

≡

Problem

Submissions

Solutions

Lachezar

Ambigram Detection

< >

Question 1013 of 1031

Medium

✔ ☆ ↗ 📌

You are given a lowercase alphabet string `s` and a two-dimensional list of strings `pairs`. Each element in `pairs` contains `[a, b]` meaning that character `a` and `b` are considered equivalent. We say that if `a` and `b` are equivalent and `b` and `c` are equivalent, then `a` and `c` are also equivalent. Also, any character `a` is equivalent to itself.

Return whether `s` is a **palindrome** given the equivalence relations.

Constraints

- $0 \leq n \leq 100,000$ where `n` is the length of `s`
- $0 \leq p \leq 100,000$ where `p` is the length of `p`

Example 1 ▾

Input

```
s = "acba"
pairs = [
    ["b", "c"]
]
```

Output

```
true
```

Explanation

Since `"b" = "c"` , we have `"acba" = "acca"` , which is a palindrome.

Example 2 ▾

Input

```
s = "zz"
pairs = []
```

Output

```
true
```

Explanation

`"z"` is equivalent to itself.

Example 3 ▾

Input

```
s = "ac"
pairs = [
    ["a", "b"],
    ["b", "c"]
]
```

Output

```
true
```

Explanation

Since `"a" = "c"` , we have `"ac" = "cc"` , which is a palindrome.

Solved 609

Attempted 773

Rate 78.79%

Hint #1

+

Companies

+

Topics

+

Contributed by Rajatk133, sunnyguan and 1 other

+

```
1 import java.util.*;
2
3 class Solution {
4     public boolean solve(String s, String[][] pairs) {
5
6     }
7 }
```

Lachezar 57

💖 254 ↻ 1 ☆ 0

...