10.5.2018 HackerRank



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Larry's Array 🏠

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Larry has been given a permutation of a sequence of natural numbers incrementing from ${f 1}$ as an array. He must determine whether the array can be sorted using the following operation any number of times:

• Choose any **3** consecutive indices and rotate their elements in such a way that $ABC \rightarrow BCA \rightarrow CAB \rightarrow ABC$.

For example, if $A = \{1, 6, 5, 2, 4, 3\}$:

Α	rotate
[1,6,5,2,4,3]	[6,5,2]
[1,5,2,6,4,3]	[5,2,6]
[1,2,6,5,4,3]	[5,4,3]
[1,2,6,3,5,4]	[6,3,5]
[1,2,3,5,6,4]	[5,6,4]
[1,2,3,4,5,6]	

YES

On a new line for each test case, print YES if $m{A}$ can be fully sorted. Otherwise, print NO .

Input Format

The first line contains an integer t, the number of test cases.

The next \boldsymbol{t} pairs of lines are as follows:

- The first line contains an integer n, the length of A.
- The next line contains n space-separated integers A[i].

Constraints

- $1 \le t \le 10$
- $3 \le n \le 1000$
- $1 \leq A[i] \leq n$
- $A_{sorted} =$ integers incrementing by 1 from 1 to n

Output Format

For each test case, print YES if $m{A}$ can be fully sorted. Otherwise, print NO .

Sample Input

Sample Output

1 2 3 5 4

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```
YES YES NO

Explanation
In the explanation below, the subscript of A denotes the number of operations performed. 
Test Case 0:
A_0 = \{3,1,2\} \rightarrow \text{rotate}(3,1,2) \rightarrow A_1 = \{1,2,3\}
A is now sorted, so we print YES on a new line.

Test Case 1:
A_0 = \{1,3,4,2\} \rightarrow \text{rotate}(3,4,2) \rightarrow A_1 = \{1,4,2,3\}.
A_1 = \{1,4,2,3\} \rightarrow \text{rotate}(4,2,3) \rightarrow A_2 = \{1,2,3,4\}.
A is now sorted, so we print YES on a new line.

Test Case 2:
No sequence of rotations will result in a sorted A. Thus, we print YEO on a new line.
```

```
K N (S)
 Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) ょっつ
                                             Java 7
  1 ▼ import java.io.*;
   2 import java.util.*;
  3 import java.text.*;
  4 import java.math.*;
  5 import java.util.regex.*;
  6
   7 ▼ public class Solution {
  8
   9 🔻
          static String larrysArray(int[] A) {
 10
              // Complete this function
 11
 12
 13 ▼
          public static void main(String[] args) {
 14
              Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
 15
              int t = in.nextInt();
 16 ▼
              for(int a0 = 0; a0 < t; a0++){
 17
                   int n = in.nextInt();
 18 ▼
                   int[] A = new int[n];
 19 ▼
                   for(int A_i = 0; A_i < n; A_i++){
 20 ▼
                       A[A_i] = in.nextInt();
 21
                   String result = larrysArray(A);
 22
 23
                   System.out.println(result);
 24
 25
              in.close();
 26
 27
      }
 28
                                                                    Line: 1 Col: 1
                                                                   Submit Code
1 Upload Code as File
                   Test against custom input
                                                    Run Code
```

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