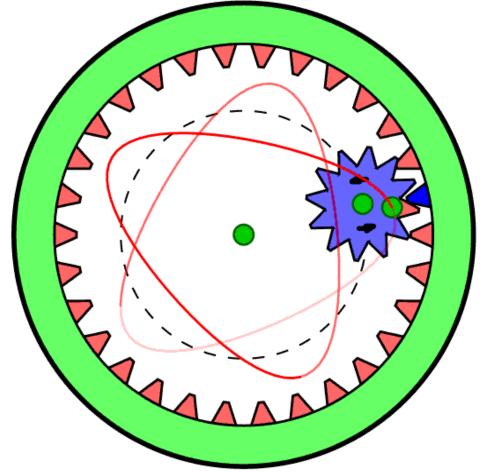
Циклоидальная кривая



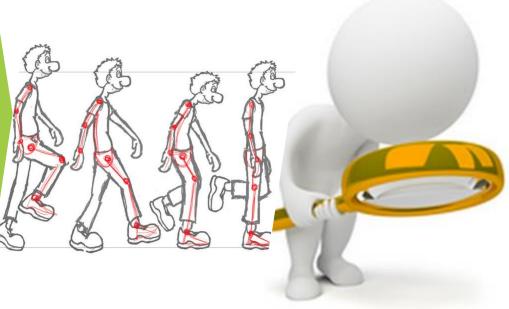
Подготовил:

Корецкий А.О.

Учитель:

Гурьева О.Н.





Актуальность



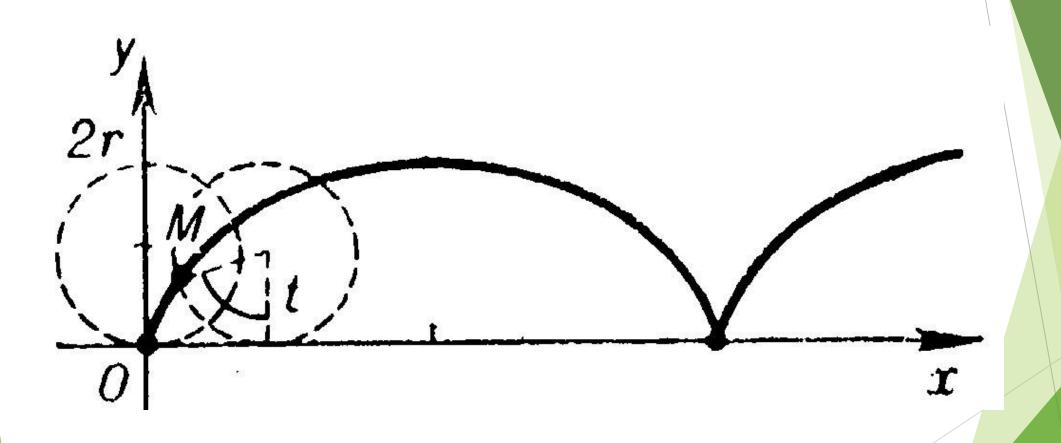


Задачи



Теоретическая часть

Что такое циклоидная кривая?



