

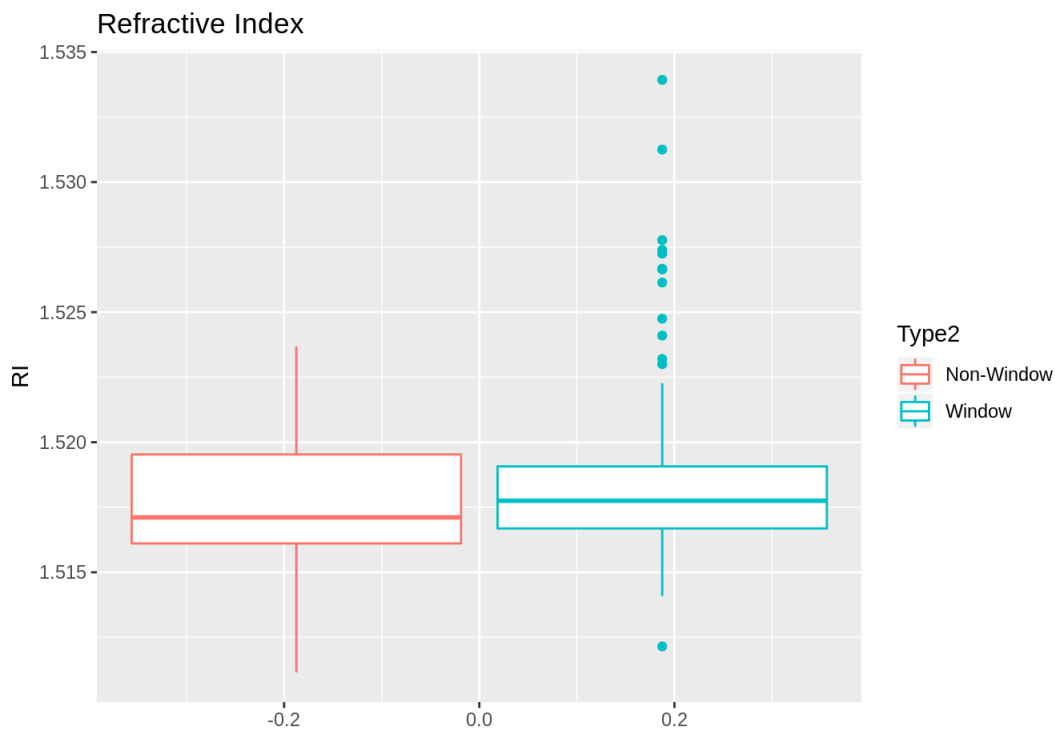
Classification

```
library(mlbench)
data(Glass)
library(ggplot2)
library(class)
library(caret)
library(e1071)
library(dplyr)
```

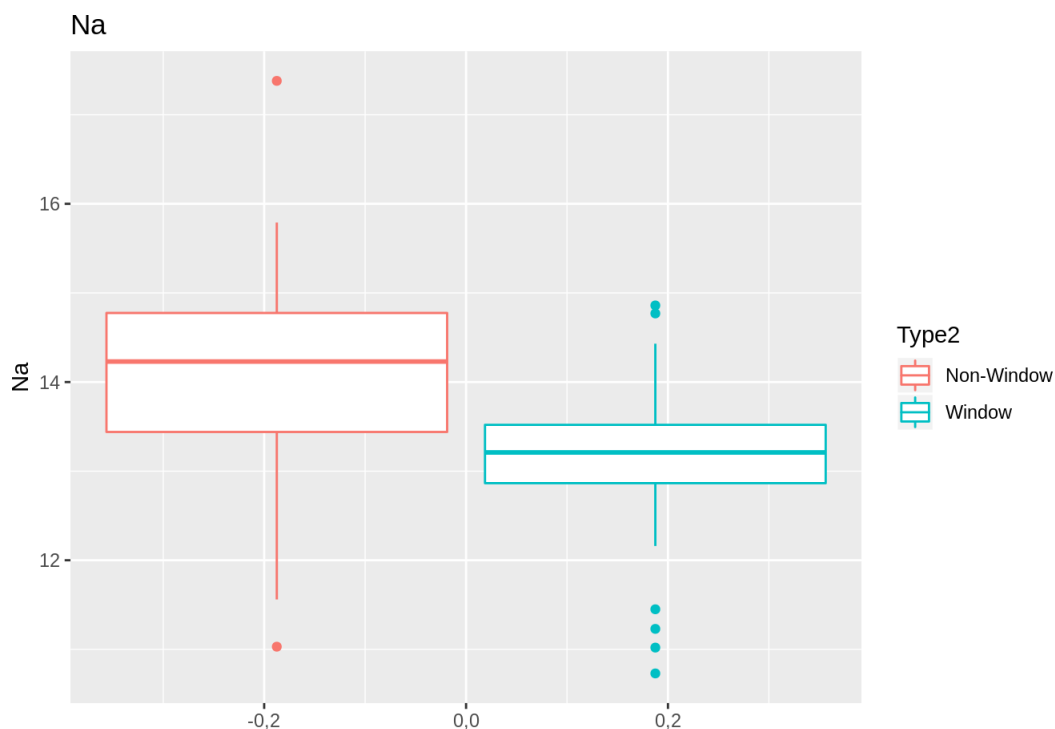
```
Glass$Type2 <- as.factor(c(rep("Window", 163), rep("Non-Window", 51)))
```

1. Boxplots

```
qplot(data = Glass, y = RI, color = Type2, geom = "boxplot", main = "Refractive Index")
```

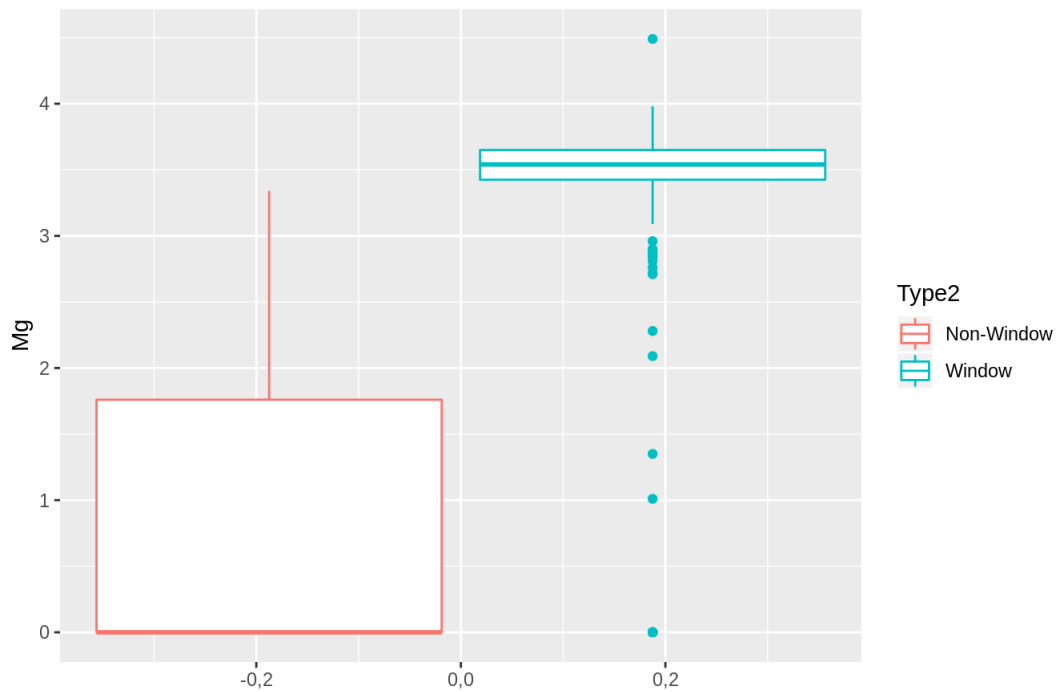


```
qplot(data = Glass, y = Na, color = Type2, geom = "boxplot", main = "Na")
```



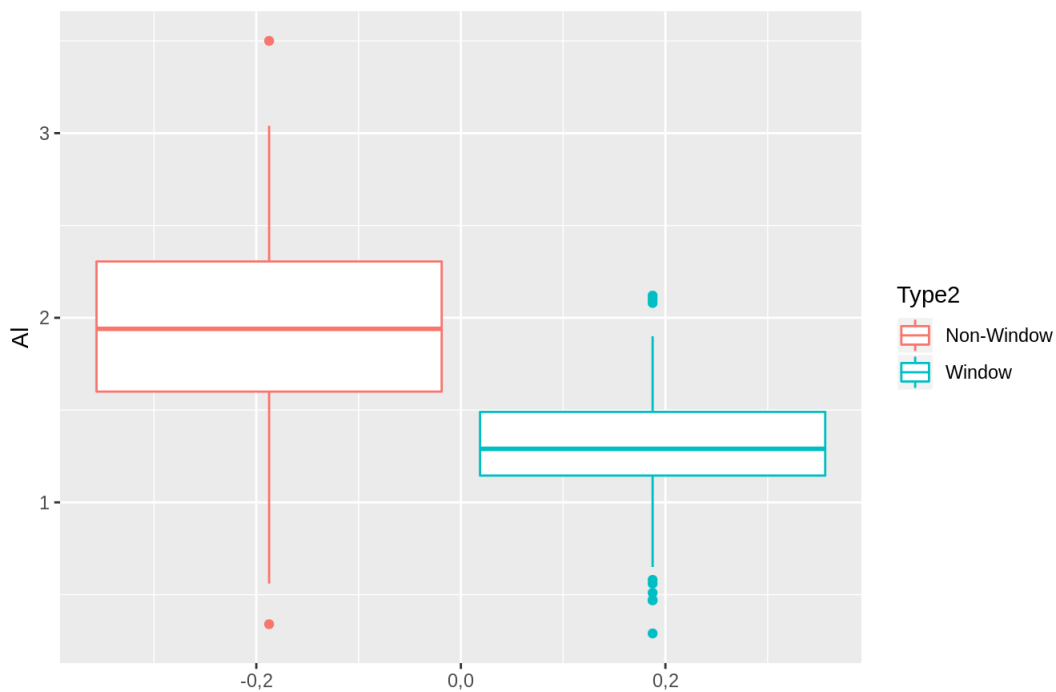
```
qplot(data = Glass, y = Mg, color = Type2, geom = "boxplot", main = "Mg")
```

