# **Metal Package PMT**

### **Photosensor Modules H9656 Series**



The H9656 series photosensor modules incorporate a metal package photomultiplier tube, a high-voltage power supply circuit with low power consumption and a low noise amplifier. The photomultiplier tube output current is converted into a voltage output for easy signal processing.

The internal amplifier is installed near the anode output pin of the photomultiplier tube to minimize the effects of external noise. The amplifier feedback resistance of 100 k $\Omega$  allows a current-to-voltage conversion coefficient of 0.1 V/ $\mu$ A and covers a wide frequency bandwidth from DC to 200 kHz.

#### **Product Variations**

Type No.	Spectral Response	Current-to-voltage		Features	
		Conversion Factor	Bandwidth		
H9656	300 nm to 650 nm			For general applications in visible range	
H9656-01	300 nm to 850 nm			For general applications in visible to near IR range	
H9656-02	300 nm to 880 nm			High sensitivity in near IR range	
H9656-03	185 nm to 650 nm	0.1 V/μA	DC to 200 kHz	For UV to visible range	
H9656-04	185 nm to 850 nm			For UV to near IR range	
H9656-06	185 nm to 650 nm			For UV to visible range (synthetic silica window) with higher sensitivity below 300 nm than -03 type	
H9656-20	300 nm to 920 nm			Infrared-extended multialkali photocathode with enhanced sensitivity	

#### **Specifications**

Parameter				Unit			
Suffix			None/-03/-06	-01/-04	-02	-20	_
Input Voltage				V			
Max. Input Voltage				V			
Max. Input Current				mA			
Max. Output Signal Voltage				V			
Max. Control Voltage				V			
Recommended Control Voltage Adjustment Range				V			
Effective Area				mm			
Sensitivity Adjustment Range				_			
Peak Sensitivity Wavelength			420	400	500	630	nm
	Luminous Sensitivity	Min.	40	80	200	350	μ <b>A</b> /lm
Cathode	Luminous Sensitivity	Тур.	70	150	250	500	
	Blue Sensitivity Index (CS 5-58)	Тур.	8	_	_	_	_
	Red/White Ratio	Тур.	_	0.2	0.25	0.45	_
	Radiant Sensitivity *1	Тур.	62	60	58	78	mA/W
Anode	Luminous Sensitivity *2	Min.	1.0 × 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.5 × 10 <sup>6</sup>	2.5 × 10 <sup>6</sup>	$3.5 \times 10^6$	- V/lm
		Тур.	5.0 × 10 <sup>6</sup>	$7.5 \times 10^6$	$1.25 \times 10^{7}$	$2.5 \times 10^{7}$	
	Radiant Sensitivity *1 *2	Тур.	4.3	3.0	2.9	3.9	V/nW
	Voltage Output Depending	Тур.	0.02	0.04	0.2	0.2	mV
	on PMT Dark Current *2 *3 *4	Max.	0.2	0.4	2.0	2.0	
Current-to-Voltage Conversion Factor				V/µA			
Offset Voltage Typ.		Тур.		mV			
Ripple Noise *2 *5 (peak to peak)		Max.		mV			
Settling Time *6 Max.		Max.		S			
Operating Ambient Temperature *7				°C			
Storage Temperature *7				°C			
Weight				g			

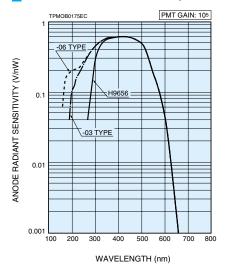
<sup>\*3:</sup> After 30 minutes storage in darkness

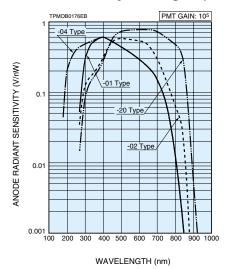
<sup>\*4:</sup> Output of anode dark current 
\*5: Cable RG-174/U, Cable length 450 mm, Load resistance = 1 MΩ, Load capacitance = 22 pF

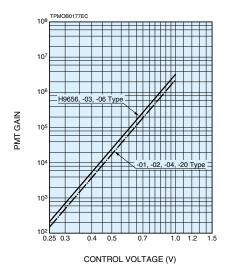
<sup>\*6:</sup> The time required for the output to reach a stable level following a change in the control voltage from +1.0 V to +0.5 V. \*7: No condensation

## **Voltage Output Type Photosensor Modules**

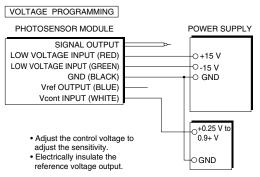
#### Characteristics (Anode radiant sensitivity, PMT gain)

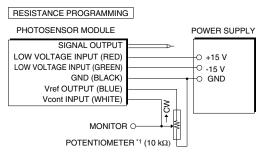






# **Sensitivity Adjustment Method**

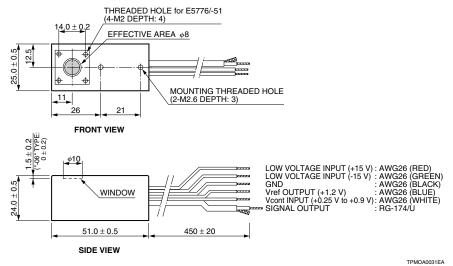




\*1: When using a potentiometer to adjust sensitivity, monitor the control voltage so it does not exceed +1.0 V.

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#### Dimensional Outlines (Unit: mm)



#### Options (Optical Fiber Adapter) (Unit: mm) E5776 (FC Type) $\square$ 22.0 $\pm$ 0.5 $3.5 \pm 0.2$ 14.0 ± 0.2 4-M2 FRONT VIEW SIDE VIEW TACCA0055EA E5776-51 (SMA Type) □22.0 ± 0.5 $14.0 \pm 0.2$ 10.7 5.0 ⊕ 1 4-M2 FRONT VIEW SIDE VIEW TACCA0239EA