1/13

936-150719

Procedure No.: PS/00268/2019

RESOLUTION R/00578/2019 TERMINATION OF THE PROCEDURE FOR PAYMENT

VOLUNTEER

In sanctioning procedure PS/00268/2019, instructed by the Agency

Spanish Data Protection Agency to TODOTECNICOS24H S.L., given the complaint

presented by the MUNICIPAL INSTITUTE OF CONSUMPTION OF MADRID, and based on the

following,

BACKGROUND

FIRST: On October 23, 2019, the Director of the Spanish Agency for

Data Protection agreed to initiate a sanctioning procedure against TODOTECNICOS24H

SL (hereinafter, the claimed party), through the Agreement that is transcribed:

<<

Procedure No.: PS/00268/2019

AGREEMENT TO START A SANCTION PROCEDURE

Of the actions carried out by the Spanish Agency for the Protection of

Data and based on the following

FACTS

FIRST: MADRID MUNICIPAL CONSUMER INSTITUTE (hereinafter, the

claimant) dated January 22, 2019 filed a claim with the Agency

Spanish Data Protection against TODOTECNICOS24H S.L. with NIF

B86558533 (hereinafter, the claimed one).

The reasons on which the claim is based are the collection of personal data by the

claimed, without providing the precise information to the interested parties in accordance with the

regulations in force regarding the protection of personal data.

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

2/13

SECOND: It is verified that in the "Privacy Policy" of the mentioned site website, it is noted:

That the respondent "operates the website hosted under the name of

domain www.todotecnicos24h.com/".

That said policy establishes that "TODOTECNICOS24H S.L. What responsible for this website and in accordance with the provisions of the Legislation in force in Protection of Personal Data, the new European Regulation 679/2016 and the Law on the Information Society and Electronic Commerce (LSSI-CE 34/2002, of June 11) has implemented policies, means and procedures to guarantee and protect the privacy of the personal data of its

USERS. You can exercise your rights of access, rectification, deletion and portability of your data, limitation and opposition to its treatment, as well as not being object of decisions based solely on the automated treatment of their data, when appropriate, before the company TODOTECNICOS24H S.L. W/Ambassadors 190 local, 28045 – Madrid or at the email address todotecnicos24h@gmail.com".

SECOND: In view of the facts denounced in the claim and the documents provided by the claimant, the General Subdirectorate for Data Inspection proceeded to carrying out preliminary investigative actions to clarify the facts

in question, by virtue of the investigative powers granted to the authorities of control in article 57.1 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (General Regulation of Data Protection, hereinafter RGPD), and in accordance with the provisions of the Title VII, Chapter I, Second Section, of Organic Law 3/2018, of December 5, of Protection of Personal Data and guarantee of digital rights (hereinafter LOPDGDD).

As a result of the research actions carried out, it is found that the responsible for the treatment is the claimed.

In addition, the following extremes are noted:

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

3/13

The claimant is informed of this claim on May 27, 2019,

requiring you to submit to this Agency, within a period of one month, information on the response given to the claimant for the facts denounced, as well as the causes that have motivated the incidence and the measures adopted to adapt its "Policy of Privacy" to article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of April 27, 2016 (RGPD).

After the given period has elapsed, no response has been obtained from the respondent.

FOUNDATIONS OF LAW

Yo

By virtue of the powers that article 58.2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679

of the European Parliament and of the Council of April 27, 2016, on the protection

of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and the

free circulation of this data (General Data Protection Regulation, in hereinafter RGPD) recognizes each control authority, and according to what is established in the Articles 47, 64.2 and 68.1 of Organic Law 3/2018, of December 5, on Protection of Personal Data and guarantee of digital rights (hereinafter LOPDGDD),

The Director of the Spanish Agency for Data Protection is competent to initiate this procedure.

Article 63.2 of the LOPDGDD determines that: "The procedures processed by the Spanish Agency for Data Protection will be governed by the provisions in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in this organic law, by the provisions regulations issued in its development and, as long as they do not contradict them, with a subsidiary, by the general rules on administrative procedures."

