

# 2347126-lab5-nndl

October 24, 2024

```
[3]: import kagglehub

# Download latest version
path = kagglehub.dataset_download("puneet6060/intel-image-classification")

print("Path to dataset files:", path)
```

Downloading from  
[https://www.kaggle.com/api/v1/datasets/download/puneet6060/intel-image-classification?dataset\\_version\\_number=2...](https://www.kaggle.com/api/v1/datasets/download/puneet6060/intel-image-classification?dataset_version_number=2...)

100%| | 346M/346M [00:01<00:00, 193MB/s]

Extracting files...

Path to dataset files: /root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/puneet6060/intel-image-classification/versions/2

```
[7]: import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

# Define image dimensions and parameters
image_height, image_width = 150, 150 # Adjust as per your dataset
channels = 3 # 3 for RGB images
batch_size = 32
n_classes = 6 # Adjust this to the number of classes in your dataset

# Data augmentation and rescaling for training and validation datasets
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1./255,
    rotation_range=40,
    width_shift_range=0.2,
    height_shift_range=0.2,
    shear_range=0.2,
    zoom_range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
```

```

        fill_mode='nearest'
    )

    val_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)

    # Create training data generator
    train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
        '/root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/puneet6060/intel-image-classification',
        target_size=(image_height, image_width),
        batch_size=batch_size,
        class_mode='sparse' # Use 'sparse' for integer labels
    )

    # Create validation data generator
    val_generator = val_datagen.flow_from_directory(
        '/root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/puneet6060/intel-image-classification',
        target_size=(image_height, image_width),
        batch_size=batch_size,
        class_mode='sparse' # Use 'sparse' for integer labels
    )

    # Build the model
    model = Sequential([
        Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(image_height,
↪image_width, channels)),
        MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
        Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
        MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
        Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
        MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
        Flatten(),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(n_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])

    # Compile the model
    model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
↪metrics=['accuracy'])

    # Train the model
    history = model.fit(train_generator, epochs=1, validation_data=val_generator)

    # Evaluate the model on validation data
    val_loss, val_accuracy = model.evaluate(val_generator)
    print(f'Validation Loss: {val_loss}, Validation Accuracy: {val_accuracy}')

```

Found 24335 images belonging to 1 classes.

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761/761 [=====] - 192s 250ms/step - loss: 0.0024 -  
accuracy: 0.9987 - val\_loss: 0.0000e+00 - val\_accuracy: 1.0000  
761/761 [=====] - 32s 42ms/step - loss: 0.0000e+00 -  
accuracy: 1.0000  
Validation Loss: 0.0, Validation Accuracy: 1.0