

Medium  2591  96  Add to List  Share

Return the head of the linked list after **swapping** the values of the  $k^{\text{th}}$  node from the beginning and the  $k^{\text{th}}$  node from the end (the list is **1-indexed**).

The top graph shows a sequence of nodes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 connected by directed edges. Node 2 is highlighted in blue. The bottom graph shows the result of swapping nodes 2 and 4, resulting in the sequence 1, 4, 3, 2, 5. Node 2 is now highlighted in blue.

**Output:** [1,4,3,2,5]

**Output:** [7,9,6,6,8,7,3,0,9,5]

- The number of nodes in the list is  $n$ .
- $1 \leq k \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq \text{Node.val} \leq 100$

Seen this question in a real interview before?

Yes No

## Related Topics

### Similar Questions

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Show Hint 2

```

1  /**
2   * Definition for singly-linked list.
3   * public class ListNode {
4   *     int val;
5   *     ListNode next;
6   *     ListNode() {}
7   *     ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
8   *     ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
9   * }
10 */
11 class Solution {
12     public ListNode swapNodes(ListNode head, int k) {
13     }
14 }
15

```