Ш

Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of April 27, 2016, regarding the protection of natural persons in relation to regarding the processing of personal data and the free circulation of these data (General Data Protection Regulation, hereinafter RGPD), under the rubric "Definitions", provides that:

"For the purposes of this Regulation, the following shall be understood as:

1) "personal data": any information about an identified natural person or identifiable ("the interested party"); An identifiable natural person shall be deemed to be any person

28001 – Madrid

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

4/13

whose identity can be determined, directly or indirectly, in particular by

an identifier, such as a name, an identification number, location, an online identifier or one or more elements of the identity physical, physiological, genetic, psychic, economic, cultural or social of said person; 2) "processing": any operation or set of operations carried out about personal data or sets of personal data, either by procedures automated or not, such as the collection, registration, organization, structuring, conservation, adaptation or modification, extraction, consultation, use, communication by transmission, broadcast or any other form of enabling of access, collation or interconnection, limitation, suppression or destruction;" Therefore, in accordance with those definitions, the collection of data from personal character through forms included in a web page constitutes a data processing, in respect of which the data controller must give compliance with the provisions of article 13 of the RGPD, a precept that has displaced from May 25, 2018 to article 5 of Organic Law 15/1999, of May 13, December, Protection of Personal Data.

In relation to this matter, it is observed that the Spanish Agency for

Data Protection has at the disposal of citizens, the Guide for the

compliance with the duty to inform (https://www.aepd.es/media/guias/guia-modelclause-informative.pdf) and, in case of low-risk data processing, the

Facilita free tool (https://www.aepd.es/herramientas/facilita.html).

Ш

Article 13 of the RGPD, a precept that determines the information that must be provided to the interested party at the time of collecting their data, it provides that:

"1. When personal data relating to him is obtained from an interested party, the

responsible for the treatment, at the time these are obtained, will provide

all the information indicated below:

- a) the identity and contact details of the person in charge and, where appropriate, of their representative;
- b) the contact details of the data protection delegate, if applicable;
- c) the purposes of the treatment to which the personal data is destined and the basis legal treatment;
- d) when the treatment is based on article 6, paragraph 1, letter f), the legitimate interests of the person in charge or of a third party;
- e) the recipients or categories of recipients of the personal data,

in your case;

f) where appropriate, the intention of the controller to transfer personal data to a third country or international organization and the existence or absence of a decision to C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

5/13

adequacy of the Commission, or, in the case of transfers indicated in the

Articles 46 or 47 or Article 49, paragraph 1, second paragraph, reference to the

adequate or appropriate warranties and the means to obtain a copy of these or

to the fact that they have been borrowed.

- 2. In addition to the information mentioned in section 1, the person responsible for the treatment will facilitate the interested party, at the moment in which the data is obtained personal, the following information necessary to guarantee data processing fair and transparent
- a) the period during which the personal data will be kept or, when not possible, the criteria used to determine this period;

- b) the existence of the right to request from the data controller access
 to the personal data related to the interested party, and its rectification or deletion, or the
 limitation of its treatment, or to oppose the treatment, as well as the right to
 data portability;
- c) when the treatment is based on article 6, paragraph 1, letter a), or the

 Article 9, paragraph 2, letter a), the existence of the right to withdraw consent in

 any time, without affecting the legality of the treatment based on the

 consent prior to its withdrawal;
- d) the right to file a claim with a supervisory authority;
- e) if the communication of personal data is a legal or contractual requirement, or a necessary requirement to sign a contract, and if the interested party is obliged to provide personal data and is informed of the possible consequences of not provide such data;
- f) the existence of automated decisions, including profiling, to referred to in article 22, sections 1 and 4, and, at least in such cases, information about applied logic, as well as the importance and consequences provisions of said treatment for the interested party.
- 3. When the person in charge of the treatment projects the subsequent treatment of personal data for a purpose other than that for which it was collected, will provide the interested party, prior to said further treatment, information for that other purpose and any additional information relevant to the meaning of paragraph 2.
- 4. The provisions of sections 1, 2 and 3 shall not apply when and in to the extent that the interested party already has the information.
 For its part, article 11 of the LOPDGDD, provides the following:
- "1. When the personal data is obtained from the affected party, the person in charge of the treatment may comply with the duty of information established in the

Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 providing the affected party with basic information referred to in the following section and indicating an electronic address or other medium that allows easy and immediate access to the rest of the information.

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

6/13

- 2. The basic information referred to in the previous section must be contain at least:
- a) The identity of the data controller and his representative, in his case.
- b) The purpose of the treatment.
- c) The possibility of exercising the rights established in articles 15 to 22 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

If the data obtained from the affected party were to be processed for the preparation of profiles, the basic information will also include this circumstance. In this In this case, the affected party must be informed of their right to oppose the adoption of automated individual decisions that produce legal effects on him or her significantly affect in a similar way, when this right concurs in accordance with the provisions of article 22 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679."

