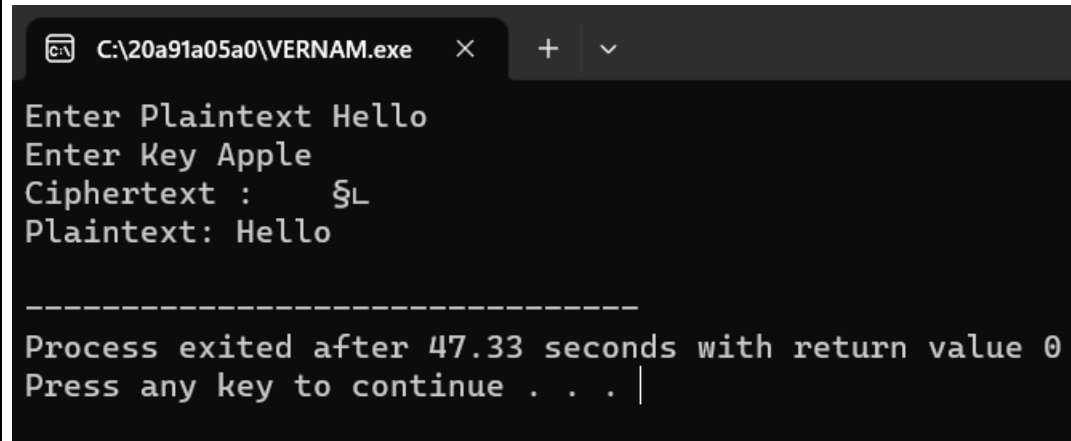


PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void encrypt(char *plaintext, char *key,char *ciphertext)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<strlen(plaintext);i++)
    {
        ciphertext[i] = plaintext[i] ^ key[i];
    }
}
void decrypt(char *ciphertext , char *key , char *plaintext)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<strlen(ciphertext);i++)
    {
        plaintext[i] = ciphertext[i] ^ key[i];
    }
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    char plaintext[100];
    char key[100];
    char ciphertext[100];
    printf("Enter Plaintext ");
    scanf("%s",plaintext);
    printf("Enter Key ");
    scanf("%s",key);
    encrypt(plaintext,key,ciphertext);
    printf("Ciphertext : %s\n",ciphertext);
```

```
decrypt(ciphertext,key,plaintext);  
printf("Plaintext: %s\n",plaintext);  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
C:\20a91a05a0\VERNAM.exe  
Enter Plaintext Hello  
Enter Key Apple  
Ciphertext : 5L  
Plaintext: Hello  
-----  
Process exited after 47.33 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
int i, cnt=0, p8[8]={6,7,8,9,1,2,3,4};
int p10[10]={6,7,8,9,10,1,2,3,4,5};
char input[11], k1[10], k2[10], temp[11];
char LS1[5], LS2[5];

//k1, k2 are for storing interim keys
//p8 and p10 are for storing permutation key
//Read 10 bits from user...
printf("Enter 10 bits input:");
scanf("%s",input);
input[10]='\0';
//Applying p10...
for(i=0; i<10; i++)
{
cnt = p10[i];
temp[i] = input[cnt-1];
}
temp[i]='\0';
printf("\nYour p10 key is :");
for(i=0; i<10; i++)
{ printf("%d,",p10[i]);
}
printf("\nBits after p10 :");
puts(temp);
//Performing LS-1 on first half of temp
for(i=0; i<5; i++)
{
if(i==4)
```

```
temp[i]=temp[0];
else
temp[i]=temp[i+1];
}
//Performing LS-1 on second half of temp
for(i=5; i<10; i++)
{
if(i==9)
temp[i]=temp[5];
else
temp[i]=temp[i+1];
}
printf("Output after LS-1 :");
puts(temp);
printf("\nYour p8 key is :");
for(i=0; i<8; i++){
printf("%d,",p8[i]);
}
//Applying p8...
for(i=0; i<8; i++)
{
cnt = p8[i];
k1[i] = temp[cnt-1];
}
printf("\nYour key k1 is :");
puts(k1);
//This program can be extended to generate k2 as per DES algorithm.
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\des1.exe
Enter 10 bits input:1010101011

Your p10 key is      :6,7,8,9,10,1,2,3,4,5,
Bits after p10      :0101110101
Output after LS-1   :1011101010

Your p8 key is       :6,7,8,9,1,2,3,4,
Your key k1 is       :01011011

-----
Process exited after 6.279 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>

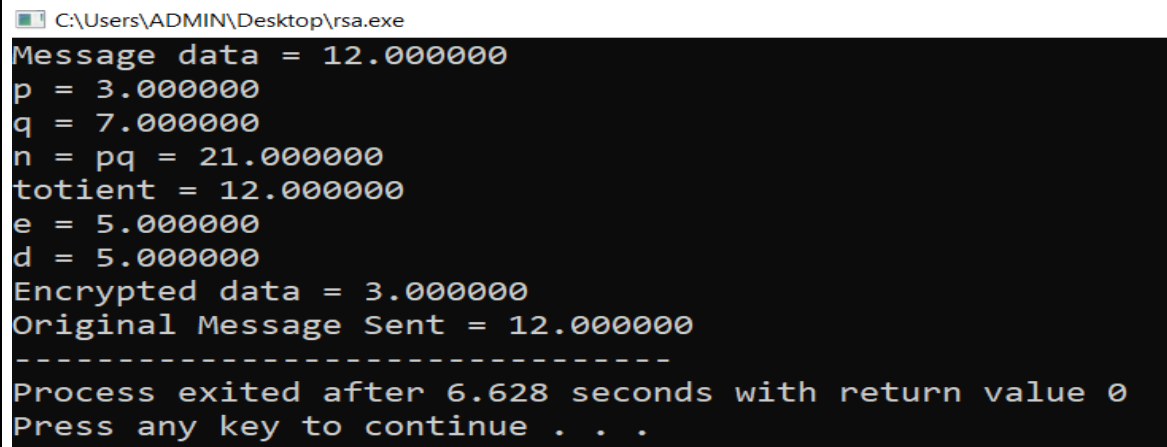
#include<math.h>

//to find gcd
int gcd(int a, int h)
{
    int temp;
    while(1)
    {
        temp = a%h;
        if(temp==0)
            return h;
        a = h;
        h = temp;
    }
}

int main()
{
    //2 random prime numbers
    double p = 3;
    double q = 7;
    double n=p*q;
    double count;
    double totient = (p-1)*(q-1);
    //public key
    //e stands for encrypt
    double e=2;
    //for checking co-prime which satisfies e>1
    while(e<totient){
        count = gcd(e,totient);
        if(count==1)
```

```
break;
else
e++;
}
//private key
//d stands for decrypt
double d;
//k can be any arbitrary value
double k = 2;
//choosing d such that it satisfies  $d * e = 1 + k * \text{totient}$ 
d = (1 + (k*totient))/e;
double msg = 12;
double c = pow(msg,e);
double m = pow(c,d);
c=fmod(c,n);
m=fmod(m,n);
printf("Message data = %lf",msg);
printf("\np = %lf",p);
printf("\nq = %lf",q);
printf("\nn = pq = %lf",n);
printf("\ntotient = %lf",totient);
printf("\ne = %lf",e);
printf("\nd = %lf",d);
printf("\nEncrypted data = %lf",c);
printf("\nOriginal Message Sent = %lf",m);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
C:\Users\ADMIN\Desktop\rsa.exe
Message data = 12.000000
p = 3.000000
q = 7.000000
n = pq = 21.000000
totient = 12.000000
e = 5.000000
d = 5.000000
Encrypted data = 3.000000
Original Message Sent = 12.000000
-----
Process exited after 6.628 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```


PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<math.h>

// Power function to return value of a ^ b mod P
long long int power(long long int a, long long int b, long long int P)
{
    if (b == 1)
        return a;
    else
        return (((long long int)pow(a, b)) % P);
}

//Driver program
int main()
{
    long long int P, G, x, a, y, b, ka, kb;

    // Both the persons will be agreed upon the
    // public keys G and P
    P = 23;

    // A prime number P is taken
    printf("The value of P : %lld\n", P);

    G = 9;

    // A primitive root for P, G is taken
    printf("The value of G : %lld\n\n", G);

    // Alice will choose the private key a
    a = 4;

    // a is the chosen private key
    printf("The private key a for Alice : %lld\n", a);

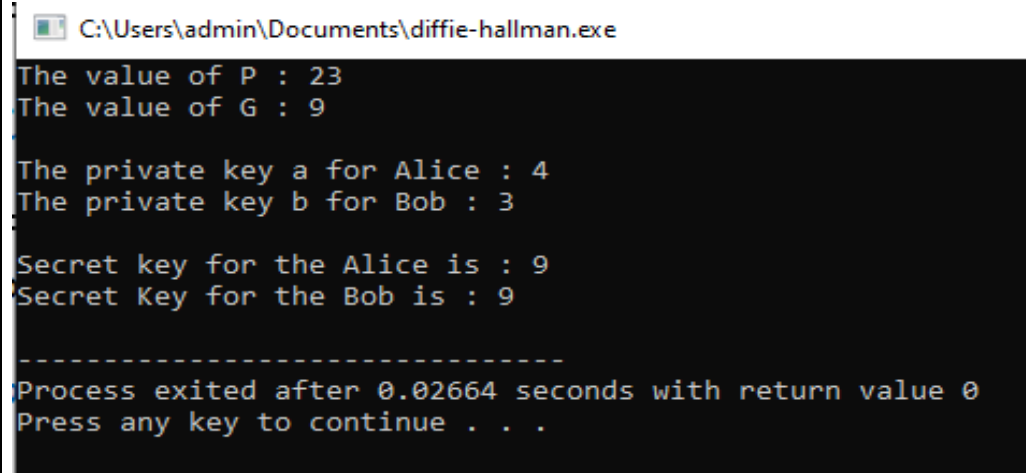
    x = power(G, a, P);

    // gets the generated key

    // Bob will choose the private key b
    b = 3;
```

```
// b is the chosen private key
printf("The private key b for Bob : %lld\n\n", b);
y = power(G, b, P);
// gets the generated key
// Generating the secret key after the exchange
// of keys
ka = power(y, a, P); // Secret key for Alice
kb = power(x, b, P); // Secret key for Bob
printf("Secret key for the Alice is : %lld\n", ka);
printf("Secret Key for the Bob is : %lld\n", kb);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
C:\Users\admin\Documents\diffie-hallman.exe
The value of P : 23
The value of G : 9
The private key a for Alice : 4
The private key b for Bob : 3
Secret key for the Alice is : 9
Secret Key for the Bob is : 9
-----
Process exited after 0.02664 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <math.h>
int e1, e2;
int p, d;
int C1, C2;
FILE *out1, *out2;
int gcd(int a, int b)
{
    int q, r1, r2, r;
    if (a > b)
    {
        r1 = a;
        r2 = b;
    }
    else {
        r1 = b;
        r2 = a;
    }
    while (r2 > 0)
    {
        q = r1 / r2;
        r = r1 - q * r2;
        r1 = r2;
        r2 = r;
    }
    return r1;
}
int FastExponentiation(int bit, int n, int* y, int* a)
```

```
{
if (bit == 1) {
*y = (*y * (*a)) % n;
}
*a = (*a) * (*a) % n;
}
int FindT(int a, int m, int n)
{
int r;
int y = 1;
while (m > 0)
{
r = m % 2;
FastExponention(r, n, &y, &a);
m = m / 2;
}
return y;
}
int PrimarityTest(int a, int i)
{
int n = i - 1;
int k = 0;
int m, T;
while (n % 2 == 0)
{
k++;
n = n / 2;
}
m = n;
T = FindT(a, m, i);
if (T == 1 || T == i - 1) {
```

```
return 1;
}
int j;
for (j = 0; j < k; j++)
{
    T = FindT(T, 2, i);
    if (T == 1) {
        return 0;
    }
    if (T == i - 1) {
        return 1;
    }
}
return 0;
}
int PrimitiveRoot(int p)
{
    int flag;
    int a;
    for (a = 2; a < p; a++)
    {
        flag = 1;
        int i;
        for (i = 1; i < p; i++)
        {
            if (FindT(a, i, p) == 1 && i < p - 1) {
                flag = 0;
            }
            else if (flag && FindT(a, i, p) == 1 && i == p - 1) {
                return a;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
}  
}  
}  
int KeyGeneration()  
{  
do {  
do  
p = rand() + 256;  
while (p % 2 == 0);  
} while (!PrimarityTest(2, p));  
p = 107;  
e1 = 2;  
do {  
d = rand() % (p - 2) + 1; // 1 <= d <= p-2  
} while (gcd(d, p) != 1);  
d = 67;  
e2 = FindT(e1, d, p);  
}  
int Encryption(int Plaintext)  
{  
out1 = fopen("cipher1.txt", "a+");  
out2 = fopen("cipher2.txt", "a+");  
int r;  
do {  
r = rand() % (p - 1) + 1; // 1 < r < p  
}  
while (gcd(r, p) != 1);  
C1 = FindT(e1, r, p);  
C2 = FindT(e2, r, p) * Plaintext % p;  
fprintf(out1, "%d ", C1);  
fprintf(out2, "%d ", C2);
```

```
fclose(out1);
fclose(out2);
}
int Decryption(int C1, int C2)
{
FILE* out = fopen("result.txt", "a+");
int decipher = C2 * FindT(C1, p - 1 - d, p) % p;
fprintf(out, "%c", decipher);
fclose(out);
}
int main()
{
FILE *out, *inp;
// destroy contents of these files (from previous runs, if any)
out = fopen("result.txt", "w+");
fclose(out);
out = fopen("cipher1.txt", "w+");
fclose(out);
out = fopen("cipher2.txt", "w+");
fclose(out);
KeyGeneration();
inp = fopen("plain.txt", "r+");
if (inp == NULL)
{
printf("Error opening Source File.\n");
exit(1);
}
while (1)
{
char ch = getc(inp);
if (ch == EOF) {
```

```
break; // M < p
}
Encryption(toascii(ch));
}
fclose(inp);
FILE *inp1, *inp2;
inp1 = fopen("cipher1.txt", "r");
inp2 = fopen("cipher2.txt", "r");
int C1, C2;
while (1)
{
int ret = fscanf(inp1, "%d", &C1);
fscanf(inp2, "%d", &C2);
if (ret == -1) {
break;
}
Decryption(C1, C2);
}
fclose(inp1);
fclose(inp2);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a prime number: 223
Enter the private key: 23
Enter the generator: 19
Enter the plain text: Elgamal
Enter the sender key: 31

