503. Next Greater Element II

Solved

Given a circular integer array nums (i.e., the next element of nums[nums.length - 1] is nums[0]), return the **next greater number** for every element in nums.

The **next greater number** of a number x is the first greater number to its traversing-order next in the array, which means you could search circularly to find its next greater number. If it doesn't exist, return -1 for this number.

Example 1:

Input: nums = [1,2,1] **Output:** [2,-1,2]

Explanation: The first 1's next greater number is 2; The number 2 can't find next greater number.

The second 1's next greater number needs to search circularly, which is also 2.

Example 2:

Input: nums = [1,2,3,4,3] **Output:** [2,3,4,-1,4]

Constraints:

- 1 <= nums.length <= 10⁴
- $-10^9 \le \text{nums[i]} \le 10^9$

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/4

Yes No

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