IV

By virtue of the provisions of article 58.2 of the RGPD, the Spanish Agency of Data Protection, as a control authority, has a set of corrective powers in the event of an infraction of the precepts of the GDPR.

Article 58.2 of the RGPD provides the following:

"2 Each supervisory authority shall have all of the following powers corrections listed below:

(...)

b) sanction any person responsible or in charge of the treatment with warning when the processing operations have violated the provisions of this Regulation;"

(...)

"d) order the person responsible or in charge of the treatment that the operations of treatment comply with the provisions of this Regulation, where appropriate, in a specified manner and within a specified period;"

"i) impose an administrative fine in accordance with article 83, in addition to or in instead of the measures mentioned in this paragraph, depending on the circumstances of each particular case;

Article 83.5.b) of the RGPD establishes that:

"Infractions of the following provisions will be sanctioned, in accordance with paragraph 2, with administrative fines of a maximum of EUR 20,000,000 or, in the case of a company, an amount equivalent to a maximum of 4% of the global total annual turnover of the previous financial year, opting for the largest amount:

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

7/13

b) the rights of the interested parties pursuant to articles 12 to 22;"

In turn, article 74.a) of the LOPDGDD, under the heading "Infringements considered minor has:

"They are considered minor and the remaining infractions of merely formal character of the articles mentioned in sections 4 and 5 of the Article 83 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and, in particular, the following:

Failure to comply with the principle of transparency of information or the right to information of the affected party for not providing all the information required by Articles 13 and 14 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679."

In this case, it is taken into account that the respondent collects data

Personal data of users who fill in the form included in the website

https://www.todotecnicos24h.com/ without providing them, prior to their

collection, all information on data protection provided for in article

13 of the aforementioned RGPD.

In accordance with the evidence available in this

moment of agreement to initiate the sanctioning procedure, and without prejudice to what result of the investigation, the exposed facts could constitute, on the part of the claimed, a violation of the provisions of article 13 of the RGPD.

Likewise, if the existence of an infraction is confirmed, in accordance with the established in the aforementioned article 58.2.d) of the RGPD, the resolution may order the claimed, as data controller, the adequacy of the information offered to users whose personal data is collected from them to the requirements contemplated in article 13 of the RGPD, as well as the contribution of means of evidence accrediting compliance with the requirements.

٧

a)

In order to determine the administrative fine to be imposed, the

provisions of articles 83.1 and 83.2 of the RGPD, precepts that indicate:

"Each control authority will guarantee that the imposition of fines administrative actions under this article for violations of this Regulation indicated in sections 4, 9 and 6 are in each individual case effective, proportionate and dissuasive."

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

8/13

"Administrative fines will be imposed, depending on the circumstances of each individual case, in addition to or as a substitute for the measures contemplated in the Article 58, paragraph 2, letters a) to h) and j). When deciding to impose a fine administration and its amount in each individual case will be duly taken into account:

a) the nature, seriousness and duration of the offence, taking into account the nature, scope or purpose of the processing operation in question as well as the number of stakeholders affected and the level of damage and damages they have suffered;

- b) intentionality or negligence in the infringement;
- c) any measure taken by the controller or processor
 to alleviate the damages suffered by the interested parties;
- d) the degree of responsibility of the person in charge or of the person in charge of the treatment, taking into account the technical or organizational measures that have applied under articles 25 and 32;
- e) any previous infraction committed by the person in charge or the person in charge of the treatment;

- f) the degree of cooperation with the supervisory authority in order to put
- remedying the breach and mitigating the possible adverse effects of the breach;
- g) the categories of personal data affected by the infringement;
- h) the way in which the supervisory authority became aware of the infringement,
- in particular if the person in charge or the person in charge notified the infringement and, in such
- case, to what extent;
- i) when the measures indicated in article 58, paragraph 2, have been
- previously ordered against the person in charge or the person in charge in question
- in relation to the same matter, compliance with said measures;
- j) adherence to codes of conduct under article 40 or mechanisms
- certificates approved in accordance with article 42, and
- k) any other aggravating or mitigating factor applicable to the circumstances of the
- case, such as financial benefits realized or losses avoided, direct
- or indirectly, through infringement."

