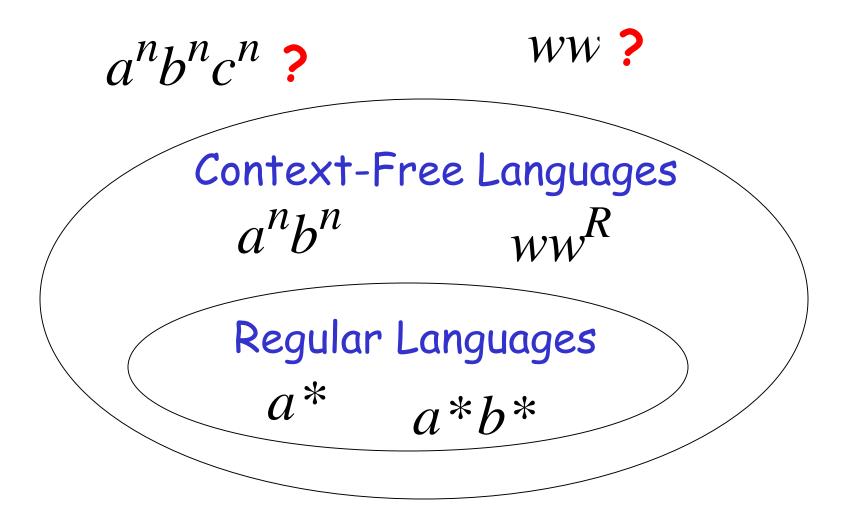
# Turing Machines

# The Language Hierarchy



# Languages accepted by Turing Machines

 $a^nb^nc^n$ 

WW

Context-Free Languages

 $a^nb^n$ 

 $WW^R$ 

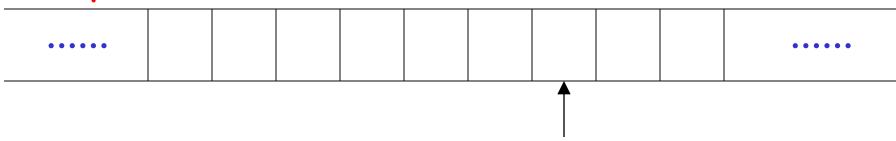
Regular Languages

*a*\*

a\*b\*

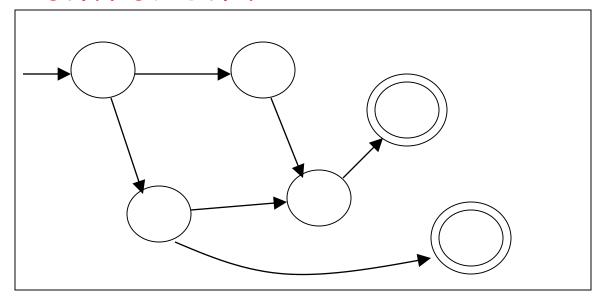
# A Turing Machine

# Tape



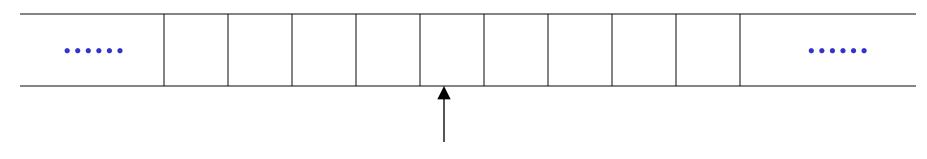
### Read-Write head

### Control Unit



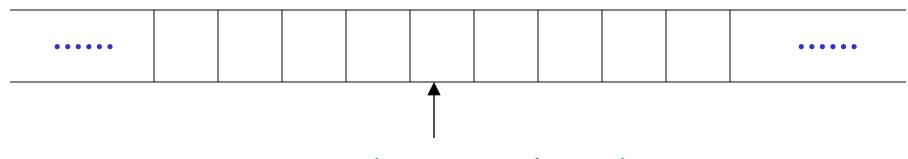
# The Tape

### No boundaries -- infinite length



Read-Write head

The head moves Left or Right



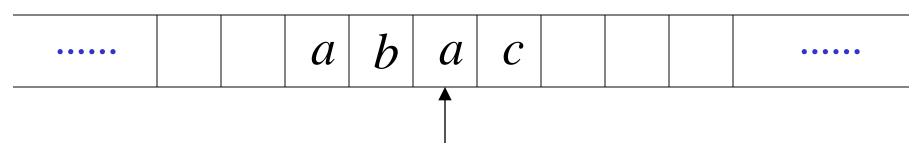
### Read-Write head

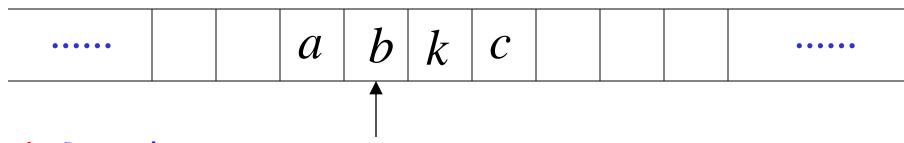
### The head at each time step:

- 1. Reads a symbol
- 2. Writes a symbol
- 3. Moves Left or Right

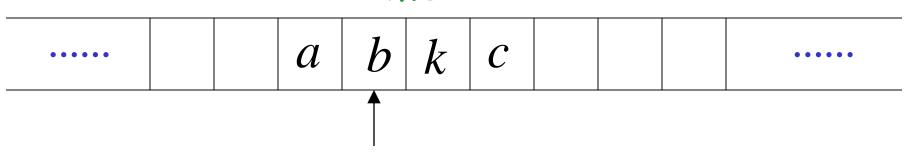
### Example:

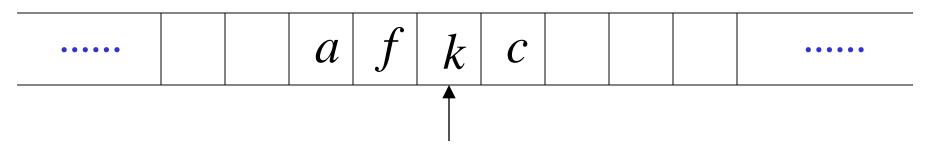
### Time 0





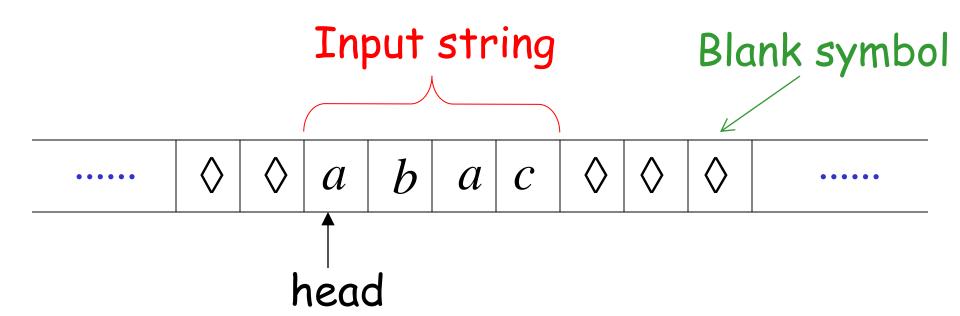
- 1. Reads a
- 2. Writes k
- 3. Moves Left





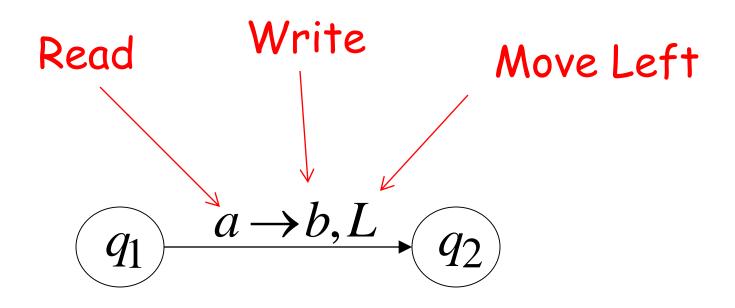
- 1. Reads b
- 2. Writes f
- 3. Moves Right

