3597. Partition String Solved •

Medium 🔊 Topics 📵

Hint

Given a string s, partition it into **unique segments** according to the following procedure:

- Start building a segment beginning at index 0. • Continue extending the current segment character by character until the current segment has not been seen before.
- Once the segment is unique, add it to your list of segments, mark it as seen, and begin a new segment from the next index.
- Repeat until you reach the end of s.

Return an array of strings segments, where segments[i] is the ith segment created.

Example 1:

Input: s = "abbccccd"

Output: ["a","b","bc","c","cc","d"]

Explanation:

Index	Segment After Adding	Seen Segments	Current Segment Seen Before?	New Segment	Updated Seen Segments
0	"a"		No		["a"]
1	"b"	["a"]	No	""	["a", "b"]
2	"b"	["a", "b"]	Yes	"b"	["a", "b"]
3	"bc"	["a", "b"]	No		["a", "b", "bc"]
4	"c"	["a", "b", "bc"]	No	""	["a", "b", "bc", "c"]
5	"c"	["a", "b", "bc", "c"]	Yes	"c"	["a", "b", "bc", "c"]
6	"cc"	["a", "b", "bc", "c"]	No		["a", "b", "bc", "c", "cc"]
7	"d"	["a", "b", "bc", "c", "cc"]	No	1111	["a", "b", "bc", "c", "cc", "d"]

Hence, the final output is ["a", "b", "bc", "c", "cc", "d"].

Example 2:

Input: s = "aaaa"

Output: ["a","aa"]

Explanation:

Index	Segment After Adding	Seen Segments	Current Segment Seen Before?	New Segment	Updated Seen Segments
0	"a"		No	1111	["a"]
1	"a"	["a"]	Yes	"a"	["a"]
2	"aa"	["a"]	No	1111	["a", "aa"]
3	"a"	["a", "aa"]	Yes	"a"	["a", "aa"]

Hence, the final output is ["a", "aa"].

Constraints:

- 1 <= s.length <= 10⁵
- s contains only lowercase English letters.



Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

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Topics



Hint 1

Discussion (27)

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