



## Selective Array Reversal

Published by [Edward Clark](#) in [Java](#) ▾

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Create a function that takes an array and a number and *selectively* reverse the order of the array based on the number you're given (second argument). If you're given the arguments `[1,2,3,4,5,6]` and `2`, you would return the array `[2,1, 4,3, 6,5]`.

### Examples

```
selReverse([1,2,3,4,5,6], 2) → [2,1, 4,3, 6,5]
```

```
selReverse([2,4,6,8,10,12,14,16], 3) → [6,4,2, 12,10,8, 16,14]
```

```
selReverse([5,7,2,6,0,4,6], 100) → [6,4,0,6,2,7,5]
```

### Notes

- If the array you're given can't be broken up into equal parts, just reverse the remaining numbers (see 2nd example).
- If `len` exceeds the array length, reverse everything.
- If `len` is zero, return the original array.

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```
import static org.hamcrest.core.Is.is;
import org.junit.Test;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertThat;

public class ChallengeTest {
    @Test
    public void test1() {
        assertThat(Challenge.selReverse(new
    }

    @Test
    public void test2() {
        assertThat(Challenge.selReverse(new
    }

    @Test
```

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English