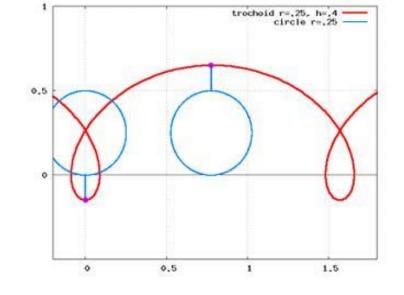
Классификация кривых

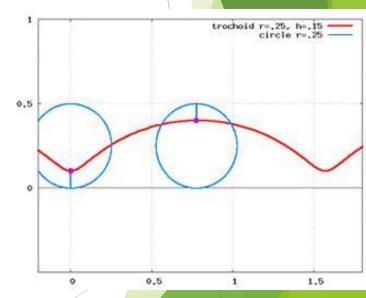






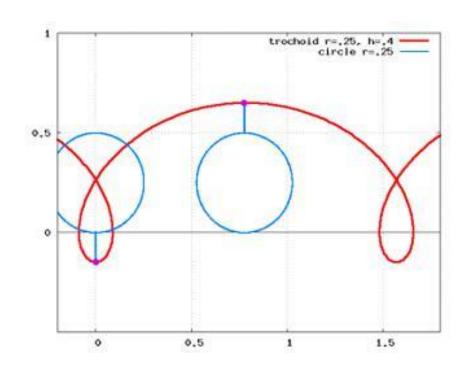
ПО РАССТОЯНИЮ ОПИСЫВАЮЩЕЙ ТОЧКИ ОТ ЦЕНТРА КАТЯЩЕЙСЯ ОКРУЖНОСТИ

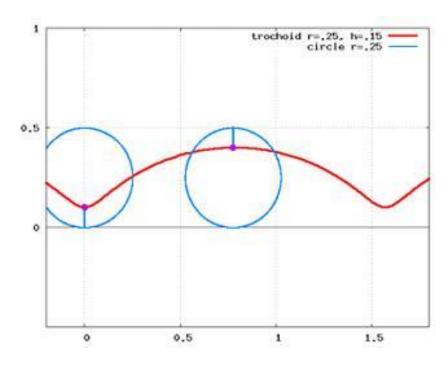






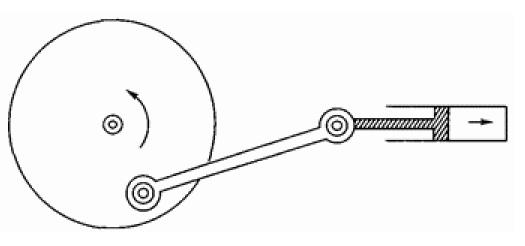
Трохо́ида

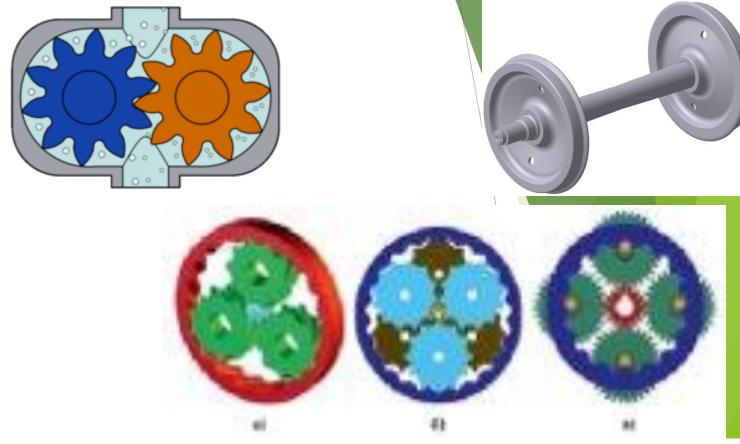


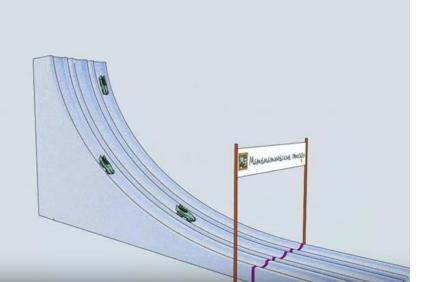


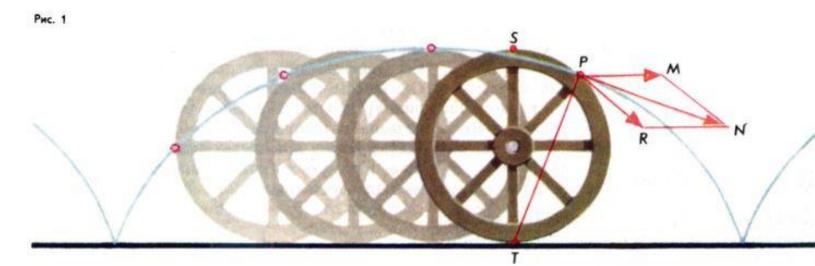
$$\begin{cases} x(\varphi) = \cos(-\varphi)h + \varphi r \\ y(\varphi) = \sin(-\varphi)h \end{cases}$$

Где применяется?

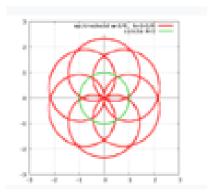


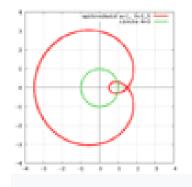


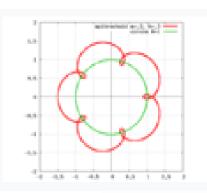


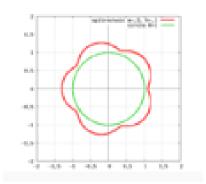


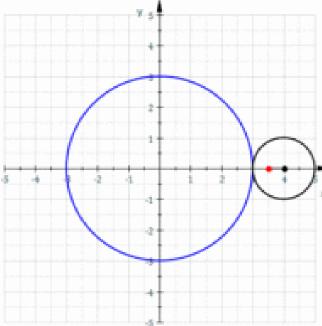
Эпитрохоида





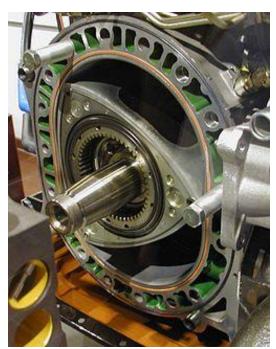


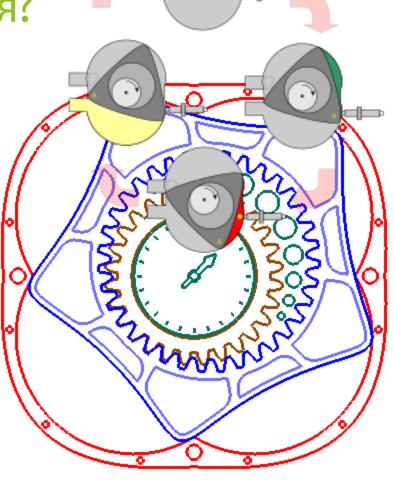


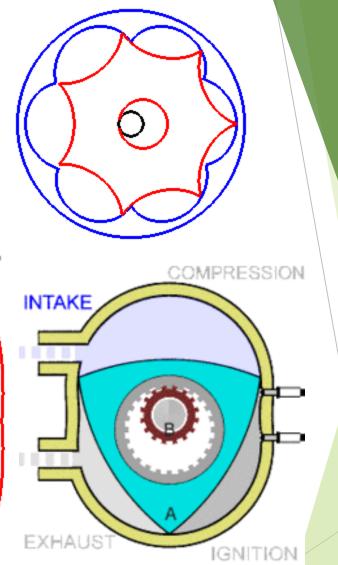


$$\begin{cases} x(\varphi) = \cos(-\varphi)(R-r) + \cos(\varphi((R/r) - 1))h \\ y(\varphi) = \sin(-\varphi)(R-r) + \sin(\varphi((R/r) - 1))h \end{cases}$$

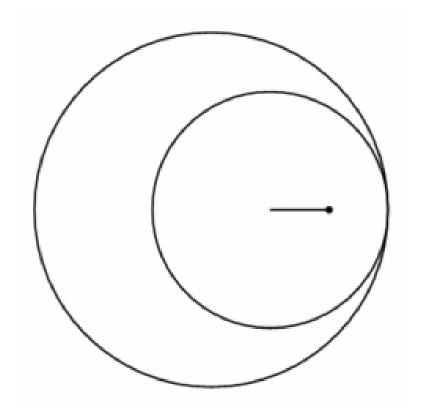
Где применяется?

