
Condition	Communication	A random 5-digit port (WMIC)					
	Protocol						
	Service						
Information Acquired from	Standard Settings	- Source host: Execution history (Prefetch) A record of the fact that WCESERVICE was installed and executed					
Log	Additional Settings	- Both source host and destination host: WMI execution history and Windows Filtering Platform log					
Log	7 taattioriai Oottirigo	- Destination host: Login has occurred remotely.					
Evidence That (Can Be Confirmed	- Source host: The fact that WCESERVICE was installed and executed is recorded.					
	on is Successful	- Destination host: The fact that a logon was made from a remote host is recorded.					
Wileli Executi	on is successiul	- Both source host and destination host: The fact that communication using WMI occurred is recorded.					

Points to be Con Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional
	Location	Location	Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Object -> Object Name: - Access Request Information -> Access / Reason for Access: ("WriteData (or AddFile)") - Confirmable Information - Process Name: "[File Name (wce.exe)]" - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID	Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4660 (An attempt was deleted) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Object -> Object Name: "(C:\Windows\Temp\wceaux.dll)" - Access Request Information -> Access / Reason for Access: ("DELETE") - Confirmable Information - Process Name: "[File Name (wce.exe)]" - Handle ID: Object -> Handle ID Processes for events 4656, 4663, and 4658 are performed for multiple files.	Required
		Security	### ### ##############################	
OS: Windows administrator US: Windows administrator	Source host (Windows)	Source host (Windows) Event Log	<pre>Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name:("C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WMIC.exe") - Network Information -> Direction: "Outbound" - Confirmable Information - Destination Host: Destination Address - Destination Port: Destination Port</pre> Event ID: 7045 (A service was installed in the system)	
			- Service Name: "WCESERVICE" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date: Log Date - Service File Name: "[File Name (wce.exe)] -S" Event ID: 7036 - Detailed Tab -> System\Provider\Name: "Service Control Manager" - Details Tab -> EventData\param1: "WCESERVICE" - Confirmable Information - Running the Service: Details Tab -> EventData\param2 ("Running") / ("Stopped")	_
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (wce.exe)]" - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WMIC.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId Event ID: 8 (CreateRemoteThread detected) - SourceImage: "[File Name (wce.exe)]" - TargetImage: ("C:\Windows\System32\lsass.exe") - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime Event ID: 9 (RawAccessRead detected) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime	Required

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Execution History - Registry	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (WCE.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf C:\Windows\Prefetch\WMIC.EXE-A7D06383.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
OS: Windows administrator OS: Windows administrator (Continued from the previous entry)	Destination host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: ("\device\harddiskvolume2\windows\system32\svchost.exe") - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Confirmable Information - Source Host: Destination Address - Source Port: Destination Port Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) 4634 (An account was logged off) - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date: Log Date - Source Host Account Name: New Logon -> Account Name / Domain Name - Source Host Account Name: New Logon -> Account Name / Domain Name - Source Host Account Name: New Logon -> Source Network Address Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WmiPrvSE.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status - Process Information -> Exit Status - Process Information -> Exit Status - Process Information -> Creator Process ID:	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C: \Windows\System32\wbem\WmiPrvSE.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId Event ID: 9 (RawAccessRead detected) - Image: "C: \Windows\System32\wbem\WmiPrvSE.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Access Destination: Device	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\WMIPRVSE.EXE-1628051C.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-

3.6.2. Mimikatz (Remote Login)

Basic Information	Basic Information								
		Mimikatz (Remote Login)	<u>Legend</u>						
	Category	pass-the-hash, pass-the-ticket	- Acquirable						
	Tool Overview	Executes a command with another user's privileges using a hash of the acquired password	Information						
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	Remotely executes a command on another machine by using a password hash for a user with Administrator privileges - Source host: Mimikatz execution source - Destination host: The destination logged in by Mimikatz	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"						
	I Allthority	Source host: Administrator Destination host: Privileges of the user whose hash was used							
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows							
Condition	Domain	Not required							
Condition	Communication Protocol	A random 5-digit port (WMIC)							
		Windows Management Instrumentation							
Information	Standard Settings								
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Communication logs during a remote connection							
Log		- Process logs when a connection occurs							
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed		- Destination host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a remote login was made.							
When Execution is Successful		- The event ID 4624 is recorded in the event log "Security" regarding access from an unintended source host.							

wnen Executi	on is Successful		- The event ID 4624 is recorded in the event log "Security" regarding access from an unintended source host.	
Points to be Con				A al aliel and I
Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Source host Destination host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" "C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe" "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WMIC.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
			Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WMIC.exe" - Network Information -> Direction: "Outbound" - Confirmable Information - Source Port: Source Port - Destination Host: Destination Address - Destination Port: Destination Port (5-digit port)	
			Event ID: 4648 (A logon was attempted using explicit credentials) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WMIC.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date: - Account Name that Executed the Process on the Destination Host: Account for which Credentials were Used -> Account Name / - Destination Host: Target Server -> Target Server Name	
OS: Windows administrator ↓ OS: Windows user		Event Log - Sysmon	<pre>Event ID: 1 (Process Create)</pre>	Required
		Execution History - Registry	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\CMD.EXE-4A81B364.pf C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (MIMIKATZ.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf C:\Windows\Prefetch\WMIC.EXE-A7D06383.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) - Logon Type: "3" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date: Log Date - Source Host Account Name: New Logon -> Account Name / Domain Name - Source Host: New Logon -> Account Name / New Logon -> Source Network Address Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume \frac{2}{2}\windows\system32\svchost.exe" - Network Information - Source Host: Destination Address - Source Port: Destination Port *Matches the source port at the source host. - Destination Port: Source Port *Matches the destination port at the source host.	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	<pre>Event ID: 1 (Process Create) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WmiPrvSE.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process ID: ProcessId</pre>	Required
		Execution History - Registry	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\WMIPRVSE.EXE-1628051C.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks				
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-			

3.7.1. MS14-058 Exploit

Basic Informatio	n		
		MS14-058 Exploit	<u>Legend</u>
		Escalation to SYSTEM Privileges	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Executes a specified command with SYSTEM privileges	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used for a user with standard privileges to execute a command that normally requires administrator privileges.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication	_	
	Protocol		
	Service	•	
Information Acquired from	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Log	Additional Settings	- The name of a process executed by the tool with SYSTEM privileges, and argument (Sysmon / audit of process tracking)	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that privilege escalation was successful.	
When Executi	on is Successful	- The event ID: 4688 is recorded regarding a process executed with SYSTEM privileges, whose parent process cannot be the parent of the tool or that process	

Points	to be	Confirmed

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Exit Status	Paguirad
		Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> New Process Name: "[Process Executed with SYSTEM Privileges]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
	Host (Windows)		Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *A command executed with SYSTEM privileges is recorded in the argument User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated)	Required
			- Image: "[Process Executed with SYSTEM Privileges]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - User Name: - Process ID: - Process ID: - Parent Process Name: - Command Line Specified as the Parent Process: - ParentCommandLine - ParentCommandLine	
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Executed Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	Other logs that are related to processes executed with SYSTEM privileges may be recorded.
--	---

3.7.2. MS15-078 Exploit

Basic Information	on		
	Tool Name	MS15-078 Exploit	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Escalation to SYSTEM Privileges	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Executes a specified command with SYSTEM privileges	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used for a user with standard privileges to execute a command that normally requires administrator privileges.	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user	
Operating	I PARAPIRA ()	Windows 7 / 8 / 2008 This tool cannot be executed in a test environment with Windows Server 2012.	
Condition	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information		- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from		- The name of a process executed by the tool with SYSTEM privileges, and argument (Sysmon / audit of process tracking)	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that privilege escalation was successful.	
When Execut	ion is Successful	- The event ID: 4688 is recorded regarding a process executed with SYSTEM privileges, whose parent process cannot be the parent of the tool or that process.	

Point	e to	he	Confirmed

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> New Process Name: "[File Name]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> New Process Name: "[Process Executed with SYSTEM Privileges]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Account Name ("[Computer Name]\$") - Subject -> Account Name ("[Computer Name]\$") - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
-	Host (Windows)		Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *A command executed with SYSTEM privileges is recorded in the argument User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	
		Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[Process Executed with SYSTEM Privileges]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - User Name: - Process ID: - Process ID: - Parent Process Name: - Command Line Specified as the Parent Process: - ParentCommandLine	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Executed Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	Other logs that are related to processes executed with SYSTEM privileges may be recorded.
--	---

3.8.1. SDB UAC Bypass

Basic Information	on		
	Tool Name	SDB UAC Bypass	
	Category	Privilege Escalation	<u>Legend</u>
Tool		Uses Application Compatibility Database (SDB) to execute applications that are normally controlled by User Account Control (UAC) as a user with administrator privileges	- Acquirable Information
Tool	Example of	This tool is used to execute an application that is not normally executed by pretending to execute a typical application.	- Event ID/Item Name
	Presumed Tool Use	In doing so, the tool is capable of executing an application that normally requires administrator privileges without obtaining the permission of the relevant user.	- Field Name
	During an Attack		- "Field Value"
	Reference Information	http://blog.jpcert.or.jp/2015/02/a-new-uac-bypass-method-that-dridex-uses.html	
		A user who has authority to use administrator privileges according to UAC without entering an administrator password. (A user who belongs to the Administrators group in the client)	
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows	
Condition	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings	- Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from		- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
-	Additional Settings		
Log		- "The application used for a bypass" and "The application executed as a bypass" are recorded.	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- The fact that a process whose parent process name includes an application that is normally assumed not to be a parent process was executed is recorded.	
When Executi	ion is Successful		