Mg

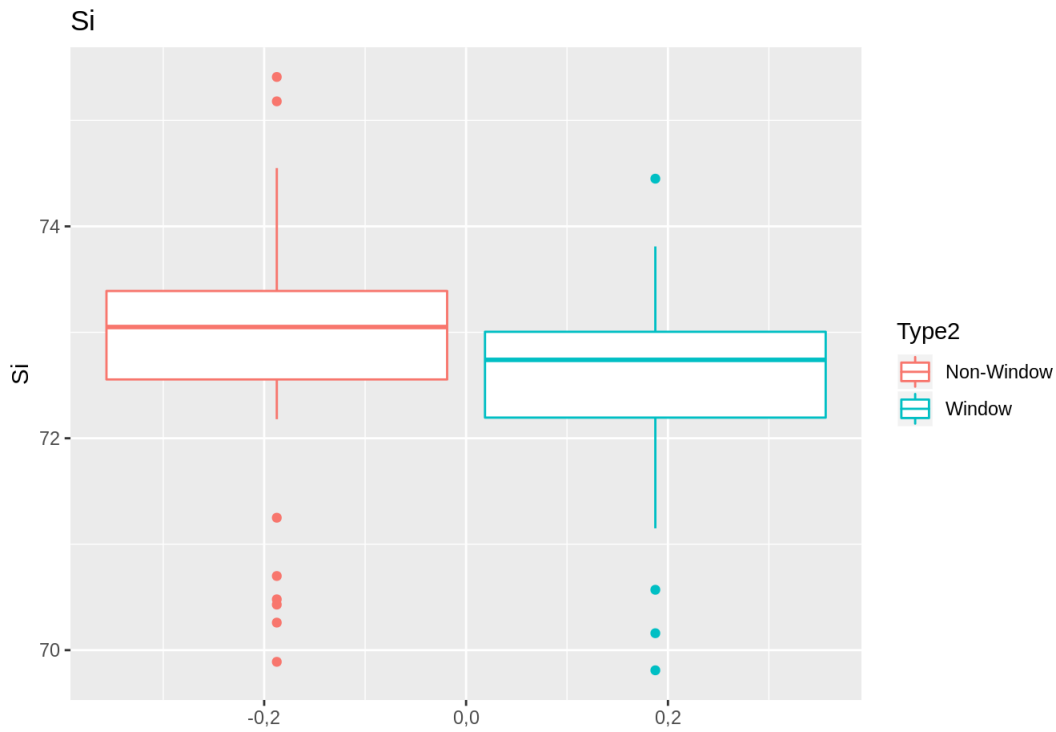


```
qplot(data = Glass, y = Al, color = Type2, geom = "boxplot", main = "Al")
```

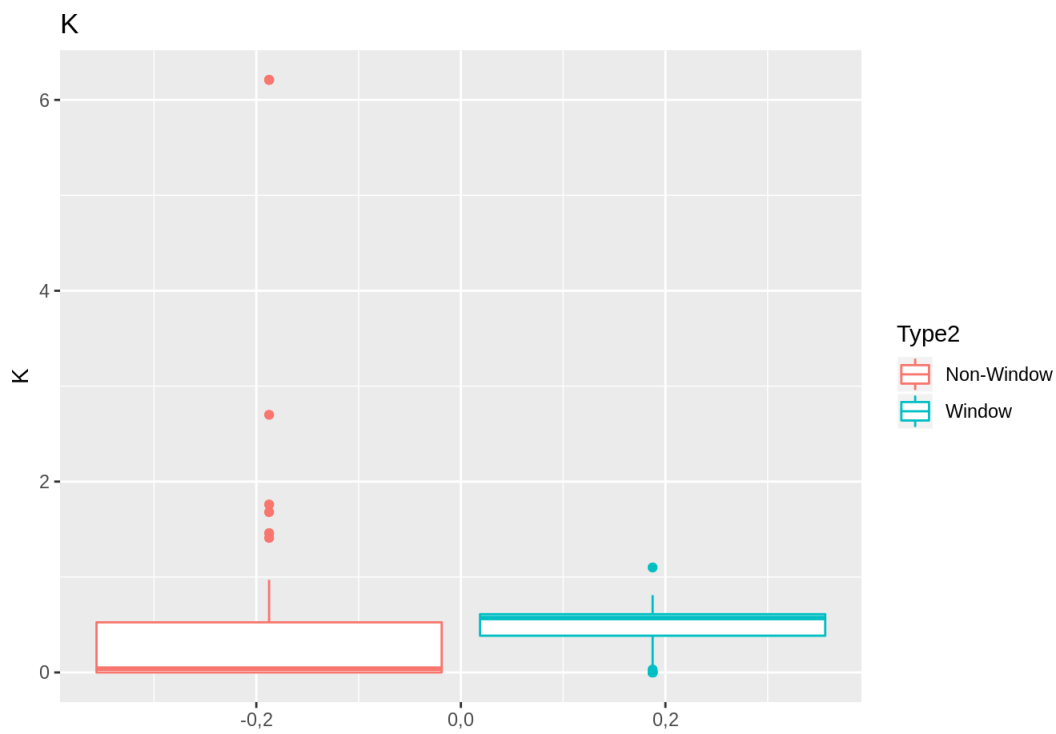
Al



```
qplot(data = Glass, y = Si, color = Type2, geom = "boxplot", main = "Si")
```



```
qplot(data = Glass, y = K, color = Type2, geom = "boxplot", main = "K")
```

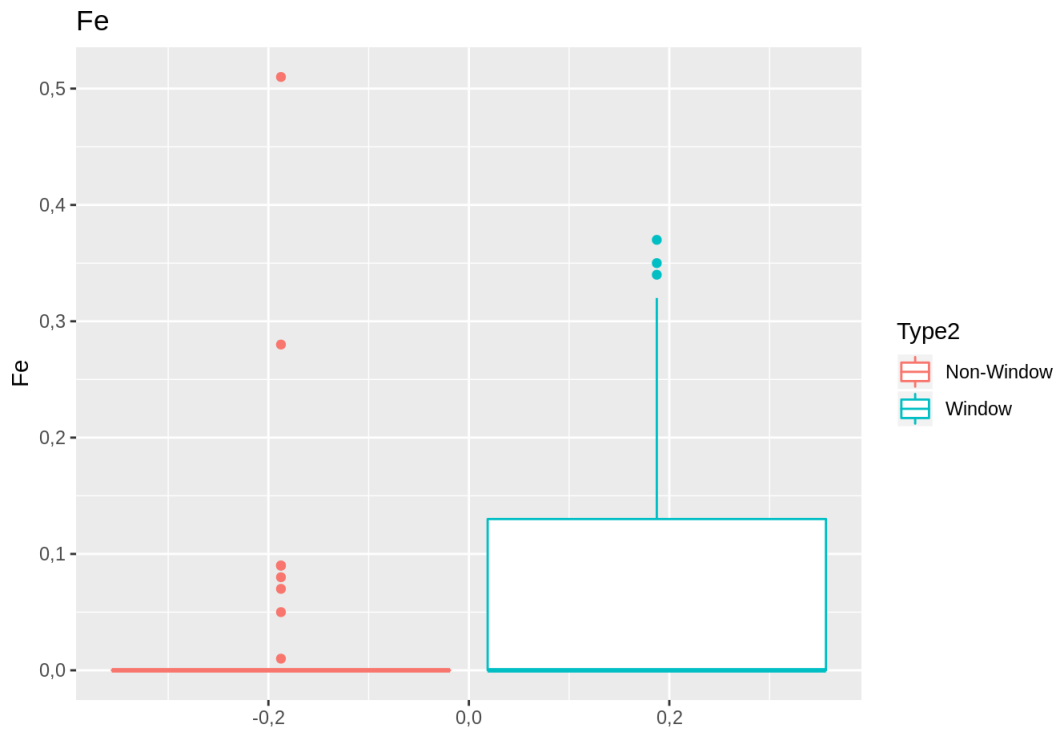


```
qplot(data = Glass, y = Ca, color = Type2, geom = "boxplot", main = "Ca")
```

A boxplot comparing the variable 'Ca' for two groups: 'Non-Window' (red) and 'Window' (teal). The y-axis is labeled 'Ca' and ranges from 5,0 to 15,0. The x-axis is labeled 'Type2' and has categories 'Non-Window' and 'Window'. The 'Non-Window' group has a median around 8,8, with whiskers extending from approximately 7,8 to 11,5. The 'Window' group has a median around 8,5, with whiskers extending from approximately 7,2 to 10,0. Both groups show several outliers above the upper whisker.

Type2	Ca (approximate values)
Non-Window	5,5, 5,8, 6,2, 6,5, 6,8, 7,2, 7,5, 8,0, 8,2, 8,5, 8,8, 9,0, 9,2, 9,5, 9,8, 10,0, 10,5, 11,0, 11,5, 12,0, 12,5
Window	10,5, 10,8, 11,0, 11,2, 11,5, 11,8, 12,0, 12,2, 12,5, 12,8, 13,0, 13,5, 14,0, 14,5, 15,0, 15,5

A boxplot comparing the variable 'Ba' for two categories: 'Non-Window' (red) and 'Window' (teal). The y-axis is labeled 'Ba' and ranges from 0 to 3. The x-axis is labeled 'Type2' and has tick marks at -0,2 and 0,0. The 'Non-Window' group has a median around 0,5, a box from 0 to 1,3, and a whisker extending to approximately 2,9. The 'Window' group has a median at 0, a box from 0 to 0,1, and a whisker extending to approximately 0,3. There are several outliers for the 'Window' group at higher 'Ba' values (around 0,2, 0,3, 0,7, and 3,2).



