Litigation Chamber

Decision on settlement fund 150/2022

from October 21, 2022

File number: DOS-2020-02764

Subject: Use of cookies on the websites of the media La DH and La Libre (group

MPI)

The Litigation Chamber of the Data Protection Authority, made up of Mr. Hielke

Hijmans, chairman;

Having regard to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the

protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and

to the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Regulation on the

data protection), hereinafter "GDPR";

Having regard to the Law of 3 December 2017 establishing the Data Protection Authority (hereinafter

ACL);

Having regard to the internal regulations as approved by the House of Representatives on 20

December 2018 and published in the Belgian Official Gazette on January 15, 2019;

Considering the documents in the file;

Having regard to the settlement proposal submitted to the party on September 14, 2022, as annexed and

forming an integral part of this decision;

Made the following decision regarding:

The part:

S.A. Groupe IPM, [...], represented by Maître Frédéric DECHAMPS.

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I. Procedure prior to the decision:

1.

In the context of this case involving S.A. Groupe IPM, a proposed transaction was submitted to this party on September 14, 2022. The full contents of the letter containing this transaction proposal is appended to this decision.

2.

On September 26, 2022, the party submitted a letter to the registry of the Litigation Chamber requesting a modification of the conditions proposed in the transaction proposal.

3.

On October 5, 2022, a response was given to this request for modification of the terms. The request was rejected.

4.

On October 10, 2022, the party submitted a letter to the registry of the Litigation Chamber, in which the party declares that it formally and expressly accepts the proposal of transaction.

5.

Given the express acceptance of the party, a transaction is then established on the 10 October 2022. This decision formalizes this transaction.

II. Terms of the transaction

6.

The conditions of the transaction are identical to those contained in the letter of settlement proposal of September 14, 2022. For this reason, the appendix containing this proposal forms an integral part of this Decision. The conditions of this proposal are briefly summarized below.

7.

Findings made by the Inspection Service of the Data Protection Authority in the context of this case, and the potential offenses that may be associated with it, will no longer be processed by the Litigation Chamber. The scope of this

transaction is therefore inherently limited to the elements of the file, as indicated in the transaction proposal, which contains the following sentence: "The transaction proposal therefore relates to the facts, the period and the (technical) context, as described in the Inspection report; the facts that are not covered by this period and this context not covered by the transaction. . . » The party pays, in turn, a sum of 10,000 euros to the Belgian treasury and respects the terms of the transaction.

III. Publication of the decision

8.

Given the importance of transparency regarding the decision-making process of the Chamber Litigation, this decision is published on the website of the Protection Authority Datas.

Decision on the merits 150/2022 - 3/3

FOR THESE REASONS,

the Litigation Chamber of the Data Protection Authority decides, after deliberation:

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Pursuant to Article 100, §1, 4 of the LCA, to validate the transaction as accepted by the party on October 10, 2022, under the conditions contained in this decision and its Annex.

In accordance with Article 108, § 1 of the LCA, an appeal against this decision may be lodged, within thirty days of its notification, to the Court of Markets (court d'appel de Bruxelles), with the Data Protection Authority as defendant.

Such an appeal may be introduced by means of an interlocutory request which must contain the information listed in article 1034ter of the Judicial Code1. The interlocutory motion must be filed with the registry of the Market Court in accordance with article 1034quinquies of C. jud.2, or via the e-Deposit information system of the Ministry of Justice (article 32ter of the C. jud.).

(Sr.) Hielke HIJMANS

President of the Litigation Chamber
1 The request contains on pain of nullity:
the indication of the day, month and year;
1°
2° the surname, first name, domicile of the applicant, as well as, where applicable, his qualities and his national register
number or
Business Number;
3° the surname, first name, domicile and, where applicable, the capacity of the person to be summoned;
(4) the object and summary statement of the means of the request;
(5) the indication of the judge who is seized of the application;
6° the signature of the applicant or his lawyer.
2 The request, accompanied by its appendix, is sent, in as many copies as there are parties involved, by letter
recommended to the court clerk or filed with the court office.
Litigation Chamber
RECOMMENDED
1
Secretariat
T: +32 (0)2 274 48 56
Email: litigationchamber@apd-gba.be
For the attention of SA Groupe IPM, []
Having for advice Mtr. Frédéric DECHAMPS and Mtr.
Nathan VANHELLEPUTTE, whose office is located []
By email: []
Defendant
Your references
1

