



3604. Minimum Time to Reach Destination in Directed Graph

Solved ●

Medium  Topics  Hint

You are given an integer n and a **directed** graph with n nodes labeled from 0 to $n - 1$. This is represented by a 2D array `edges`, where `edges[i] = [ui, vi, starti, endi]` indicates an edge from node u_i to v_i that can **only** be used at any integer time t such that $start_i \leq t \leq end_i$.

You start at node 0 at time 0.

In one unit of time, you can either:

- Wait at your current node without moving, or
- Travel along an outgoing edge from your current node if the current time t satisfies $start_i \leq t \leq end_i$.

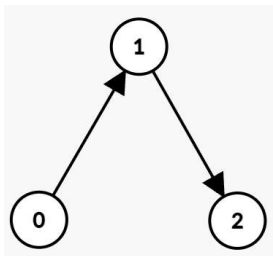
Return the **minimum** time required to reach node $n - 1$. If it is impossible, return -1 .

Example 1:

Input: $n = 3$, `edges = [[0,1,0,1],[1,2,2,5]]`

Output: 3

Explanation:



The optimal path is:

- At time $t = 0$, take the edge $(0 \rightarrow 1)$ which is available from 0 to 1. You arrive at node 1 at time $t = 1$, then wait until $t = 2$.
- At time $t = 2$, take the edge $(1 \rightarrow 2)$ which is available from 2 to 5. You arrive at node 2 at time 3.

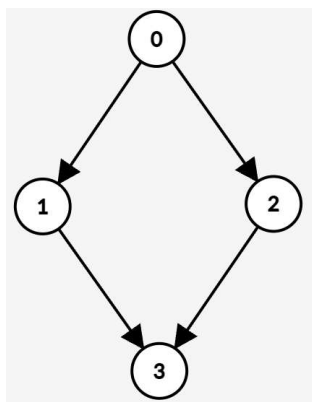
Hence, the minimum time to reach node 2 is 3.

Example 2:

Input: $n = 4$, `edges = [[0,1,0,3],[1,3,7,8],[0,2,1,5],[2,3,4,7]]`

Output: 5

Explanation:



The optimal path is:

- Wait at node 0 until time $t = 1$, then take the edge $(0 \rightarrow 2)$ which is available from 1 to 5. You arrive at node 2 at $t = 2$.
- Wait at node 2 until time $t = 4$, then take the edge $(2 \rightarrow 3)$ which is available from 4 to 7. You arrive at node 3 at $t = 5$.

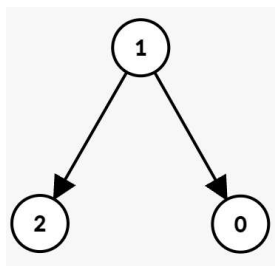
Hence, the minimum time to reach node 3 is 5.

Example 3:

Input: $n = 3$, $\text{edges} = [[1,0,1,3],[1,2,3,5]]$

Output: -1

Explanation:



- Since there is no outgoing edge from node 0, it is impossible to reach node 2. Hence, the output is -1.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq \text{edges.length} \leq 10^5$
- $\text{edges}[i] == [u_i, v_i, \text{start}_i, \text{end}_i]$
- $0 \leq u_i, v_i \leq n - 1$
- $u_i \neq v_i$
- $0 \leq \text{start}_i \leq \text{end}_i \leq 10^9$

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

Accepted 11.013 / 23.9K | Acceptance Rate 46.1%

Topics	▼
Hint 1	▼
Hint 2	▼
Hint 3	▼
Discussion (13)	▼

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