Points to be Cor Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	The following is recorded when an SDB file is installed. Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\sdbinst.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Feturn Palve: - Process Feturn Palve: - Process Feturn Palve: - Process Information -> Process Assert Country - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\sdbinst.exe" - Confirmable Information - SDB File: - Object -> Object Name ("C:\Windows\System32\sdbinst.exe" - Confirmable Information - SDB File: - Object -> Object Name ("C:\Windows\System32\sdbinst.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Do the Process that Requested the Handle: - Process Do the Process that Requested the Handle: - Process Do the Process Information -> Process Informat	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	The following is recorded when an SDB file is installed. Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\sdbinst.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId If an application is executed as a bypass, the following is recorded. Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "Command Executed as Bypass]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId Parent Process ID: ProcessId - Parent Process ID: ProcessId Tif the process ID: Parent Process ID: ParentProcessId *Matches the process ID of an application specified in SDB that was executed first. *If the process is for script files for batch processing or others, the process becomes the parent process and a child process will be further executed. By tracking process IDs in order, it is possible to confirm the process tee of the executed applications.	Required

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Host (Windows) Continued from the previous entry) Log Microsoft\Windows Application- Experience Program-Telemetry	<pre>Event ID: 500 (Compatibility fix applied) - Confirmable Information - Program Applied: Details Tab -> UserData\CompatibilityFixEvent\ExePath - Program Fix: Details Tab -> UserData\CompatibilityFixEvent\FixName</pre>	-
			File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\SDBINST.EXE-5CC2F88B.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
			- Remarks - In addition to the above, the last execution date and time of the application used for a bypass and executed application will change.	
(Continued from the previous entry)	(Windows) (Continued from the		Registry Entry: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Uninstall\{[GUID]}.sdb - Confirmable Information - Content of SDB: DisplayName (The name of an application used for a bypass) - Delete Command: UninstallString ("%windir%\system32\sdbinst.exe -u "C:\Windows\AppPatch\Custom\{[GUID]}.sdb") Registry Entry: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\AppCompatFlags\Custom\ {[Name of Application Used for UAC Bypass]}	
			- Confirmable Information - SDB Installation Time Stamp: DatabaseInstallTimeStamp (A hexadecimal value)	
			Registry Entry: HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\AppCompatFlags\InstalledSDB\{[GUID]} - Confirmable Information - SDB File Path: - SDB Type: - Content of SDB: - Content of SDB: - SDB Installation Time Stamp: DatabaseInstallTimeStamp (A hexadecimal value. The same value as one under "Custom" stated the above.)	-
			 - Remarks - The above registry value is deleted when the SDB file is uninstalled and will not always be left. - Some tools in which an SDB file is uninstalled to delete evidence have been confirmed. 	

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output - In addition to the above, "the application used for a bypass" and "the application executed as a bypass" may be recorded.

3.9.1. MS14-068 Exploit

Basic Information		MS14-068 Exploit	Legend		
		Capturing the Domain Administrator Privilege and Account Credentials	- Acquirable		
		Changes the privileges of the domain user to those of another user	Information		
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to perform operations requiring privileges pretending as an administrator by using an acquired domain user account. (For this test, Exploit is used to get the account's TGT ticket and mimikatz is used to log in remotely.) - Source host: Exploit execution source - Destination host: Machine logged in remotely with the acquired ticket	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"		
	Authority	Standard user			
	Targeted OS	Windows			
Operating	Domain	Required			
Condition	Communication Protocol	88/tcp, 445/tcp			
	Service	Active Directory Domain Services			
Information	Standard Settings	- Source host: Execution history (Prefetch)			
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Source host: Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)			
Log		- Destination host: The fact that higher privileges than the normal privileges are granted to other accounts (audit policy)			
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- Destination host: In the Event ID: 4672 of the event log "Security", high level privileges are granted to a standard user.			
When Execution is Successful					

Communication Log	g Generation	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
OS: Windows user	g Generation	Acquired Information Datable When a ticket is generated, the following process is executed. Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A peccess has calced) - Process information - Process Sturrent Time and Date: - Hams of User Who Executed the Process - Process Sturrent Time and Date: - Hams of User Who Executed the Process - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process information - Process Return Value: Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application information - Application Name: - *** **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - Application information - Surrenton: - Application information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - *** **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Destination Address: - *** **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Destination Fort **Protecti.** **On **Norver's Information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Surrenton: - **Nerver's Information - Destination Fort **Protecti.** **On **Norver's Information: - **Source Fort **Used for association with logs on the Domain Controller side Event ID: 4688 (A new process has boon created) - 4689 (A process has book of the Surrenton **Norver's Information - Process Reversed ** Event ID: 4688 (A new process has boon created) - 4689 (A process has book of the Surrenton **Norver's Information - Process Reversed ** Event ID: 4688 (A new process has boon created) - 4689 (A process has calced the Process: - Domain Controller Side Event ID: 4688 (A new process has boon created) - 4689 (A process has calced the Process: - Domain Controller Side - ** - ** - ** - ** - ** - ** - ** - *	Additional Settings

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (ms14-068.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
	Source host (Continued from the previous entry)	•	5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (MS14-068.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (MIMIKATZ.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
OS: Windows user OS: Windows Server administrator (Continued from the previous entry)	Destination host	Event Log - Security	When a stoset is generated, the following communication and authentication occur. Event ID: \$156 (The Windows Filtering Paldom has allowed a connection) - Application information - Direction: - Application information - Direction: - Network information - Destination Address: - Network information - Survivo Name - Notice (TGT) was requested; - Service Information - Trucke Options: 'Notice Option' - Additional Information - Trucke Options: 'Notice Option' - Security Information - Service Name - Notice (TGT) - Security Information - Service Name - Notice (TGT) - Security Information - Service Name - Notice (TGT) - Security Information - Service Name - Notice (TGT) - Security Information - Notice (Option: 'Notice Option' - Province Information - Notice (Option: 'Notice Option' - Notice Port - Network Information - Notice (Option: 'Notice Option' - Notice Port - Network Information - Notice (Notice Option: 'Notice Option: 'Not	Required
Remarks				

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output Logs of commands executed with escalated privileges may be recorded at the destination host.

3.9.2. Mimikatz (Golden Ticket)

Basic Information	on					
	Tool Name	Mimikatz (Golden Ticket)	<u>Legend</u>			
		Capturing the Domain Administrator Privilege and Account Credentials	- Acquirable			
	Tool Overview	Issues an unauthorized Kerberos ticket that is valid for an arbitrary period and grants access without additional authentication	Information			
Tool	Example of	This tool is used to grant a host concealing a record of authentication requests access using the Golden Ticket.	- Event ID/Item Name			
	·	- Source host: Mimikatz execution source	- Field Name			
	During an Attack	- Destination host: The host logon in by Mimikatz	- "Field Value"			
	A cottle and to	Standard user				
	Authority	*The NTLM password hash for a krbtgt account on the domain must have already been acquired.				
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows				
Condition	Domain	Not required				
Condition	Communication					
	Protocol					
	Service	Active Directory Domain Service				
Information	Standard Settings					
Acquired from		- Source host: Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)				
•	Additional Settings					
Log		- Destination host: Logon by an account with an illegal domain				
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- Destination host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that unauthorised logon was attempted.				
When Execution is Successful		- In the event IDs 4672, 4624, and 4634 in the event log "Security", a logon attempt by an account with an illegal domain is recorded.				

D_	in	te	to	ho	Car	nfirn	ممط
20	ın	TS.	TO.	ne	Cor	1TIFM	1ea

Points to be Cor Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional
			Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4673 (A privileged service was called) - Process Information -> Process ID: - Process Information -> Process ID: - Process Information -> Process ID: - Process Information -> Privileges: "SeTobPrivilege" - Keyword: - Confirmable Information - Account That Attempted the Above Operation: Account Name (Standard user) - Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) - 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information - Target File: - Object -> Object Name - Handle ID: - Object -> Handle ID "Used for association with other logs - Process Details: - Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData (or AddFile)" / "AppendData (or AddSubdirectory or CreatePipeInstance)")	Required
OS: Windows user US: Windows Server administrator			Event Log - Sysmon	- Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success") Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: - Process Ine ProcessId recorded in the event 1 Image: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Device: "\Device\HarddiskVolume 2" File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[Executable File(MIMIKATZ.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Executed Time and Date: Last Execution Time
	Destination host	Event Log - Security	- Last Executed Time and Date: Last Execution Time Event ID: 4769 (A Kerberos service ticket was requested) - Confirmable Information - Client IP Address: - Ticket Request Type (Two different pairs of ticket requests are output.) - Service Information: "Irbest Name]s". Ticket Options: "0x40810000" - Service Information: "krbtgt", Ticket Options: "0x60810010" Event ID: 4672 (Special privileges assigned to new logon) - Confirmable Information - Account for which a Golden Ticket was Obtained: Account (An existing account name) - Domain: - Logon ID: - Logon ID: - Logon ID "Used for association with other logs - Special Privileges Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) - Logon Type: "3" - New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain: "[Account Name / Account Domain Recorded in Event 4672]" - New Logon -> Logon ID: - Confirmable Information - Used Security ID: New Logon -> Security ID - Host That Used Authentication Information: Network Information -> Source Network Address Event ID: 4634 (An account was logged off) - Logon Type: "3" - New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain: "[Account Name / Account Domain Recorded in Event 4672]" - New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain: "[Account Name / Account Domain Recorded in Event 4672]" - New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain: "[Account Name / Account Domain Recorded in Event 4672]" - New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain: "[Account Name / Account Domain Recorded in Event 4672]" - New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain: "[Account Name / Account Domain Recorded in Event 4672]" - New Logon -> Logon ID: - "[Logon ID Recorded in Event 4672]"	Required

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output

At the host for which access was granted by using a Golden Ticket, logs related to the executed command may be recorded.

