


3105. Longest Strictly Increasing or Strictly Decreasing Subarray

Solved ●

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You are given an array of integers `nums`. Return *the length of the **longest** subarray of `nums` which is either **strictly increasing** or **strictly decreasing**.*

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,4,3,3,2]`**Output:** 2**Explanation:**

The strictly increasing subarrays of `nums` are `[1]`, `[2]`, `[3]`, `[3]`, `[4]`, and `[1,4]`.

The strictly decreasing subarrays of `nums` are `[1]`, `[2]`, `[3]`, `[3]`, `[4]`, `[3,2]`, and `[4,3]`.

Hence, we return 2.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [3,3,3,3]`**Output:** 1**Explanation:**

The strictly increasing subarrays of `nums` are `[3]`, `[3]`, `[3]`, and `[3]`.

The strictly decreasing subarrays of `nums` are `[3]`, `[3]`, `[3]`, and `[3]`.

Hence, we return 1.

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [3,2,1]`**Output:** 3**Explanation:**

The strictly increasing subarrays of `nums` are `[3]`, `[2]`, and `[1]`.

The strictly decreasing subarrays of `nums` are `[3]`, `[2]`, `[1]`, `[3,2]`, `[2,1]`, and `[3,2,1]`.

Hence, we return 3.

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 50`
- `1 <= nums[i] <= 50`

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

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