

3784. Minimum Deletion Cost to Make All Characters Equal

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You are given a string `s` of length `n` and an integer array `cost` of the same length, where `cost[i]` is the cost to **delete** the `ith` character of `s`.

You may delete any number of characters from `s` (possibly none), such that the resulting string is **non-empty** and consists of **equal** characters.

Return an integer denoting the **minimum** total deletion cost required.

Example 1:

Input: `s = "aabbaac"`, `cost = [1,2,3,4,1,10]`

Output: 11

Explanation:

Deleting the characters at indices 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 results in the string `"c"`, which consists of equal characters, and the total cost is `cost[0] + cost[1] + cost[2] + cost[3] + cost[4] = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 1 = 11`.

Example 2:

Input: `s = "abc"`, `cost = [10,5,8]`

Output: 13

Explanation:

Deleting the characters at indices 1 and 2 results in the string `"a"`, which consists of equal characters, and the total cost is `cost[1] + cost[2] = 5 + 8 = 13`.

Example 3:

Input: `s = "zzzzz"`, `cost = [67,67,67,67,67]`

Output: 0

Explanation:

All characters in `s` are equal, so the deletion cost is 0.

Constraints:

- `n == s.length == cost.length`
- `1 <= n <= 105`
- `1 <= cost[i] <= 109`
- `s` consists of lowercase English letters.

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

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Topics



Hint 1

Discussion (25)