2. KNN

a. Mg

```
set.seed(42)
# Stratified sampling
test <- createDataPartition(Glass$Type2, p=0.25, list = FALSE)

pred_knn <- knn(train = Glass[-test, "Mg", drop = FALSE],
  test = Glass[test, "Mg", drop = FALSE],

  cl = Glass[-test, "Type2"],
  k = 1)

table(pred_knn, Real = Glass[test, "Type2"])
```

```
##      Real
## pred_knn  Non-Window Window
## Non-Window    10     4
## Window         3    37
```

```
mean(pred_knn == Glass[test, "Type2"])
```

```
## [1] 0.8703704
```

k-fold cross val

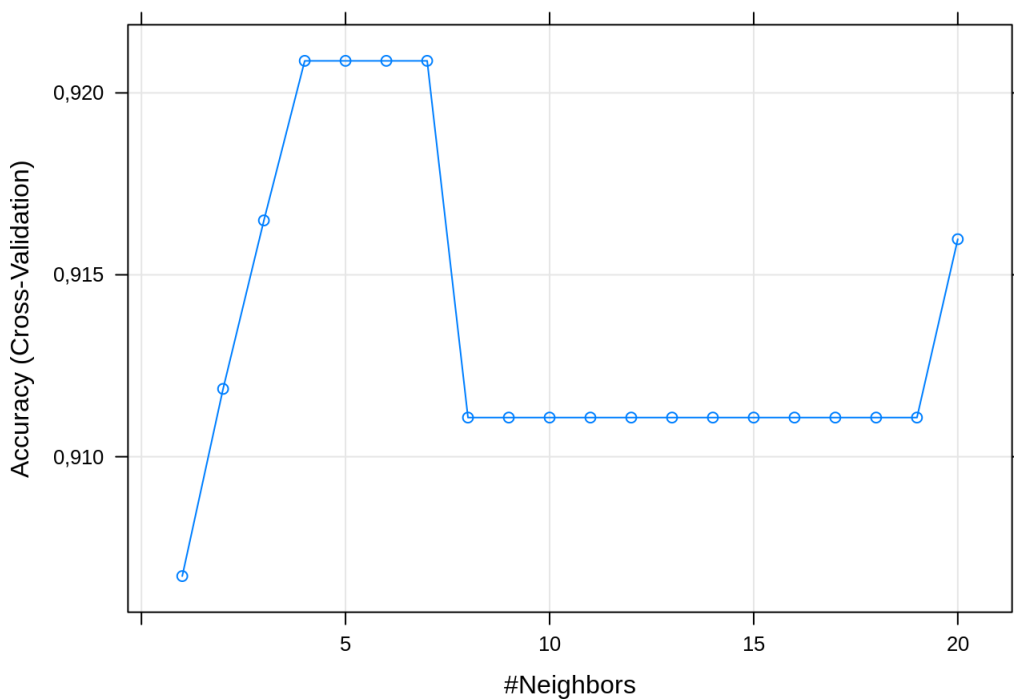
```
set.seed(42)

trControl <- trainControl(method = "cv",
  number = 12,
  savePredictions = TRUE)
fit <- train(Type2 ~ Mg,
  method = "knn",
  tuneGrid = expand.grid(k = 1:20),
  trControl = trControl,
  metric = "Accuracy",
  data = Glass)
```

```
fit
```

```
## k-Nearest Neighbors
##
## 214 samples
## 1 predictor
## 2 classes: 'Non-Window', 'Window'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (12 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 197, 196, 197, 197, 195, 196, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
## k Accuracy Kappa
## 1 0,9067194 0,7660998
## 2 0,9118650 0,7773690
## 3 0,9164947 0,7928742
## 4 0,9208806 0,8004159
## 5 0,9208806 0,8004159
## 6 0,9208806 0,8004159
## 7 0,9208806 0,8004159
## 8 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 9 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 10 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 11 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 12 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 13 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 14 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 15 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 16 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 17 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 18 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 19 0,9110767 0,7701743
## 20 0,9159787 0,7783715
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was k = 7.
```

```
plot(fit)
```

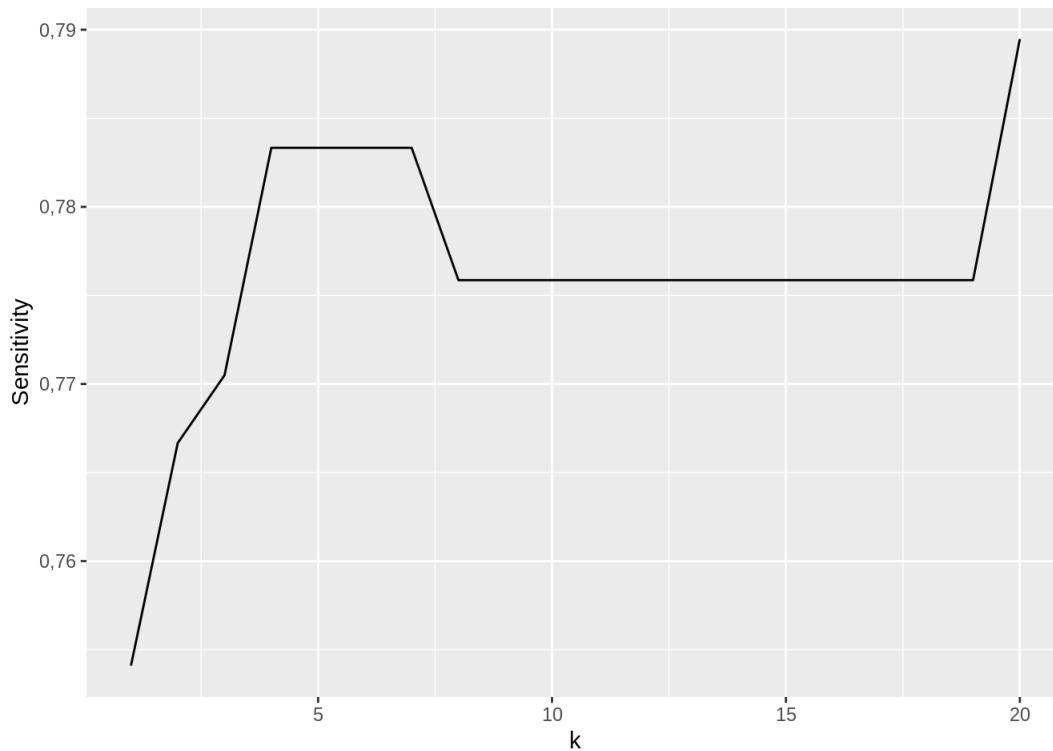


```
Sensitivity = NULL
Specificity = NULL
Precision = NULL
for(i in 1:20){
  one <- fit$pred %>% filter(k == i)
  Sensitivity <- c(Sensitivity, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[1])
  Specificity <- c(Specificity, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[2])
  Precision <- c(Precision, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[5])
}
confusion <- data.frame(Sensitivity, Specificity, Precision, k = (1:20))
```

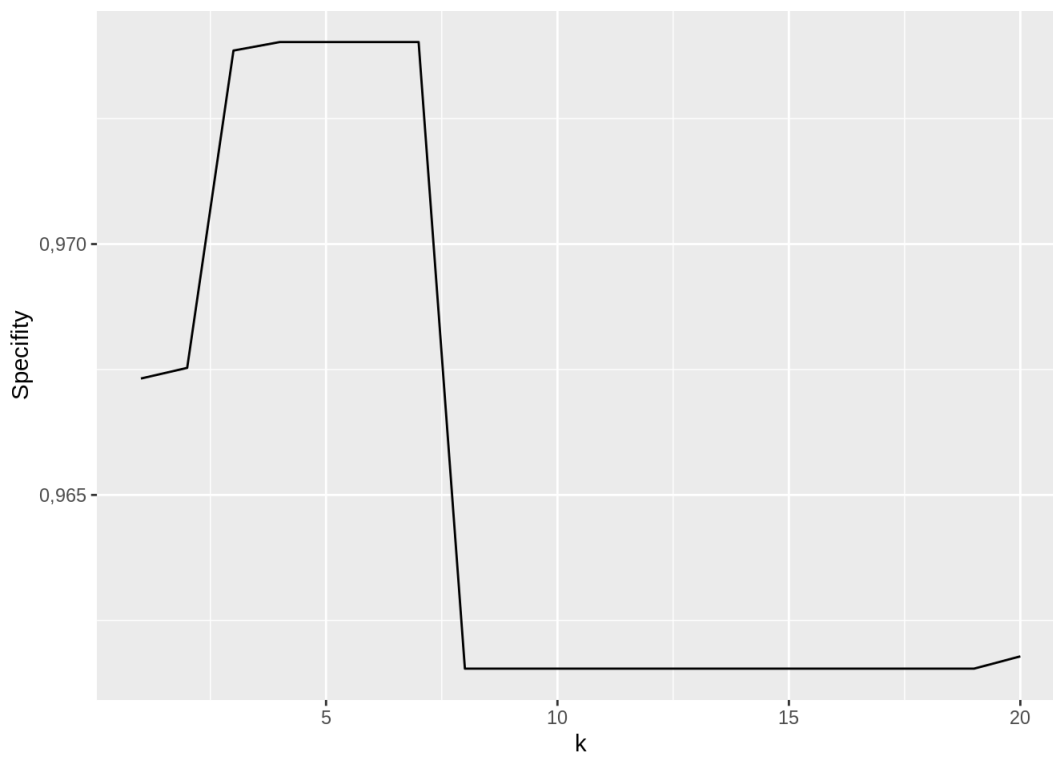
confusion

```
## Sensitivity Specifity Precision k
## 1 0,7540984 0,9673203 0,9019608 1
## 2 0,7666667 0,9675325 0,9019608 2
## 3 0,7704918 0,9738562 0,9215686 3
## 4 0,7833333 0,9740260 0,9215686 4
## 5 0,7833333 0,9740260 0,9215686 5
## 6 0,7833333 0,9740260 0,9215686 6
## 7 0,7833333 0,9740260 0,9215686 7
## 8 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 8
## 9 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 9
## 10 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 10
## 11 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 11
## 12 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 12
## 13 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 13
## 14 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 14
## 15 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 15
## 16 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 16
## 17 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 17
## 18 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 18
## 19 0,7758621 0,9615385 0,8823529 19
## 20 0,7894737 0,9617834 0,8823529 20
```

