# 911. Online Election

Solved

Medium Topics

You are given two integer arrays persons and times. In an election, the ith vote was cast for persons[i] at time times[i].

For each query at a time t, find the person that was leading the election at time t. Votes cast at time t will count towards our query. In the case of a tie, the most recent vote (among tied candidates) wins.

Implement the TopVotedCandidate class:

- TopVotedCandidate(int[] persons, int[] times) Initializes the object with the persons and times arrays.
- [int q(int t)] Returns the number of the person that was leading the election at time [t] according to the mentioned rules.

## Example 1:

### Input

["TopVotedCandidate", "q", "q", "q", "q", "q", "q"]
[[[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0], [0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30]], [3], [12], [25], [15], [24], [8]]

#### Output

[null, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]

#### **Explanation**

TopVotedCandidate topVotedCandidate = new TopVotedCandidate([0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0], [0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30]); topVotedCandidate.q(3); // return 0, At time 3, the votes are [0], and 0 is leading.

topVotedCandidate.q(12); // return 1, At time 12, the votes are [0,1,1], and 1 is leading.

topVotedCandidate.q(25); // return 1, At time 25, the votes are [0,1,1,0,0,1], and 1 is leading (as ties go to the most recent vote.)

topVotedCandidate.q(15); // return 0

topVotedCandidate.q(24); // return 0

topVotedCandidate.q(8); // return 1

## **Constraints:**

- 1 <= persons.length <= 5000
- times.length == persons.length
- 0 <= persons[i] < persons.length
- $0 \le times[i] \le 10^9$
- times is sorted in a strictly increasing order.
- times[0] <= t <= 10<sup>9</sup>
- At most 10<sup>4</sup> calls will be made to q.

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

Accepted 73.592/140.5K Acceptance Rate 52.4%

Topics



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