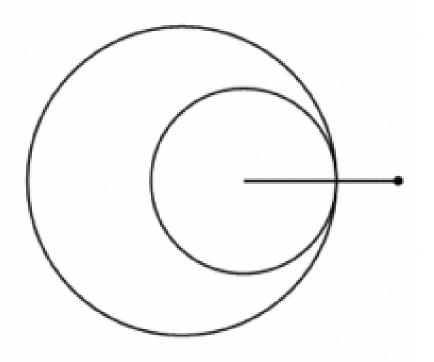






Гипотрохоида

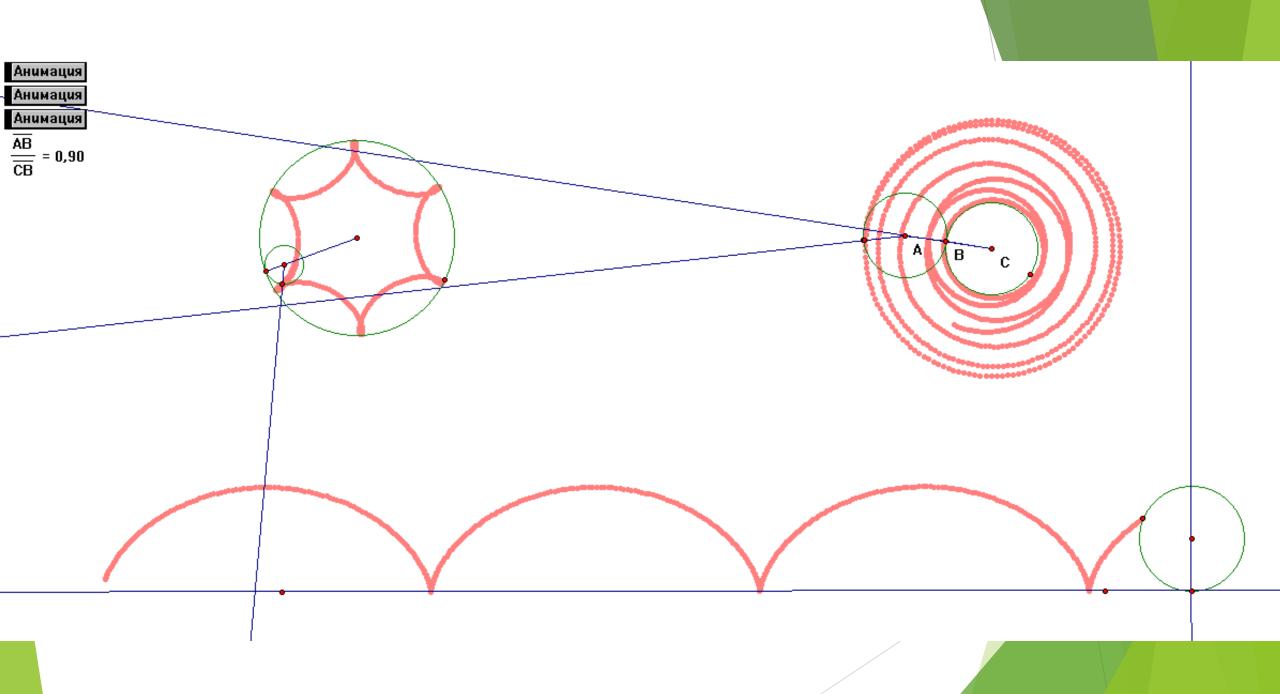


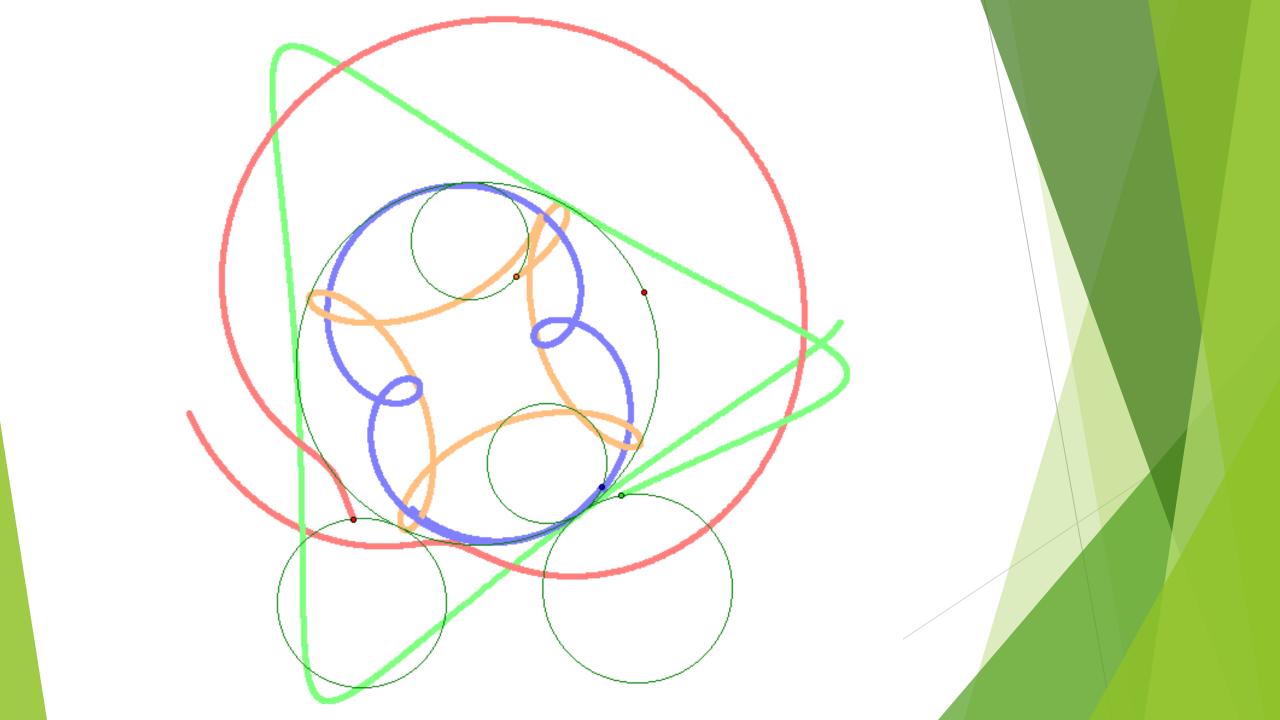


