

1357. Apply Discount Every n Orders

Solved ●

Medium Topics Companies Hint

There is a supermarket that is frequented by many customers. The products sold at the supermarket are represented as two parallel integer arrays `products` and `prices`, where the i^{th} product has an ID of `products[i]` and a price of `prices[i]`.

When a customer is paying, their bill is represented as two parallel integer arrays `product` and `amount`, where the j^{th} product they purchased has an ID of `product[j]`, and `amount[j]` is how much of the product they bought. Their subtotal is calculated as the sum of each `amount[j] * (price of the j^{th} product)`.

The supermarket decided to have a sale. Every n^{th} customer paying for their groceries will be given a **percentage discount**. The discount amount is given by `discount`, where they will be given `discount` percent off their subtotal. More formally, if their subtotal is `bill`, then they would actually pay `bill * ((100 - discount) / 100)`.

Implement the `Cashier` class:

- `Cashier(int n, int discount, int[] products, int[] prices)` Initializes the object with `n`, the `discount`, and the `products` and their `prices`.
- `double getBill(int[] product, int[] amount)` Returns the final total of the bill with the discount applied (if any). Answers within 10^{-5} of the actual value will be accepted.

Example 1:

Input

```
"Cashier", "getBill", "getBill", "getBill", "getBill", "getBill", "getBill", "getBill"
[[3,50],[1,2,3,4,5,6,7],[100,200,300,400,300,200,100]], [[1,2],[1,2]], [[3,7],[10,10]], [[1,2,3,4,5,6,7],[1,1,1,1,1,1,1]], [[4],[10]], [[7,3],[10,10]], [[7,5,3,1,6,4,2],[10,10,10,9,9,9,7]], [[2,3,5],[5,3,2]]
```

Output

```
[null,500.0,4000.0,800.0,4000.0,4000.0,7350.0,2500.0]
```

Explanation

```
Cashier cashier = new Cashier(3,50,[1,2,3,4,5,6,7],[100,200,300,400,300,200,100]);
cashier.getBill([1,2],[1,2]);           // return 500.0. 1st customer, no discount.
                                         // bill = 1 * 100 + 2 * 200 = 500.
cashier.getBill([3,7],[10,10]);         // return 4000.0. 2nd customer, no discount.
                                         // bill = 10 * 300 + 10 * 100 = 4000.
cashier.getBill([1,2,3,4,5,6,7],[1,1,1,1,1,1,1]); // return 800.0. 3rd customer, 50% discount.
                                         // Original bill = 1600
                                         // Actual bill = 1600 * ((100 - 50) / 100) = 800.
cashier.getBill([4],[10]);              // return 4000.0. 4th customer, no discount.
cashier.getBill([7,3],[10,10]);         // return 4000.0. 5th customer, no discount.
cashier.getBill([7,5,3,1,6,4,2],[10,10,10,9,9,9,7]); // return 7350.0. 6th customer, 50% discount.
                                         // Original bill = 14700, but with
                                         // Actual bill = 14700 * ((100 - 50) / 100) = 7350.
cashier.getBill([2,3,5],[5,3,2]);       // return 2500.0. 7th customer, no discount.
```

Constraints:

- $1 \leq n \leq 10^4$
- $0 \leq \text{discount} \leq 100$
- $1 \leq \text{products.length} \leq 200$
- $\text{prices.length} == \text{products.length}$
- $1 \leq \text{products}[i] \leq 200$
- $1 \leq \text{prices}[i] \leq 1000$

- The elements in `products` are **unique**.
- `1 <= product.length <= products.length`
- `amount.length == product.length`
- `product[j]` exists in `products`.
- `1 <= amount[j] <= 1000`
- The elements of `product` are **unique**.
- At most `1000` calls will be made to `getBill`.
- Answers within `10-5` of the actual value will be accepted.

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

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