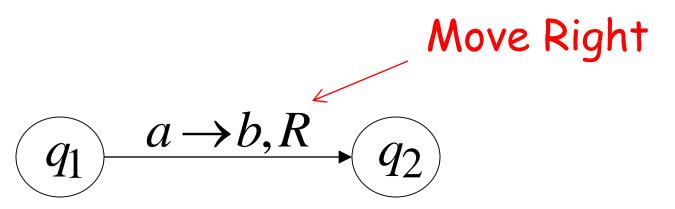
# The Input String



Head starts at the leftmost position of the input string

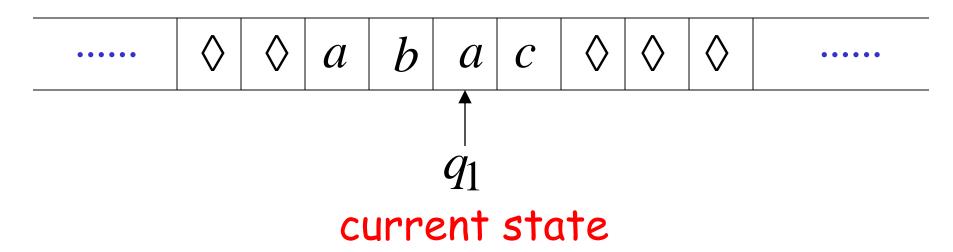
### States & Transitions



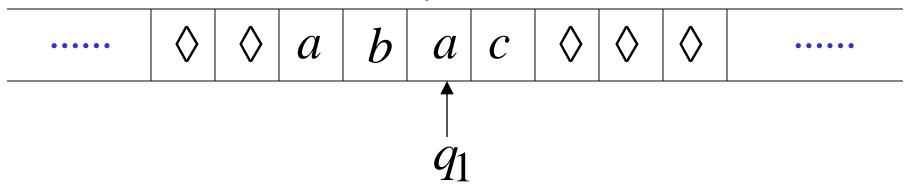


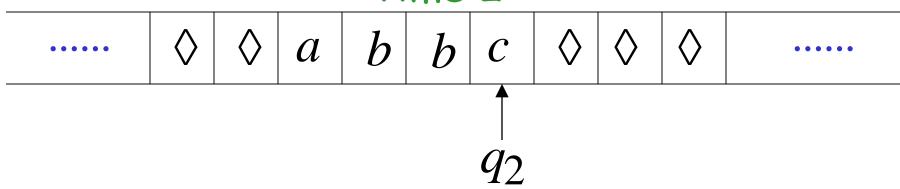
# Example:

Time 1



$$q_1 \xrightarrow{a \to b, R} q_2$$

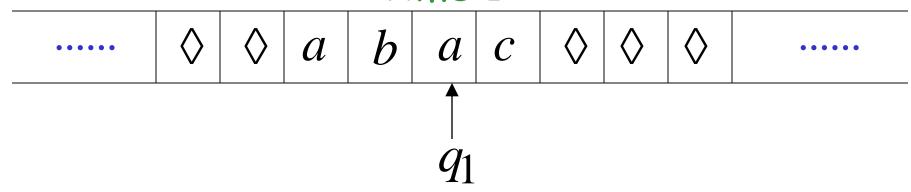


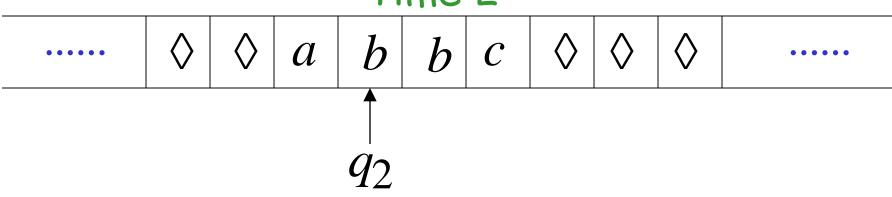


$$\begin{array}{ccc}
q_1 & a \rightarrow b, R \\
\hline
 & q_2
\end{array}$$

# Example:

### Time 1

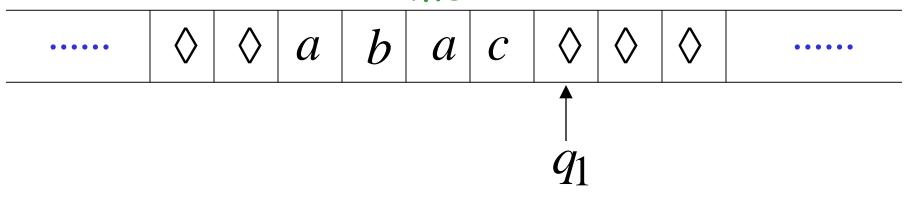


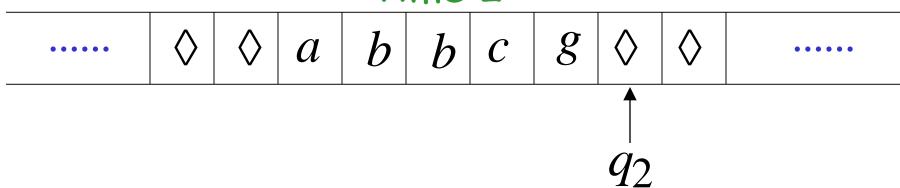


$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & a \rightarrow b, L \\
 & q_2
\end{array}$$

# Example:

### Time 1





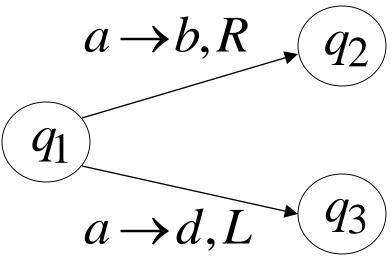
$$\begin{array}{c|c}
q_1 & & & & & \\
\hline
 & & & & \\
\hline
 & & & & \\
\hline
 & & & & \\
\hline
 & & &$$