3.9.3. Mimikatz (Silver Ticket)

Basic Informatio	on		
	Tool Name	Mimikatz (Silver Ticket)	<u>Legend</u>
		Capturing the Domain Administrator Privilege and Account Credentials	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Issues an unauthorized Kerberos ticket that is valid for an arbitrary period and grants access without additional authentication	Information
Tool		This tool is used to grant a host concealing a record of authentication requests access using the Silver Ticket Source host: Mimikatz execution source - Destination host: The host logon in by Mimikatz	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	ΔιithOrit\/	Standard user *The NTLM password hash for a service account on the domain must have already been acquired.	
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows	
Condition	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
		Active Directory Domain Services	
Information	Standard Settings	- Source host: Execution history (Prefetch)	
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Source host: Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Log	Additional Settings	- Destination host: Logon by an account with an invalid domain	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- Destination host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that unauthorised logon was attempted.	
When Executi	on is Successful	- In the event IDs 4672, 4624, and 4634 in the event log "Security", a logon attempt by an account with an illegal domain is recorded.	

Points to be Con Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings	
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4673 (A privileged service was called) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Process Information -> Process ID: "[Process ID of the Tool]" - Service Request Information -> Privileges: "SeTcbPrivilege" - Keyword: "Audit Failure"	Required	
	Source host		- Confirmable Information - Account That Attempted the Above Operation: Account Name (Standard user)		
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows Server	Source most	Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId Event ID: 9 (RawAccessRead detected) - Process: The ProcessId recorded in the event 1 - Image: "[File Name (mimikatz.exe)]" - Device: "\Device\HarddiskVolume 2"	Required	
service account			Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[Executable File(MIMIKATZ.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Executed Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
	Destination host	Event Log -	- Unlike a Golden Ticket, communication with the Domain Controller does not occur when a ticket is generated The following is a log recorded when an incoming connection is received using a ticket. Event ID: 4672 (Special privileges assigned to new logon) - Special Privileges: "SeSecurityPrivilege" / "SeBackupPrivilege" / "SeRestorePrivilege" / "SeTakeOwnershipPrivilege" /	Required	

_	Remarks	
	Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	At the host for which access was granted by using a Silver Ticket, logs related to the executed command may be recorded.

Event ID: 4634 (An account was logged off)
- Logon Type: "3"
- New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain: "[Account Name / Account Domain Recorded in Event 4672]"
- New Logon -> Logon ID: "[Logon ID Recorded in Event 4672]"

3.10.1. ntdsutil

Basic Informatio	n						
	Tool Name	ntdsutil	<u>Legend</u>				
	Category	Obtaining Active Directory database	- Acquirable				
	Tool Overview A command to maintain Active Directory databases						
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to extract NTDS.DIT, a database for NTDS, and other tools are used to analyze passwords (executed in Active Directory).	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"				
		A desimilation					
	Authority	Administrator					
0	- U	Windows Server					
Operating	Domain	Required					
Condition	Communication	_					
	Protocol						
	Service	Active Directory Domain Services					
Information	Standard Settings	- The fact that the service has started and that a driver was installed on a storage device					
Acquired from	J	- History of shadow copy creation					
Log	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)					
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		If the following is confirmed, it is possible that information was breached. - If ntdsutil.exe was executed and the following log is recorded in the event log: - The Event ID 8222 is recorded in the event log "Security". - A request for a handle for "[System Drive]\SNAP_[Date and Time]_VOLUME[Drive Letter]\$" was successful *Additionally, if a log indicating that files under C:\Windows\NTDS, which cannot be normally read, were copied (Event ID: 4663) is recorded, it is possible that	a shadow copy was used.				

Points to be Con	Log Generation			Additional
Communication	Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Settings
			Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\ntdsutil.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process ID: - Process ID: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Exit Status	
		Event Log	<pre>Event ID: 4673 (A privileged service was called) - Process -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\explorer.exe" - Confirmable Information - Privileges Used: Service Request Information -> Privileges ("SeTcbPrivilege")</pre>	
		- Security	Event ID: 8222 (Shadow copy has been created) - Confirmable Information - Shadow Copy Name: Shadow Device Name	Required
			*This log is recorded without a need to configure additional settings.	
			<pre>Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\VSSVC.exe" - Confirmable Information - Mount Point: Object -> Object Name ("C\SNAP_[Date and Time]_VOLUME[C]\$") - Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success")</pre>	
-	Active Directory Domain Controller		- Remarks - If a log indicating that files under C:\Windows\NTDS, which cannot be normally read (event 4663) was successful, it is considered that access was successful. Note that outputting the event 4663 requires the audit of object access.	
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\ntdsutil.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
			Event ID: 7036 - Detailed Tab -> It is possible that a start of a service with EventData\param1 set to one of the following may be recorded: - "Volume Shadow Copy" - "Microsoft Software Shadow Copy Provider" - "Windows Modules Installer"	
		Event Log - System	*If a service has already been executed, a log will not be output. Event ID: 20001	-
			- Details Tab -> System\Provider\Name is set to "Microsoft-Windows-UserPnp". - Confirmable Information - Process ID: System\Execution\ProcessID *Matches the process ID of drvinst.exe output in the Sysmon log Snapshot Name: UserData\InstallDeviceID\DeviceInstanceID *If a similar snapshot was mounted before, an event log may not be output.	
		Execution History - Registry	Registry Entry: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\CurrentControlSet\Enum\STORAGE\VolumeSnapshot\HarddiskVolumeSnapshot[Snapshot Number] - If drvinst.exe has been executed, a new key is created.	<u>-</u>

Remarks		
Additional Eve	nt Logs That Can Be Output	It is possible that the fact that a driver was installed is left in volsnap.inf as a difference. (*If a similar snapshot was mounted before, an event log may not be recorded.)

3.10.2. vssadmin

Basic Information	n		<u> </u>	
	Tool Name	vssadmin	<u>Legend</u>	
	Category	Obtaining Active Directory database	- Acquirable	
	Tool Overview	Creates Volume Shadow Copy and extracts NTDS.DIT	Information	
Tool	During an Attack	This tool is used to extract NTDS.DIT, a database for NTDS, so that the password can be analysed using other tools.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"	
	Authority	Administrator		
	Targeted OS	Windows Server		
Operating	Domain	Required		
Condition	Communication			
	Protocol			
	Service	Active Directory Domain Services		
Information	Standard Settings	- The fact that the service has started and that a driver was installed on a storage device		
Acquired from	Standard Settings	- History of shadow copy creation		
Log	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)		
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a shadow copy was created.		
		*Additionally, if a log indicating that files under C:\Windows\NTDS, which cannot be normally read, were copied (Event ID: 4663) is recorded, it is possible		
		that a shadow copy was used.		

Points to be Con Communication	firmed Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional
Communication	Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired information Details	Settings
		Event Log	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\vssadmin.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process ID: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Information -> New Process ID - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
		Security	Event ID: 8222 (A shadow copy was created) - Confirmable Information - Shadow Copy Name: Shadow Device Name	
			- Remarks - If a log indicating that files under <code>c:\Windows\NTDS</code> , which cannot be normally read (event 4663) was successful, it is considered that access was successful. The content of an output log depends on the software used for copying. Note that outputting the event 4663 requires the audit of object access.	-
-	Active Directory Domain Controller	Event Log	<pre>Event ID: 7036 - Detailed Tab -> System\Provider\Name: "Service Control Manager" - Details Tab -> EventData\param1: "Volume Shadow Copy" - Confirmable Information - Executing the Service: Details Tab -> EventData\param2 ("Being executed") *If the Volume Shadow Copy service is already running, a log will not be output.</pre>	
		System	<pre>Event ID: 20001 - Detailed Tab -> System\Provider\Name: "Microsoft-Windows-UserPnp" - Confirmable Information - Process ID:</pre>	_
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\vssadmin.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: - Vives that are targeted for creating a shadow copy are recorded. User - Process ID: - Process ID: - Vives that are targeted for creating a shadow copy are recorded. Frocess ID: - Vives that are targeted for creating a shadow copy are recorded. - Vives ID: - Vives ID	Required
		Execution History - Registry	Registry Entry: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\CurrentControlSet\Enum \STORAGE\VolumeSnapshot\HarddiskVolumeSnapshot[Snapshot Number] - If drvinst.exe has been executed, a new key is created.	-

_	Remarks		
	Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	The fact that a driver was installed may be left in volsnap.inf as a difference. (*If a similar snapshot was mounted before, an event log may not be recorded.)	

