## **Positioning**

The CSS Box model has every element as a box

- contained within the parent container box
- position css property can change 'contained'

#### **Positions**

- static
- relative
- absolute
- fixed
- sticky

## position: static

static is what you've been doing it all along

Elements are maintained within the document flow

• distinct from text flow!

top / bottom / left / right CSS properties do nothing

• to an element with position: static;

#### position: relative

- maintains **space** for element in document flow
- positions the element relative to that space
- creates a new stacking context
  - That's for later

Rarely move elements using position: relative;

• it does occasionally happen

More often used to make element "positioned"

• Changes behavior of position: absolute; on descendants

#### position: absolute

absolute pulls the element out of the document flow

- No space is left for it
- Element now defaults to height/width of contents, even as block element

You can place the element "over" other elements

• using top / bottom / left / right

#### placing an absolute element

top / bottom / left / right will place the nearest side of the element that distance from the listed side

- Ex: top: 5px; places top of element 5 pixels from top of **positioned** container
- Ex: right: 10px; places right side of element 10 pixels from right positioned container
  - Result: Don't (normally) have to do math about size of container to position it

But what is the "positioned container"?

#### **Positioned container**

By default, absolute will be relative to the document.

- Ex: top: 0; positions it at top of document
- probably covering up the top of the document

When an ancestor element has a non-static position

- that ancestor is positioned
- absolute element direction properties are relative to THAT ancestor

## Uses of absolute positioning

Any time you want content shown "over" other content

- Use absolute
- Often have to position an ancestor element too

#### Examples:

- A "modal window": pop-up that covers screen
  - disables the main content
  - full size absolute positioned "see through"
  - smaller absolute positioned active content
- Overlay menus or tooltip-like effects

#### position: fixed

fixed position elements are

- pulled from the document flow
- no space is given for the element
- placed relative to the document
  - like an absolute with no positioned container

Fixed elements remain in position relative to the viewport

• e.g. a top menu always at top even if you scroll

#### **Fixed position issues**

There are issues with fixed positions

- can get in the way of other elements
  - Ex: Hiding content because overlap
  - collapsing can help, but complexity goes up
- can stutter on heavy scroll

## position: sticky

sticky elements start normal while "on screen"

- When normal position in viewport
  - static behavior
- When normal position out of viewport
  - And container is IN viewport
    - fixed behavior
  - And container OUT of viewport
    - static behavior (off screen)

# **Sticky business**

- position is relative to a "scrolling" ancestor
  - Different browsers = different behavior
- Ex: a big table wants header (or section header) always visible while part table is visible
  - breaks if the wrong part is horizontally scrollable

#### **Summary - Practical positioning**

- static is normal
- relative to create positioned container
- absolute to put "over" other content
  - Often involves positioned ancestor
- fixed to keep on screen when scroll
  - Can cover content unexpectedly
- sticky for section headers when scroll
  - Can cover content unexpectedly
  - Has issues with horizontal

## **Summary - relative positioning**

- Element is **positioned** 
  - All non-static are positioned
  - Relative used if that is sole point
- Keeps space for element
- Allows offset
  - using top/right/bottom/left properties
- Offscreen content still IN document
  - impacts a11y

## **Summary - absolute positioning**

- Space NOT reserved in document flow
- Content will visually overlap
- Position relative to **positioned container**

## **Summary - fixed positioning**

- Space NOT reserved in document flow
- Placed relative to viewport
  - NOT positioned container
- Used for visible headings/menus on scroll
- Can cover elements unexpectedly

## **Summary - sticky positioning**

- Space IS reserved in document flow
- Sometimes static, sometimes fixed
- Keeps section headers onscreen while scroll
- Based on container (parent) being on screen
- Can cover elements unexpectedly
- Can get confused with horizontal scrolling