Our references
DOS-2020-02764
Appendix(es)
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Date
09/14/2022
Subject: transaction proposal in the file "Use of cookies on the websites of
media La DH and La Libre (IPM group) »
Dear,
In the context of the large number of files awaiting examination by the Chamber
Litigation, which leads to long processing times for all cases, the
Litigation Chamber has decided, pursuant to Article 100, § 1, 4° of the law creating
the Data Protection Authority ("LCA")1, to explore through this letter a
transaction proposal in the file referred to under the heading ("transaction proposal").
The transaction proposal falls within a context where two of the ten files related to this
folder (the ten folders called "cookies on press sites") have already been the subject of a
decision on the merits in which the Litigation Division found violations giving rise to
twice resulted in the imposition of an administrative fine of EUR 50,000.2
1 MB, January 10, 2018.
2
See
via
https://www.autoriteprotectiondonnees.be/publications/decision-quant-au-fond-n-85-2022.pdf; see Decision 103/2022 of
Litigation,
decision
available

May 25
Bedroom
85/2022
2022
of
of
there
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This proposed transaction is made without any prejudicial acknowledgment and does not
does not bind the Litigation Chamber as to a position it could adopt in the event
where this proposal would be refused.
If the party to whom the settlement proposal is addressed expressly refuses this
proposal, the Litigation Chamber will continue the procedure on the merits and will deal with the case
other than by transaction. If it finds that violations have been committed, it
may make use of the powers of sanction conferred on it by European law3 and Belgian law4.
a) Procedural status of the settlement proposal
The transaction proposal presented here precedes the deliberation phase relating to
violations that may have been committed in this case. In this sense, the Chamber
Litigation only takes into account, in its settlement proposal, the findings that
were mentioned in the report of the Inspection Service of the Authority for the protection of
data, without having yet examined the accuracy of these findings.
Given that the procedure before the Litigation Chamber of the Data Protection Authority does not
cannot be assimilated to the procedure of criminal law, "the transaction" as provided for by
the Belgian legislator under article 100, § 1, 4° of the LCA cannot be assimilated to "the
transaction" provided for in criminal law.5 The transaction within the meaning of the LCA is in fact of the following character
generis.

First of all, the Litigation Chamber does not pronounce hic et nunc on the existence possible violations, even if the procedure is already in the examination phase "as to the merits" in accordance with Articles 98 and 99 of the LCA. The Litigation Chamber makes use of the competence which is explicitly attributed to it to formulate a transaction proposal, the image of what is also possible in the case of a "transaction" in criminal matters.

In addition, the Litigation Division mentions the precise facts, situating them in time and in space, on the basis of which the transaction proposal is made (infra). Although, as

June 16, 2022, available only in French via: https://www.autoriteprotectiondonnees.be/publications/decision-quantat-the-bottom-n-103-2022.pdf.

3 See Article 58 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation), hereinafter "GDPR";

4 See also Article 100 LCA.

5 See in particular articles 216bis and 216ter of the Code of Criminal Procedure ("CIC") concerning the termination of public proceedings

for certain offenses subject to the fulfillment of certain conditions (respectively the payment of a sum of money and execution of measures and compliance with conditions).

