# 3088. Make String Anti-palindrome

Solved •

Hard 🔊 Topics 📵

🕜 Hint We call a string s of **even** length n an **anti-palindrome** if for each index  $0 \le i \le n$ , s[i] != s[n - i - 1].

Given a string s, your task is to make s an anti-palindrome by doing any number of operations (including zero).

In one operation, you can select two characters from s and swap them.

Return the resulting string. If multiple strings meet the conditions, return the lexicographically smallest one. If it can't be made into an anti-palindrome, return "-1".

### Example 1:

Input: s = "abca"

Output: "aabc"

**Explanation:** 

"aabc" is an anti-palindrome string since s[0] != s[3] and s[1] != s[2]. Also, it is a rearrangement of "abca".

### Example 2:

Input: s = "abba"

Output: "aabb"

**Explanation:** 

"aabb" is an anti-palindrome string since s[0] != s[3] and s[1] != s[2]. Also, it is a rearrangement of "abba".

Input: s = "cccd"

Output: "-1"

**Explanation:** 

You can see that no matter how you rearrange the characters of "cccd", either s[0] == s[3] or s[1] == s[2]. So it can not form an anti-palindrome string.

### Constraints:

- 2 <= s.length <= 10<sup>5</sup>
- s.length % 2 == 0
- s consists only of lowercase English letters.



Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

## Accepted 773 /1.7K Acceptance Rate 45.0%



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