



Ascending Consecutive Numbers

Published by [Matt](#) in [Java](#) ▼

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Write a function that returns `true` if a string consists of **ascending AND consecutive** numbers.

Examples

```
ascending("232425") → true
ascending("2324256") → false
// No matter how this string is divided, the n
ascending("444445") → true
// Consecutive numbers 444 and 445.
```

Notes

A **number** can consist of any number of digits, so long as the numbers are adjacent to each other, and the string has at least two of them.

[SUGGEST EDIT](#)

@Test

```
public void test13() {
    assertEquals(false, Chal
```

@Test

```
public void test14() {
    assertEquals(false, Chal
```

@Test

```
public void test15() {
    assertEquals(false, Chal
```

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