## Problem 6.31 Solution:

A. Cache size: C = 128 bytes.

B. Address fields:

CT: [12-5] CI: [4-2] CO: [1-0]

## Problem 6.32 Solution:

A. Address format

	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
•	СТ	CI	CI	CI	СО	СО							

B. Memory reference:

Parameter	Value				
Block Offset (CO)	0x2				
Index (CI)	0x6				
Cache Tag (CT)	0x38				
Cache Hit? (Y/N)	Υ				
Cache Byte returned	0xEB				

## Problem 6.33 Solution:

A. Address format (one bit per box):

12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
				СТ								

B. Memory reference:

Parameter	Value				
Block Offset (CO)	0x0				
Index (CI)	0x2				
Cache Tag (CT)	0xB7				
Cache Hit? (Y/N)	N				
Cache Byte returned					

## Problem 6.34 Solution:

There are two valid lines in Set 2, the first with a tag of  $0 \times BC$ , and the second with a tag of  $0 \times B6$ . The addresses that hit in the first line have the binary form 1 0111 1000  $10 \times x$ , which corresponds to the address range of  $0 \times 1788 - 0 \times 178b$ . Similarly, the addresses that hit in the second line have the binary form 1 0110 1100  $10 \times x$ , and thus an address range of  $0 \times 16c8 - 0 \times 16cb$ .