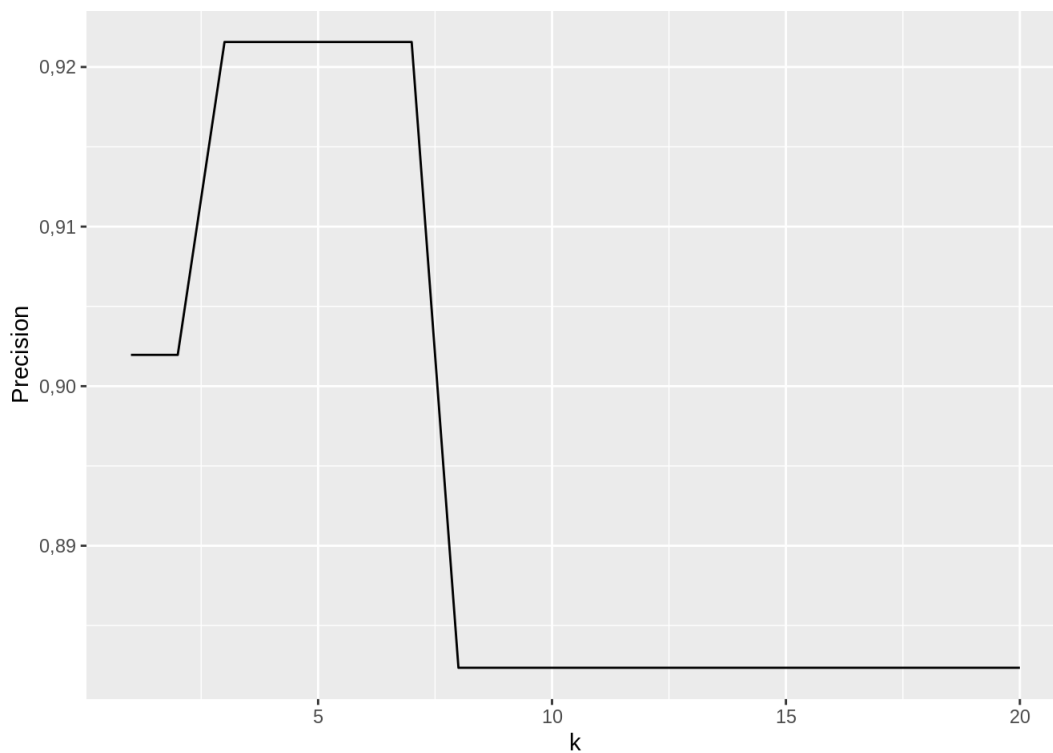
```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Sensitivity)) +  
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Specifity)) +  
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Precision)) +
  geom_line()
```



b. Mg, Al, Ba

```
set.seed(42)
pred_knn <- knn(train = Glass[-test, c("Mg", "Al", "Ba")],
  test = Glass[test, c("Mg", "Al", "Ba")],

  cl = Glass[-test, "Type2"],
  k = 1)

table(pred_knn, Real = Glass[test, "Type2"])
```

```
##      Real
## pred_knn Non-Window Window
## Non-Window    11     2
## Window        2    39
```

```
mean(pred_knn == Glass[test, "Type2"])
```



```
## [1] 0,9259259
```

```
set.seed(42)
```

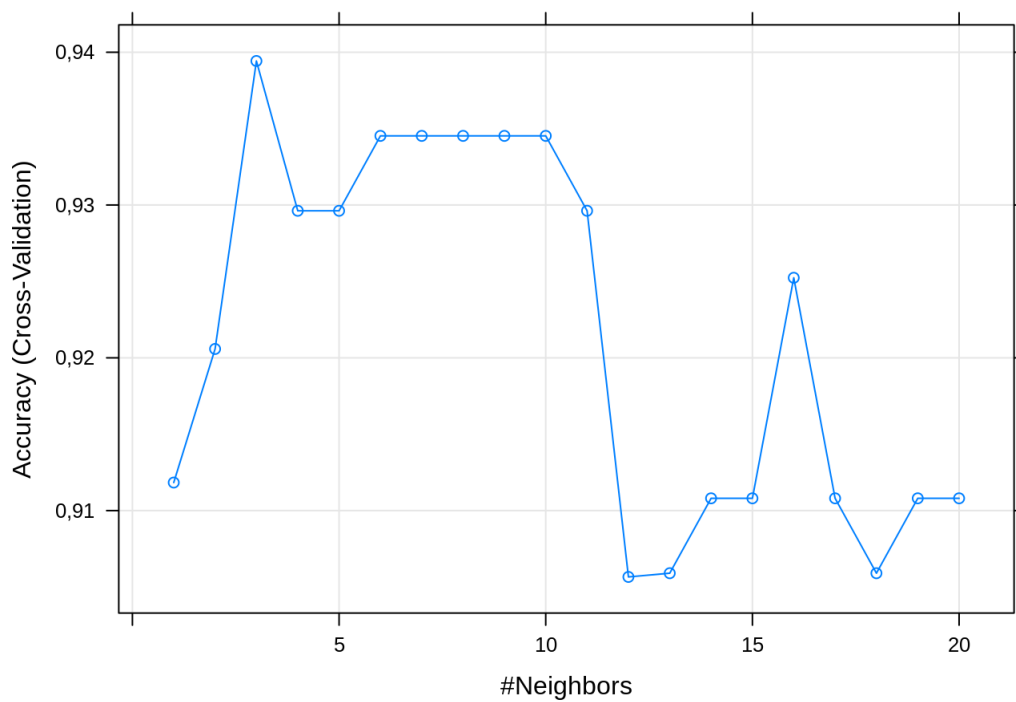
```
trControl <- trainControl(method = "cv",  
  number = 12,  
  savePredictions = TRUE)
```

```
fit <- train(Type2 ~ Mg + Al + Ba,  
  method = "knn",  
  tuneGrid = expand.grid(k = 1:20),  
  trControl = trControl,  
  metric = "Accuracy",  
  data = Glass)
```

```
fit
```

```
## k-Nearest Neighbors  
##  
## 214 samples  
## 3 predictor  
## 2 classes: 'Non-Window', 'Window'  
##  
## No pre-processing  
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (12 fold)  
## Summary of sample sizes: 197, 196, 197, 197, 195, 196, ...  
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:  
##  
## k Accuracy Kappa  
## 1 0,9118364 0,7518397  
## 2 0,9205796 0,7707813  
## 3 0,9394278 0,8341526  
## 4 0,9296239 0,8043281  
## 5 0,9296239 0,7991661  
## 6 0,9345259 0,8078360  
## 7 0,9345259 0,8078360  
## 8 0,9345259 0,8078360  
## 9 0,9345259 0,8078360  
## 10 0,9345259 0,8109572  
## 11 0,9296239 0,8012069  
## 12 0,9056588 0,7456295  
## 13 0,9059024 0,7517192  
## 14 0,9108044 0,7599164  
## 15 0,9108044 0,7599164  
## 16 0,9252379 0,8002008  
## 17 0,9108044 0,7630376  
## 18 0,9059024 0,7455443  
## 19 0,9108044 0,7604566  
## 20 0,9108044 0,7570205  
##  
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.  
## The final value used for the model was k = 3.
```

```
plot(fit)
```

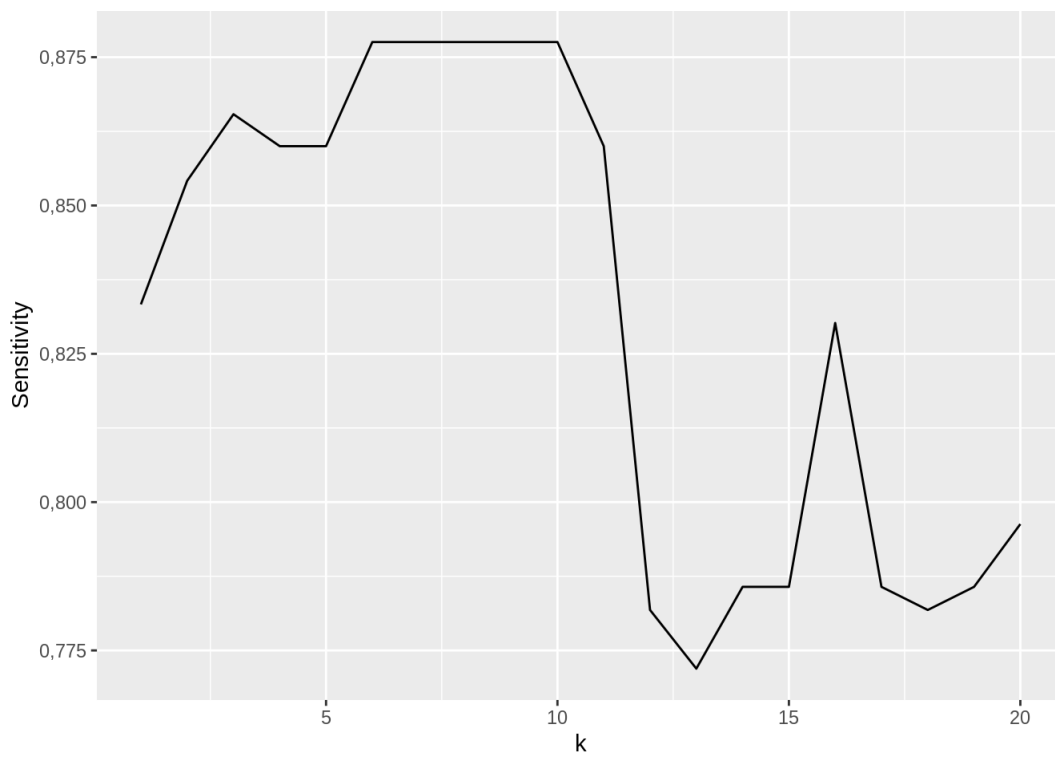


```
Sensitivity = NULL
Specificity = NULL
Precision = NULL
for(i in 1:20){
  one <- fit$pred %>% filter(k == i)
  Sensitivity <- c(Sensitivity, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[1])
  Specificity <- c(Specificity, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[2])
  Precision <- c(Precision, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[5])
}
confusion <- data.frame(Sensitivity, Specificity, Precision, k = (1:20))
```

