



# TERN Ecosystem Surveillance: **AusPlots rangelands data & ausplotsR**

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## Talk Outline

- Rangelands
- AusPlots:
  - General Description & Aims
  - Locations
  - Methods
- AusPlots (cont.):
  - Nomenclature
  - Training
  - Applications
- ausplotsR
- Tutorial overview



## Rangelands

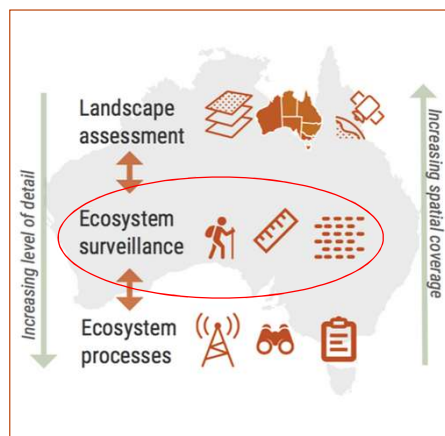
- Grasslands, shrublands, woodlands, wetlands, and deserts that are grazed by domestic livestock or wild animals.
- Characterised by: vast spaces, old (often infertile) soils, highly variable (often low) rainfall, diverse and variable plant & animal communities
- Rangelands ecosystems cover 81% of the Australian continent
- Understudied. Studies at local/regional-scale (no standardisation)



## AusPlots Rangelands: What is it?

- Plot-based surveillance monitoring program, undertaking baseline surveys of ecosystems across the country.
- Aim of AusPlots is to establish and maintain a national network of permanent plots.
- Enable consistent ecological assessment and ongoing monitoring.

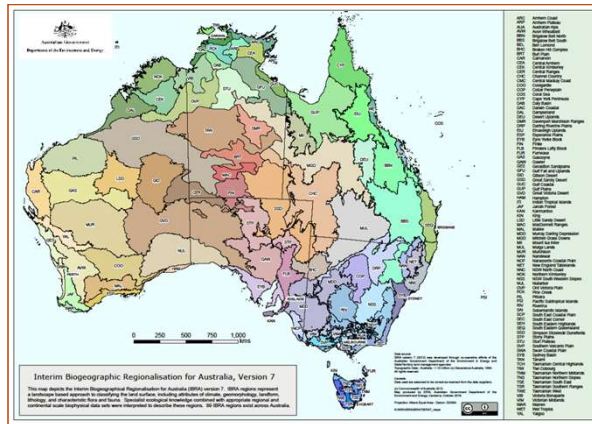
TERN 3 Key  
Monitoring Scales



## AusPlots Rangelands: Locations<sup>1</sup>

- Across Australia.
- In 52\* (49) out of the 89 Australian IBRA7 Bioregions
- Plots surveyed: 582\*
- Plots revisited: 77\*

\*: As per February 2018

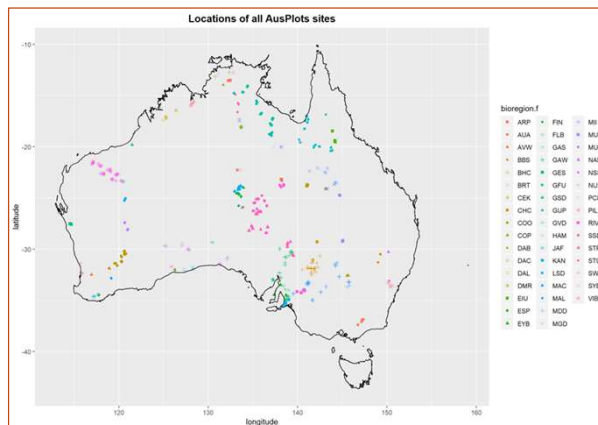


## AusPlots Rangelands: Locations<sup>2</sup>

- Across Australia.
- In 52\* (49) out of the 89 Australian IBRA7 Bioregions
- Plots surveyed: 582\*
- Plots revisited: 77\*