Plain text: Elgamal

Encrypted Message: ❖UO❖U
Decrypted Message: Elgamal
```


PROGRAM:

```
#include "cryptlib.h"
#include "secblock.h"
#include "osrng.h"
#include "files.h"
#include "cmac.h"
#include "aes.h"
#include "hex.h"

using namespace CryptoPP;

#include <iostream>
#include <string>

using namespace std;

int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    AutoSeededRandomPool prng;
    SecByteBlock key(AES::DEFAULT_KEYLENGTH);
    prng.GenerateBlock(key, key.size());
    string mac, plain = "CMAC Test";
    HexEncoder encoder(new FileSink(cout));

    // Pretty print key
    cout << "key: ";
    encoder.Put(key, key.size());
    encoder.MessageEnd();
    cout << endl;
    cout << "plain text: ";
    encoder.Put((const byte*)plain.data(), plain.size());
    encoder.MessageEnd();
    cout << endl;

    try
    {
        CMAC<AES> cmac(key.data(), key.size());
```

```
cmac.Update((const byte*)plain.data(), plain.size());
mac.resize(cmac.DigestSize());
cmac.Final((byte*)&mac[0]);
}
catch(const CryptoPP::Exception& e)
{
cerr << e.what() << endl;
exit(1);}
// Pretty print
cout << "cmac: ";
encoder.Put((const byte*)mac.data(), mac.size());
encoder.MessageEnd();
cout << endl;
// Verify
try
{
CMAC<AES> cmac(key.data(), key.size());
cmac.Update((const byte*)plain.data(), plain.size());
// Call Verify() instead of Final()
bool verified = cmac.Verify((byte*)&mac[0]);
if (!verified)
throw Exception(Exception::DATA_INTEGRITY_CHECK_FAILED, "CMAC: message MAC
not valid");
cout << "Verified message MAC" << endl;
}
catch(const CryptoPP::Exception& e)
{
cerr << e.what() << endl;
exit(1);
}
return 0;
```

}

OUTPUT:

```
$ ./test.exe  
key: 54FE5717559053CF76A14C86582B1892  
plain text: 434D41432054657374  
cmac: 74A8A4E4200D945BECCA16314C3B4ED8  
Verified message MAC
```

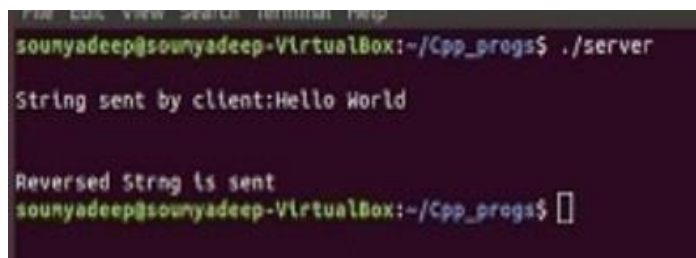
PROGRAM:

TCP Server:

```
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#define MAXLINE 20
#define SERV_PORT 5777
main(int argc,char *argv) {
    int i,j;
    ssize_t n;
    char line[MAXLINE];
    char revline[MAXLINE];
    int listenfd,connfd,clilen;
    struct sockaddr_in servaddr,cliaddr;
    listenfd=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM,0);
    bzero(&servaddr,sizeof(servaddr));
    servaddr.sin_family=AF_INET; servaddr.sin_port=htons(SERV_PORT);
    bind(listenfd,(struct sockaddr*)&servaddr,sizeof(servaddr));
    listen(listenfd,1);
    for( ; ; ) {
        clilen=sizeof(cliaddr);
        connfd=accept(listenfd,(struct sockaddr*)&cliaddr,&clilen);
        printf("connect to client");
        while(1) {
            if((n=read(connfd,line,MAXLINE))==0)
                break;
            line[n-1]='\0';
            j=0;
```

```
for(i=n-2;i>=0;i--)  
revline[j++]=line[i];  
revline[j]='\0';  
write(connfd,revline,n);  
}  
}  
}
```

OUTPUT:



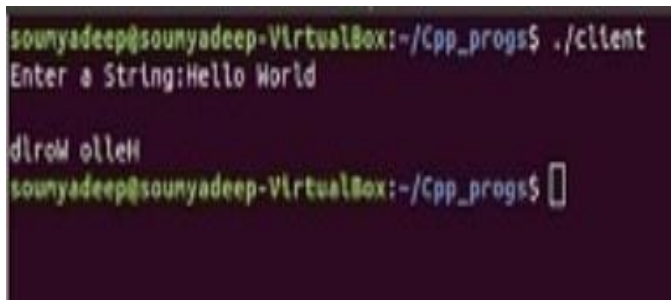
```
sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$ ./server  
String sent by client:Hello World  
Reversed String is sent  
sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$
```

TCP Client:

```
#include<string.h>  
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
#include<unistd.h>  
#include<sys/socket.h>  
#include<netinet/in.h>  
#include<sys/types.h>  
#define MAXLINE 20  
#define SERV_PORT 5777  
main(int argc,char *argv)  
{  
char sendline[MAXLINE],revline[MAXLINE];  
int sockfd;  
struct sockaddr_in servaddr;  
sockfd=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM,0);  
bzero(&servaddr,sizeof(servaddr));  
servaddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
```

```
servaddr.sin_port=ntohs(SERV_PORT);  
connect(sockfd,(struct sockaddr*)&servaddr,sizeof(servaddr));  
printf("\n enter the data to be send");  
while(fgets(sendline,MAXLINE,stdin)!=NULL)  
{  
}  
exit(0);  
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$ ./client  
Enter a String:Hello World  
  
dlrow olleH  
sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$
```

PROGRAM:

TCP SERVER:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h> // read(), write(), close()

#define MAX 80
#define PORT 8080
#define SA struct sockaddr

void func(int connfd) // Function designed for chat between client and server.
{
    char buff[MAX];
    int n;
    // infinite loop for chat
    for (;;) {
        bzero(buff, MAX);
        read(connfd, buff, sizeof(buff)); // read the message from client and copy it in buffer
        printf("From client: %s\t To client : ", buff);
        bzero(buff, MAX);
        n = 0;
        while ((buff[n++] = getchar()) != '\n') // copy server message in the buffer
            write(connfd, buff, sizeof(buff)); // and send that buffer to client
        // if msg contains "Exit" then server exit and chat ended.
        if (strncmp("exit", buff, 4) == 0) {
            printf("Server Exit...\n");
            break;
        }
    }
}
```

```
}  
}  
  
// Driver function  
int main()  
{  
    int sockfd, connfd, len;  
    struct sockaddr_in servaddr, cli;  
    // socket create and verification  
    sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);  
    if (sockfd == -1) {  
        printf("socket creation failed...\n");  
        exit(0);  
    }  
    printf("Socket successfully created..\n");  
    bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));  
    // assign IP, PORT  
    servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;  
    servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);  
    servaddr.sin_port = htons(PORT);  
    // Binding newly created socket to given IP and verification  
    if ((bind(sockfd, (SA*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr))) != 0) {  
        printf("socket bind failed...\n");  
        exit(0);  
    }  
    else  
        printf("Socket successfully binded..\n");  
    // Now server is ready to listen and verification  
    if ((listen(sockfd, 5)) != 0) {  
        printf("Listen failed...\n");  
        exit(0);  
    }  
}
```



```
else

printf("Server listening..\n");

len = sizeof(cli);

// Accept the data packet from client and verification
connfd = accept(sockfd, (SA*)&cli, &len);
if (connfd < 0) {
printf("server accept failed...\n");
exit(0);
}
else
printf("server accept the client...\n");
func(connfd); // Function for chatting between client and server
close(sockfd);
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Socket successfully created..
Socket successfully binded..
Server listening..
server accept the client...
From client: hi
      To client : hello
From client: exit
      To client : exit
Server Exit...
```