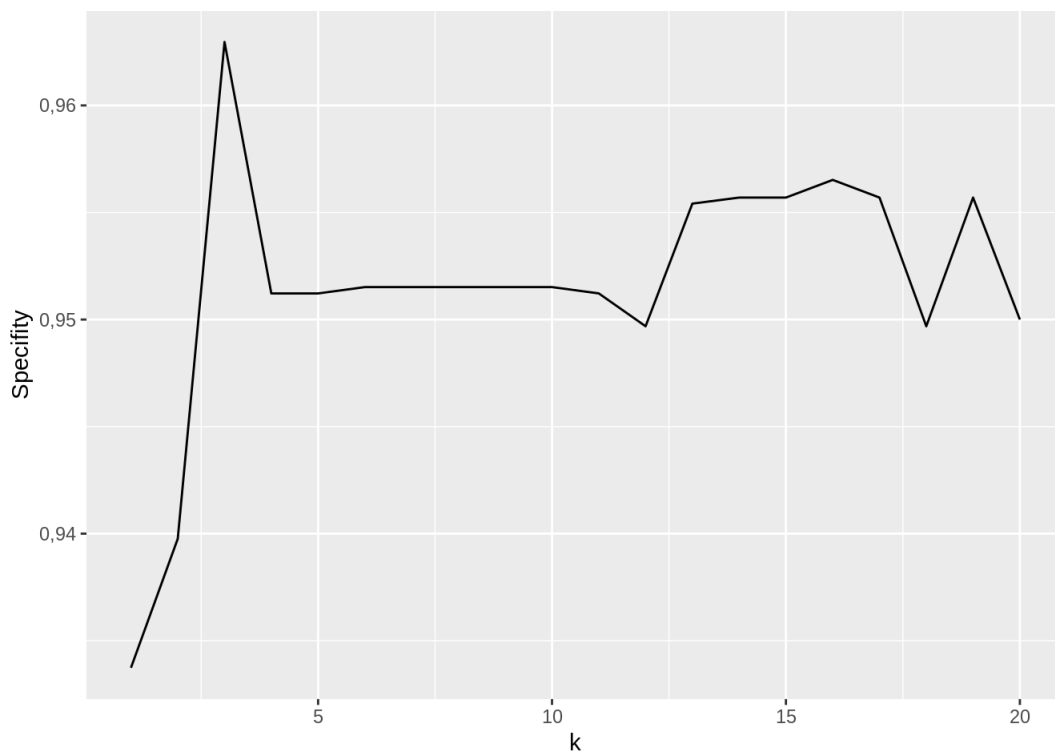
```
confusion
```

```
## Sensitivity Specificity Precision k
## 1 0,8333333 0,9337349 0,7843137 1
## 2 0,8541667 0,9397590 0,8039216 2
## 3 0,8653846 0,9629630 0,8823529 3
## 4 0,8600000 0,9512195 0,8431373 4
## 5 0,8600000 0,9512195 0,8431373 5
## 6 0,8775510 0,9515152 0,8431373 6
## 7 0,8775510 0,9515152 0,8431373 7
## 8 0,8775510 0,9515152 0,8431373 8
## 9 0,8775510 0,9515152 0,8431373 9
## 10 0,8775510 0,9515152 0,8431373 10
## 11 0,8600000 0,9512195 0,8431373 11
## 12 0,7818182 0,9496855 0,8431373 12
## 13 0,7719298 0,9554140 0,8627451 13
## 14 0,7857143 0,9556962 0,8627451 14
## 15 0,7857143 0,9556962 0,8627451 15
## 16 0,8301887 0,9565217 0,8627451 16
## 17 0,7857143 0,9556962 0,8627451 17
## 18 0,7818182 0,9496855 0,8431373 18
## 19 0,7857143 0,9556962 0,8627451 19
## 20 0,7962963 0,9500000 0,8431373 20
```

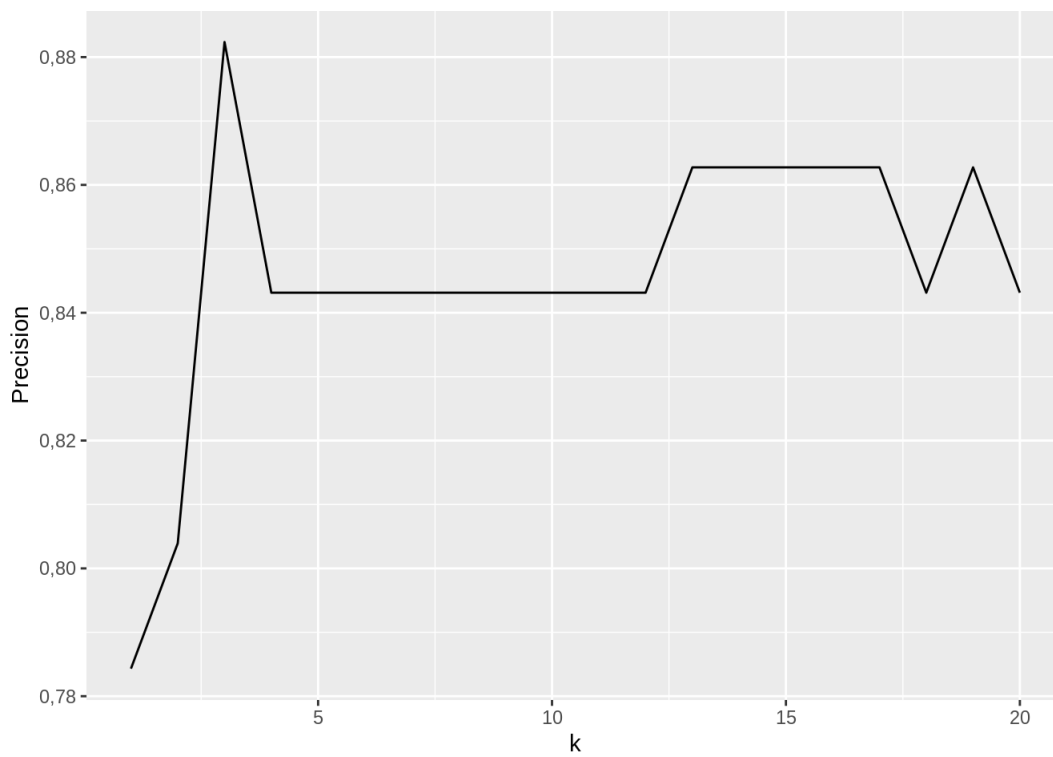
```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Sensitivity)) +
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Specifity)) +  
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Precision)) +  
  geom_line()
```



c. All possible predictors

```
set.seed(42)
pred_knn <- knn(train = Glass[-test, c("RI", "Na", "Mg", "Al", "Si", "K", "Ca", "Ba", "Fe")],
  test = Glass[test, c("RI", "Na", "Mg", "Al", "Si", "K", "Ca", "Ba", "Fe")],

  cl = Glass[-test, "Type2"],
  k = 1)

table(pred_knn, Real = Glass[test, "Type2"])
```

```
##      Real
## pred_knn  Non-Window Window
## Non-Window    12    2
## Window        1    39
```

```
mean(pred_knn == Glass[test, "Type2"])
```

```
## [1] 0,9444444
```

```
set.seed(42)

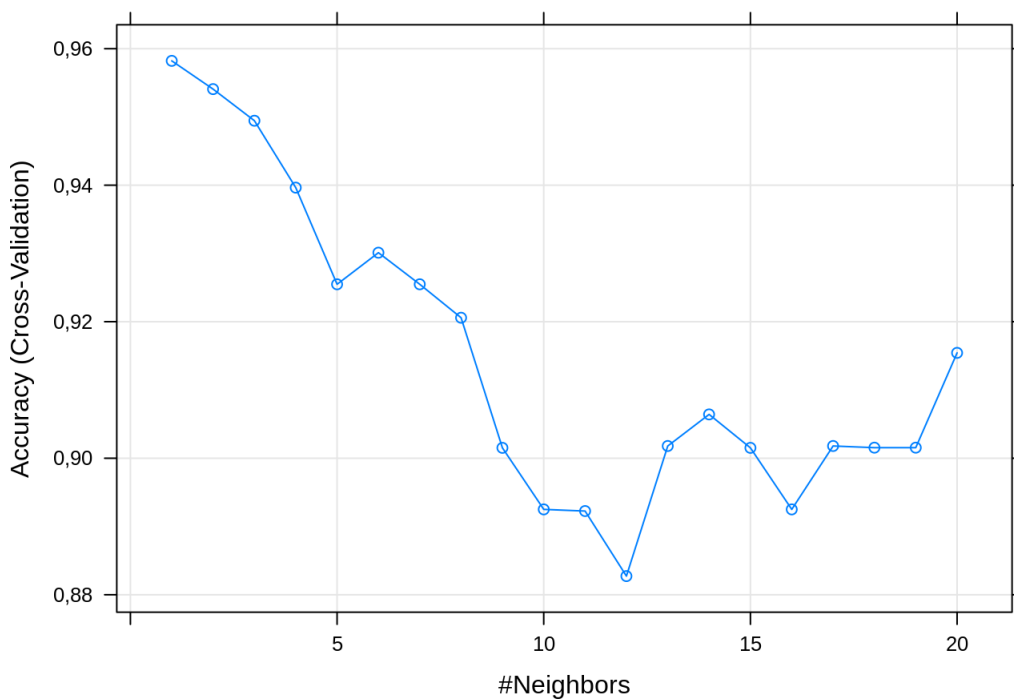
trControl <- trainControl(method = "cv",
  number = 12,
  savePredictions = TRUE)

fit <- train(Type2 ~ RI + Na + Mg + Al + Si + K + Ca + Ba + Fe,
  method = "knn",
  tuneGrid = expand.grid(k = 1:20),
  trControl = trControl,
  metric = "Accuracy",
  data = Glass)

fit
```

```
## k-Nearest Neighbors
##
## 214 samples
## 9 predictor
## 2 classes: 'Non-Window', 'Window'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (12 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 197, 196, 197, 197, 195, 196, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
## k Accuracy Kappa
## 1 0,9582187 0,8874281
## 2 0,9540764 0,8753209
## 3 0,9494467 0,8660122
## 4 0,9396428 0,8290554
## 5 0,9254816 0,7763593
## 6 0,9301112 0,7966729
## 7 0,9254816 0,7819670
## 8 0,9205796 0,7722167
## 9 0,9015165 0,7082696
## 10 0,8925009 0,6786465
## 11 0,8922572 0,6774745
## 12 0,8827256 0,6472843
## 13 0,9017888 0,7059401
## 14 0,9064184 0,7180200
## 15 0,9015165 0,7073233
## 16 0,8925009 0,6859833
## 17 0,9017888 0,7059401
## 18 0,9015451 0,7060405
## 19 0,9015451 0,7060405
## 20 0,9154340 0,7432584
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was k = 1.
```

```
plot(fit)
```