### Determinism

### Turing Machines are deterministic

# Allowed $a \rightarrow b, R \qquad q_2$ $q_1 \qquad q_1$ $a \rightarrow d, L \qquad q_3$

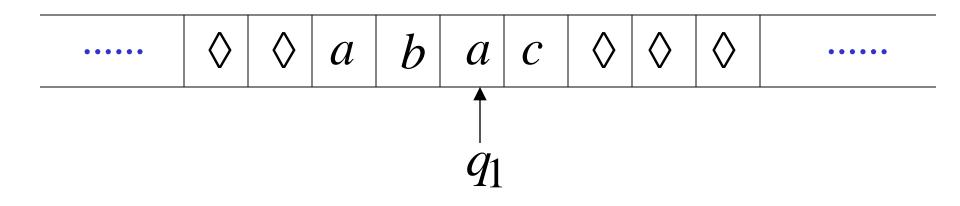
# Not Allowed

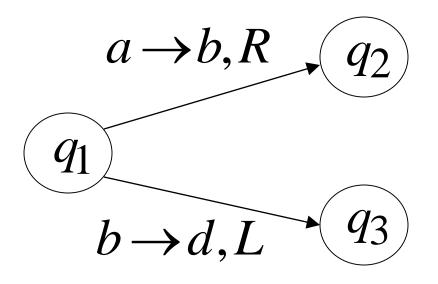


No lambda transitions allowed

### Partial Transition Function

### Example:





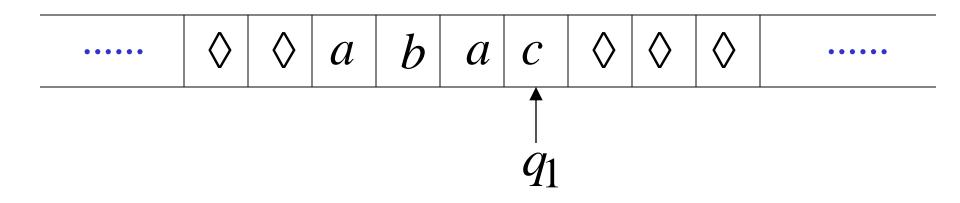
### <u> Allowed:</u>

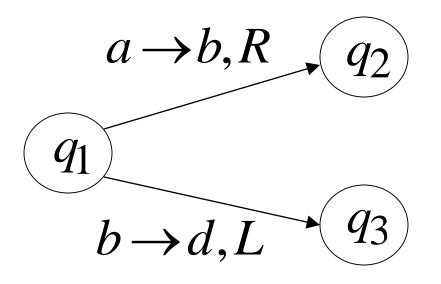
No transition for input symbol c

# Halting

The machine *halts* if there are no possible transitions to follow

### Example:

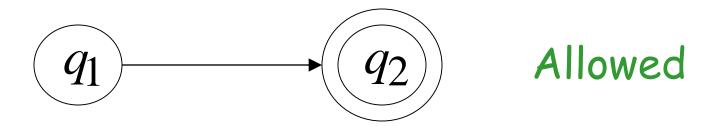


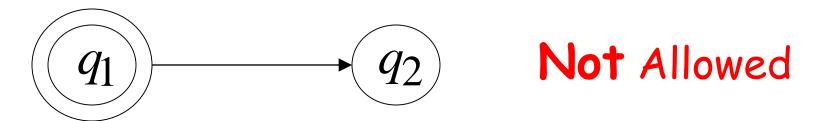


No possible transition

HALT!!!

### Final States



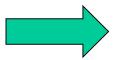


· Final states have no outgoing transitions

In a final state the machine halts

# Acceptance

Accept Input



If machine halts in a final state

Reject Input



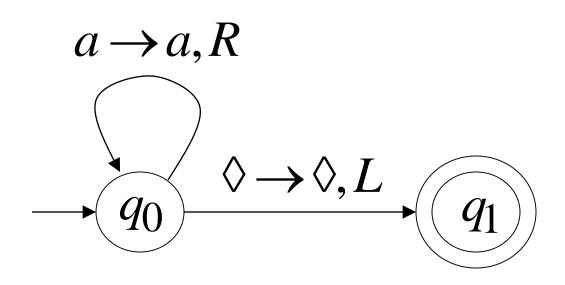
If machine halts in a non-final state or

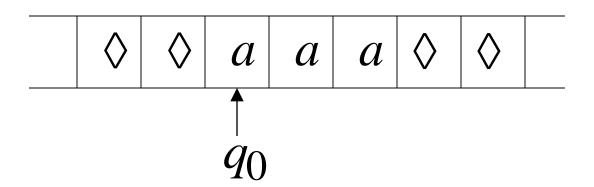
If machine enters an *infinite loop* 

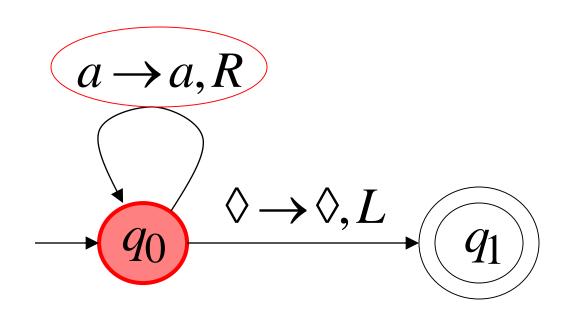
# Turing Machine Example

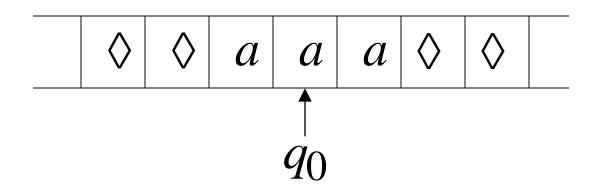
A Turing machine that accepts the language:

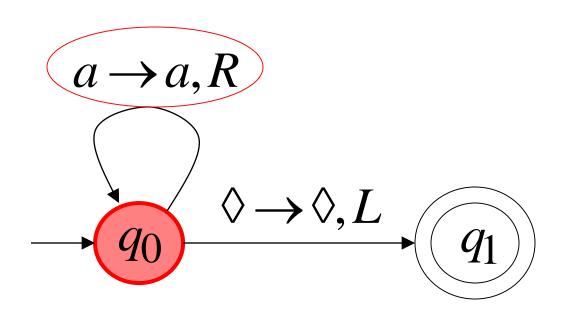
aa\*

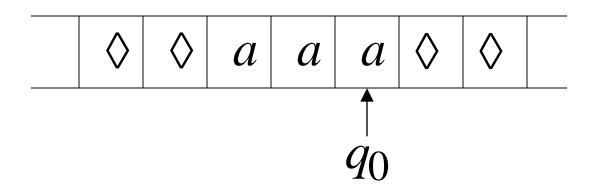


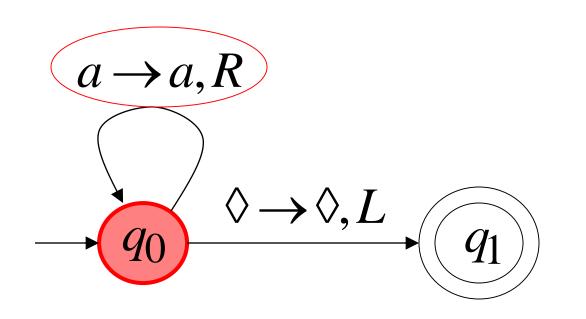


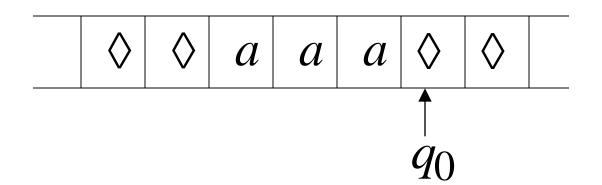


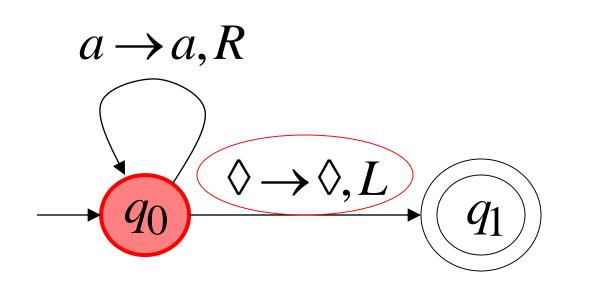


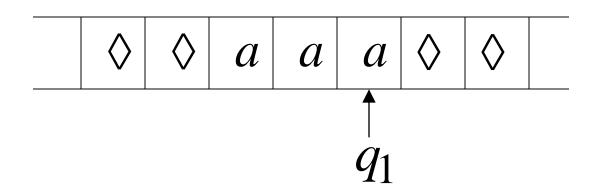


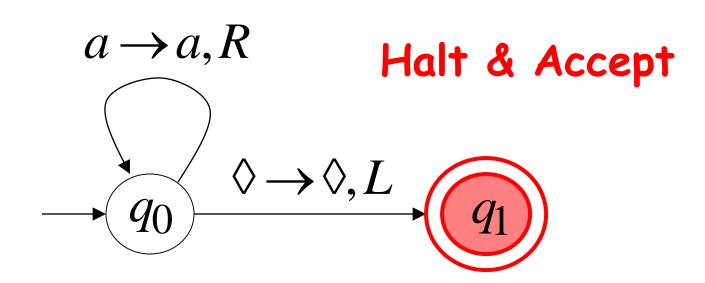




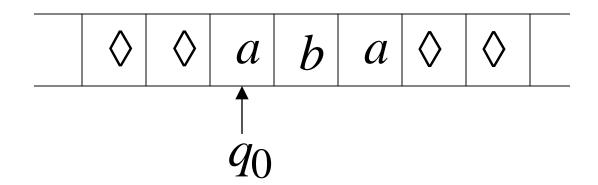


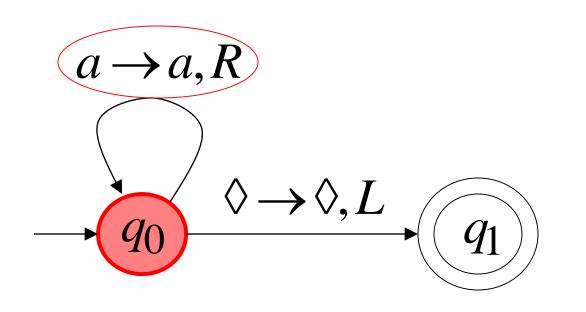


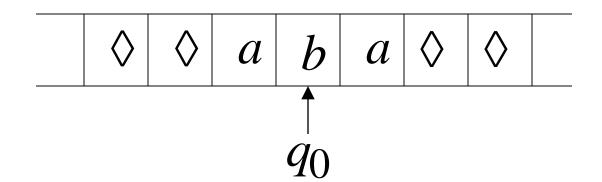




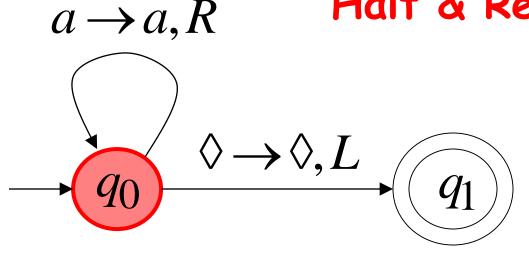
# Rejection Example







No possible Transition Halt & Reject



# Infinite Loop Example

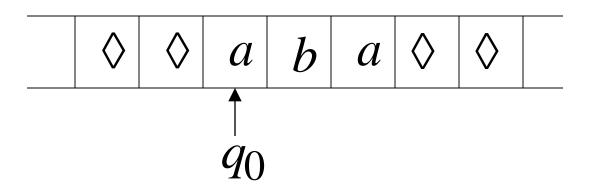
Another Turing machine for language  $aa^*$ 

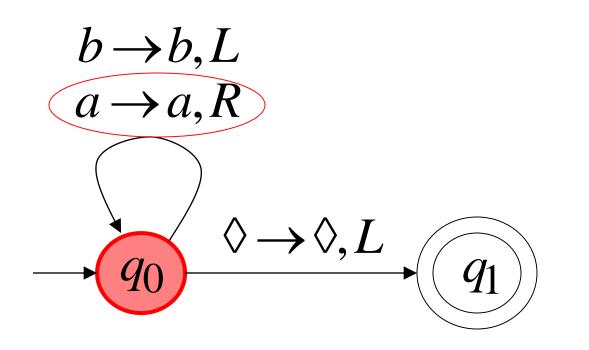
$$b \rightarrow b, L$$

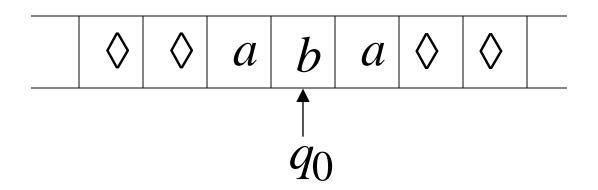
$$a \rightarrow a, R$$

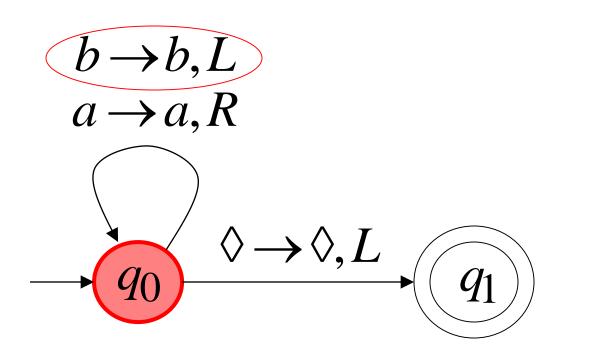
$$Q_0 \qquad \Diamond \rightarrow \Diamond, L$$