Regarding section k) of article 83.2 of the RGPD, the LOPDGDD, article 76,

- "Sanctions and corrective measures", provides:
- "two. In accordance with the provisions of article 83.2.k) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679
- may also be taken into account:
- a) The continuing nature of the offence.
- b) The link between the activity of the offender and the performance of treatment of

personal information.

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

9/13

- c) The profits obtained as a result of committing the offence.
- d) The possibility that the conduct of the affected party could have induced the commission of the offence.
- e) The existence of a merger by absorption process subsequent to the commission of the infringement, which cannot be attributed to the absorbing entity.
- f) Affectation of the rights of minors.
- g) Have, when not mandatory, a data protection delegate.
- h) Submission by the person in charge or person in charge, on a voluntary basis, to alternative conflict resolution mechanisms, in those cases in which there are controversies between them and any interested party."

In accordance with the transcribed precepts, and without prejudice to what results from the instruction of the procedure, in order to set the amount of the sanction of fine to be imposed in the present case to the entity claimed as responsible for an infraction typified in article 83.5.b) of the RGPD, in an initial assessment, the following mitigating factors:

The claimed one does not have previous infringements (83.2 e) RGPD).

- It has not obtained direct benefits (83.2 k) RGPD and 76.2.c) LOPDGDD).

The claimed entity is not considered a large company.

It is appropriate to graduate the sanction to be imposed on the claimed party and set it at the amount of 1,500 € for the infringement of article 58.2 of the RGPD.

Therefore, based on the foregoing,

By the Director of the Spanish Data Protection Agency,

HE REMEMBERS:

FIRST: START A SANCTION PROCEDURE against TODOTECNICOS24H S.L.

with NIF B86558533, in accordance with the provisions of article 58.2.b) of the RGPD, for the alleged infringement of article 13 of the RGPD, typified in article 83.5.b) of the GDPR

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

10/13

SECOND: APPOINT R.R.R. as Instructor. and as Secretary to S.S.S.,

indicating that any of them may be challenged, as the case may be, in accordance with established in articles 23 and 24 of Law 40/2015, of October 1, on the Regime Legal Department of the Public Sector (LRJSP).

THIRD: INCORPORATE to the disciplinary file, for evidentiary purposes, the claim filed by the claimant and the documents obtained and generated by the General Subdirectorate of Data Inspection in relation to said claim; all of them are part of the file.

FOURTH: THAT for the purposes provided in art. 64.2 b) of Law 39/2015, of 1

October, of the Common Administrative Procedure of the Public Administrations, the sanction that could correspond would be 1,500 euros (one thousand five hundred euros), without prejudice to what results from the instruction.

FIFTH: NOTIFY this agreement to TODOTECNICOS24H S.L. with NIF B86558533, granting him a hearing period of ten business days to formulate the allegations and present the evidence it deems appropriate. In his writing of allegations you must provide your NIF and the procedure number that appears in the header of this document.

If within the stipulated period it does not make allegations to this initial agreement, the

The same may be considered a resolution proposal, as established in the Article 64.2.f) of Law 39/2015, of October 1, on Administrative Procedure Common to Public Administrations (hereinafter, LPACAP).

In accordance with the provisions of article 85 of the LPACAP, in the event of that the sanction to be imposed was a fine, it may recognize its responsibility within of the term granted for the formulation of allegations to this initial agreement; it which will entail a reduction of 20% of the sanction to be imposed in the present procedure. With the application of this reduction, the sanction would be established at 1,200 euros, resolving the procedure with the imposition of this sanction.

Similarly, you may, at any time prior to the resolution of the present procedure, carry out the voluntary payment of the proposed sanction, which which will mean a reduction of 20% of its amount. With the application of this

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

11/13

reduction, the sanction would be established at 1200 euros and its payment will imply the termination of the procedure.

The reduction for the voluntary payment of the sanction is cumulative to the one

It is appropriate to apply for the acknowledgment of responsibility, provided that this

acknowledgment of responsibility is revealed within the period

granted to formulate arguments at the opening of the procedure. The pay

volunteer of the amount referred to in the preceding paragraph may be made at any

time prior to resolution. In this case, if it were appropriate to apply both

reductions, the amount of the penalty would be established at 900 euros.

In any case, the effectiveness of any of the two reductions mentioned will be conditioned to the withdrawal or renunciation of any action or resource in via administrative against the sanction.