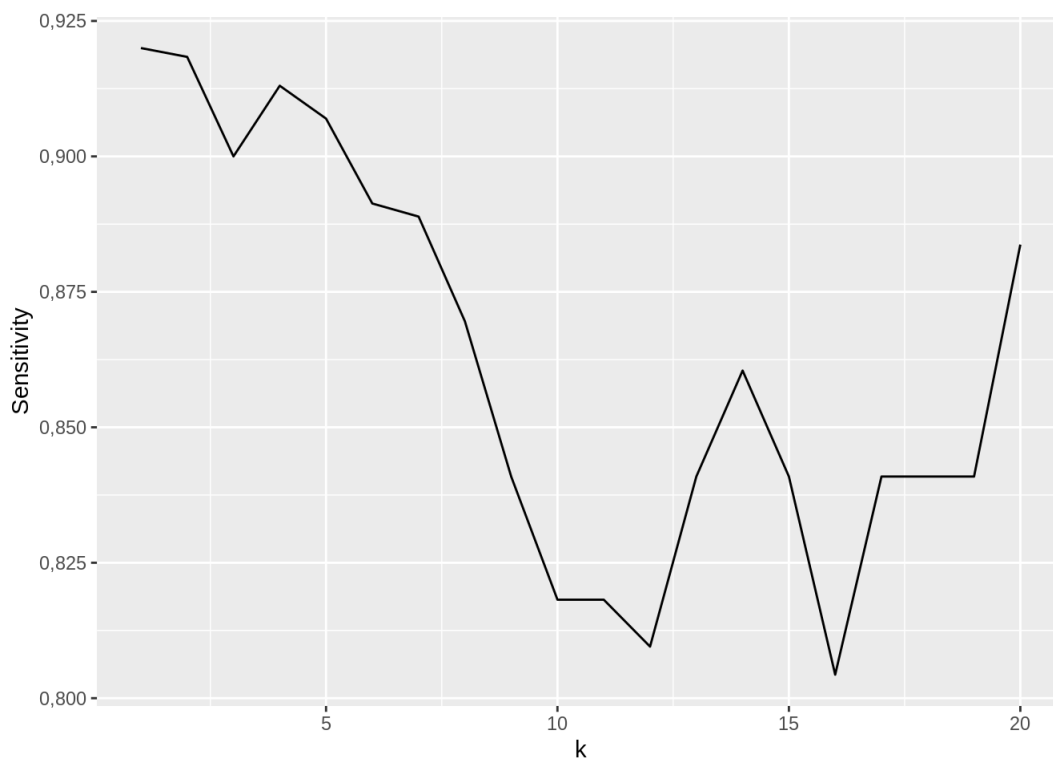


```
Sensitivity = NULL
Specificity = NULL
Precision = NULL
for(i in 1:20){
  one <- fit$pred %>% filter(k == i)
  Sensitivity <- c(Sensitivity, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[1])
  Specificity <- c(Specificity, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[2])
  Precision <- c(Precision, confusionMatrix(one$obs, one$pred)$byClass[5])
}
confusion <- data.frame(Sensitivity, Specificity, Precision, k = (1:20))
```

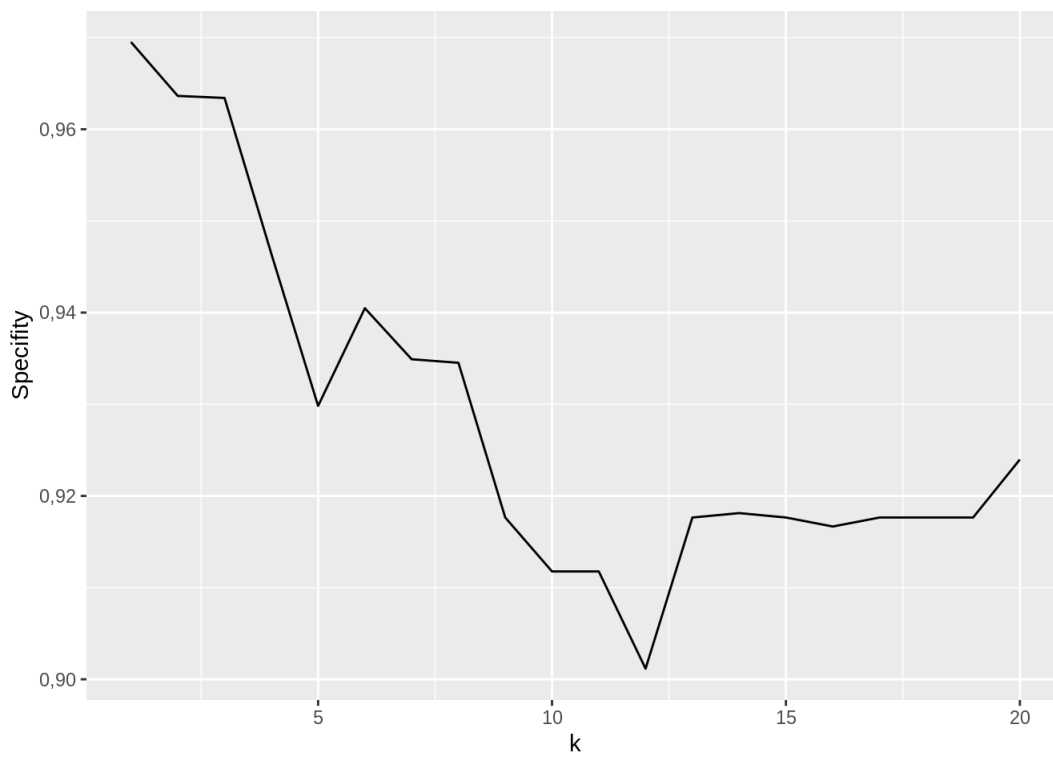
confusion

```
## Sensitivity Specifity Precision k
## 1 0,9200000 0,9695122 0,9019608 1
## 2 0,9183673 0,9636364 0,8823529 2
## 3 0,9000000 0,9634146 0,8823529 3
## 4 0,9130435 0,9464286 0,8235294 4
## 5 0,9069767 0,9298246 0,7647059 5
## 6 0,8913043 0,9404762 0,8039216 6
## 7 0,8888889 0,9349112 0,7843137 7
## 8 0,8695652 0,9345238 0,7843137 8
## 9 0,8409091 0,9176471 0,7254902 9
## 10 0,8181818 0,9117647 0,7058824 10
## 11 0,8181818 0,9117647 0,7058824 11
## 12 0,8095238 0,9011628 0,6666667 12
## 13 0,8409091 0,9176471 0,7254902 13
## 14 0,8604651 0,9181287 0,7254902 14
## 15 0,8409091 0,9176471 0,7254902 15
## 16 0,8043478 0,9166667 0,7254902 16
## 17 0,8409091 0,9176471 0,7254902 17
## 18 0,8409091 0,9176471 0,7254902 18
## 19 0,8409091 0,9176471 0,7254902 19
## 20 0,8837209 0,9239766 0,7450980 20
```

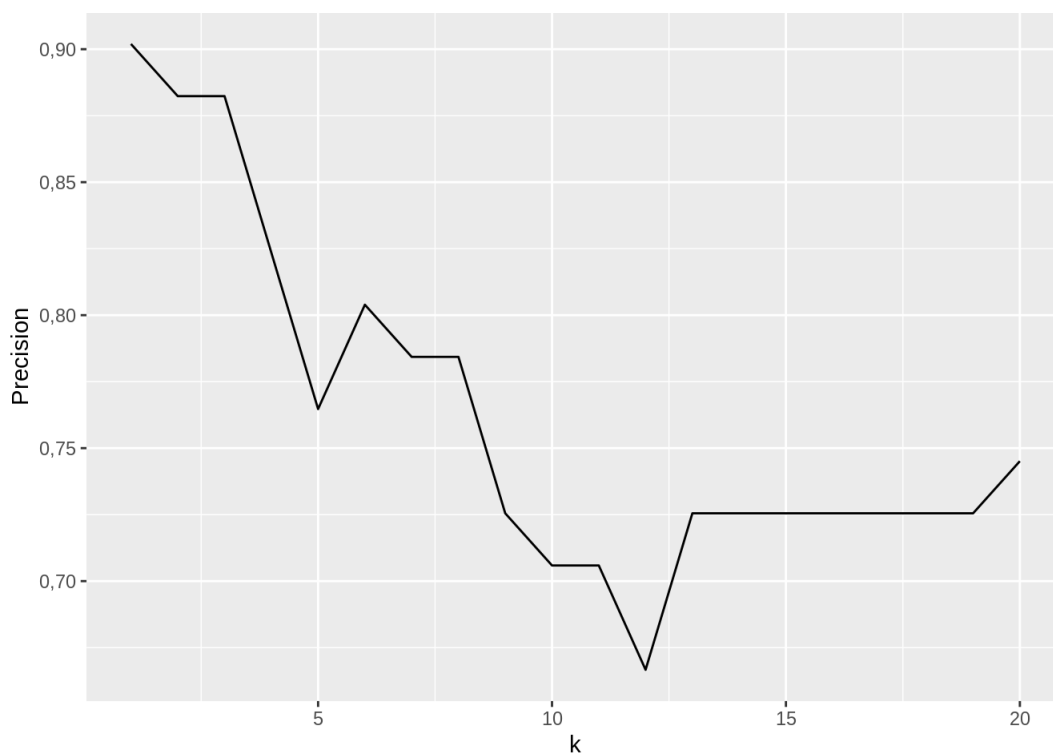
```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Sensitivity)) +  
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Specifity)) +  
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Precision)) +
  geom_line()
```



