Java

```
class TaskManager {
    public TaskManager(List<List<Integer>> tasks) {
    }
   public void add(int userId, int taskId, int priority) {
    public void edit(int taskId, int newPriority) {
    }
    public void rmv(int taskId) {
   public int execTop() {
    }
 * Your TaskManager object will be instantiated and called as such:
* TaskManager obj = new TaskManager(tasks);
 * obj.add(userId,taskId,priority);
 * obj.edit(taskId,newPriority);
 * obj.rmv(taskId);
* int param 4 = obj.execTop();
```

```
*/
JavaScript
/**
* @param {number[][]} tasks
var TaskManager = function(tasks) {
};
/**
 * @param {number} userId
* @param {number} taskId
* @param {number} priority
* @return {void}
*/
TaskManager.prototype.add = function(userId, taskId, priority) {
};
/**
* @param {number} taskId
* @param {number} newPriority
* @return {void}
*/
TaskManager.prototype.edit = function(taskId, newPriority) {
};
```

/**

```
* @param {number} taskId
* @return {void}
TaskManager.prototype.rmv = function(taskId) {
};
/**
* @return {number}
TaskManager.prototype.execTop = function() {
};
/**
* Your TaskManager object will be instantiated and called as such:
* var obj = new TaskManager(tasks)
* obj.add(userId,taskId,priority)
* obj.edit(taskId,newPriority)
* obj.rmv(taskId)
* var param 4 = obj.execTop()
TypeScript
class TaskManager {
   constructor(tasks: number[][]) {
    }
    add(userId: number, taskId: number, priority: number): void {
```

```
}
   edit(taskId: number, newPriority: number): void {
    }
   rmv(taskId: number): void {
    }
   execTop(): number {
* Your TaskManager object will be instantiated and called as such:
* var obj = new TaskManager(tasks)
* obj.add(userId,taskId,priority)
* obj.edit(taskId,newPriority)
* obj.rmv(taskId)
* var param_4 = obj.execTop()
*/
C++
class TaskManager {
public:
   TaskManager(vector<vector<int>>& tasks) {
```

```
}
   void add(int userId, int taskId, int priority) {
    }
   void edit(int taskId, int newPriority) {
    }
   void rmv(int taskId) {
    }
   int execTop() {
};
 * Your TaskManager object will be instantiated and called as such:
* TaskManager* obj = new TaskManager(tasks);
* obj->add(userId,taskId,priority);
* obj->edit(taskId,newPriority);
* obj->rmv(taskId);
* int param 4 = obj->execTop();
C#
public class TaskManager {
```

```
public TaskManager(IList<IList<int>> tasks) {
   public void Add(int userId, int taskId, int priority) {
   }
   public void Edit(int taskId, int newPriority) {
   public void Rmv(int taskId) {
  public int ExecTop() {
* Your TaskManager object will be instantiated and called as such:
* TaskManager obj = new TaskManager(tasks);
* obj.Add(userId,taskId,priority);
* obj.Edit(taskId,newPriority);
* obj.Rmv(taskId);
* int param 4 = obj.ExecTop();
```

Kotlin

```
class TaskManager(tasks: List<List<Int>>) {
   fun add(userId: Int, taskId: Int, priority: Int) {
    }
   fun edit(taskId: Int, newPriority: Int) {
   fun rmv(taskId: Int) {
    }
   fun execTop(): Int {
}
 * Your TaskManager object will be instantiated and called as such:
 * var obj = TaskManager(tasks)
* obj.add(userId,taskId,priority)
* obj.edit(taskId,newPriority)
 * obj.rmv(taskId)
* var param_4 = obj.execTop()
```

```
Go
type TaskManager struct {
func Constructor(tasks [][]int) TaskManager {
}
func (this *TaskManager) Add(userId int, taskId int, priority int) {
func (this *TaskManager) Edit(taskId int, newPriority int) {
}
func (this *TaskManager) Rmv(taskId int) {
func (this *TaskManager) ExecTop() int {
/**
```

```
* Your TaskManager object will be instantiated and called as such:
* obj := Constructor(tasks);
* obj.Add(userId,taskId,priority);
* obj.Edit(taskId,newPriority);
* obj.Rmv(taskId);
* param_4 := obj.ExecTop();
*/
```