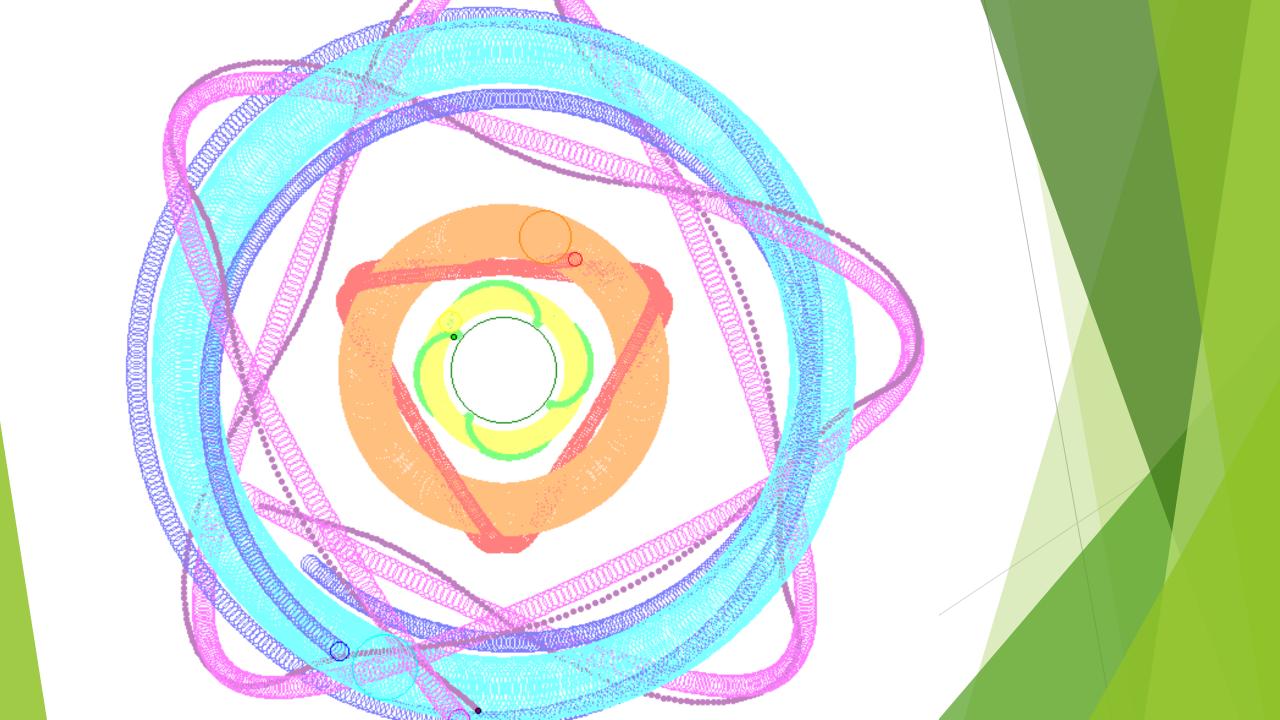
$$\begin{cases} x(\phi) = \cos(-\phi)(R+r) + \cos(-\phi((R/r) + 1))h \\ y(\phi) = \sin(-\phi)(R+r) + \sin(-\phi((R/r) + 1))h \end{cases}$$