3.11.1. net user

Basic Information						
	Tool Name	net Command (net user)	<u>Legend</u>			
	Category	Adding or Deleting a User/Adding or Deleting a Group	- Acquirable			
	Tool Overview	Adds a user account in a client or the domain	Information			
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to create accounts or additional sessions in the machine the attacker has infected or to communicate with other hosts.	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"			
	Authority	Administrator				
	Targeted OS	Windows				
Operating	Domain	Not required				
Condition	Communication	-				
		*With domain administrator, accounts can also be created on the Domain Controller.				
	Service	-				
Information		- The fact that a user has been added is recorded in a log.				
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- A user name and password specified by the "net user" command are recorded (Sysmon).				
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed		If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a user was added.				
When Execution is Successful		- The Event ID 4720 is recorded in the event log "Security".				

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\net1.exe"	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C\Windows\System32\net.exe"	Required

Remarks			
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	If addition to a group or others were performed, the relevant access history is recorded.		

3.12.1. net use

Basic Information	on		<u> </u>
	Tool Name	net Command (net use)	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	File Sharing	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Connects to shared folders that are publicly available on the network	Information
Tool		This tool is used to send in tools to be used during attacks via shared folders and to acquire information from a file server Source host: net command execution source	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	During an Attack	- Destination host: the machine accessed by the net command	Ticia value
	Authority	Standard user	-
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication	445/tcp	
	Protocol	·	
		Destination host: Server, Source host: Workstation	
Information	Standard Settings		
Acquired from		- Source host: Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
•	Additional Settings		
Log		*If a write is made to a shared point, it is recorded in the audit policy of write data.	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed		
When Execution is Successful		- The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of net.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0".	

Points to be Con Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings	
	Source host	Sec	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\net.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Network Information -> Direction: - Network Information -> Destination Address: - Network Information -> Destination Port / Protocol: "445" / "6" (TCP)	Required
OS: Windows user US: Windows user		Execution History - Sysmon	- Confirmable Information - Source Port: Network Information -> Source Port Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C\Windows\System32\net.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *The destination host and share path are recorded User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required	
	Destination host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Address: "[IP Address of the File Server]" - Network Information -> Source Port / Protocol: "445" / "6" (TCP) - Confirmable Information - Source Host: Network Information -> Destination Address - Source Port: Network Information -> Destination Port *Matches the source port of the source host	Required	
	Active Directory Domain Controller	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) - Logon Type: "3" - Network Information -> Source Network Address: "[Destination Address in Event 5156]" - Network Information -> Source Port: "[Destination Port Recorded in Event 5156]" - Confirmable Information - Used User: New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain	Required	

Remarks	S

Remarks		
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	- If read data is enabled in the audit policy, the connected share path is recorded in the event 5140 (file sharing).	
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	- If write access is made to a share point, it is recorded in audit of object access.	

3.12.2. net share

Basic Information	on		<u></u>
	Tool Name	net Command (net share)	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	File Sharing	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Shares particular folders so that they are available via network	Information
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to create a share path on the host the attacker has infected to read and write files.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Administrator	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication Protocol	- *Although a shared path is used via network, adding a shared folder with "net share" is completed on the machine.	
	Service	Server	
Information	Standard Settings	- Information on a share path may be left on the registry. *The value will be cleared when shared folder is disabled.	
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy) *The shared path and used share name are recorded.	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	If the following log is in the event log, it can be deemed that a shared folder was created.	
When Execution is Successful		- The event ID: 5142 is recorded in the event log "Security".	

Communication	Communication Location L		Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\net.exe"	Required
-		Event Log - Sysmon	<pre>Event IDs: 1 (Process Create)</pre>	Required

Remarks	
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-

Access History

Registry

3.12.3. icacls

Basic Information	on		
	Tool Name	icacls	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	File Sharing	- Acquirable
Tool	Tool Overview	Changes the file access rights	Information
	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	- This tool is used to change the rights to read a file that cannot be read by the used account It is also used to capture rights so that the content of a file created by the attacker will not be viewable.	- Event ID/Item Name - Field Name - "Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user * When the Access Control List (ACL) has been changed, appropriate rights for the relevant files are required.	
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows	
Condition	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication	-	
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information Acquired from	Standard Settings	Execution history (Prefetch)	
Log	Additional Settings	Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed When Execution is Successful		If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that file access rights were changed. - The Event IDs: 4688 and 4689 on icacls.exe are recorded in the event log "Security", and the <i>Exit Status</i> in the event ID: 4689 is set to "0x0". *Since it is not possible to determine the target files from the Event IDs 4688 and 4689 , it is necessary to additionally check the command line of icacls.exe from the event ID 1 of sysmon.	

Points	to h	e Cor	ofirmed

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	Event Log	Event Log -	4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\icacls.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: Process Information -> Token Escalation Type	Required
-		Required		
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\ICACLS.EXE-CCAC2A58.pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Executed Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Remarks					
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-				

3.13.1. sdelete

Basic Information Tool Name sdelete <u>Legend</u> Category Tool Overview Acquirable Deleting Evidence Deletes a file after overwriting it several times Information - Event ID/Item Name Tool Example of Field Name Presumed Tool Use This tool is used to delete a file created in the course of an attack to make it impossible to be recovered. - "Field Value" During an Attack Authority Standard user Targeted OS Windows Operating Not required Domain Condition Communication Protocol Service Execution history (Prefetch) - A statement to the effect that a license agreement on the use of sdelete was consented is recorded in the registry. *If the tool was used in the past, it cannot be confirmed from the information obtained under the standard setting. Information Standard Settings Acquired from Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy) Log Additional Settings A record of deleting and overwriting the file to be deleted during the audit of object access
A file with its name similar to the following was repeatedly deleted. **Evidence That Can Be Confirmed** When Execution is Successful

Points	to	be	Confirmed

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
	- Host (Windows)	Event Log -	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (sdelete.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Process Return Value: Event ID: 4656 (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object)	Required
-		Security	4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) 4658 (The handle to an object was closed) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (sdelete.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - File to be Deleted: Object -> Object Name *In the course of deleting a file by overwriting it, sdelete creates a file with its name consisting of a combination of the name of the file to be deleted and some letters, and repeats the delete operation. (Example: sdeleAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (sdelete.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - Process Command Line: *In addition to the executable file, the number of overwriting operations and other options passed to sdelete.exe can be found. - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (SDELETE.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Execution Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-
		Execution History - Registry	Registry Entry: HKEY_USERS\[SID]\Software\Sysinternals\Sdelete - When the tool is used for the first time, the effect that the license agreement was consented is recorded in EulaAccepted If sdelete was used on the machine in the past, it is not possible to determine its use by the attacker.	-

Remarks

Veillarks				
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-			

3.13.2. timestomp

Basic Information	on		_
		timestomp	<u>Legend</u>
	Category	Deleting Evidence	- Acquirable
	Tool Overview	Changes the file timestamp	
Tool	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	For a file whose timestamp has changed as a result of the use by the attacker, this tool is used to conceal the access to the file by restoring the timestamp.	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"
	Authority	Standard user	
	Targeted OS	Windows	
Operating	Domain	Not required	
Condition	Communication		
	Protocol		
	Service	-	
Information	Standard Settings		
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)	
Log	g	- Auditing of change of file creation date and time	
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that the timestamp was changed.	·
When Executi	ion is Successful	- The Event ID: 4663 is recorded in the event log "Security", and the "WriteAttributes" keyword for the target file is set to "Audit Success".	

communication	firmed Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional
- Initiality	Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired information Details	Settings
		Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) A689 (A process has exited) Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (timestomp.exe)]" Confirmable Information Process Start/End Time and Date:	Required
	Host (Windows)	Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (imestomp.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: - The target file, properties to be changed, and new timestamp are recorded in the argument in the command line User Name: Event ID: 2 (File creation time changed) - Image: "[File Name (timestomp.exe]]" - Confirmable Information - Date and Time (UTC) the Change Occurred: UtcTime - New File Name: - New File Name: - New Timestamp (UTC): - Previous Timestamp (UTC): - Previous Timestamp (UTC): - Previous CreationUtcTime *The Event ID: 2 shows a change in the file creation date and time, but it is output regardless of the type (creation, change, or access) of the changed timestamp. If an item other than the creation date and time is changed, the same time (original date and time) is recorded in the timestamp before and after the change. *Timestamps other than for the creation date and time will not be recorded. Event ID: 9 (RawAccessRead detected - Direct disk read detected) - Image: "[File Name (timestomp.exe]]" - Confirmable Information - Name of the Device that has the Target File: Device ("\Device\HarddiskVolume 2")	Required
			1	Ī
		Execution History	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (TIMESTOMP.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf	

Rem	arks	

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output -

3.14.1. wevtutil

Basic Information	on				
	Tool Name	Tool Name wevtutil			
	Category	Deleting Event Log	- Acquirable		
	Tool Overview	Deletes Windows event logs	Information		
Tool	Example of	This tool is used to delete the evidence of an attack.	- Event ID/Item Name		
	Presumed Tool Use	- Source host: wevtutil command execution source	- Field Name		
	During an Attack	- Destination host: The machine accessed by the wevtutil command	- "Field Value"		
	Authority	Administrator			
Operating	Targeted OS	Windows			
Operating	Domain	Not required			
Condition	Communication Protocol	135/tcp			
	Service	Event Log			
Information		- The fact that an event log was cleared remains in each cleared log of the host.			
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- The account used for clearing logs and the host that executed the clear command can be confirmed.			
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed - Source host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that logs were cleared.					
When Execut	ion is Successful	- The Event ID: 104 is recorded in each target event log.			

