10.5.2018 HackerRank



PRACTICE

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 ${\sf Practice} \ \gt \ {\sf Algorithms} \ \gt \ {\sf Implementation} \ \gt \ {\sf Absolute} \ {\sf Permutation}$

Submissions

Absolute Permutation ☆

We define \pmb{P} to be a permutation of the first \pmb{n} natural numbers in the range $\pmb{[1,n]}$. Let $\pmb{pos[i]}$
denote the value at position $m{i}$ in permutation $m{P}$ using $m{1}$ -based indexing.

Leaderboard

Discussions

 $m{P}$ is considered to be an *absolute permutation* if $|m{pos}[i]-i|=k$ holds true for every $i\in [1,n].$

Given n and k, print the lexicographically smallest absolute permutation P. If no absolute permutation exists, print -1.

For example, let n=4 giving us an array pos=[1,2,3,4]. If we use 1 based indexing, create a permutation where every |pos[i]-i|=k. If k=2, we could rearrange them to [3,4,1,2]:

pos[i]	i	Difference
3	1	2
4	2	2
1	3	2
2	4	2

Input Format

The first line contains an integer ${\pmb t}$, the number of test cases.

Each of the next $m{t}$ lines contains $m{2}$ space-separated integers, $m{n}$ and $m{k}$.

Constraints

- $1 \le t \le 10$
- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $0 \le k < n$

Output Format

On a new line for each test case, print the lexicographically smallest absolute permutation. If no absolute permutation exists, print -1.

Sample Input

- 3
- 2 1
- 3 0
- 3 2

Sample Output

- 2 1
- 1 2 3
- -1

Explanation

Test Case 0:

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```
K N SS
                                          Java 7
10 ▼ import java.io.*;
11 import java.math.*;
12 import java.text.*;
13 import java.util.*;
14
   import java.util.regex.*;
15
16 ▼ public class Solution {
17
18 ▼
19
         * Complete the absolutePermutation function below.
20
        static int[] absolutePermutation(int n, int k) {
21 🔻
22 🔻
23
             * Write your code here.
24
             */
25
26
27
        private static final Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
28
29
        public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
30
            BufferedWriter bufferedWriter = new BufferedWriter(new
31
    FileWriter(System.getenv("OUTPUT_PATH")));
32
            int t = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());
33
34
35 ▼
            for (int tItr = 0; tItr < t; tItr++) {</pre>
36
                String[] nk = scanner.nextLine().split(" ");
37
38 ▼
                int n = Integer.parseInt(nk[0].trim());
39
40 v
                int k = Integer.parseInt(nk[1].trim());
41
                int[] result = absolutePermutation(n, k);
42
43
                for (int resultItr = 0; resultItr < result.length;</pre>
44
    resultItr++) {
45 ▼
     bufferedWriter.write(String.valueOf(result[resultItr]));
46
47 ▼
                    if (resultItr != result.length - 1) {
48
                        bufferedWriter.write(" ");
49
50
                }
51
                bufferedWriter.newLine();
```

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