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specified above, the Litigation Division does not pronounce hic et nunc on the existence of violations, it must however formulate the settlement proposal on the facts set out in the case. The amount that the Litigation Chamber proposes to the party to pay must indeed be proportional to the nature of the possible violations. The settlement proposal therefore relates to the facts, the period and the (technical) context, as described in the report of the Inspectorate; the facts that are not covered by this period and this context not being covered by the transaction.6

b) Findings by the Inspection Department in connection with the transaction proposal

In this case, the findings made by the Inspection Service of the Authority for the Protection of
data that the Litigation Chamber takes into account - without however ruling on the merits
- when proposing the terms of the transaction are as follows:7
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"Observation 1: deposit of cookies not strictly necessary before the collection of the
consent"8
"Observation 2: use of "further browsing""9
"Finding 3: social network and audience measurement cookies without
consent"10
"Finding 4: pre-ticked boxes for partners"11
"Finding 5: deficient cookie policy"12
"Finding 6: Unjustified cookie retention period"13
"Finding 7: withdrawal of consent impossible"14
"Finding 8: refusal of consent not respected"15
c) Substantive conditions
As part of the transaction proposal, the conditions accepted by the party to the
procedure are as follows:
6 In this sense, the ne bis in idem principle does not apply to facts that do not fall within this scope.
7 The Litigation Chamber takes full account of the additional investigation report of the Inspection Department of 30

November 2020 in DOS-2020-02764.

8 Report of the Inspection Service of the Data Protection Authority of October 7, 2020 in file DOS-2020-02764

("Inspection report"), p. 16-7.

9 Inspection report, p. 17-8.

10 Inspection report, p. 1-9.

11 Inspection report, p. 19-20.

12 Inspection report, p. 20-1.

13 Inspection report, p. 21-2.

14 Inspection report, p. 22-3.

15 Inspection report, p. 23.

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- IPM Group undertakes to pay the sum of EUR 10,000 to the Belgian Treasury, in accordance the terms and conditions defined by the Federal Public Service Finance.16 IPM Group waives any civil or other action in connection with the transaction, such as, but not limited to, unfavorable communication relating to this transaction;

The Litigation Chamber finds no violation on the part of Groupe IPM and formally closes the procedure with its settlement decision, provided that the Group IPM accepts the transaction and respects the conditions;

For the Litigation Chamber, the fact of accepting a settlement proposal does not does not constitute an admission on the part of the defendant. This acceptance of in particular, the transaction proposal cannot be used as a circumstance aggravating when establishing sanctions in possible future proceedings before the Litigation Chamber;17

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In the event of explicit acceptance or in the absence of a response from the party to which the transaction proposal is sent within the period specified below, this transaction proposal takes the form of a formal decision which is published on the website of the Data Protection Authority, indicating the name of the party.

In the event of non-compliance with the terms of the accepted transaction, the Litigation Chamber reserves the right to withdraw the settlement decision and deal with this matter in another way.

d) Deadline

Groupe IPM must indicate within 30 days of receipt of this proposal for transaction whether he accepts it or not. In the absence of a response, the transaction proposal will be considered accepted under the conditions set out above.

e) Existence of other controllers and/or processors

This transaction proposal is addressed solely to Groupe IPM. She doesn't take position on whether and to what extent other actors could be responsible for the potential violations that gave rise to this proposal for transaction.

f) Validation of the transaction

In the event that the transaction proposal gives rise to a formal decision of transaction due to explicit acceptance or lack of response, within the time 16 Cfr. Art. 107 ACL.

17 See in particular Article 83, paragraph 2, point e) of the GDPR in the context of the imposition of administrative fines when the finding of breaches following "any relevant breach previously committed by the controller or the subcontracting".

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aforementioned, of the party to whom the settlement proposal is addressed, an appeal may be introduced by the "aggrieved party".18

The final transaction does not affect the right of any individuals (in this case, the

case is not based on a complaint) who suffered damages to claim damages and

interests before a civil court on the basis in particular of Article 82 of the GDPR.

Please accept, Madam, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

(Sr.) Hielke Hijmans

President of the Litigation Chamber

18 In accordance with Article 108, § 1 of the LCA, an appeal against this decision may be lodged within thirty days from the explicit acceptance or lack of response, within the aforementioned period, to the Court of Markets (Brussels Court of Appeal), with the Data Protection Authority as defendant.

Such an appeal may be introduced by means of an interlocutory request which must contain the information listed in Article 1034ter of the Judicial Code. The interlocutory request must be filed with the registry of the Market Court in accordance with article 1034quinquies of the C. jud., or via the e-Deposit information system of the Ministry of Justice (article 32ter of the C. jud.).