Points to be Cor Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings		
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows administrator	Source host		-	Event Log -	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\wevtutil.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Information -> Exit Status	Required
			<pre>Event ID: 4648 (A logon was attempted using explicit credentials) - Process Information -> Process Name: "C:\Windows\System32\wevtutil.exe" - Process Information -> Process ID: The same as the process ID recorded in the event 4688 - Confirmable Information - Local Account: Subject -> Account Name / Account Domain - Account Used at Destination Host: Account for which a Credential was Used -> Account Name / Account Domain - Destination Host: Target Server -> Target Server Name</pre>			
			Event Log - Sysmon	Event Log -	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "C:\Windows\System32\wevtutil.exe" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
	Destination host	Event Log - Each Target Log	<pre>Event ID: 104 (The System log file was cleared) - Confirmable Information - User:</pre>	-		
		Event Log -	Event ID: 4672 (Special privileges assigned to new logon) - Confirmable Information - Account with Escalated Privileges: Subject -> Account Name / Account Domain - Available Privileges: Special Privileges ("SeSecurityPrivilege" / "SeRestorePrivilege" / "SeTakeOwnershipPrivilege" / "SeDebugPrivilege" / "SeDebugPrivilege" / "SeEnableDelegationPrivilege" / "SeLoadDriverPrivilege" / "SeImpersonatePrivilege" / "SeEnableDelegationPrivilege") Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) - Logon Type: "3" - Confirmable Information - Used Security ID: New Logon -> Security ID - Account: Account Name / Account Domain - Host which Requested Logon: Network Information -> Source Network Address	Required		

Remarks	
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-

3.15.1. csvde

Basic Information Tool Name csvde <u>Legend</u> Category Acquisition of Account Information Acquirable Tool Overview Outputs account information on the Active Directory in the CSV format Information - Event ID/Item Name Tool Example of This tool is used to extract information on an existing account and select users and clients available as attack targets. Field Name Presumed Tool Use - Source host: csvde command execution source - "Field Value" During an Attack Destination host: The machine in which information is collected by the csvde command Authority Standard user Targeted OS Windows Domain Not required Operating Participation *By entering correct authentication information, it is possible to obtain information remotely from a client that does not participate in the domain. Condition Communication 389/tcp Protocol Active Directory Domain Services Service Source host: Execution history (Prefetch) Standard Settings Information Source host: The fact that a csv file was created by csvde.exe. Acquired from **Additional Settings** The fact that " $C: \Users \setminus [User \ Name] \setminus AppData \setminus Local \setminus Temp \setminus csv[Random \ Number].tmp"$ was created as a temporary file when creating a csv file. Log Destination host: Inbound to 389/tcp and login with Kerberos Authentication are recorded. **Evidence That Can Be Confirmed** Source host: csvde.exe was executed and a file specified by the "-f" option was created. When Execution is Successful - "C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\Local\Temp\csv[Random Number].tmp" was created and deleted.

oints to be Con	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows Server domain user	Source host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information > Process Name: "[File Name (covide.exe])" - Confirmable Information - Process Name: "[File Name (covide.exe])" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date:	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (csvde.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: CommandLine *If a user or file name is specified, an argument is recorded. - User Name: User - Process ID: ProcessId	Required
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name(CSVDE.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Executed Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-

Communication	Log Generation Location	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings
OS: Windows user US: Windows Server domain user (Continued from the previous entry)	Destination host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume \(\frac{2}{2} \)\ \text{windows\system32\lass.exe"} \\ - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Port / Protocol: "389" / "6" (TCP) - Network Information -> Destination Port: "[Source Port recorded in the client which executed csvde.exe]" - Confirmable Information - Source Host: Destination Port Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) 4634 (An account was logged off) - Logon Type: "3" - Network Information -> Source Network Address: "[Destination Address in Event 5156]" - Network Information -> Source Port: "[Destination Port Recorded in Event 5156]" - Confirmable Information - Used User: New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain - New Logon ID: New Logon -> Logon ID *Used for association with other logs	Required

Remarks

Additional Event Logs That Can Be O	utput
-------------------------------------	-------

3.15.2. Idifde

Basic Information	on				
Tool	Tool Name	ldifde Legend			
	<u> </u>	Acquisition of Account Information - Acquirable			
	Tool Overview	Outputs account information on the Active Directory in the LDIF format Information			
		This tool is used to extract information on an existing account and select users and clients available as attack targets. - Source host: Idifde command execution source - Destination host: The machine in which information is collected by the Idifde command	ame		
	Authority	Standard user			
	Targeted OS	Windows			
Operating	Domain	Not required			
Condition	Participation	*By entering correct authentication information, it is possible to obtain information remotely from a client that does not participate in the domain.			
Contaition	Communication Protocol	389/tcp			
		Active Directory Domain Services			
Information	Standard Settings	- Source host: Execution history (Prefetch)			
Acquired from	Additional Settings	- Source host: The fact that a LDIF file was created by Idifde.exe.			
Log	Additional Settings	- Destination host: Inbound to 389/tcp and login with Kerberos Authentication are recorded.			
Evidence That	Can Be Confirmed	- Source host: Idifde.exe was executed and a file specified by the "-f" option was created.			
When Executi	ion is Successful				

Points to be Confirmed Additional Communicatio **Log Generation** Log Type and Name **Acquired Information Details** Location **Settings Event ID**: **4688** (A new process has been created) **4689** (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (Idifde.exe)]" - Confirmable Information Process Start/End Time and Date: Log Date Name of User Who Executed the Process: Subject -> Account Name - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: Subject -> Account Domain - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Return Value **Process Information -> Exit Status Event ID**: **5156** (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "[File Name (Idifde.exe)]" - Network Information -> Direction: "Outbound" "[Domain Controller IP Address]" **Event Log** - Network Information -> Destination Address: - Network Information -> Destination Port / Protocol: "389" / "6" (TCP) Security - Confirmable Information - Source Port: Source Port *Used for association with logs on the Domain Controller side **Event ID**: **4656** (A handle to an object was requested) 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object) **4658** (The handle to an object was closed) Source host - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (Idifde.exe)]" - Object -> Object Name: "[File specified with the "-f" option when executing Idifde.exe]" - Confirmable Information Handle ID **Object** -> **Handle ID** *Used for association with other logs - Process Details Access Request Information -> Access ("WriteData or AddFile" / "AppendData, AddSubdirectory, or CreatePipeInstance") - Success or Failure: Keywords ("Audit Success") OS: Windows **Event ID**: 1 (Process Create) user **5** (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (Idifde.exe)]" OS: Windows Event Log Server - Confirmable Information Required domain user - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime Sysmon - Process Command Line: **CommandLine** *If a user or file name is specified, an argument is recorded. - User Name User - Process ID: ProcessId File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (LDIFDE.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf **Execution History** Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) Prefetch Last Execution Time and Date Last Execution Time **Event ID**: **5156** (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume 2\windows\system32\lsass.exe" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Port / Protocol: "389" / "6" (TCP) "[Source Port recorded in the client which executed Idifde.exe]" - Network Information -> Destination Port: - Confirmable Information Source Host **Destination Port** - Success or Failure: Keyword **Event Log Destination host Event ID**: **4624** (An account was successfully logged on) Required - Logon Type: Security - Network Information -> Source Network Address: "[Destination Address in Event 5156]" - Network Information -> Source Port: "[Destination Port Recorded in Event 5156]" - Confirmable Information - Used User: New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain - New Logon ID: New Logon -> Logon ID *Used for association with other logs Event ID: 4634 (An account was logged off)

Remarks					
Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output	-				

- Subject -> Account Name / Account Domain / Logon ID: "[The same as the one recorded in Event 4624]"

3.15.3. dsquery

Basic Informatio	on				
Tool		dsquery	Legend		
	Category	Acquisition of Account Information	- Acquirable		
	Tool Overview	btains information, such as users and groups, from a directory service Information			
	Example of Presumed Tool Use During an Attack	This tool is used to extract information on an existing account and select users and clients available as attack targets Source host: dsquery command execution source - Destination host: The machine in which information is collected by the dsquery command	Event ID/Item NameField Name"Field Value"		
	· ·	Standard user * Depending on the Access Control List (ACL) setting, some information cannot be obtained with standard user privileges.			
	Targeted OS	Windows			
Operating Condition	Liomain	Not required * This investigation is conducted on the Domain Controller. By entering correct authentication information, it is possible to obtain information remotely from a client that does not participate in the domain.			
	Communication Protocol	389/tcp			
	Service	Active Directory Domain Services			
Information	Standard Settings	- Source host: Execution history (Prefetch)			
Acquired from Log	Acquired from Additional Settings - Source host: Execution history (Sysmon / audit policy)				
Evidence That Can Be Confirmed The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs, execution history, and so on. *If the extracted account information is saved, it can be considered that			sidered that		
When Executi	ion is Successful	the tool execution was successful.			