TCP Client:

```
#include <arpa/inet.h> // inet_addr()

#include <netdb.h>

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <strings.h> // bzero()

#include <sys/socket.h>

#include <unistd.h> // read(), write(), close()

#define MAX 80
```

```
#define PORT 8080

#define SA struct sockaddr

void func(int sockfd)
{
char buff[MAX];
int n;
for (;;) {
bzero(buff, sizeof(buff));
printf("Enter the string : ");
n = 0;
while ((buff[n++] = getchar()) != '\n');
write(sockfd, buff, sizeof(buff));
bzero(buff, sizeof(buff));
read(sockfd, buff, sizeof(buff));
printf("From Server : %s", buff);
if ((strcmp(buff, "exit", 4)) == 0) {
printf("Client Exit...\n");
break;
}
}
}

int main()
{
int sockfd, connfd;
struct sockaddr_in servaddr, cli;

// socket create and verification
sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
if (sockfd == -1) {
printf("socket creation failed...\n");
exit(0);
}
```

```
else
printf("Socket successfully created..\n");
bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
// assign IP, PORT
servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
servaddr.sin_port = htons(PORT);
// connect the client socket to server socket
if (connect(sockfd, (SA*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr))
!= 0) {
printf("connection with the server failed...\n");
exit(0);
}
else
printf("connected to the server..\n");
// function for chat
func(sockfd);
// close the socket
close(sockfd);
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Socket successfully created..
connected to the server..
Enter the string : hi
From Server : hello
Enter the string : exit
From Server : exit
Client Exit...
```

PROGRAM:

TCP Server:

```
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <strings.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define PORT 5000
#define MAXLINE 1024
int max(int x, int y)
{
    if (x > y)
        return x;
    else
        return y;
}
int main()
{
    int listenfd, connfd, udpfd, nready, maxfdp1;
    char buffer[MAXLINE];
    pid_t childpid;
    fd_set rset;
    ssize_t n;
    socklen_t len;
    const int on = 1;
    struct sockaddr_in cliaddr, servaddr;
```

```
char* message = "Hello Client";

void sig_chld(int);

/* create listening TCP socket */
listenfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
servaddr.sin_port = htons(PORT);

// binding server addr structure to listenfd
bind(listenfd, (struct sockaddr*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));

listen(listenfd, 10);

/* create UDP socket */
udpfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0);

// binding server addr structure to udp sockfd
bind(udpfd, (struct sockaddr*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));

// clear the descriptor set
FD_ZERO(&rset);

// get maxfd
maxfdp1 = max(listenfd, udpfd) + 1;

for (;;) {

// set listenfd and udpfd in readset
FD_SET(listenfd, &rset);
FD_SET(udpfd, &rset);

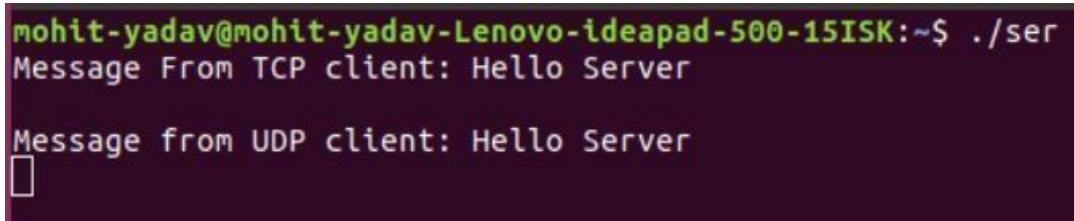
// select the ready descriptor
nready = select(maxfdp1, &rset, NULL, NULL, NULL);

// if tcp socket is readable then handle
// it by accepting the connection
if (FD_ISSET(listenfd, &rset)) {
    len = sizeof(cliaddr);
    connfd = accept(listenfd, (struct sockaddr*)&cliaddr, &len);
    if ((childpid = fork()) == 0) {
```

```
close(listenfd);
bzero(buffer, sizeof(buffer));
printf("Message From TCP client: ");
read(connfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer));
puts(buffer);
write(connfd, (const char*)message, sizeof(buffer));
close(connfd);
exit(0);
}
close(connfd);
}

// if udp socket is readable receive the message.
if (FD_ISSET(udpfd, &rset)) {
    len = sizeof(cliaddr);
    bzero(buffer, sizeof(buffer));
    printf("\nMessage from UDP client: ");
    n = recvfrom(udpfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer), 0, (struct sockaddr*)&cliaddr, &len);
    puts(buffer);
    sendto(udpfd, (const char*)message, sizeof(buffer), 0,
    (struct sockaddr*)&cliaddr, sizeof(cliaddr));
}
}
}
```

OUTPUT:



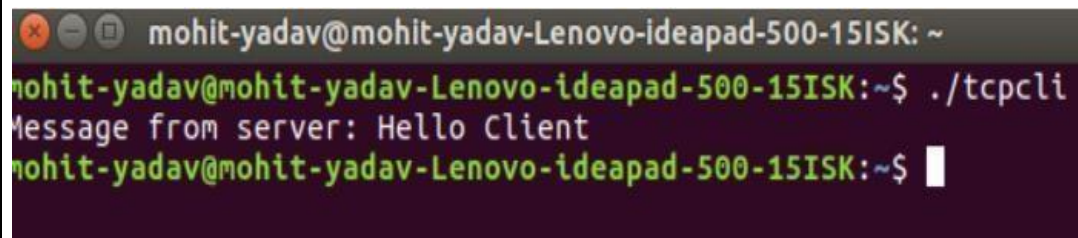
```
mohit-yadav@mohit-yadav-Lenovo-ideapad-500-15ISK:~$ ./ser
Message From TCP client: Hello Server
Message from UDP client: Hello Server
█
```

TCP Client:

```
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define PORT 5000
#define MAXLINE 1024
int main()
{
    int sockfd;
    char buffer[MAXLINE];
    char* message = "Hello Server";
    struct sockaddr_in servaddr;
    int n, len;
    // Creating socket file descriptor
    if ((sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0) {
        printf("socket creation failed");
        exit(0);
    }
    memset(&servaddr, 0, sizeof(servaddr));
    // Filling server information
    servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    servaddr.sin_port = htons(PORT);
    servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
    if (connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr)) < 0) {
        printf("\n Error : Connect Failed \n");
    }
    memset(buffer, 0, sizeof(buffer));
    strcpy(buffer, "Hello Server");
```

```
write(sockfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer));  
printf("Message from server: ");  
read(sockfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer));  
puts(buffer);  
close(sockfd);  
}
```

OUTPUT:

A terminal window screenshot with a dark background. The prompt is 'mohit-yadav@mohit-yadav-Lenovo-ideapad-500-15ISK: ~'. The user enters './tcpcli' and the output is 'Message from server: Hello Client'. The prompt returns to 'mohit-yadav@mohit-yadav-Lenovo-ideapad-500-15ISK:~\$' with a cursor.

```
mohit-yadav@mohit-yadav-Lenovo-ideapad-500-15ISK: ~  
mohit-yadav@mohit-yadav-Lenovo-ideapad-500-15ISK:~$ ./tcpcli  
Message from server: Hello Client  
mohit-yadav@mohit-yadav-Lenovo-ideapad-500-15ISK:~$
```


PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <sys/poll.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <errno.h>
#define SERVER_PORT 12345
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int len, rc, on = 1;
    int listen_sd = -1, new_sd = -1;
    int desc_ready, end_server = FALSE, compress_array = FALSE;
    int close_conn;
    char buffer[80];
    struct sockaddr_in6 addr;
    int timeout;
    struct pollfd fds[200];
    int nfd = 1, current_size = 0, i, j;
    listen_sd = socket(AF_INET6, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
    if (listen_sd < 0)
    {
        perror("socket() failed");
        exit(-1);
    }
    rc = setsockopt(listen_sd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR,
        (char *)&on, sizeof(on));
```

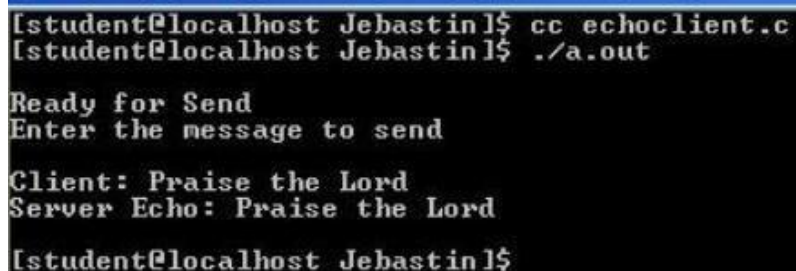
```
if (rc < 0)
{
perror("setsockopt() failed");
close(listen_sd);
exit(-1);
}
rc = ioctl(listen_sd, FIONBIO, (char *)&on);
if (rc < 0)
{
perror("ioctl() failed");
close(listen_sd);
exit(-1);
}
memset(&addr, 0, sizeof(addr));
addr.sin6_family = AF_INET6;
memcpy(&addr.sin6_addr, &in6addr_any, sizeof(in6addr_any));
addr.sin6_port = htons(SERVER_PORT);
rc = bind(listen_sd,
(struct sockaddr *)&addr, sizeof(addr));
if (rc < 0)
{
perror("bind() failed");
close(listen_sd);
exit(-1);
}
rc = listen(listen_sd, 32);
if (rc < 0)
{
perror("listen() failed");
close(listen_sd);
exit(-1);
}
```

```
}  
memset(fds, 0 , sizeof(fds));  
fds[0].fd = listen_sd;  
fds[0].events = POLLIN;  
timeout = (3 * 60 * 1000);  
do  
{  
printf("Waiting on poll()...\n");  
rc = poll(fds, nfd, timeout);  
if (rc < 0)  
{  
perror(" poll() failed");  
break;  
}  
if (rc == 0)  
{  
printf(" poll() timed out. End program.\n");  
break;  
}  
current_size = nfd;  
for (i = 0; i < current_size; i++)  
{  
if(fds[i].revents == 0)  
continue;  
if(fds[i].revents != POLLIN)  
{  
printf(" Error! revents = %d\n", fds[i].revents);  
end_server = TRUE;  
break;  
}  
if (fds[i].fd == listen_sd)
```

```
{
printf(" Listening socket is readable\n");
do
{
new_sd = accept(listen_sd, NULL, NULL);
if (new_sd < 0)
{
if (errno != EWOULDBLOCK)
{
perror(" accept() failed");
end_server = TRUE;
}
break;
}
printf(" New incoming connection - %d\n", new_sd);
fds[nfds].fd = new_sd;
fds[nfds].events = POLLIN;
nfds++;
} while (new_sd != -1);
}
else
{
printf(" Descriptor %d is readable\n", fds[i].fd);
close_conn = FALSE;
do
{
rc = recv(fds[i].fd, buffer, sizeof(buffer), 0);
if (rc < 0)
{
if (errno != EWOULDBLOCK)
{
```

```
perror(" recv() failed");
close_conn = TRUE;
}
break;
}
if (rc == 0)
{
printf(" Connection closed\n");
close_conn = TRUE;
break;
}
len = rc;
printf(" %d bytes received\n", len);
rc = send(fds[i].fd, buffer, len, 0);
if (rc < 0)
{
perror(" send() failed");
close_conn = TRUE;
break;
}
} while(TRUE);
if (close_conn)
{
close(fds[i].fd);
fds[i].fd = -1;
compress_array = TRUE;
}
} /* End of existing connection is readable */
} /* End of loop through pollable descriptors */
if (compress_array)
{
```

```
compress_array = FALSE;
for (i = 0; i < nfds; i++)
{
if (fds[i].fd == -1)
{
for(j = i; j < nfds; j++)
{
fds[j].fd = fds[j+1].fd;
}
i--;
nfds--;
}
}
}
} while (end_server == FALSE); /* End of serving running. */
for (i = 0; i < nfds; i++)
{
if(fds[i].fd >= 0)
close(fds[i].fd);
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
[student@localhost Jebastin]$ cc echoclient.c
[student@localhost Jebastin]$ ./a.out

Ready for Send
Enter the message to send

Client: Praise the Lord
Server Echo: Praise the Lord

[student@localhost Jebastin]$
```

PROGRAM:

UDP Client:

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define S_PORT 43454
#define C_PORT 43455
#define ERROR -1
#define IP_STR "127.0.0.1"
int main(int argc, char const *argv[]) {
    int sfd, len;
    char str_buf[2048];
    struct sockaddr_in servaddr, clientaddr;
    socklen_t addrlen;
    sfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, IPPROTO_UDP);
    if (sfd == ERROR) {
        perror("Could not open a socket");
        return 1;
    }
    memset((char *) &servaddr, 0, sizeof(servaddr));
    servaddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
    servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr(IP_STR);
    servaddr.sin_port=htons(S_PORT);
    memset((char *) &clientaddr, 0, sizeof(clientaddr));
    clientaddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
```

```
clientaddr.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr(IP_STR);
clientaddr.sin_port=htons(C_PORT);
if((bind(sfd,(struct sockaddr *)&clientaddr,sizeof(clientaddr)))!=0) {
perror("Could not bind socket");
return 2;
}
printf("Client is running on %s:%d\n", IP_STR, C_PORT);
printf("Enter a string: ");
scanf("%[^\n]%*c",str_buf);
len = strlen(str_buf);
sendto(sfd, &len, sizeof(len), 0, (struct sockaddr *)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
sendto(sfd, str_buf, len, 0, (struct sockaddr *)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
addrlen = sizeof(clientaddr);
recvfrom(sfd, &len, sizeof(len), 0, (struct sockaddr *)&clientaddr, &addrlen);
recvfrom(sfd, str_buf, len, 0, (struct sockaddr *)&clientaddr, &addrlen);
printf("Server Replied: %s\n", str_buf);
return 0;
}
```

UDP Server:

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define S_PORT 43454
#define C_PORT 43455
#define ERROR -1
#define IP_STR "127.0.0.1"
```