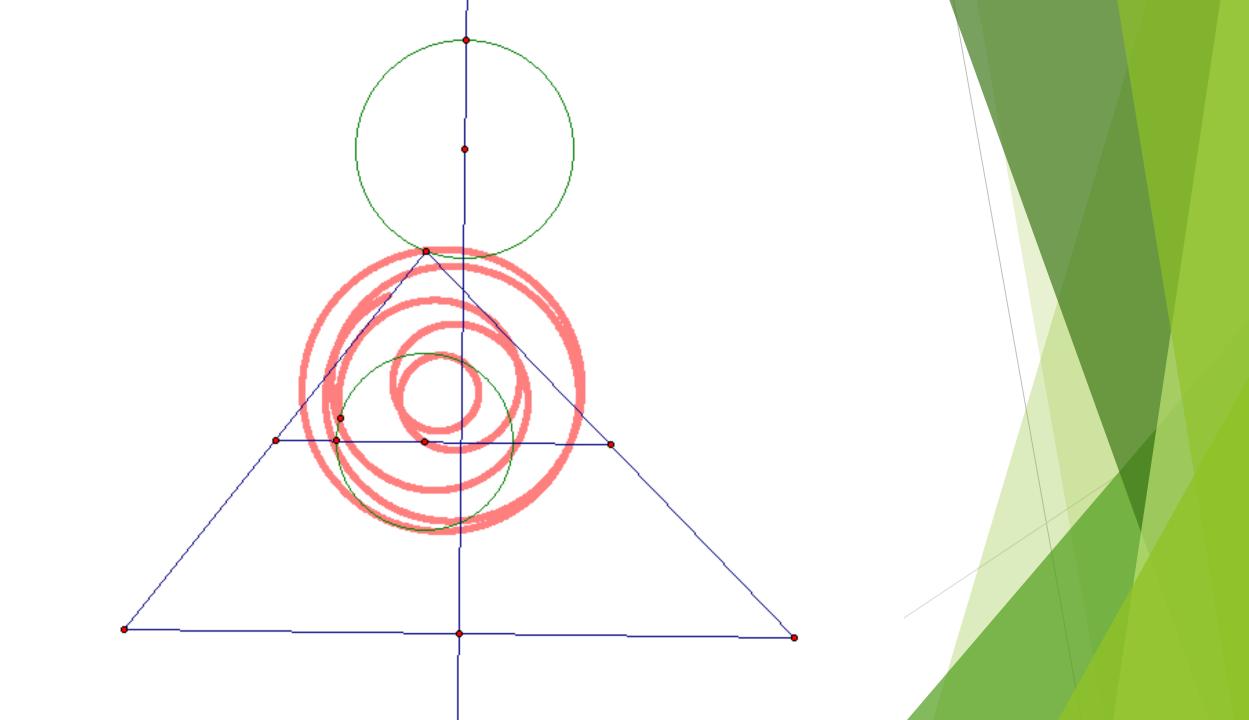


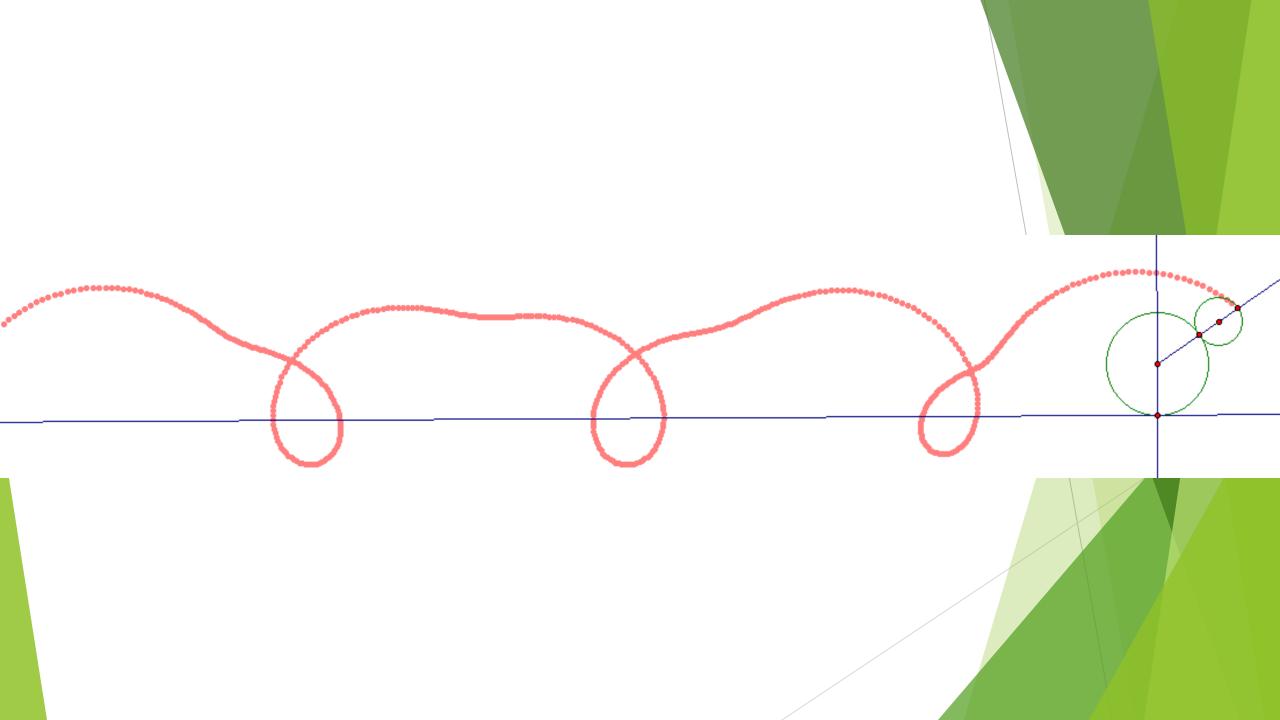
Эксперементальная часть