Points to be Cor Communication	Log Generation	Log Type and Name	Acquired Information Details	Additional Settings	
OS: Windows user ↓ OS: Windows Server user	Source host	Event - Secu	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 4688 (A new process has been created) 4689 (A process has exited) - Process Information -> Process Name: "[File Name (dsquery.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date: - Name of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Domain of User Who Executed the Process: - Presence of Privilege Escalation at Process Execution: - Process Information -> Token Escalation Type - Process Return Value: - Process Return Value: - Process Information -> Exit Status - Process Information -> Exit Status - Process Information -> Descination Name: - Process Information -> Exit Status - Network Information -> Destination Address: - Powerk Information -> Destination Address: - Network Information -> Destination Port / Protocol: - Process Information -> Destination Port / Protocol: - Process Information -> Source Port: - Confirmable Information - Source Port: - Source Port: - Process Information -> Process Name: - Process Potatils:	Required
		Event Log - Sysmon	Event ID: 1 (Process Create) 5 (Process Terminated) - Image: "[File Name (dsquery.exe)]" - Confirmable Information - Process Start/End Time and Date (UTC): UtcTime - Process Command Line: - User Name: - Process ID: *If a user or file name is specified, an argument is recorded. User ProcessID:	Required	
		Execution History - Prefetch	File name: C:\Windows\Prefetch\[File Name (DSQUERY.EXE)]-[RANDOM].pf - Confirmable Information (the following can be confirmed using this tool: WinPrefetchView) - Last Executed Time and Date: Last Execution Time	-	
	Destination host	Event Log - Security	Event ID: 5156 (The Windows Filtering Platform has allowed a connection) - Application Information -> Application Name: "\device\harddiskvolume2\windows\system32\lsass.exe" - Network Information -> Direction: "Inbound" - Network Information -> Source Port / Protocol: "389" / "6" (TCP) - Network Information -> Destination Port: "[Source Port recorded in the client that executed dsquery.exe]" - Confirmable Information - Source Host: Destination Port Event ID: 4624 (An account was successfully logged on) - 4634 (An account was logged off) - Logon Type: "3" - Network Information -> Source Network Address: "[Destination Address in Event 5156]" - Network Information -> Source Port: "[Destination Port Recorded in Event 5156]" - Confirmable Information - Used User: New Logon -> Account Name / Account Domain - New Logon ID: New Logon -> Logon ID "Used for association with other logs	Required	

Additional Event Logs That Can Be Output

3.16. Evidence That Can Be Observed for Successful Tool Execution

The following table describes criteria to observe the execution of a tool and command, and the success of the attack. Note that logs are described in each sheet in more detail.

Category	Investigation Target	Success or Failure Decision
outegory	PsExec	If the following is confirmed, it is possible that PsExec was executed. - Source host: If the following log is in the event log - The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of psexec.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0". - Destination host: PSEXESVC.exe is installed.
	wmic	If the following logs that have the same log time are found at "source host" and "destination host", it is possible that a remote connection was made. - Source host: - The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of WMIC.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0". - Destination host: If the following log is in Sysmon: - It is recorded in the event log "Sysmon" that WmiPrvSE.exe was executed with the Event IDs 1 and 5.
	PowerShell	If the following logs that have the same log time are found, it is possible that a remote command was executed. *This also applies to Prefetch. - Source host: - The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of PowerShell was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0". - Destination host: If the following log is in the event log: - The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of wsmprovhost.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0".
Command Execution	wmiexec.vbs	- Destination host: The "WMI_SHARE" share has been created and deleted.
Command Execution	BeginX	 Source host: The fact that communication via a permitted port occurred unintentionally at the destination host is recorded. Destination host: Unintended communication is permitted for Windows Firewall, and a tool that is listening at the relevant port exists.
	WinRM	 Source host: If the following log exists, it is possible that WinRM was executed. A log indicating that escript exe accessed the destination host with Event IDs 1 and 5 of the event log "Sysmon" is recorded.
	WinRS	- The execution of WinRS is recorded in the event log "Application and Service\Microsoft\Windows\Windows Remote Management\Operational".
	at	- Source host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a task was registered. - The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of at.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0". - Destination host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a task was executed. - The Event ID 106 (A task has been registered) was recorded in the event log "\Microsoft\Windows\TaskScheduler\Operational". - The Event IDs 200 (The operation that has been started) and 201 (The operation has been completed) are registered in the event log "\Microsoft\Windows\TaskScheduler\Operational", and the return value of the Event ID 201 is set to success.
	BITS	If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a file was transferred. - The Event ID 60 is recorded in the event log "Application and Service Log\Microsoft\Windows\Bits-Client", and the status code is set to "0x0".
	PWDump7	The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history.
	PWDumpX	- Source host: If "[Path to Tool]\[Destination Address]-PWHashes.txt" has been created, it is considered that it was successfully executed.
	Quarks PwDump	- A temporary file ("SAM-[Random Number].dmp") was created and deleted.
	mimikatz (Password Hash Acquisition)	The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history.
	mimikatz (Ticket Acquisition)	- If a file that output a ticket is generated, it is considered that the process was successful.
Password Hash	WCE	- The "C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\Local\Temp\wceaux.dll" file was created and deleted.
Acquisition	gsecdump	The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history.
	Islsass	The successful execution of the tool cannot be determined from event logs or execution history.
	Find-GPOPasswords.ps1	- A file in which a password was dumped (GPPDataReport-[Domain Name]-[Time and Date].csv) is output.
	Mail PassView	- If the extracted password is saved, it is considered that the execution was successful.
	WebBrowserPassView	- If the extracted password is saved, it is considered that the execution was successful.
	Remote Desktop PassView	- If the extracted password is saved, it is considered that the execution was successful.
Malicious Communication Relay	Htran	- Source host: If the following log is in the event log, it is possible that communication occurred. - It is recorded in the Event ID 5156 in the event log "Security" that a communication occurred with the tunnel host and tunnel destination host.
(Packet Tunneling)	Fake wpad	 Source host: Communication via 80/tcp and 8888/tcp was made with a host that is originally neither a proxy nor HTTP server. Destination host: A host that is originally neither a proxy nor HTTP server was listening to 80/tcp and 8888/tcp. wpad.dat and proxy.log were created.
Remote Login	RDP	- Destination host: If the following logs are in the event log, it is considered that the connection was successful. - Event ID: 4624 is recorded in the event log "Security". - Event IDs 21 and 24 are recorded in the event log "Microsoft\Windows\TerminalServices-LocalSessionManager\Operational"
Pass-the-hash,	WCE	 Source host: The fact that WCESERVICE was installed and executed is recorded. Destination host: The fact that a logon was made from a remote host is recorded. Both source host and destination host: The fact that communication using WMI occurred is recorded.
Pass-the-ticket	mimikatz	 Destination host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a remote login was made. The Event ID 4624 is recorded in the event log "Security" regarding access from an unintended source host.
Ecolotion to CVCTER D	MS14-058 Exploit	- The Event ID: 4688 is recorded regarding a process executed with SYSTEM privileges, whose parent process cannot be the parent of the tool or that process.
Escalation to SYSTEM Privileges	MS15-078 Exploit	- The Event ID: 4688 is recorded regarding a process executed with SYSTEM privileges, whose parent process cannot be the parent of the tool or that process.
Privilege Escalation	SDB UAC Bypass	- The fact that a process whose parent process name includes an application that is normally assumed not to be a parent process was executed is recorded.
	MS14-068 Exploit	- Destination host: In the Event ID: 4672 of the event log "Security", high level privileges are granted to a standard user.
Capturing the Domain Administrator and Account Credentials	Golden Ticket (mimikatz)	- Destination host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that unauthorised logon was attempted In the Event IDs 4672, 4624, and 4634 in the event log "Security", a logon attempt by an account with an illegal domain is recorded.
	Silver Ticket (mimikatz)	- Destination host: If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that unauthorised logon was attempted In the Event IDs 4672, 4624, and 4634 in the event log "Security", a logon attempt by an account with an illegal domain is recorded.

Category	Investigation Target	Success or Failure Decision				
Capturing Active Directory Database (Creation of Domain Administrator or Addition of a User to Administrator Group)	ntdsutil	If the following is confirmed, it is possible that information was breached. - If ntdsutil.exe was executed and the following log is recorded in the event log: - The Event ID 8222 is recorded in the event log "Security". - A request for a handle for "[System Drive]\SNAP_[Date and Time]_VOLUME[Drive Letter]\$" was successful *Additionally, if a log indicating that files under C:\Windows\NTDS, which cannot be normally read, were copied (Event ID: 4663) is recorded, it is possible that a shadow copy was used.				
	vssadmin	If the following log is in the event log, it is considered that a shadow copy was created. - The Event ID 8222 is recorded in the event log "Security". *Additionally, if a log indicating that files under C:\Windows\NTDS, which cannot be normally read, were copied (Event ID: 4663) is recorded, it is possible that a shadow copy was used.				
Adding or Deleting a Local User/Group	net user	- The Event ID 4720 is recorded in the event log "Security".				
File Sharing	net use	- Source host: If the following log is in the event log, it is possible that file sharing occurred. - The Event ID 4689 (A process has exited) of net.exe was recorded in the event log "Security" with the execution result (return value) of "0x0".				
	net share	- The Event ID: 5142 is recorded in the event log "Security".				
	icacls	 The Event IDs: 4688 and 4689 on icacls.exe are recorded in the event log "Security", and the Exit Status in the Event ID: 4689 is set to "0x0". *Since it is not possible to determine the target files from the Event IDs 4688 and 4689, it is necessary to additionally check the command line of icacls.exe from the Event ID 1 of sysmon. 				
Deleting Evidence	sdelete	- A file with its name similar to the following was repeatedly deleted Example: sdeleAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA, sdeleZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ				
	timestomp	The Event ID: 4663 is recorded in the event log "Security", and the "WriteAttributes" keyword for the target file is set to "Audit Success".				
Deleting Event Log	wevtutil	- The Event ID: 104 is recorded in each target event log.				
Acquisition of Account Information	csvde	- Source host: csvde.exe was executed and a file specified by the "-f" option was created. - "C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\Local\Temp\csv[Random Number].tmp" was created and deleted.				
	ldifde	- Source host: Idifde.exe was executed and a file specified by the "-f" option was created.				
	dsquery	- If the extracted account information is saved, it can be considered that the tool execution was successful.				