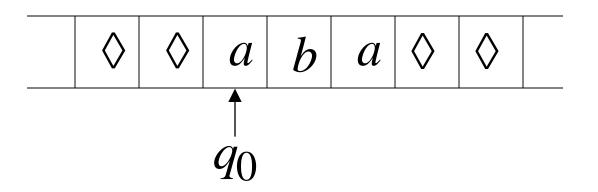
$$Q_1 \qquad Q_1$$

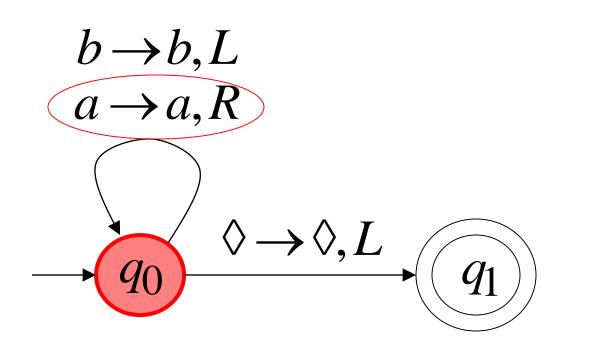


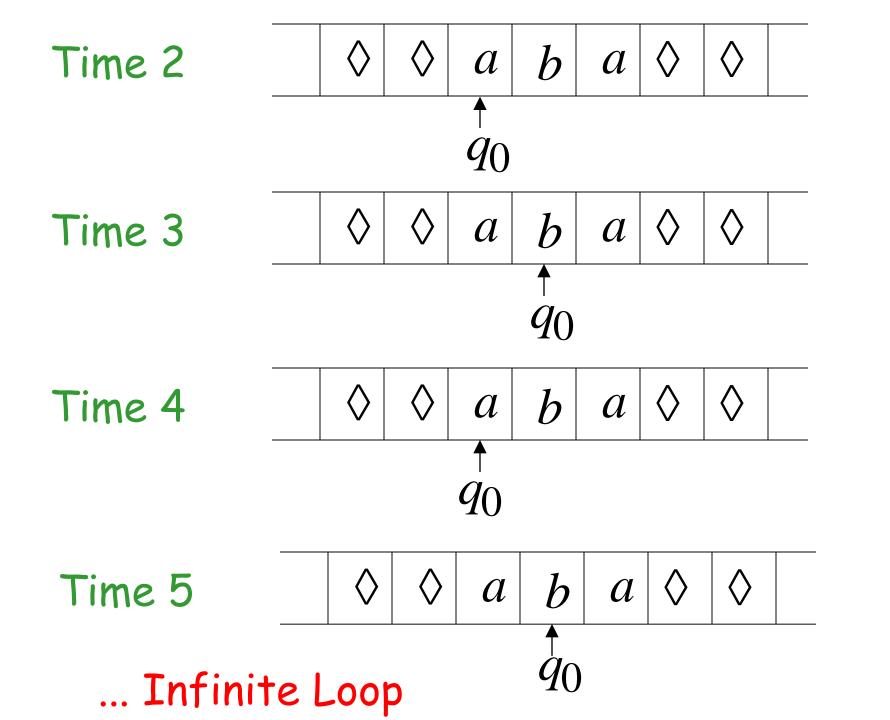












### Because of the infinite loop:

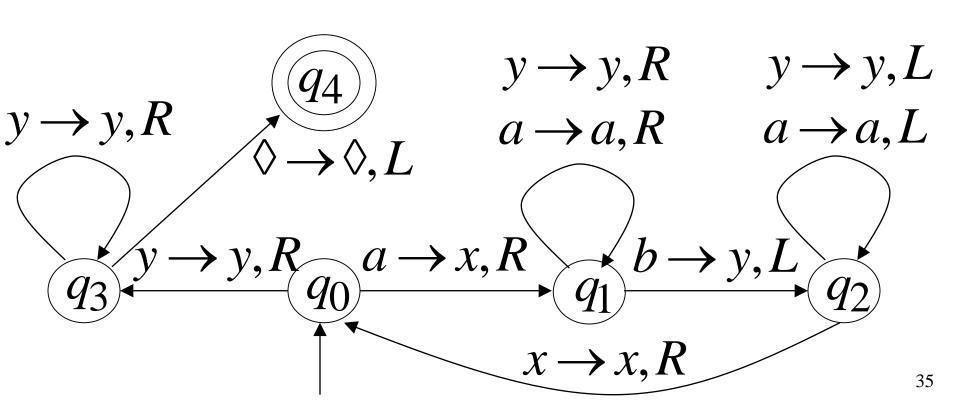
The final state cannot be reached

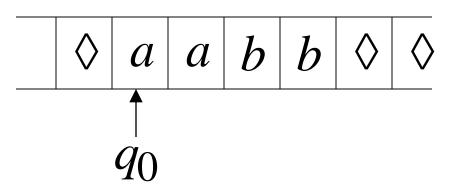
The machine never halts

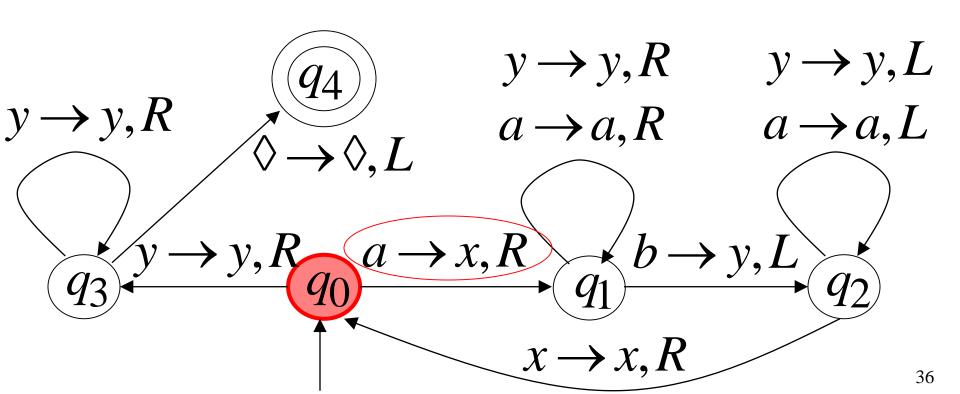
The input is not accepted

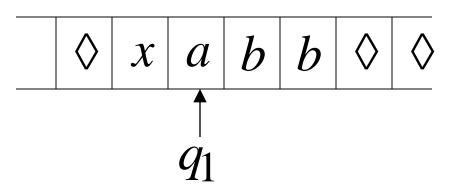
# Another Turing Machine Example

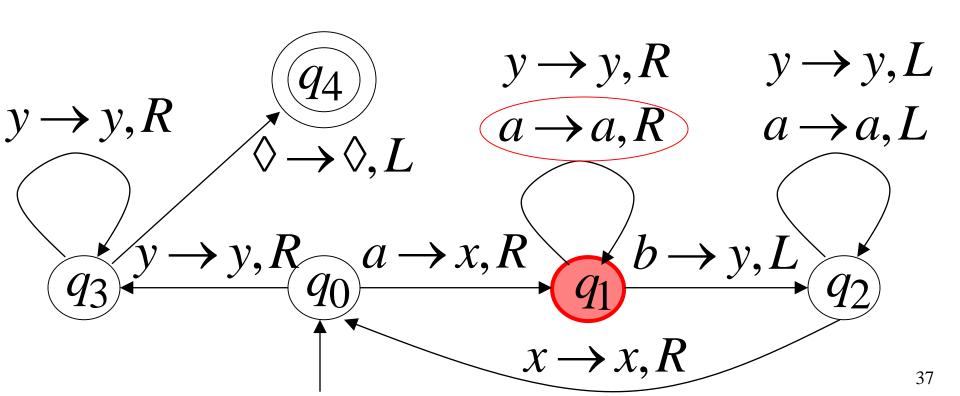
Turing machine for the language  $\{a^nb^n\}$ 