```
void strrev(char *str, int len) {
    int i, j;
    char temp;
    for (i = 0, j = len - 1; i < j; ++i, --j) {
        temp = str[i];
        str[i] = str[j];
        str[j] = temp;
    }
}

int main(int argc, char const *argv[]) {
    int sfd, len;
    char *str_buf;
    struct sockaddr_in servaddr, clientaddr;
    sfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, IPPROTO_UDP);
    if (sfd == ERROR) {
        perror("Could not open a socket");
        return 1;
    }
    memset((char *) &servaddr, 0, sizeof(servaddr));
    servaddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
    servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr=htonl(INADDR_ANY);
    servaddr.sin_port=htons(S_PORT);
    memset((char *) &clientaddr, 0, sizeof(clientaddr));
    clientaddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
    clientaddr.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr(IP_STR);
    clientaddr.sin_port=htons(C_PORT);
    if((bind(sfd,(struct sockaddr *)&servaddr,sizeof(servaddr)))!=0) {
        perror("Could not bind socket");
        return 2;
    }
    printf("Server is running on %s:%d\n", IP_STR, S_PORT);
```

```
while(1) {
recvfrom(sfd, &len, sizeof(len), 0, (struct sockaddr *)&clientaddr, (socklen_t *)&clientaddr);
str_buf = (char *) malloc(len*sizeof(char));
recvfrom(sfd, str_buf, len, 0, (struct sockaddr *)&clientaddr, (socklen_t *)&clientaddr);
printf("Client at %s:%d said: %s\t", inet_ntoa(clientaddr.sin_addr), ntohs(clientaddr.sin_port),
str_buf);
strrev(str_buf,len);
sendto(sfd, &len, sizeof(len), 0, (struct sockaddr *)&clientaddr, sizeof(clientaddr));
sendto(sfd, str_buf, len, 0, (struct sockaddr *)&clientaddr, sizeof(clientaddr));
printf("The reverse is: %s\n", str_buf);
free(str_buf);
}
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
tushar@tusharsoni:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter a String: Coding Alpha
Entered String:      Coding Alpha
Reverse of the String: ahplA gnidoC
tushar@tusharsoni:~/Desktop$
```

PROGRAM:

Server Implementation:

```
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define IP_PROTOCOL 0
#define PORT_NO 15050
#define NET_BUF_SIZE 32
#define cipherKey 'S'
#define sendrecvflag 0
#define nofile "File Not Found!"
// function to clear buffer
void clearBuf(char* b)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < NET_BUF_SIZE; i++)
        b[i] = '\0';
}
// function to encrypt
char Cipher(char ch)
{
    return ch ^ cipherKey;
}
// function sending file
int sendFile(FILE* fp, char* buf, int s)
{

```

```
int i, len;

if (fp == NULL) {
strcpy(buf, nofile);
len = strlen(nofile);
buf[len] = EOF;
for (i = 0; i <= len; i++)
buf[i] = Cipher(buf[i]);
return 1;
}

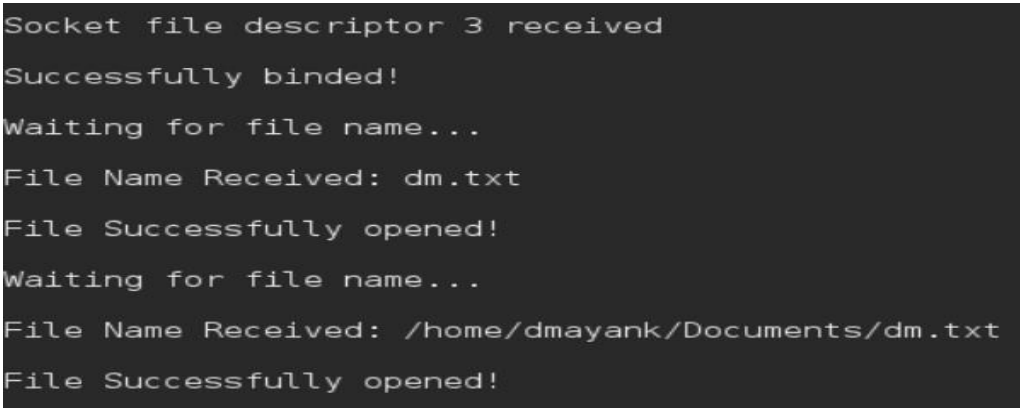
char ch, ch2;
for (i = 0; i < s; i++) {
ch = fgetc(fp);
ch2 = Cipher(ch);
buf[i] = ch2;
if (ch == EOF)
return 1;
}
return 0;
}

// driver code
int main()
{
int sockfd, nBytes;
struct sockaddr_in addr_con;
int addrlen = sizeof(addr_con);
addr_con.sin_family = AF_INET;
addr_con.sin_port = htons(PORT_NO);
addr_con.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
char net_buf[NET_BUF_SIZE];
FILE* fp;
// socket()
```

```
sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, IP_PROTOCOL);
if (sockfd < 0)
printf("\nfile descriptor not received!!\n");
else
printf("\nfile descriptor %d received\n", sockfd);
// bind()
if (bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&addr_con, sizeof(addr_con)) == 0)
printf("\nSuccessfully binded!\n");
else
printf("\nBinding Failed!\n");
while (1) {
printf("\nWaiting for file name...\n");
// receive file name
clearBuf(net_buf);
nBytes = recvfrom(sockfd, net_buf,
NET_BUF_SIZE, 0,
(struct sockaddr*)&addr_con, &addrlen);
fp = fopen(net_buf, "r");
printf("\nFile Name Received: %s\n", net_buf);
if (fp == NULL)
printf("\nFile open failed!\n");
else
printf("\nFile Successfully opened!\n");
while (1) {
// process
if (sendFile(fp, net_buf, NET_BUF_SIZE)) {
sendto(sockfd, net_buf, NET_BUF_SIZE,
0,
(struct sockaddr*)&addr_con, addrlen);
break;
}
}
```

```
// send
sendto(sockfd, net_buf, NET_BUF_SIZE,
sendrecvflag,
(struct sockaddr*)&addr_con, addrlen);
clearBuf(net_buf);
}
if (fp != NULL)
fclose(fp);
}
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
Socket file descriptor 3 received
Successfully binded!
Waiting for file name...
File Name Received: dm.txt
File Successfully opened!
Waiting for file name...
File Name Received: /home/dmayank/Documents/dm.txt
File Successfully opened!
```

Client Implementation:

```
// client code for UDP socket programming
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define IP_PROTOCOL 0
```

```
#define IP_ADDRESS "127.0.0.1" // localhost
#define PORT_NO 15050
#define NET_BUF_SIZE 32
#define cipherKey 'S'
#define sendrecvflag 0
// function to clear buffer
void clearBuf(char* b)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < NET_BUF_SIZE; i++)
        b[i] = '\0';
}
char Cipher(char ch)
{
    return ch ^ cipherKey;
}
int recvFile(char* buf, int s)
{
    int i;
    char ch;
    for (i = 0; i < s; i++) {
        ch = buf[i];
        ch = Cipher(ch);
        if (ch == EOF)
            return 1;
        else
            continue;
    }
    printf("%c", ch);
    return 0;
}
int main()
```