\*: As per February 2018

We'll make this map in the Tutorial

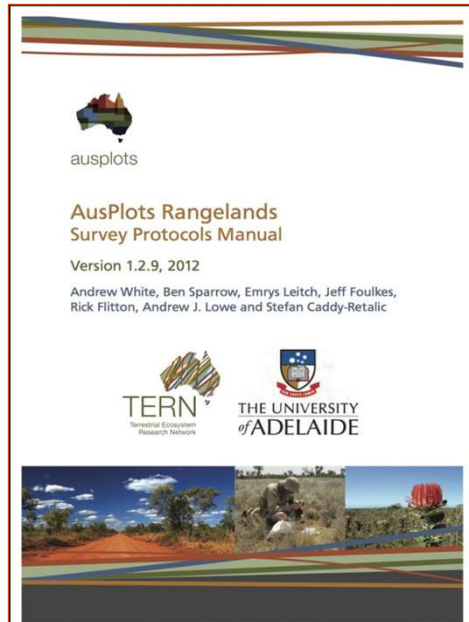


## AusPlots Rangelands: Methods

- Standardised simple data collection methods for consistent ecological assessment across plots
- Methods developed in collaboration with all rangelands' jurisdictions
- Field data collection aid by an Android app develop by AusPlots team



For additional info see [TERN\\_AusPlots\\_Desc.pdf](#)



## AusPlots Rangelands: Naming conventions

**Naming conventions:** 2 Letters for State, 1 letter for Plot Type – 3 letters for Bioregion – 4 numbers for Plot ID

**Example:** SAS-MDD-0001, corresponds to South Australia Supersites – Murray Darling Depression – Plot #1

State Code:

Australian Capital Territory	CT	New South Wales	NS
Northern Territory	NT	Queensland	QD
South Australia	SA	Tasmania	TC
Victoria	VC	Western Australia	WA

Plot Type:

A AusPlots	T Transects	L LTERN
S Supersites	G General use	TRA Training

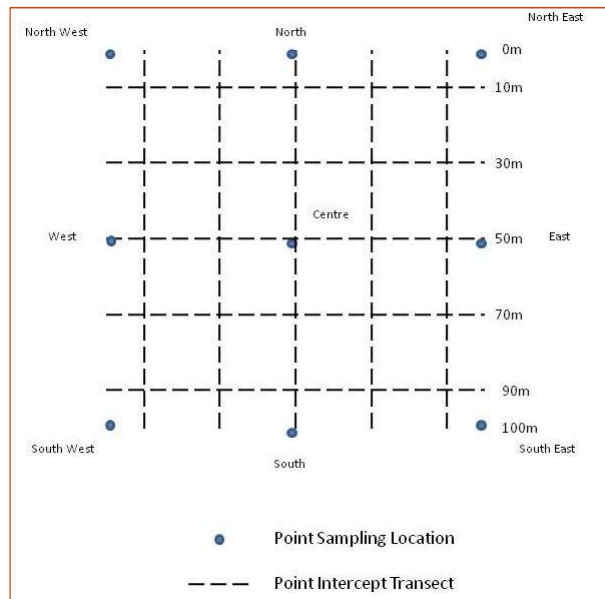
Bioregion code:

Arnhem Coast	ARC	Arnhem Plateau	ARP	Broken Hill Complex	BHC
Burt Plain	BRT	Cape York Peninsula	CYP	Carnarvon	CAR
Central Arnhem	CA	Central Kimberley	CK	Central Ranges	CR



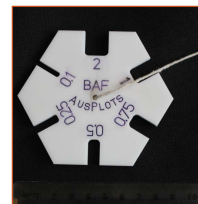
## AusPlots Rangelands: Plot layout

- 100m x 100m (= 1ha)
- 9 Sampling Locations
- 10 Transects: 5 N/S + 5 E/W



## AusPlots Rangelands: Measurements & Sampling<sup>1</sup>

- **Plot:** *Plot Description* (“Yellow Book” for physiography)
- **SW Corner:**
  - *Soil Characterization* (500g samples at 10cm increments to 1m)
  - *Site Photograph*
- **Central Peg:** Photo panorama (360°) at 3 points
- **9 Point Sampling Locations:**
  - *Basal Area* at 1.3 using basal wedge
  - *Soil Cores* at 3 depths (0-10, 10-20, 20-30cm)
  - *Soil Bulk Density* at 0-10, 10-20, 20-30cm from pit
  - *Soil Metagenomics* (200g)
- **50 Points in Quadrat** (if canopy height > 2m): *Leaf Area Index*