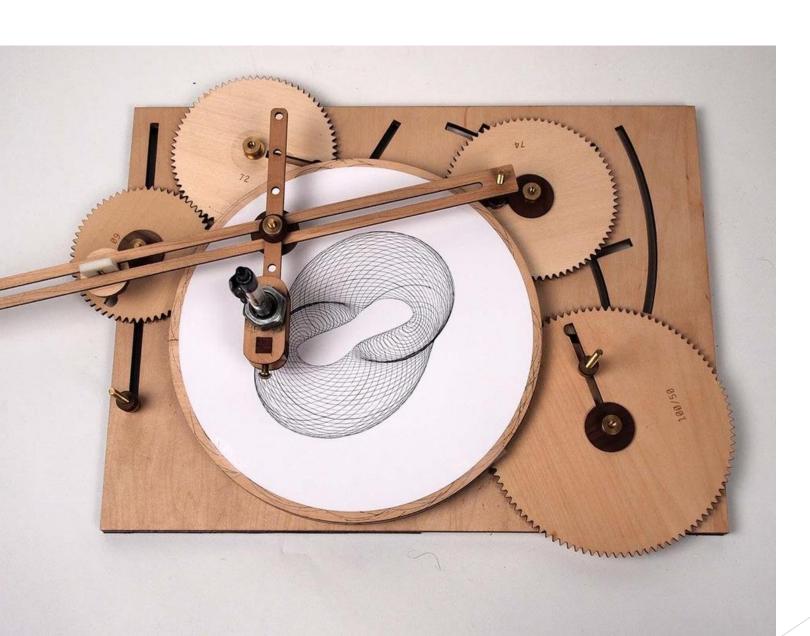


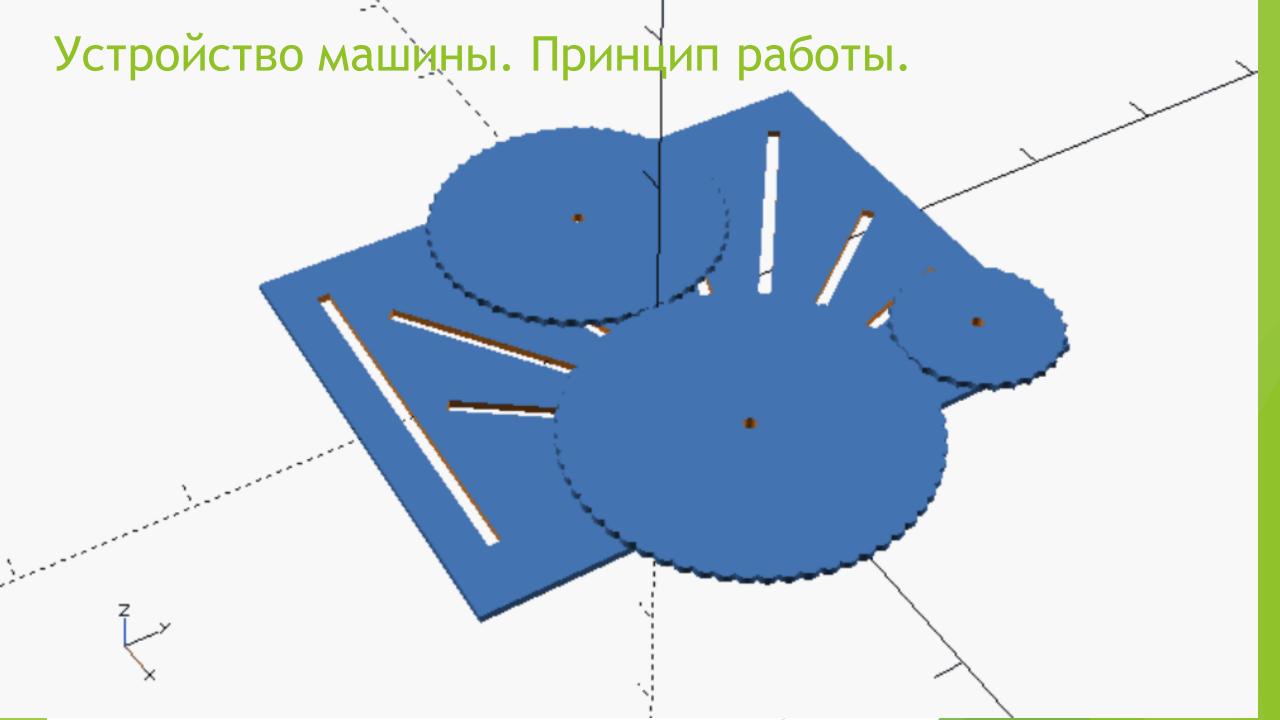


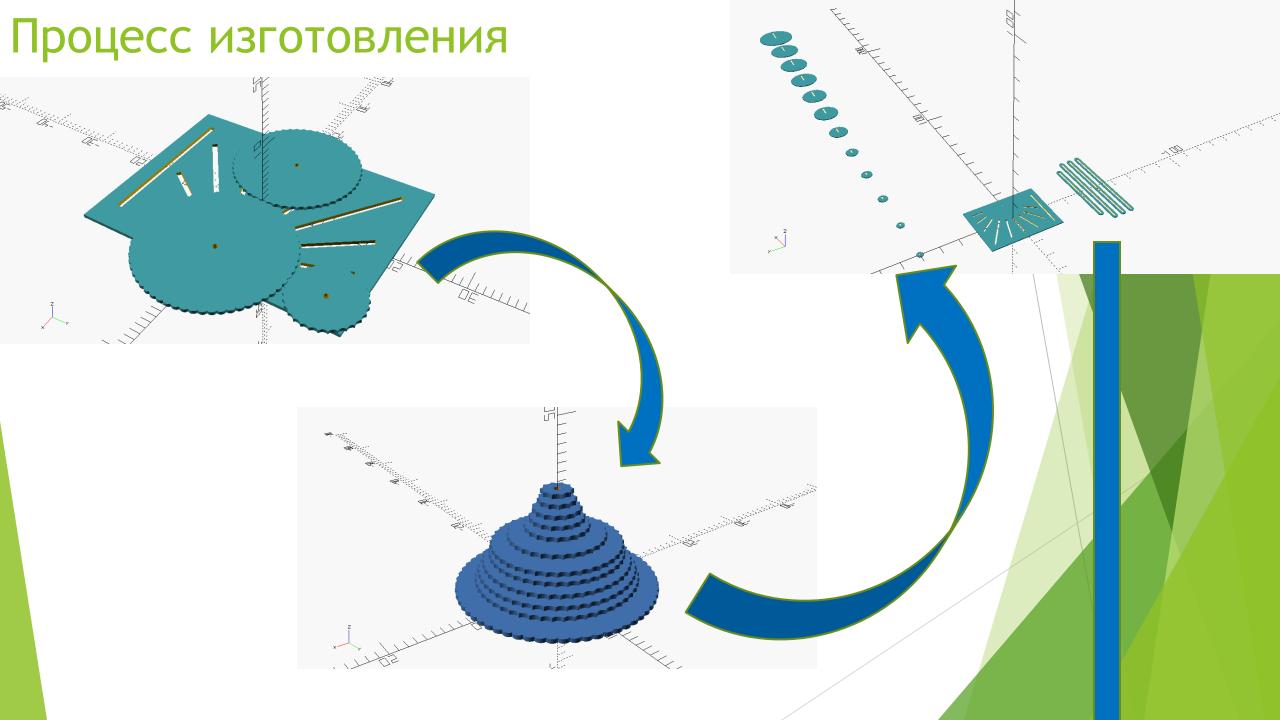