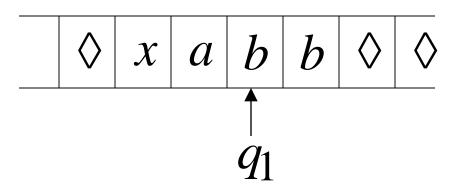


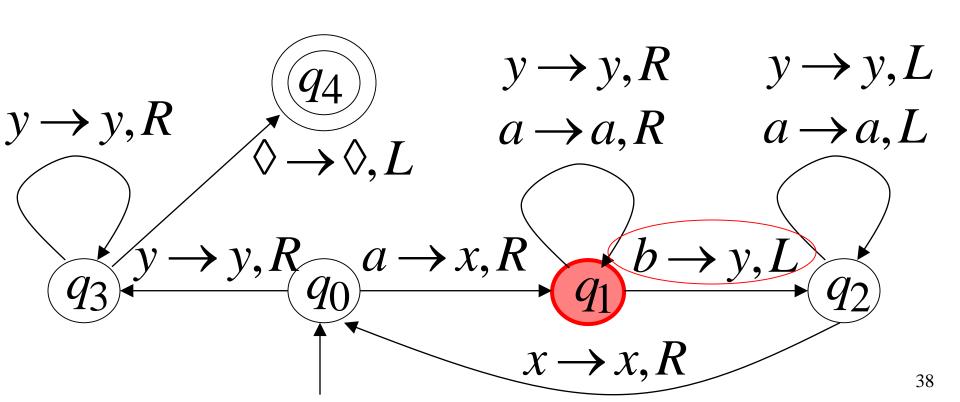


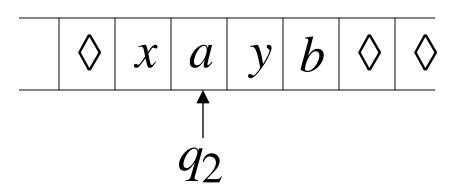


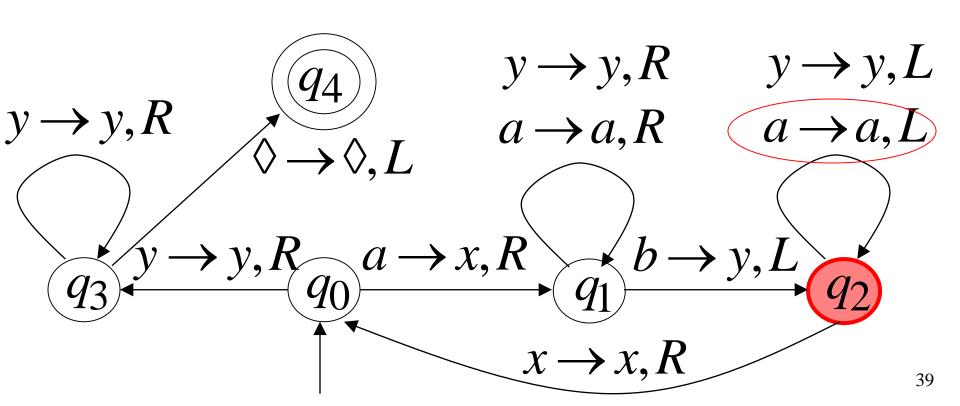


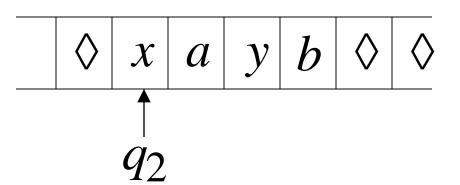


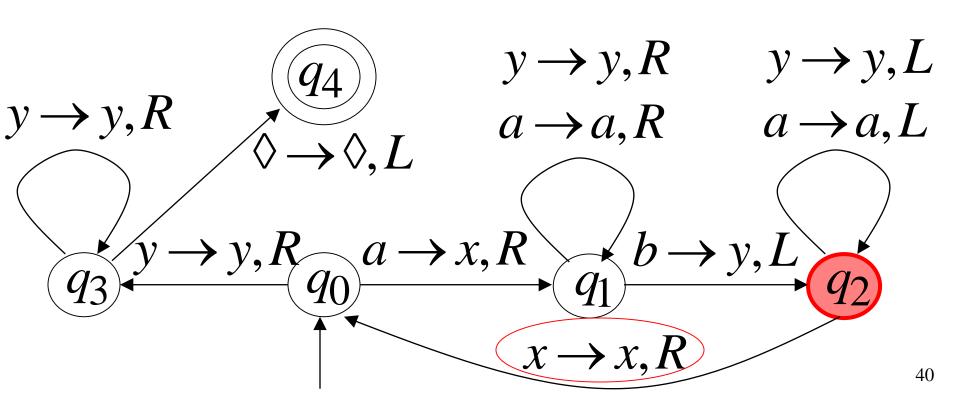


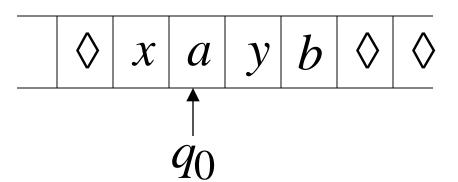


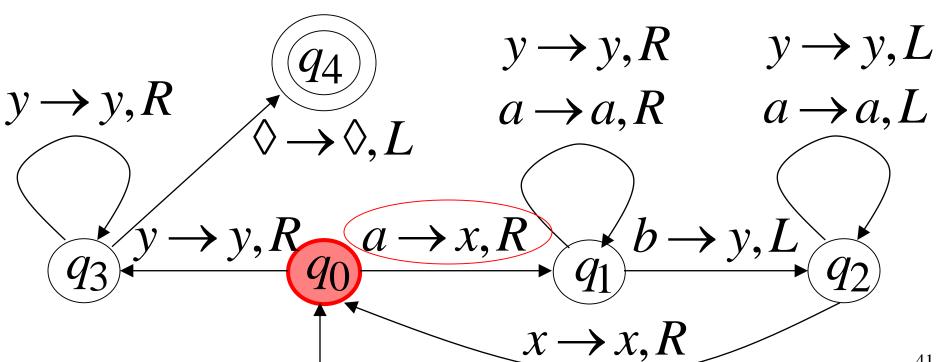




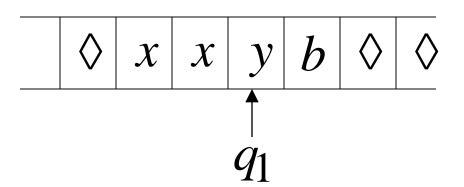


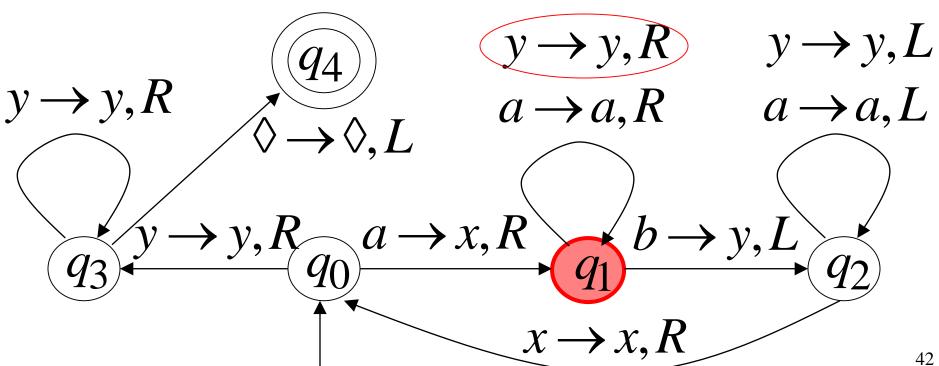


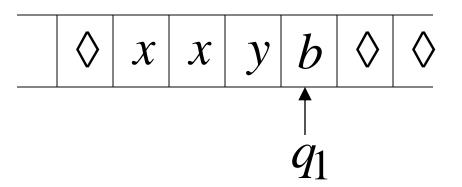


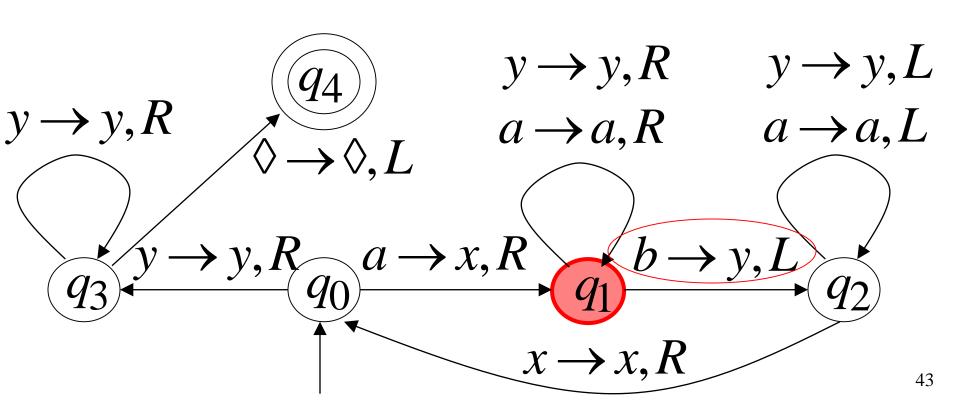


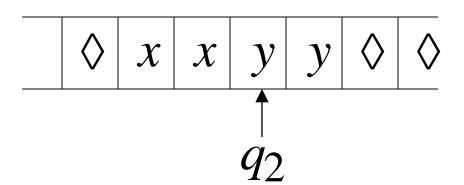
41

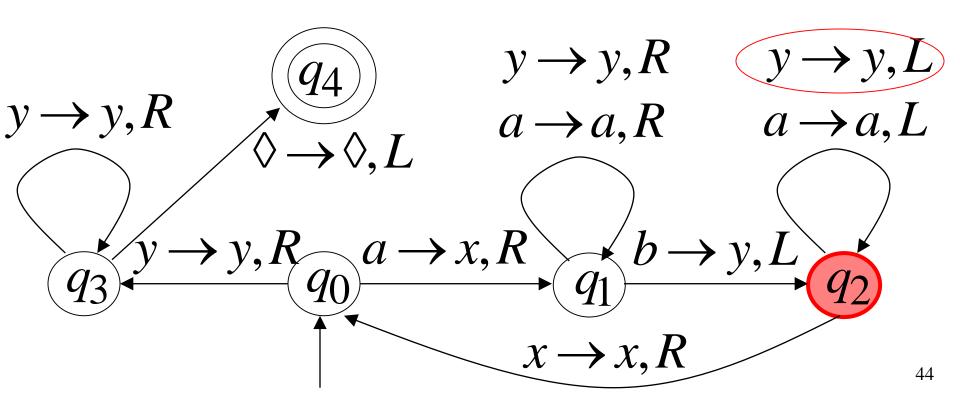


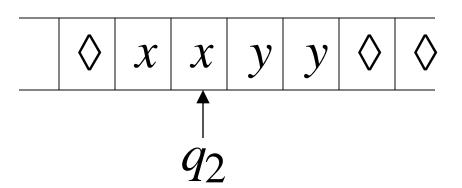


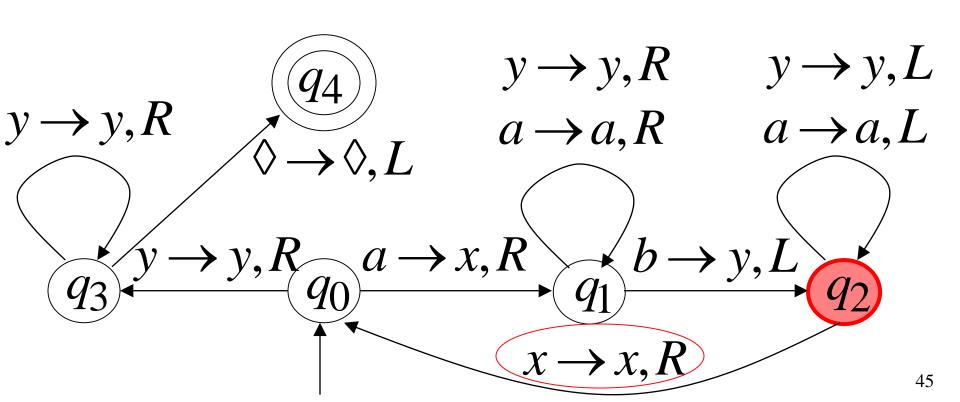


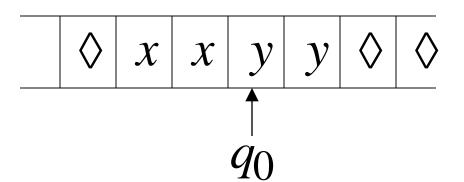


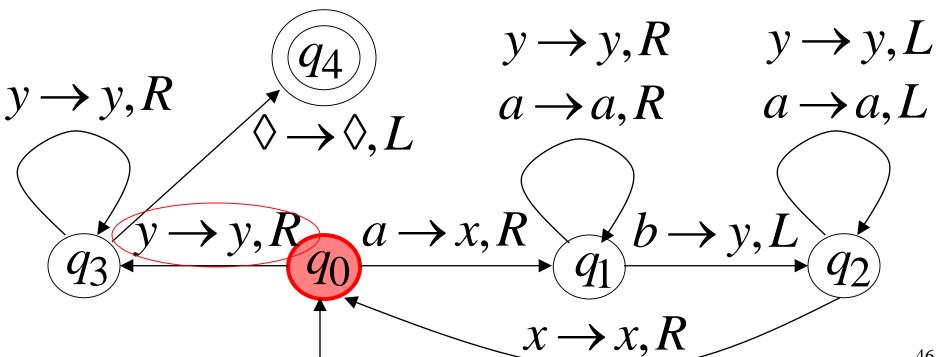




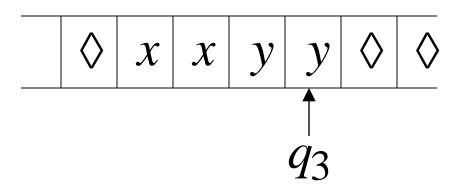