d. with PCA

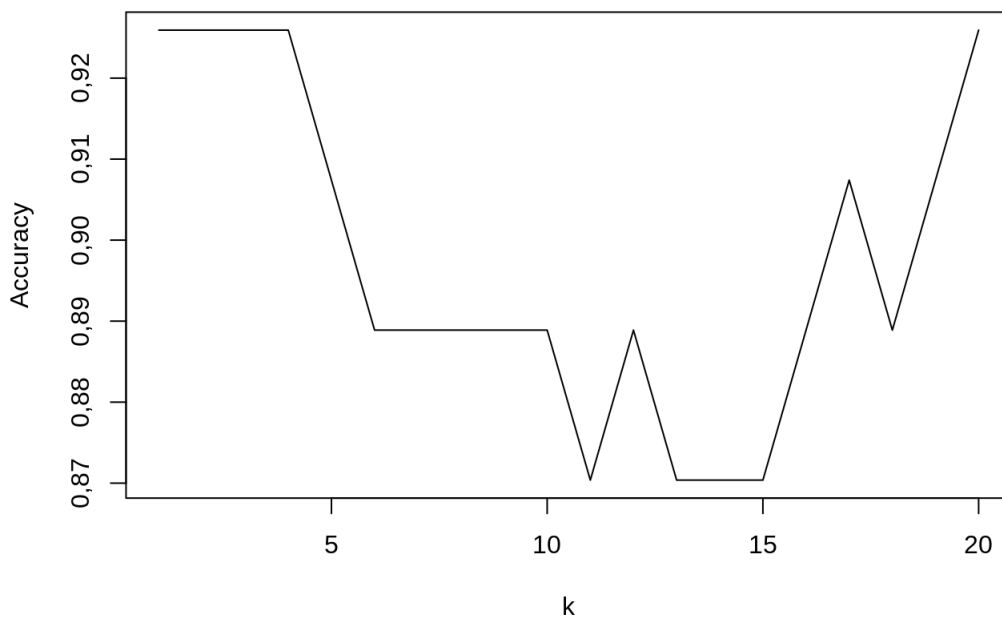
```
pca.result <- prcomp(Glass[-test,-c(10:11)], scale=T)
train.pca <- pca.result$x
test.pca <- predict(pca.result, Glass[test,-c(10:11)])

k <- NULL
accuracy <- NULL
set.seed(42)
for (i in 1:20){
  pred_knn <- knn(train.pca, test.pca, Glass[-test, "Type2"], k=i)
  accuracy <- c(accuracy, mean(pred_knn == Glass[test, "Type2"]))
  k <- c(k, i)
}
result <- data.frame("k" = k, "Accuracy" = accuracy)
```

result

```
## k Accuracy
## 1 1 0,9259259
## 2 2 0,9259259
## 3 3 0,9259259
## 4 4 0,9259259
## 5 5 0,9074074
## 6 6 0,8888889
## 7 7 0,8888889
## 8 8 0,8888889
## 9 9 0,8888889
## 10 10 0,8888889
## 11 11 0,8703704
## 12 12 0,8888889
## 13 13 0,8703704
## 14 14 0,8703704
## 15 15 0,8703704
## 16 16 0,8888889
## 17 17 0,9074074
## 18 18 0,8888889
## 19 19 0,9074074
## 20 20 0,9259259
```

```
plot(result, type = "l")
```

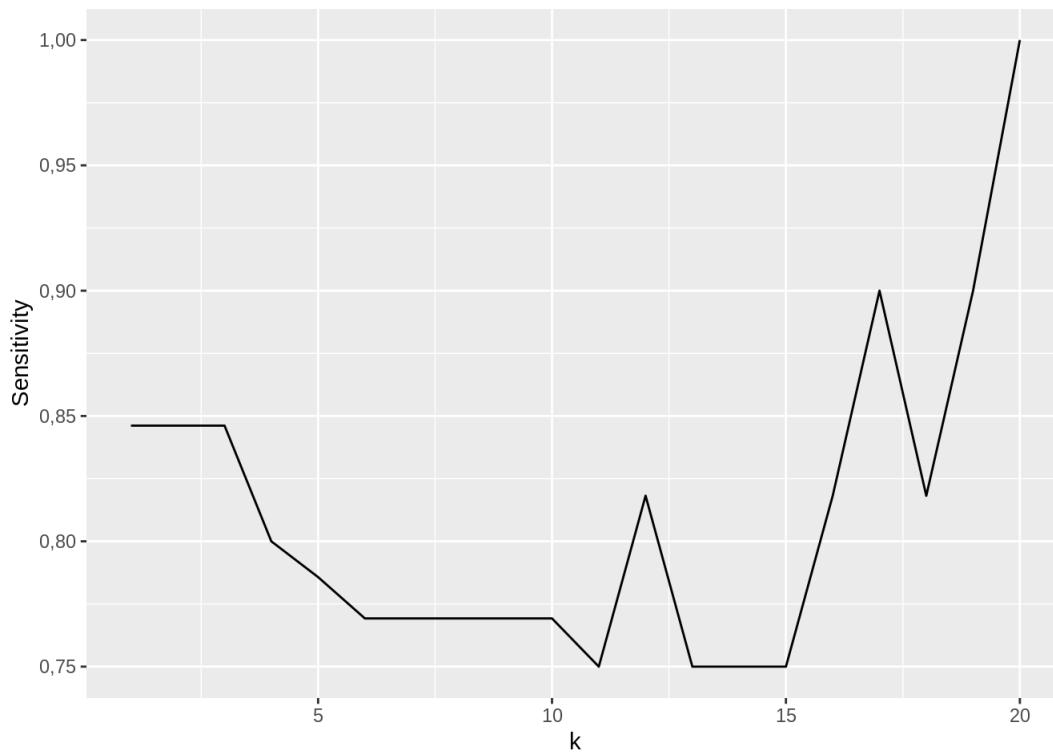


```
Sensitivity = NULL
Specificity = NULL
Precision = NULL
set.seed(42)
for (i in 1:20){
  pred_knn <- knn(train.pca, test.pca, Glass[-test, "Type2"], k=i)
  actual <- Glass[test, "Type2"]
  Sensitivity <- c(Sensitivity, confusionMatrix(actual, pred_knn)$byClass[1])
  Specificity <- c(Specificity, confusionMatrix(actual, pred_knn)$byClass[2])
  Precision <- c(Precision, confusionMatrix(actual, pred_knn)$byClass[5])
}
confusion <- data.frame(Sensitivity, Specificity, Precision, k = (1:20))
```

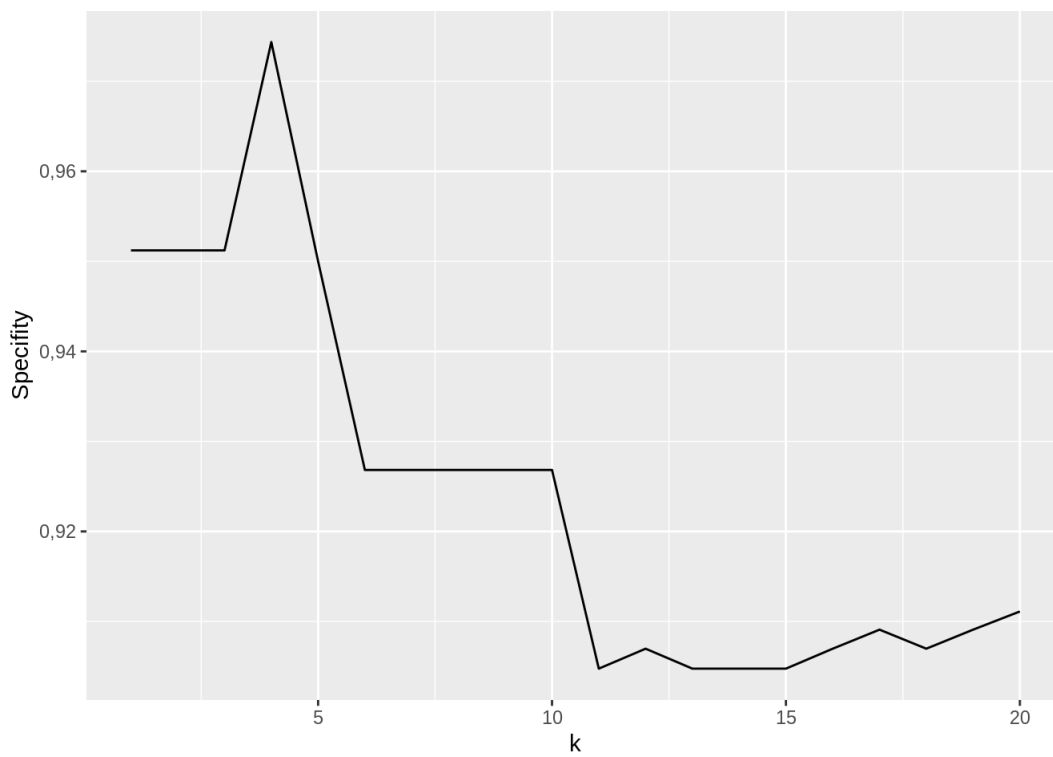
```
confusion
```


##	Sensitivity	Specificity	Precision	k
## 1	0,8461538	0,9512195	0,8461538	1
## 2	0,8461538	0,9512195	0,8461538	2
## 3	0,8461538	0,9512195	0,8461538	3
## 4	0,8000000	0,9743590	0,9230769	4
## 5	0,7857143	0,9500000	0,8461538	5
## 6	0,7692308	0,9268293	0,7692308	6
## 7	0,7692308	0,9268293	0,7692308	7
## 8	0,7692308	0,9268293	0,7692308	8
## 9	0,7692308	0,9268293	0,7692308	9
## 10	0,7692308	0,9268293	0,7692308	10
## 11	0,7500000	0,9047619	0,6923077	11
## 12	0,8181818	0,9069767	0,6923077	12
## 13	0,7500000	0,9047619	0,6923077	13
## 14	0,7500000	0,9047619	0,6923077	14
## 15	0,7500000	0,9047619	0,6923077	15
## 16	0,8181818	0,9069767	0,6923077	16
## 17	0,9000000	0,9090909	0,6923077	17
## 18	0,8181818	0,9069767	0,6923077	18
## 19	0,9000000	0,9090909	0,6923077	19
## 20	1,0000000	0,9111111	0,6923077	20