Практический эксперимент

Практическая часть

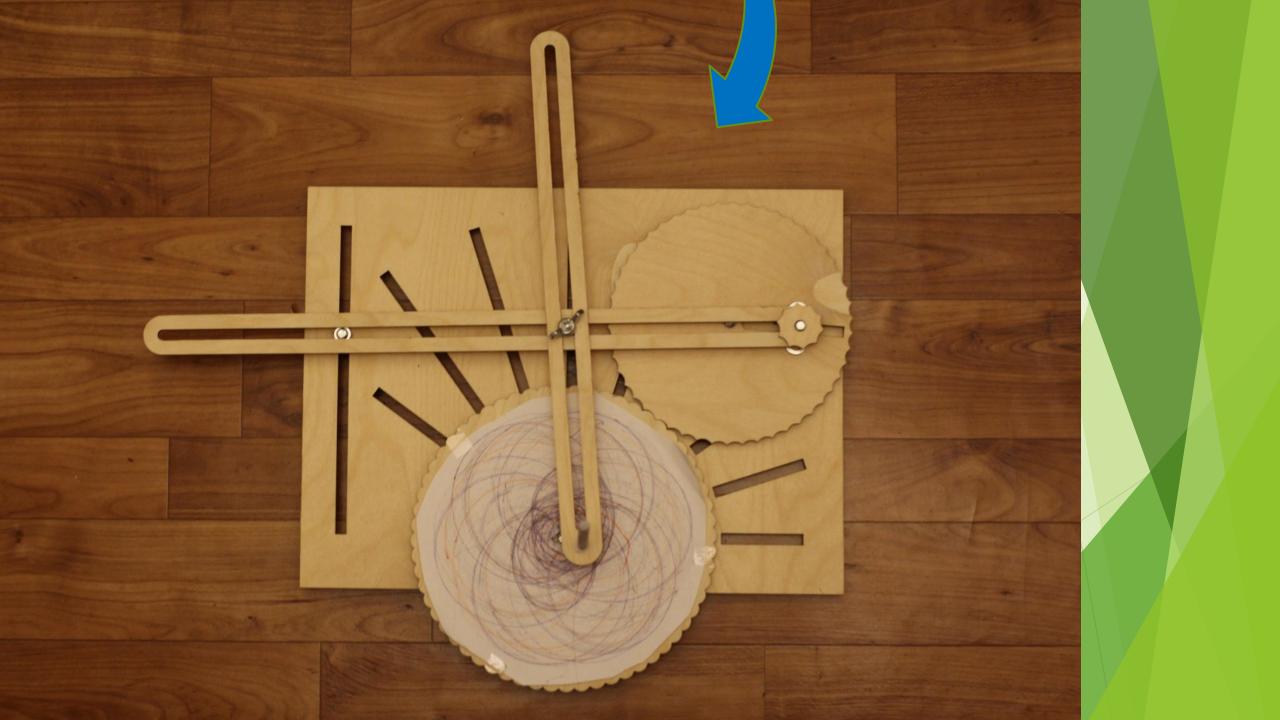
О машине Циклоид

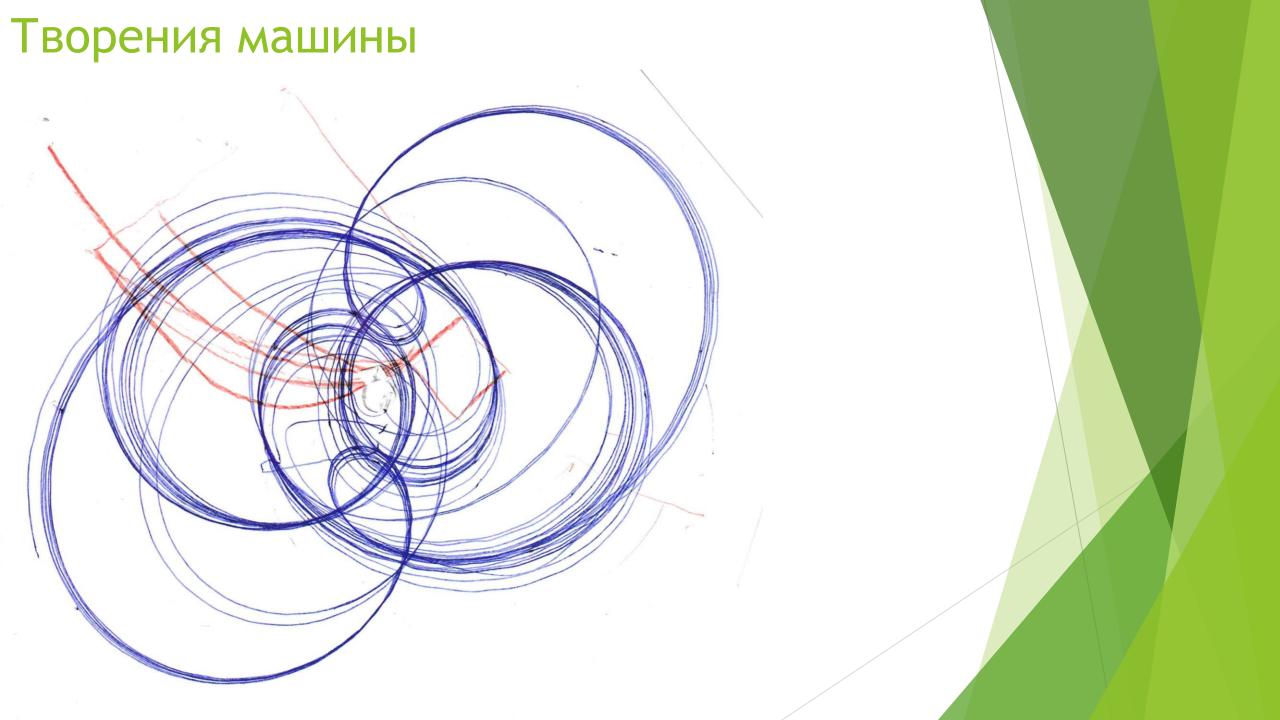


