File permissions in Linux

Project description

The research team at my organization needs to update the file permissions for files and directories and ensure users have proper permissions.

Check file and directory details

I navigated from the projects directory and listed the current projects as well as the current permissions using linux command line.

```
researcher2@5d738f0f927b:~/projects$ ls -la
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 3 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec
drwxr-xr-x 3 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec
                                                2 15:27 ...
rw--w---- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec
                                                2 15:27 .project_x.txt
drwx--x--- 2 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec 2 15:27 drafts
rw-rw-rw- 1 researcher2 research_team 46 Dec 2 15:27 project_k.txt
rw-r---- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec 2 15:27 project_m.txt
 rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec 2 15:27 project_r.txt
rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec
                                                2 15:27 project_t.txt
esearcher2@5d738f0f927b:~/projects$
```

The first line of code in the screenshot shows where I input the command Is and also -la to list the current files in the projects directory. -la was used to show the hidden files that were also located within the projects directory.

Describe the permissions string

The permission string is described as such below:

- **1st character**: This character is either a d or hyphen (-) and indicates the file type. If it's a d, it's a directory. If it's a hyphen (-), it's a regular file.
- **2nd-4th characters**: These characters indicate the read (r), write (w), and execute (x) permissions for the user. When one of these characters is a hyphen (-) instead, it indicates that this permission is not granted to the user.
- **5th-7th characters:** These characters indicate the read (r), write (w), and execute (x) permissions for the group. When one of these characters is a hyphen (-) instead, it indicates that this permission is not granted for the group.

• 8th-10th characters: These characters indicate the read (r), write (w), and execute (x) permissions for others. This owner type consists of all other users on the system apart from the user and the group. When one of these characters is a hyphen (-) instead, that indicates that this permission is not granted for other.

Change file permissions

The other category should not have written permissions according to my organization. project k.txt shows that the other category does have access and needs to be updated.

The following code demonstrates how I used Linux commands to do this:

```
researcher2@5d738f0f927b:~/projects$ chmod o-w project_k.txt
researcher2@5d738f0f927b:~/projects$ ls -la
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 3 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec
                                                2 15:27 .
drwxr-xr-x 3 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec
                                                2 15:27 ...
-rw--w---- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                                2 15:27 .project_x.txt
                                        46 Dec
drwx--x--- 2 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec 2 15:27 drafts
rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec
                                                2 15:27 project_k.txt
-rw-r---- 1 researcher2 research team
                                        46 Dec
                                                2 15:27 project_m.txt
rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec
                                                2 15:27 project_r.txt
rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                                2 15:27 project_t.txt
                                        46 Dec
researcher2@5d738f0f927b:~/projects$
```

The first two lines of the screenshot display the commands I used to update the permissions for project_k.txt. After I was able to update the permissions, I listed the current files in the directory to ensure the permission has been updated.

Change file permissions on a hidden file

The research team at my organization recently archived project_x.txt They do not want anyone to have write access to this project, but the user and group should have read access.

The following code demonstrates how I used Linux commands to change the permissions:

```
researcher2@3213bbc1d047:~/projects$ chmod u-w,g-w,g+r .project_x.txt
researcher2@3213bbc1d047:~/projects$ ls -la
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 3 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec 20 15:36 .
drwxr-xr-x 3 researcher2 research team 4096 Dec 20 15:36 ...
-r--r---- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                         46 Dec 20 15:36 .project_x.txt
drwx--x--- 2 researcher2 research team 4096 Dec 20 15:36 drafts
rw-rw-rw- 1 researcher2 research_team 46 Dec 20 15:36 project_k.txt
rw-r---- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec 20 15:36 project_m.txt
 rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec 20 15:36 project_r.txt
rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec 20 15:36 project_t.txt
esearcher2@3213bbc1d047:~/projects$
```

The first two lines of code show removing the write permission from the user and also the group while adding the read permission.

Change directory permissions

My organization only wants researcher 2 to have execute permission to the drafts file. I went through and updated the Group=to no longer have that permission and only allow the user researcher2.

The following code demonstrates how I used Linux commands to change the permissions:

```
researcher2@5d738f0f927b:~/projects$ chmod g-x drafts
researcher2@5d738f0f927b:~/projects$ ls -la
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 3 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec 2 15:27 .
drwxr-xr-x 3 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec
                                                2 15:27 ...
-r--r---- 1 researcher2 research team
                                        46 Dec 2 15:27 .project_x.txt
drwx----- 2 researcher2 research_team 4096 Dec
                                                2 15:27 drafts
rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec 2 15:27 project_k.txt
 rw-r---- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec 2 15:27 project_m.txt
rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                                2 15:27 project_r.txt
                                        46 Dec
rw-rw-r-- 1 researcher2 research_team
                                        46 Dec
                                                2 15:27 project_t.txt
researcher2@5d738f0f927b:~/projects$
```

The first two lines show the change of permissions and also listing the updated change to the permissions. Researcher2 already had execute permissions in the user so I only needed to update the group permissions. The code above shows the output of these commands.

Summary

I went through and verified current permissions within the directory while making changes needed per my organization's requirements.