

# 1814. Count Nice Pairs in an Array

Solved ●

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You are given an array `nums` that consists of non-negative integers. Let us define `rev(x)` as the reverse of the non-negative integer `x`. For example, `rev(123) = 321`, and `rev(120) = 21`. A pair of indices `(i, j)` is **nice** if it satisfies all of the following conditions:

- $0 \leq i < j < \text{nums.length}$
- $\text{nums}[i] + \text{rev}(\text{nums}[j]) == \text{nums}[j] + \text{rev}(\text{nums}[i])$

Return the number of nice pairs of indices. Since that number can be too large, return it **modulo**  $10^9 + 7$ .

## Example 1:

**Input:** `nums = [42,11,1,97]`**Output:** 2**Explanation:** The two pairs are:

- `(0,3)` :  $42 + \text{rev}(97) = 42 + 79 = 121$ ,  $97 + \text{rev}(42) = 97 + 24 = 121$ .
- `(1,2)` :  $11 + \text{rev}(1) = 11 + 1 = 12$ ,  $1 + \text{rev}(11) = 1 + 11 = 12$ .

## Example 2:

**Input:** `nums = [13,10,35,24,76]`**Output:** 4

## Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^9$

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Yes No

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