In the event that you choose to proceed with the voluntary payment of any of the amounts indicated above 1200 or 900 euros, you must make it effective by depositing it in account number ES00 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 open to name of the Spanish Data Protection Agency at CAIXABANK Bank,

S.A., indicating in the concept the reference number of the procedure that appears in the heading of this document and the reason for the reduction of the amount to which welcomes

Likewise, you must send proof of payment to the General Subdirectorate of Inspection to proceed with the procedure in accordance with the quantity entered.

The procedure will have a maximum duration of nine months from the the date of the start-up agreement or, where applicable, of the draft start-up agreement.

Once this period has elapsed, it will expire and, consequently, the file of performances; in accordance with the provisions of article 64 of the LOPDGDD.

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

12/13

Finally, it is pointed out that in accordance with the provisions of article 112.1 of the LPACAP, there is no administrative appeal against this act.

Sea Spain Marti

Director of the Spanish Data Protection Agency

>>

: On November 6, 2019, the respondent has proceeded to pay the

SECOND

the sanction in the amount of 900 euros making use of the two planned reductions in the Startup Agreement transcribed above, which implies the recognition of the responsibility.

THIRD: The payment made, within the period granted to formulate allegations to the opening of the procedure, entails the waiver of any action or resource in via administrative action against the sanction and acknowledgment of responsibility in relation to the facts referred to in the Initiation Agreement.

FOUNDATIONS OF LAW

Yo

By virtue of the powers that article 58.2 of the RGPD recognizes to each authority of control, and as established in art. 47 of the Organic Law 3/2018, of 5

December, of Protection of Personal Data and guarantee of digital rights (in hereinafter LOPDGDD), the Director of the Spanish Agency for Data Protection is competent to sanction the infractions that are committed against said Regulation; infractions of article 48 of Law 9/2014, of May 9, General Telecommunications (hereinafter LGT), in accordance with the provisions of the article 84.3 of the LGT, and the infractions typified in articles 38.3 c), d) and i) and 38.4 d), g) and h) of Law 34/2002, of July 11, on services of the society of the information and electronic commerce (hereinafter LSSI), as provided in article 43.1 of said Law.

Ш

Article 85 of Law 39/2015, of October 1, on Administrative Procedure

Common to Public Administrations (hereinafter, LPACAP), under the rubric

"Termination in sanctioning procedures" provides the following:

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 - Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es

13/13

- "1. A sanctioning procedure has been initiated, if the offender acknowledges his responsibility, the procedure may be resolved with the imposition of the sanction to proceed.
- 2. When the sanction is solely pecuniary in nature or fits impose a pecuniary sanction and another of a non-pecuniary nature but it has been justified the inadmissibility of the second, the voluntary payment by the alleged perpetrator, in any time prior to the resolution, will imply the termination of the procedure, except in relation to the replacement of the altered situation or the determination of the compensation for damages caused by the commission of the infringement.
- 3. In both cases, when the sanction is solely pecuniary in nature, the competent body to resolve the procedure will apply reductions of, at least 20% of the amount of the proposed sanction, these being cumulative each. The aforementioned reductions must be determined in the notification of initiation of the procedure and its effectiveness will be conditioned to the withdrawal or Waiver of any administrative action or recourse against the sanction.

The reduction percentage provided for in this section may be increased regulations.

According to what was stated,

the Director of the Spanish Data Protection Agency RESOLVES:

FIRST: TO DECLARE the termination of procedure PS/00268/2019, of

in accordance with the provisions of article 85 of the LPACAP.

SECOND: NOTIFY this resolution to TODOTECNICOS24H S.L.

In accordance with the provisions of article 50 of the LOPDGDD, this

Resolution will be made public once it has been notified to the interested parties.

Against this resolution, which puts an end to the administrative procedure as prescribed by

the art. 114.1.c) of Law 39/2015, of October 1, on Administrative Procedure

Common of the Public Administrations, the interested parties may file an appeal

contentious-administrative before the Contentious-administrative Chamber of the

National Court, in accordance with the provisions of article 25 and section 5 of

the fourth additional provision of Law 29/1998, of July 13, regulating the

Contentious-Administrative Jurisdiction, within a period of two months from the

day following the notification of this act, as provided in article 46.1 of the

aforementioned Law.

Sea Spain Marti

Director of the Spanish Data Protection Agency

C/ Jorge Juan, 6

28001 – Madrid

www.aepd.es

sedeagpd.gob.es