```
{
int sockfd, nBytes;
struct sockaddr_in addr_con;
int addrlen = sizeof(addr_con);
addr_con.sin_family = AF_INET;
addr_con.sin_port = htons(PORT_NO);
addr_con.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(IP_ADDRESS);
char net_buf[NET_BUF_SIZE];
FILE* fp;
sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, IP_PROTOCOL);
if (sockfd < 0)
printf("\nfile descriptor not received!!\n");
else
printf("\nfile descriptor %d received\n", sockfd);
while (1) {
printf("\nPlease enter file name to receive:\n");
scanf("%s", net_buf);
sendto(sockfd, net_buf, NET_BUF_SIZE, sendrecvflag, (struct sockaddr*)&addr_con, addrlen);
printf("\n-----Data Received ----- \n");
while (1) {
clearBuf(net_buf);
nBytes = recvfrom(sockfd, net_buf, NET_BUF_SIZE, sendrecvflag, (struct sockaddr*)
&addr_con, &addrlen);
if (recvFile(net_buf, NET_BUF_SIZE)) {
break;
}
}
printf("\n \n");
}
return 0;
}
```


OUTPUT:

```
Socket file descriptor 3 received  
Please enter file name to receive:  
dm.txt  
  
-----Data Received-----  
30  
-----  
Please enter file name to receive:  
/home/dmayank/Documents/dm.txt  
  
-----Data Received-----  
30  
-----
```

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<unistd.h>

int main() {
int pipefds[2];
int returnstatus;
int pid;
char writemessages[2][20]={"Hi", "Hello"};
char readmessage[20];
returnstatus = pipe(pipefds);
if (returnstatus == -1) {
printf("Unable to create pipe\n");
return 1;
}
pid = fork();
if (pid == 0) {
read(pipefds[0], readmessage, sizeof(readmessage));
printf("Child Process - Reading from pipe – Message 1 is %s\n", readmessage);
read(pipefds[0], readmessage, sizeof(readmessage));
printf("Child Process - Reading from pipe – Message 2 is %s\n", readmessage);
} else { //Parent process
printf("Parent Process - Writing to pipe - Message 1 is %s\n", writemessages[0]);
write(pipefds[1], writemessages[0], sizeof(writemessages[0]));
printf("Parent Process - Writing to pipe - Message 2 is %s\n", writemessages[1]);
write(pipefds[1], writemessages[1], sizeof(writemessages[1]));
}
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Parent Process - Writing to pipe - Message 1 is Hi  
Parent Process - Writing to pipe - Message 2 is Hello  
Child Process - Reading from pipe - Message 1 is Hi  
Child Process - Reading from pipe - Message 2 is Hello
```

II)FIFO

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#define FIFO_FILE "MYFIFO"

int main() {
    int fd;
    int end_process;
    int stringlen;
    char readbuf[80];
    char end_str[5];
    printf("FIFO_CLIENT: Send messages, infinitely, to end enter \"end\\n\");
    fd = open(FIFO_FILE, O_CREAT|O_WRONLY);
    strcpy(end_str, "end");
    while (1) {
        printf("Enter string: ");
        fgets(readbuf, sizeof(readbuf), stdin);
        stringlen = strlen(readbuf);
        readbuf[stringlen - 1] = '\\0';
        end_process = strcmp(readbuf, end_str);
        //printf("end_process is %d\\n", end_process);
        if (end_process != 0) {
            write(fd, readbuf, strlen(readbuf));
            printf("Sent string: \"%s\\\" and string length is %d\\n", readbuf, (int)strlen(readbuf));
        } else {
            write(fd, readbuf, strlen(readbuf));
            printf("Sent string: \"%s\\\" and string length is %d\\n", readbuf, (int)strlen(readbuf));
        }
    }
}
```

```
close(fd);  
break;  
}  
}  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
FIFO_CLIENT: Send messages, infinitely, to end enter "end"  
Enter string: this is string 1  
Sent string: "this is string 1" and string length is 16  
Enter string: fifo test  
Sent string: "fifo test" and string length is 9  
Enter string: fifo client and server  
Sent string: "fifo client and server" and string length is 22  
Enter string: end  
Sent string: "end" and string length is 3
```

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <sys/ipc.h>

#include <sys/msg.h>

// structure for message queue

struct msg_buffer {

long msg_type;

char msg[100];

} message;

main() {

key_t my_key;

int msg_id;

my_key = ftok("progfile", 65); //create unique key

msg_id = msgget(my_key, 0666 | IPC_CREAT); //create message queue and return id

message.msg_type = 1;

printf("Write Message : ");

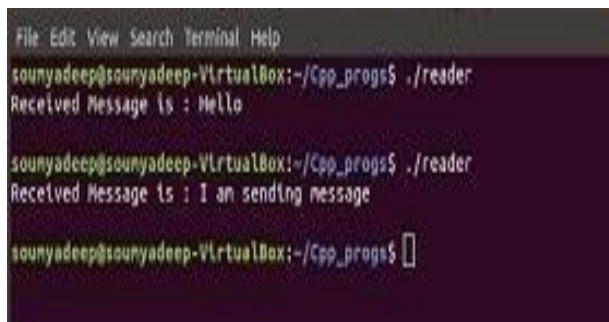
fgets(message.msg, 100, stdin);

msgsnd(msg_id, &message, sizeof(message), 0); //send message

printf("Sent message is : %s \n", message.msg);

}
```

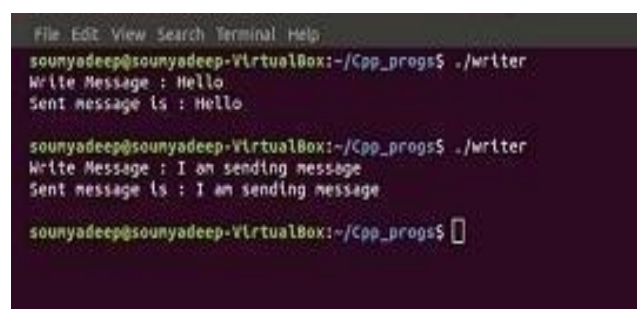
OUTPUT:



```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$ ./reader
Received Message is : Hello

sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$ ./reader
Received Message is : I am sending message

sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$
```



```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$ ./writer
Write Message : Hello
Sent message is : Hello

sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$ ./writer
Write Message : I am sending message
Sent message is : I am sending message

sounyadeep@sounyadeep-VirtualBox:~/Cpp_progs$
```

PROGRAM:

```
#include "rpctime.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <rpc/pmap_clnt.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <memory.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#ifndef SIG_PF
#define SIG_PF void(*)(int)
#endif
static void
rpctime_1(struct svc_req *rqstp, register SVCXPRT *transp)
{
    union {int fill;
    } argument;
    char *result;
    xdrproc_t _xdr_argument, _xdr_result;
    char *(*local)(char *, struct svc_req *);
    switch (rqstp->rq_proc) {
    case NULLPROC: (void) svc_sendreply (transp, (xdrproc_t) xdr_void, (char *)NULL);
    return;
    case GETTIME:
        _xdr_argument = (xdrproc_t) xdr_void;
        _xdr_result = (xdrproc_t) xdr_long;
        local = (char *(*)(char *, struct svc_req *)) gettimeofday_1_svc;
        break;
    default:
        svcerr_noproc (transp);
        return;
    }
```

```
}
memset ((char *)&argument, 0, sizeof (argument));
if (!svc_getargs (transp, (xdrproc_t) _xdr_argument, (caddr_t) &argument)) {
    svcerr_decode (transp);
    return;
}
result = (*local)((char *)&argument, rqstp);
if (result != NULL && !svc_sendreply(transp, (xdrproc_t) _xdr_result, result)) {
    svcerr_systemerr (transp);
}
if (!svc_freeargs (transp, (xdrproc_t) _xdr_argument, (caddr_t) &argument)) {
    fprintf (stderr, "%s", "unable to free arguments");
    exit (1);
}
return;
}

intmain (int argc, char **argv){
    register SVCXPRT *transp;
    pmap_unset (RPCTIME, RPCTIMEVERSION);
    transp = svcudp_create(RPC_ANYSOCK);
    if (transp == NULL) {
        fprintf (stderr, "%s", "cannot create udp service.");
        exit(1);
    }
    if (!svc_register(transp, RPCTIME, RPCTIMEVERSION, rpctime_1, IPPROTO_UDP)) {
        fprintf (stderr, "%s", "unable to register (RPCTIME, RPCTIMEVERSION,udp).");
        exit(1);
    }
    transp = svctcp_create(RPC_ANYSOCK, 0, 0);if (transp == NULL) {
        fprintf (stderr, "%s", "cannot create tcp service.");
        exit(1);
    }
}
```



```
}  
if (!svc_register(transp, RPCTIME, RPCTIMEVERSION, rpctime_1, IPPROTO_TCP)) {  
    fprintf(stderr, "%s", "unable to register (RPCTIME, RPCTIMEVERSION, tcp).");  
    exit(1);  
}  
svc_run ();  
fprintf(stderr, "%s", "svc_run returned");  
exit (1);  
}
```