4. Acquiring Additional Logs

This chapter describes the importance of acquiring detailed logs that cannot be obtained with the default settings as stated in the findings reported in Chapter 3, and matters that should be taken into consideration when acquiring additional detailed logs.

4.1. Importance of Acquiring Additional Logs

This research found that the tools installed by default in Windows leave execution traces of evidence in event logs, but most tools that are not installed in Windows do not leave execution traces of evidence anywhere. For example, Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP), a tool for remote login, and "at", a tool for scheduling tasks, leave evidence of execution in the event logs Microsoft\Windows\TerminalServices-LocalSessionManager\Operational and Microsoft\Windows\TaskScheduler\Operational, respectively, indicating that the tools have been executed.

Conversely, in an environment where the audit policy is enabled and Sysmon is installed for acquiring additional logs, evidence of execution of most tools can be acquired. For example, by configuring audit policy settings, when a temporary file is created, it can be recorded in the event log. As a result, if an attacker attempts to collect account information by using "csvde", the temporary file that is created, C:\Users\[User_Name]\AppData\Local\Temp\csv[Random_Number].tmp, is recorded in the event log. To investigate the execution of tools, these settings need to be configured in advance to acquire detailed logs.

Note that detailed logs can be acquired with audit software (such as asset management software) without enabling the audit policy and installing Sysmon. When such software monitors the following Windows OS operations, it can be recorded in a similar manner as in an environment where the audit policy is enabled and Sysmon is installed:

- Executing processes
- Writing files

4.2. Precautions When Changing the Additional Log Acquisition Settings

The increase in the amount of logs should be considered in advance when acquiring additional detailed logs. Because the amount of logs increases when the audit policy is enabled, log rotation accelerates, and older logs are maintained for a shorter period of time. Therefore, when enabling the audit policy, consider changing the maximum size of event logs at the same time. The maximum size of event logs can be changed with Event Viewer or the "wevtutil" command.

Note that changing the maximum size of event logs may exhaust storage capacity. JPCERT/CC recommends that storage capacity be evaluated before changing the maximum size of event logs.

5. How to Use This Report in Incident Investigation

This chapter describes how this research report can be used in the field of incident investigation through same examples using the results in Chapter 3 of this report.

5.1. Incident Investigation Using This Report

Chapter 3 was created on the assumption that it will be used when identifying tools that might be executed as part of incident investigations. Searching for keywords, such as an event ID and file name of a characteristic event log and a registry entry found during incident investigation, can find out possible tools that were executed.

An incident investigation often starts by checking any suspicious logs in the "Security" event log. Then, if "Event ID: 4663 (An attempt was made to access an object)" is found for example, it is assumed that there is evidence that the file 192.168.100.100-PWHashes.txt was created temporarily (recorded when the audit policy is enabled). Searching Chapter 3 for the distinctive text PWHashes.txt finds it is a file created when PWDumpX is executed.

Further proceeding with the investigation while referring to Section 3.3.2 finds that "PWDumpX" is a command attackers execute to acquire a password hash. Additionally, the fact that the temporary file [Destination_Address]-PWHashes.txt was created implies that the attacker had completed the purpose of acquiring the password hash on the server with IP address 192.168.100.100.

Investigating the server with IP address 192.168.100.100 explains that the file C:\Windows\System32\DumpSvc.exe was created and executed, and the fact that the service "PWDumpX Service" was installed is recorded as "Event ID: 7045 (A service was installed in the system)." This allows for determining that the attacker acquired the password hash for the IP address 192.168.100.100.

Section 3.16 describes how to verify that each tool was executed. Referring to the section for planning an investigation strategy in advance of commencing an incident investigation is encouraged as it shows information recorded by each tool in a list.

6. Conclusion

As it is becoming apparent that many organizations have suffered damage due to targeted attacks, the importance of incident investigations to further examine such damage is increasing. This report summarizes and presents evidence suggesting the execution of tools and its corresponding relationship with tools, which are the key to a successful incident investigation.

Many tools do not leave evidence of having been executed with the default Windows settings, which may cause incident investigations to remain unsolved. To analyze what the attacker did in detail, an environment that allows for more logs to be collected than those obtained with the default settings needs to be prepared in advance.

Under the current circumstances where it is difficult to prevent infiltration of a network, it is important to always consider and improve the method for acquiring logs to analyze the amount of damage after an incident occurs in order to prevent the spread of damage and review post-incident security measures. In addition to reviewing and being prepared for responses that are not limited to the method for acquiring additional logs using Windows standard functionality as shown in this report, also use other methods that combine the use of audit software or similar. Moreover, JPCERT/CC recommends that this report be used to identify evidence of tool execution by attackers in the event of a suspicious incident. JPCERT/CC hopes that this report will be of help in early detection and accurate response to targeted attacks, which are becoming more sophisticated.

7. Appendix A

This appendix describes how to install Sysmon and how to enable the audit policy. Note that it has been confirmed that setting up the audit policy and installing Sysmon will increase the amount of event logs. Before enabling the setting and installing the tool, it is recommended to verify its impact.

7.1. How to Install Sysmon

Download Sysmon from the following site:

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/dn798348

2. Execute the command prompt as a user with administrator privileges and execute the following command:

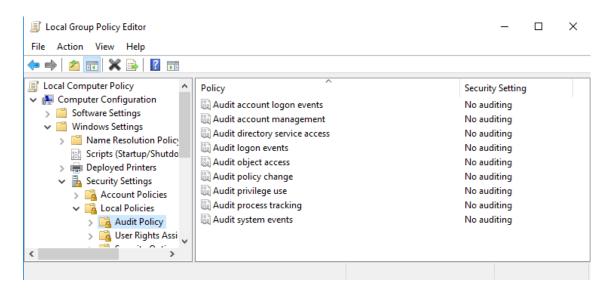
```
> Sysmon.exe -i
```

* Although adding the option "-n" enables network connection logs to be acquired, network connection should be dealt with in the audit policy.

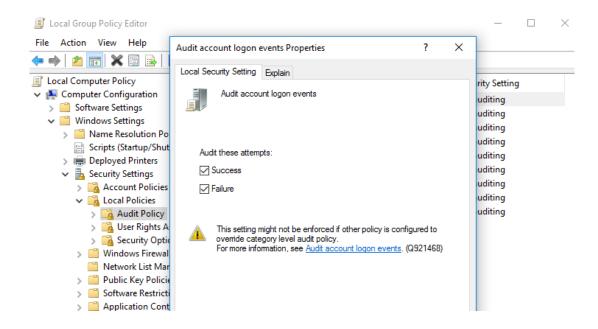
7.2. How to Enable the Audit Policy

The following describes how to enable the audit policy on a local computer. Note that the following shows settings in Windows 10.

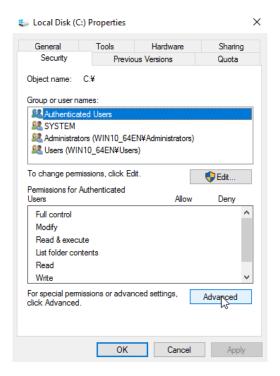
Open the Local Group Policy Editor. (Enter "gpedit.msc" into the [Search] box and execute it.)



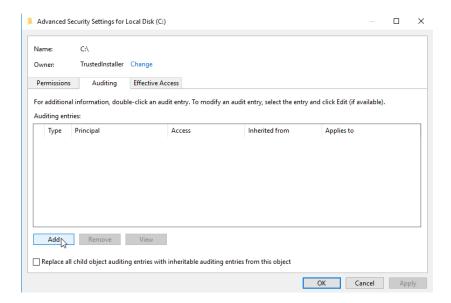
Select [Computer Configuration]→[Windows Settings]→[Security Settings]→[Local Policies]→[Audit Policy], and enable "Success" or "Failure" for each policy.



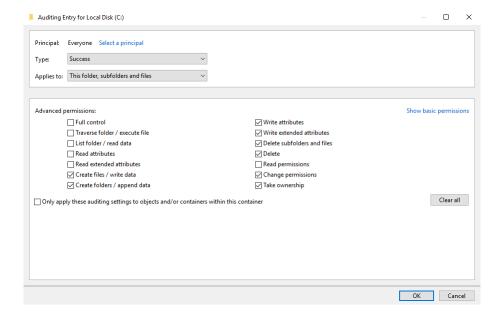
3. Select [Local Disk (C:)]→[Properties]→[Security] tab→[Advanced].