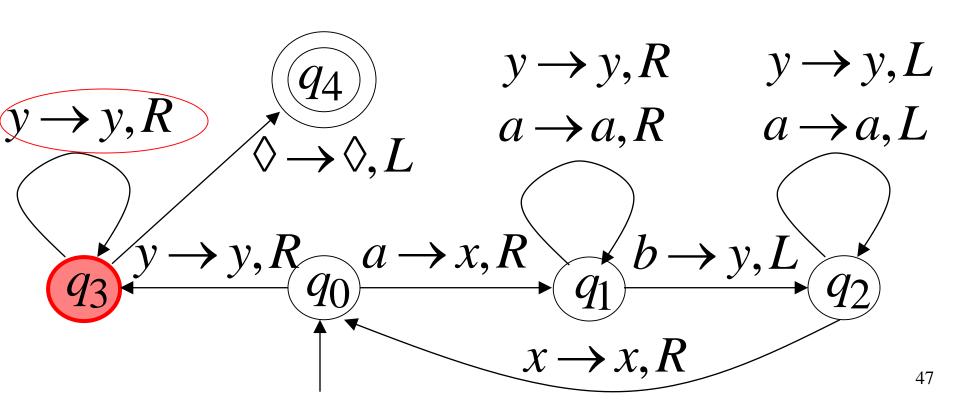


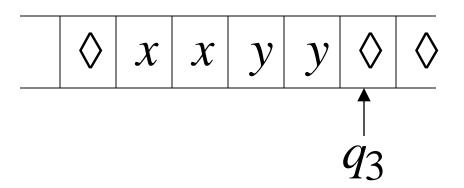


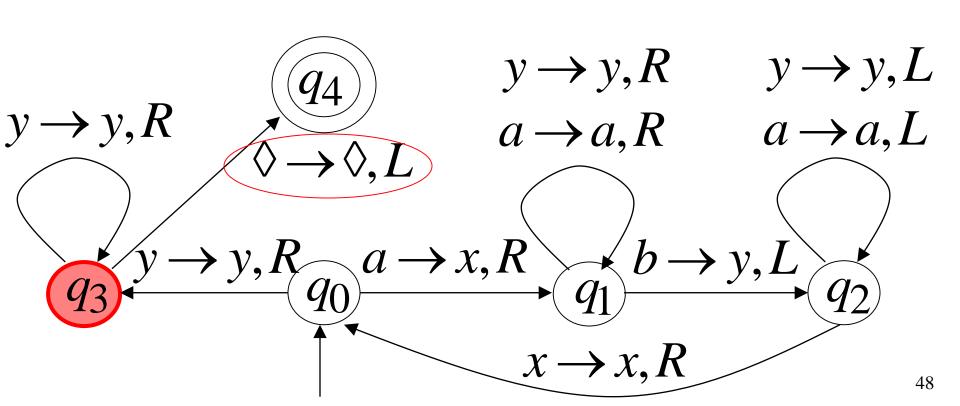


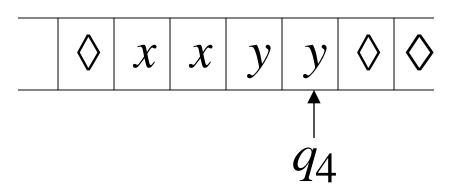
46



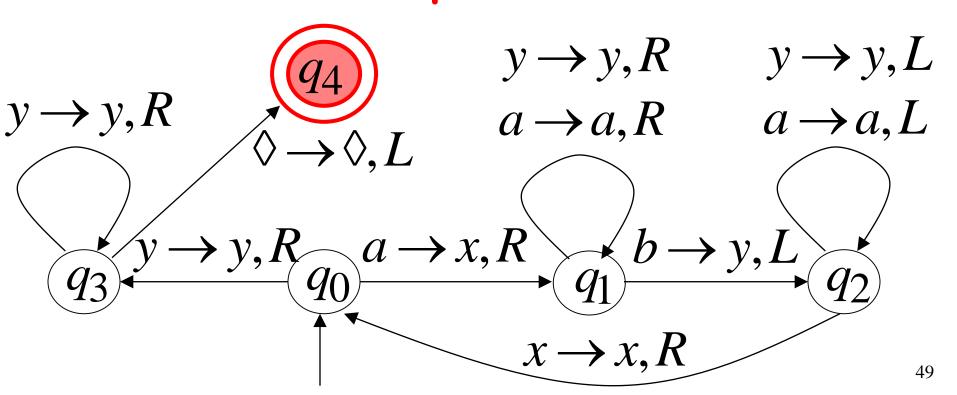








### Halt & Accept



#### Observation:

If we modify the machine for the language  $\{a^nb^n\}$ 

we can easily construct a machine for the language  $\{a^nb^nc^n\}$ 

# Formal Definitions for Turing Machines

#### Transition Function

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
q_1 & a \rightarrow b, R \\
\hline
 & q_2
\end{array}$$

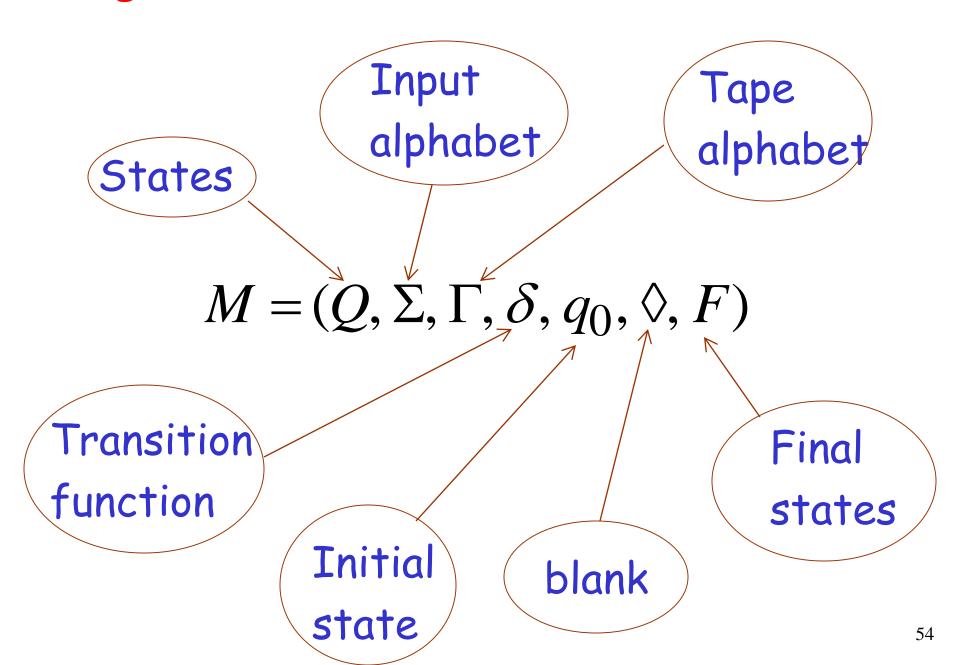
$$\delta(q_1,a) = (q_2,b,R)$$

#### Transition Function

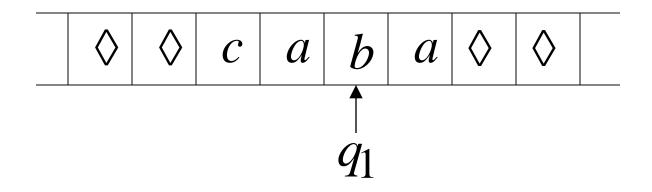
$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
q_1 & c \rightarrow d, L \\