Client Side:

```
#include "rpctime.h"  
void rpctime_1(char *host){  
    CLIENT *clnt; long *result_1;  
    char *gettime_1_arg;  
    #ifndef DEBUG  
        clnt = clnt_create (host, RPCTIME, RPCTIMEVERSION, "udp");  
    if (clnt == NULL) {  
        clnt_pcreateerror (host);  
        exit (1);  
    }  
    #endif /* DEBUG */  
    result_1 = gettime_1((void*)&gettime_1_arg, clnt);  
    if (result_1 == (long *) NULL) {  
        clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");  
    }  
    Else  
        printf("%d | %s", *result_1, ctime(result_1));  
    #ifndef DEBUG  
        clnt_destroy (clnt);  
    #endif /* DEBUG */  
}  
int main (int argc, char *argv[]){  
    char *host;  
    if (argc < 2) {
```

```
printf ("usage: %s server_host\n", argv[0]);
exit (1);
}
host = argv[1];
rpctime_1 (host);
exit (0);
}
rpctime_cntl.c
#include <memory.h> /* for memset */
#include "rpctime.h" /* Default timeout can be changed using clnt_control() */
static struct timeval TIMEOUT = { 25, 0 };
long *gettime_1(void *argp, CLIENT *clnt){
static long clnt_res;memset((char *)&clnt_res, 0, sizeof(clnt_res));
if (clnt_call (clnt, GETTIME,(xdrproc_t) xdr_void, (caddr_t) argp,(xdrproc_t) xdr_long, (caddr_t)
&clnt_res,TIMEOUT) != RPC_SUCCESS) {
return (NULL);
}
return (&clnt_res);
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Step 1: $rpcgen -C -a simp.x
//This creates simp.h, simp_clnt.c, simp_svc.c simp_xdr.c files in the folder //
Step 2: $cc -o client simp_client.c simp_clnt.c simp_xdr.c -lrpcsvc -lnsl
Step 3: $ cc -o server simp_server.c simp_svc.c simp_xdr.c -lrpcsvc -lnsl
Step 4: $ ./server &
$ ./client 10.0.0.1 10 5
Add = 10 + 5 = 15
Sub = 10 - 5 = 5
```

Augumented Experiments:

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>

void main() {
int m, n; /* given numbers */

clrscr();

printf("Enter-two integer numbers: ");

scanf ("%d %d", &m, &n);

while (n > 0) {

int r = m % n;

m = n;

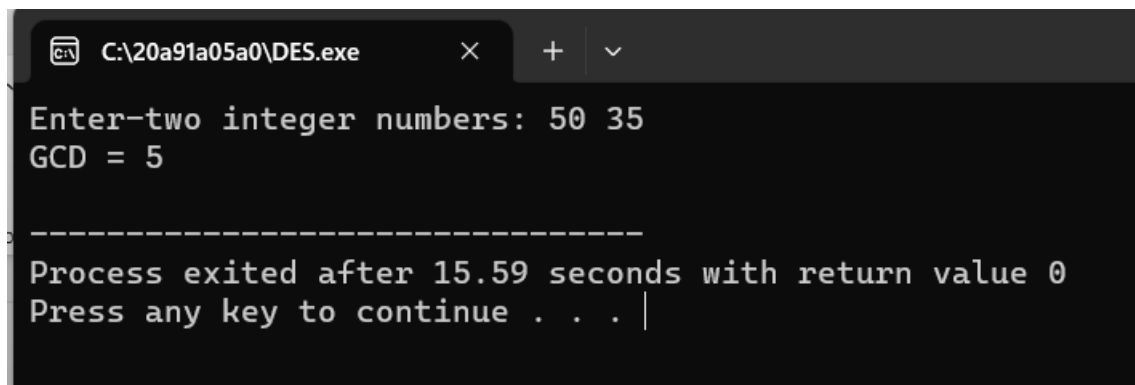
n = r;

}

printf ("GCD = %d \n",m); getch();

}
```

OUTPUT:

A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar shows the file path 'C:\20a91a05a0\DES.exe'. The prompt displays the output of the program: 'Enter-two integer numbers: 50 35' followed by 'GCD = 5'. Below this, a separator line is shown, followed by the message 'Process exited after 15.59 seconds with return value 0' and 'Press any key to continue . . . |'.

PROGRAM

```
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<semaphore.h>
#include<unistd.h>
void *fun1();
void *fun2();
int shared=1; //shared variable
sem_t s; //semaphore variable
int main()
{
sem_init(&s,0,1); //initialize semaphore variable - 1st argument is address of variable, 2nd is number
of
processes sharing semaphore, 3rd argument is the initial value of semaphore variable
pthread_t thread1, thread2;
pthread_create(&thread1, NULL, fun1, NULL);
pthread_create(&thread2, NULL, fun2, NULL);
pthread_join(thread1, NULL);
pthread_join(thread2,NULL);
printf("Final value of shared is %d\n",shared); //prints the last updated value of shared variable
}
void *fun1()
{
int x;
sem_wait(&s); //executes wait operation on s
x=shared;//thread1 reads value of shared variable
printf("Thread1 reads the value as %d\n",x);
x++; //thread1 increments its value
140
printf("Local updation by Thread1: %d\n",x);
sleep(1); //thread1 is preempted by thread 2
```

```
shared=x; //thread one updates the value of shared variable
printf("Value of shared variable updated by Thread1 is: %d\n",shared);
sem_post(&s);
}
void *fun2()
{
    int y;
    sem_wait(&s);
    y=shared;//thread2 reads value of shared variable
    printf("Thread2 reads the value as %d\n",y);
    y--; //thread2 increments its value
    printf("Local updation by Thread2: %d\n",y);
    sleep(1); //thread2 is preempted by thread 1
    shared=y; //thread2 updates the value of shared variable
    printf("Value of shared variable updated by Thread2 is: %d\n",shared);
    sem_post(&s);
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
baljit@baljit:~/cse325$ ./a.out
Thread1 reads the value as 1
Local updation by Thread1: 2
Value of shared variable updated by Thread1 is: 2
Thread2 reads the value as 2
Local updation by Thread2: 1
Value of shared variable updated by Thread2 is: 1
Final value of shared is 1
```