4. On the [Auditing] tab, add an object to be audited.



5. As shown below, select the user to be audited and access method to be audited.



The "Permissions" set here are as follows. (Although recording file read enables a more detailed investigation, it is excluded as doing so will increase the amount of logs.)

- Create files / write data
- Create folders / append data
- Write attributes
- Write extended attributes
- Delete subfolders and files
- Delete
- Change permissions
- Take ownership

Although configuring the above settings displays many errors as shown below, select "Continue."



8. Appendix B

This list describes logs recorded by default and other logs recorded by configuring additional settings, including audit policy settings and installation of Sysmon. The list only contains selected logs that can be used for incident investigation out of all logs that can be acquired.

Acquirable Log **Target** Log **How to Obtain Required Setting** Identifier **Event Name** Overview Main Information That Can Be Acquired Clearing of logs The cleared log channel 104 The System log file was cleared The [Service Name] service entered the A change of the service state Service name 7036 [Status] state (the same ID for execution and stop) - State Security Service name Executable file name A service was installed in the system Installation of a service Service type Startup type Recorded by default Windows settings Service account Device instance ID **Device Installation** Installation of a device driver Driver name Success or failure Account name, domain System UUID of a shadow copy Shadow copy has been created Creation of a shadow copy Computer name Source of a shadow copy Created shadow device name - Security ID Account name, domain - Logon ID Used for association with other event logs Logon type The main logon types include 2 = Local Interactive, 3 = Network, and 10 = Account logon An account was successfully logged on Remote Interactive Process ID Process name Login source: Workstation name, source network address, source port Authentication method: Authentication package Security ID Logon/Logoff Account name, domain > Auditing of Logon Account logoff An account was logged off - Logon ID Logon type Executing account information: Subject: - Security ID - Account name, domain - Logon ID Account whose credentials were used - Account name, domain · Target server A specified logon attempt by a A logon was attempted using explicit credentials particular account - Target server name Process information - Process ID - Process name Network information - Network address - Port Account name, domain Handle object: Object name A handle request for reading or Handle ID A handle to an object was requested writing an object Used for association with other event logs Process ID - Process name - Account name, domain Object access > Auditing of handle - Handle ID Ending the use of and releasing of a The handle to an object was closed operations handle Process ID Process name Account name, domain Source handle ID An attempt was made to duplicate a Duplication of an existing handle for 4690 Source process ID handle to an object use in other processes - Source handle ID - Source process ID Account name, domain Handle ID An object was deleted Deleting an object Process ID Process name · Account name, domain Common to All | Windows Log - Logon ID Object access - Object name File System,"An attempt was made to Access made to an object Handle ID access an object Process name Process ID Requested processing Account name, domain Enable each audit. Auditing of a file system additionally requires A handle request to SAM Handle object: Object name Security SACL settings. Each log is (Acquirable information Handle ID Object access A handle to an object was requested 4661 (audit policy) saved in "Windows Log > > Auditing of SAM is the same as that of Used for association with other event logs the event 4656) Process ID Security". - Process name - Security ID Assignment of special privileges to a - Executing account name, domain Special privileges assigned to new logon particular logon instance Logon ID Assigned special privileges Use of special privileges Account name, domain Execution of a process requiring - Service name A privileged service was called particular privileges Process ID Process name Used privileges Account name, domain Process ID Detailed tracking Process name > Auditing of process A new process has been created Startup of a process Presence of privilege escalation: Token creation escalation type Parent process ID: Creator process ID Account name, domain Detailed tracking · Process ID > Auditing of process 4689 A process has exited Process termination Process name termination - Return value: Exit status - Executing account information: Subject: - Security ID - Account name, domain - Logon ID A user account was created Information on the account to be added: New Account creation account: - Security ID Account management - Account name, domain > Auditing of user account Other attribute information Executing account information: Subject: management - Security ID - Account name, domain - Logon ID A user account was deleted Account deletion Information on the account to be deleted: Farget account: - Security ID - Account name, domain

T					Acquirable Log				
Target		Log	How to Obtain	Required Setting	Identifier		Overview	Main Information That Can Be Acquired - Executing account information: Subject	
				Account management > Auditing of security group management	4728	A member was added to a security- enabled global group	Addition of a member to a group (used when a member has been added to a group on the domain)	 Executing account information: Subject Security ID Account name, domain Logon ID Target user: Member Security ID Account name Target group: Group Security ID Group name Group domain 	
					4729	A member was removed from a security- enabled global group	Removal of a member from a group (used when a member has been removed from a group on the domain)	- Executing account information: Subject - Security ID - Account name, domain - Logon ID - Target user: Member - Security ID - Account name - Target group: Group - Security ID - Group name - Group domain	
		d (audit policy) (Continued from the		Account Logon > Auditing of the Kerberos authentication service	4768	A Kerberos authentication ticket (TGT) was requested	An authentication request for an account	 Account name, domain Security ID Source address, source port Ticket option Return value 	
				Account logon > Auditing of Kerberos service ticket operations	4769	A Kerberos service ticket was requested	An access authentication request for an account	 Account name, domain, logon ID Service name, service ID Client address, port Ticket option 	
				Policy change > Auditing of a change in the MPSSVC rule level policy	4946	A change was made to the Windows Firewall exception list. A rule was added.	Addition of a Windows Firewall rule	- Profile - Target rule name	
				Object access > Auditing of file sharing	5140	A network share object was accessed	Access to network share	 Security ID Account name, domain Logon ID Source address, source port Share name Share path Requested process 	
	Windows Log (Continued from the previous entry)				5142	A network share object was added	Creation of a new network share	Security IDAccount name, domainShare nameShare path	
					5144	A network share object was deleted	Deletion of a network share	Security IDAccount name, domainShare nameShare path	
Common to All (Continued from the previous entry)				Object access > Detailed auditing of file sharing	5145	A network share object was checked to see whether client can be granted desired access	Confirmation of whether a file share point can be used	 Security ID Account name, domain Logon ID Source address, source port Share name Share path, relative target name 	
				Object access > Auditing of Filtering Platform connections	5154	The Windows Filtering Platform has permitted an application or service to listen on a port for incoming connections	Port listening by an application or service	- Process ID - Process name - Address, port - Protocol number	
					5156	The Windows Filtering Platform has permitted a connection	Whether a connection is allowed by the Windows Filtering Platform (Windows Firewall) (if rejected, a different Event ID (5152) will be recorded)	 Process ID Process name Direction (outbound, inbound) Source address, source port Destination address, destination port Protocol number 	
		Svemon			1	Process Create	Startup of a process	Process start date and time: UtcTime Process command line: CommandLine The option passed to the executable file is recorded. If an IP address or user name of another host is specified in the option, it is possible to read it from here. User name: User Process ID: ProcessId	
					5	Process Terminated	Process termination	- Process end date and time: UtcTime - Process ID: ProcessId	
					8	CreateRemoteThread detected	Creating a new thread from another process	 Thread creation date and time: UtcTime Caller process ID: SourceProcessId Caller process name: SourceImage Callee process ID: TargetProcessId Callee process name: TargetImage 	
		Microsoft > Windows > TaskScheduler > Operational			106	Task registered	Registration of a new task	- Executing account name, domain - Created task name	
A	Application -				200	Action started	Execution of a task	- Task name - Executed operation	
	Application and Service				129	Created Task Process	Process executing in a task	- Task name - Process ID - Executed process	
					201	Action completed	Termination of a process executed in a task	Task nameTerminated processReturn value	
					102	Task completed	Termination of a task	- Executing account name, domain - Task name	
WinRM /		Microsoft > Windows > Windows Remote	Recorded by default \	/indows settings	6	Creating WSMan Session	Creation of a new session	- Destination host name	
WinRS	VinRS	Management > Operational			169	User authentication: authenticated successfully	User authentication: authenticated successfully	- User name, domain	
RDP		Microsoft > Windows > TerminalServices >				Remote Desktop Services: Session logon succeeded	New logon via RDP	Session connection start date and time Executing account name, domain Source network address	
		LocalSessionManage r > Operational				Remote Desktop Services: Session has been disconnected	Disconnection of an RDP session	 Session connection start date and time Executing account name, domain Source network address 	

Index

A	N	
AT23	net share	59
	net use	58
В	net user	57
BeginX 18	ntdsutil	55
BITS25		
	Р	
С	PowerShell	14
csvde 64	PsExec	11
	PWDump7	26
D	PWDumpX	27
dsquery67		
	Q	
F	Quarks PwDump	29
Fake wpad40		
Find-GPOPasswords.ps1	R	
·	RDP	42
G	Remote Desktop PassView	38
gsecdump33	·	
	S	
Н	SDB UAC Bypass	48
Htran39	sdelete	
1	Т	
icacls60	timestomp	62
	·	
L	V	
ldifde66	vssadmin	56
lslsass		
	W	
M	WCE	32, 43
Mail PassView36	WebBrowserPassView	37
Mimikatz 30, 31, 45, 52, 54	wevtutil	
MS14-058 Exploit	WinRM	19
MS14-068 Exploit50	WinRS	21
MS15-078 Exploit	wmic	13
·	wmiexec.vbs	16