\hline
\end{array}$$

$$\delta(q_1,c) = (q_2,d,L)$$

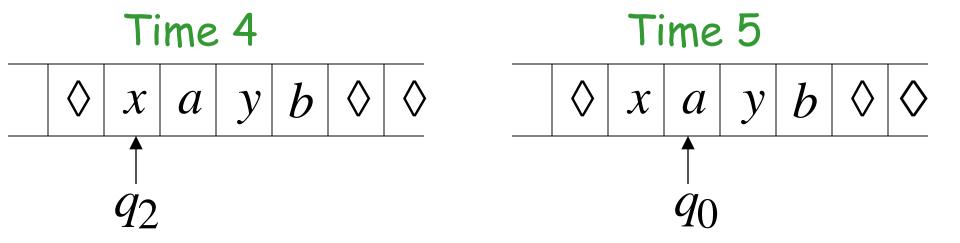
### Turing Machine:



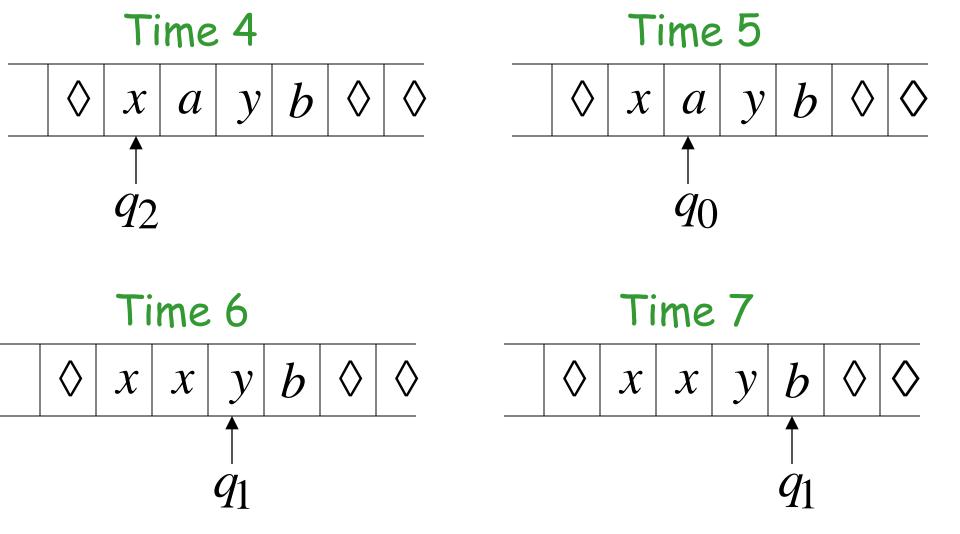
# Configuration



Instantaneous description:  $ca q_1 ba$ 



A Move:  $q_2 xayb \succ x q_0 ayb$ 



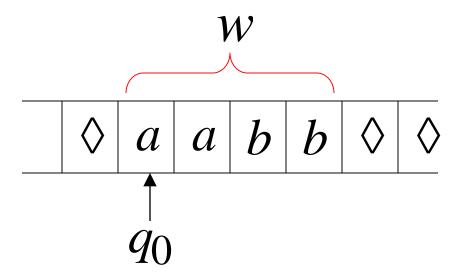
$$q_2 xayb \succ x q_0 ayb \succ xx q_1 yb \succ xxy q_1 b$$

$$q_2 xayb \succ x q_0 ayb \succ xx q_1 yb \succ xxy q_1 b$$

Equivalent notation: 
$$q_2 xayb \succ xxy q_1 b$$

## Initial configuration: $q_0 w$

## Input string



# The Accepted Language

For any Turing Machine M

$$L(M) = \{w: q_0 \ w \succ x_1 \ q_f \ x_2\}$$
 Initial state Final state

# Standard Turing Machine

The machine we described is the standard:

· Deterministic

· Infinite tape in both directions

·Tape is the input/output file