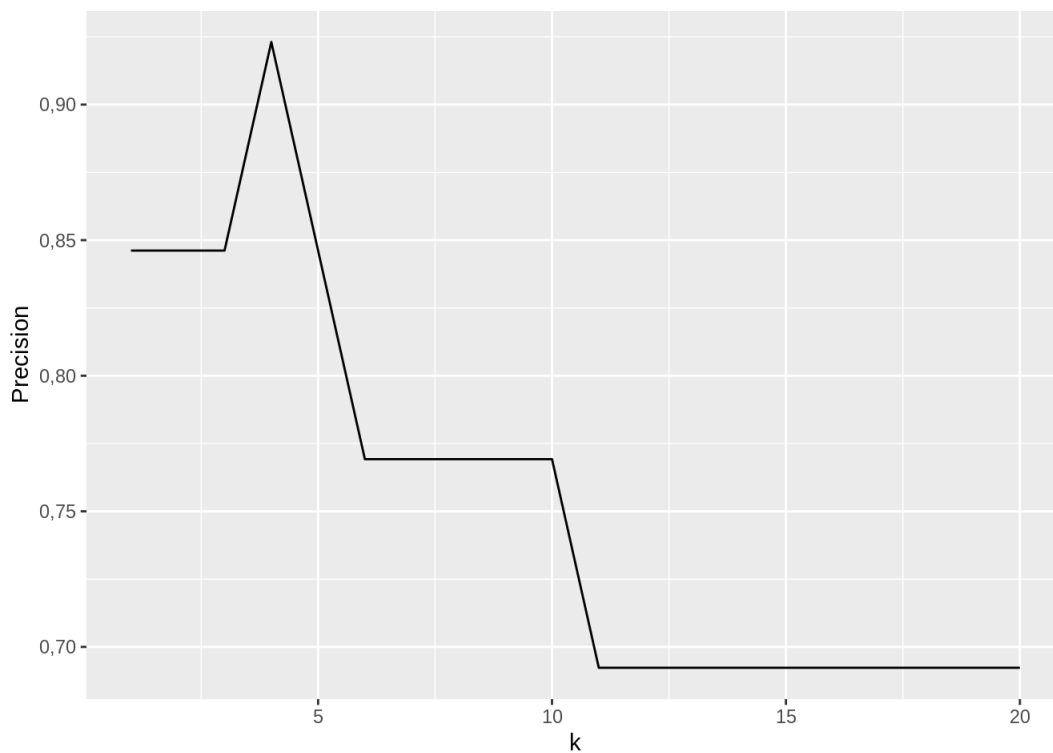
```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Sensitivity)) +
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Specificity)) +
  geom_line()
```



```
ggplot(confusion, aes(x = k, y = Precision)) +
  geom_line()
```



```
##      Model Accuracy Sensitivity Specificity Precision
## 1      Mg 0,9208806  0,7833333 0,9740260 0,9215686
## 2  Mg + Al + Ba 0,9394278  0,8653846 0,9629630 0,8823529
## 3 All predictors 0,9582187  0,9200000 0,9695122 0,9019608
## 4      PCA 0,9259259  0,8000000 0,9743590 0,9230769
```

3. Logistic regression

“RI”

```
glm_fit_ri <- glm(Type2 ~ RI, data = Glass,
  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_ri)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ RI, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##   Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2,0040  0,4244  0,7257  0,7738  1,0046
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -188,62    97,78  -1,929  0,0537 .
## RI          125,02    64,42   1,941  0,0523 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##   Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 230,70  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 234,7
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

“Na”

```
glm_fit_na <- glm(Type2 ~ Na, data = Glass,
                  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_na)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ Na, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##   Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3,3057  0,1144  0,4661  0,6407  1,5963
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  23,9071    3,9084   6,117 9,54e-10 ***
## Na          -1,6725    0,2847  -5,874 4,25e-09 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##   Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 186,33  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 190,33
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

“Mg”

```
glm_fit_mg <- glm(Type2 ~ Mg, data = Glass,
                  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_mg)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ Mg, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##   Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2,3583  0,2363  0,3019  0,3260  1,9983
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1,8507    0,4113  -4,500 6,8e-06 ***
## Mg           1,3675    0,1644   8,321 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##   Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 116,52  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 120,52
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

“Al”

```
glm_fit_al <- glm(Type2 ~ Al, data = Glass,
  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_al)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ Al, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##   Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3,5480  0,0815  0,3686  0,5699  1,6877
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  7,7136    1,0776   7,158 8,17e-13 ***
## Al          -4,1804    0,6595  -6,338 2,32e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##   Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 151,67  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 155,67
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

“Si”

```
glm_fit_si <- glm(Type2 ~ Si, data = Glass,
  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_si)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ Si, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##   Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2,3017  0,4670  0,6968  0,7760  1,0521
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  37,4232   17,0421   2,196  0,0281 *
## Si          -0,4986    0,2341  -2,130  0,0332 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##   Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 230,04  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 234,04
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

“K”

```
glm_fit_k <- glm(Type2 ~ K, data = Glass,
                 family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_k)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ K, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##   Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1,7323  0,7105  0,7385  0,7426  0,7701
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  1,2480    0,1978   6,310 2,8e-10 ***
## K           -0,1677    0,2190  -0,766   0,444
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##   Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 234,47  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 238,47
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

“Ca”

```
glm_fit_ca <- glm(Type2 ~ Ca, data = Glass,
                  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_ca)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ Ca, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##   Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1,7962  0,7133  0,7250  0,7337  0,8984
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  1,7400    0,9908  1,756  0,0791 .
## Ca          -0,0643    0,1084 -0,593  0,5529
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##   Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 234,69  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 238,69
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

“Ba”

```
glm_fit_ba <- glm(Type2 ~ Ba, data = Glass,
  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_ba)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ Ba, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##   Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1,9591  0,5634  0,5634  0,5634  4,2473
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  1,7604    0,2060  8,544 < 2e-16 ***
## Ba          -3,4223    0,7271 -4,707 2,52e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##   Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 177,38  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 181,38
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

“Fe”

```
glm_fit_fe <- glm(Type2 ~ Fe, data = Glass,
  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_fe)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ Fe, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2,9563  0,2878  0,6363  0,8327  0,8327
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  0,8809    0,1782  4,942 7,73e-07 ***
## Fe           6,8160    2,5385  2,685 0,00725 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 235,03  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 224,93  on 212  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 228,93
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

“All predictors”

```
glm_fit_all <- glm(Type2 ~ RI + Na + Mg + Al + Si + K + Ca + Ba + Fe , data = Glass,
  family = "binomial")
summary(glm_fit_all)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ RI + Na + Mg + Al + Si + K + Ca + Ba +
##      Fe, family = "binomial", data = Glass)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2,30170  0,00101  0,03612  0,12396  1,63400
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 3292,972  1102,056  2,988 0,00281 **
## RI          -1232,505  444,483 -2,773 0,00556 **
## Na           -12,635    6,120 -2,065 0,03897 *
## Mg           -8,334    5,802 -1,437 0,15086
## Al          -19,869    7,060 -2,814 0,00489 **
## Si          -15,269    6,688 -2,283 0,02242 *
## K           -10,987    6,306 -1,742 0,08146 .
## Ca           -9,157    5,867 -1,561 0,11859
## Ba          -11,206    6,106 -1,835 0,06646 .
## Fe           6,654    5,819  1,143 0,25285
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 235,029  on 213  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 44,079  on 204  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 64,079
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
```

“Best”

```
glm_fit_best <- glm(Type2 ~ Mg + Al + Na , data = Glass,  
  family = "binomial")  
summary(glm_fit_best)
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ Mg + Al + Na, family = "binomial", data = Glass)  
##  
## Deviance Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -2,72309  0,06959  0,16101  0,26506  1,93821  
##  
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в  
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)  
## (Intercept) 18,4457    4,8212   3,826 0,000130 ***  
## Mg          1,3963    0,2345   5,953 2,63e-09 ***  
## Al         -3,3514    0,8428  -3,976 7,00e-05 ***  
## Na         -1,1387    0,3341  -3,408 0,000654 ***  
## ---  
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1  
##  
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)  
##  
##    Null deviance: 235,029  on 213  degrees of freedom  
## Residual deviance: 72,425  on 210  degrees of freedom  
## AIC: 80,425  
##  
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```

Transfromation

```
one <- Glass$Mg^2  
two <- Glass$Al^2  
three <- Glass$Na^2  
  
glm_fit_transf <- glm(Type2 ~ one + two + three , data = Glass,  
  family = "binomial")  
summary(glm_fit_transf)
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## glm(formula = Type2 ~ one + two + three, family = "binomial",  
##      data = Glass)  
##  
## Deviance Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -2,81717  0,06331  0,11715  0,20020  1,85976  
##  
## Coefficients:
```

```
## Warning in printCoefmat(coefs, digits = digits, signif.stars = signif.stars, : в  
## результате преобразования созданы NA
```

```
##      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)  
## (Intercept) 7,75316    2,43188   3,188 0,001432 **  
## one         0,40140    0,06895   5,822 5,81e-09 ***  
## two        -1,03728    0,29863  -3,473 0,000514 ***  
## three       -0,03716    0,01276  -2,911 0,003600 **  
## ---  
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0,001 '**' 0,01 '*' 0,05 '.' 0,1 ' ' 1  
##  
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)  
##  
##    Null deviance: 235,029  on 213  degrees of freedom  
## Residual deviance: 64,793  on 210  degrees of freedom  
## AIC: 72,793  
##  
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```



```
set.seed(42)
Glass$Mg <- Glass$Mg^2
Glass$Al <- Glass$Al^2
Glass$Na <- Glass$Na^2

glm_fit_transf_2 <- glm(Type2 ~ Mg + Al + Na , data = Glass[-test,],
  family = "binomial")
pred_glm <- predict(glm_fit_transf_2, type = "response", newdata = Glass[test, ]) > .5
table(pred_glm, Real = Glass[test, 11])
```

```
##      Real
## pred_glm Non-Window Window
## FALSE    12    3
## TRUE      1   38
```

50/54

```
## [1] 0,9259259
```