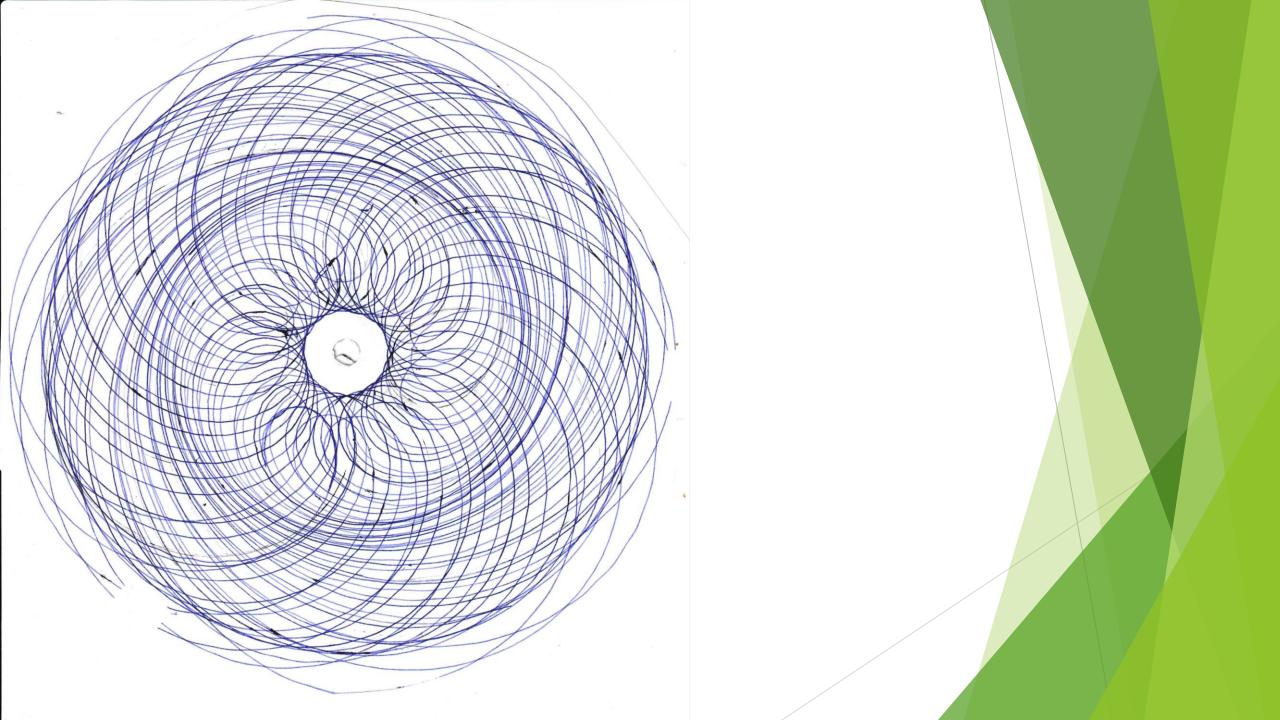


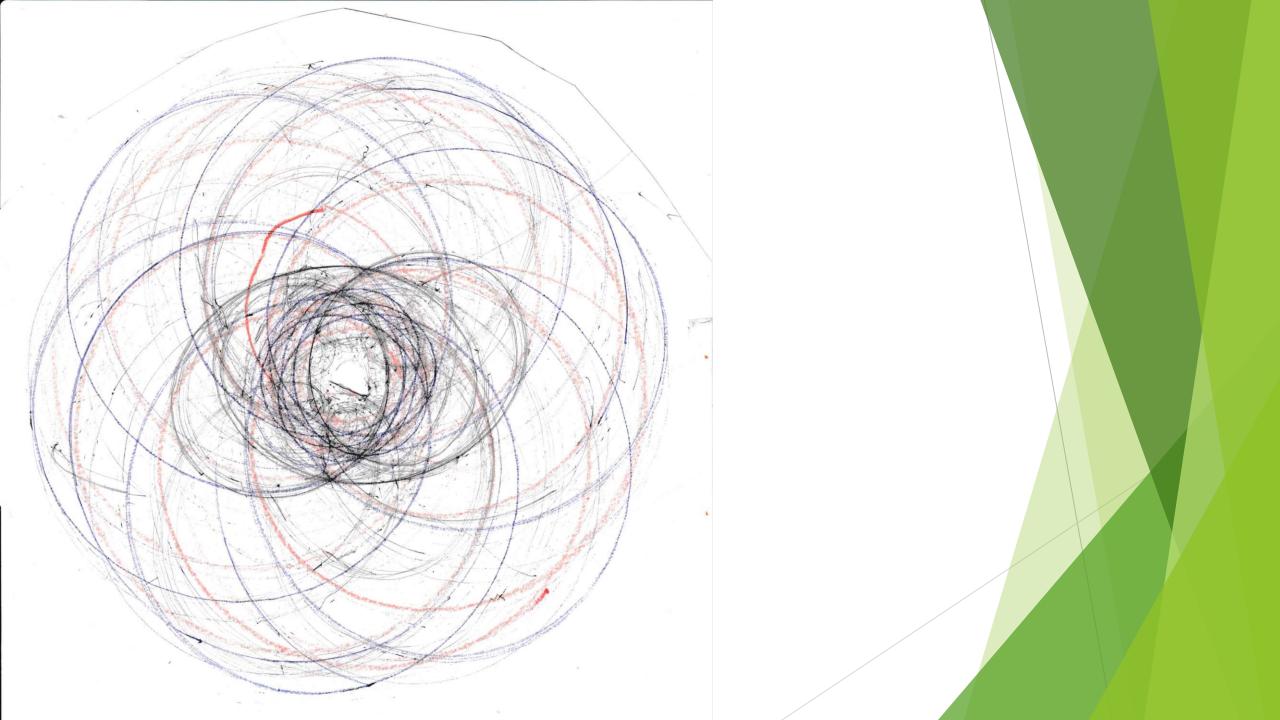












Вывод