## AusPlots Rangelands: Training

- Training courses:
  - Learning soils, vegetation, and technical aspects of AusPlots work in a rangeland environment
  - 1 day lectures + 3 in the field
  - $\geq$  year
- Next one at Calperum in last week of march – Come along!

[www.ausplots.org.au](http://www.ausplots.org.au)

[Ben.sparrow@adelaide.edu.au](mailto:Ben.sparrow@adelaide.edu.au)



## AusPlots Rangelands: Applications

Some potential uses of AusPlots Data and Samples:

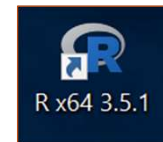
- Isotopic or genetic analysis of soil and plant samples
- Classification of vegetation types
- Validation of remotely sensed ground cover data (e.g. fractional cover)
- Species presence/absence for training or validation of species distribution models
- Patterns (spatial, across gradients) in: fractional cover (e.g. proportion of green cover), growth form, and community structure composition
- Time series analysis (increasingly possible, currently > 100 sites with revisits) to assess seasonal differences and trends and/or compare to time series remote sensing imagery
- Development of ecological indicators for disturbance



For more info see references here [TERN\\_AusPlots\\_ApplsRefs.pdf](#)

## AusPlots Rangelands: ausplotsR

- R package that facilitates the extraction and preparation of AusPlots Rangelands data
- Developed by Greg Guerin in the AusPlots team
- Currently 5 functions:
  - 1 to extract live data
  - 4 to prepare the data for visualization and/or analysis:
    - Create Species (P/A, abundance,...) by Site table
    - Create Fractional Cover by Site table
    - Create Growth Form by Site table
    - Create Basal Area (m<sup>2</sup>/ha) by Site table



## AusPlots Rangelands: Tutorial

1. ACCESSING AND INSTALLING THE ausplotsR PACKAGE
2. OBTAIN & EXPLORE AusPlots DATA: `get_ausplots` function
3. MANIPULATING AusPlots DATA: Find & Subset Sites in 5 most sampled Bioregions
4. MAP THE SITES: Obtain and prepare Map of Australia & Plot AusPlots Sites
5. SPECIES-LEVEL DATA: `'species_table'` function and species occurrence matrices
  - First step: Compute Species by Site table using the function `species_table`
  - Species Abundance/Percent Cover
  - Species Occurrence (Presence/Absence)
  - Species Diversity
  - Rank-Abundance Curves (= Whittaker Plots) & Relative Abundance Models
6. PROPORTIONAL VEGETATION COVER: `'fractional_cover'` function
  - Latitudinal pattern in proportional vegetation cover (for a random subset of 200 sites).
  - Temporal Variation in Fractional Cover: Explore, display, and assess (for 5 sites visited twice)
7. GROWTH FORM: `'growth_form_table'` function
  - Plant Growth Forms Percent Cover against Sites : Compute using `growth_form_table`
  - Cluster (Hierarchical Clustering) by Plant Growth Forms Percent Cover, colour leaves by bioregion
8. BASAL AREA: `'basal_area'` function
  - Basal Area for each plot (m<sup>2</sup>/ha): Compute using `basal_area`
  - Display Basal Areas on map of Australia (dots size proportional to Basal Area)
  - Boxplot of Basal Areas by Bioregion





## More information

- TERN website: [www.tern.org.au](http://www.tern.org.au)
- AusPlots: [www.ausplots.org](http://www.ausplots.org)
- TERN Data Skills Development Program (DSDP):  
[github.com/ternaustralia/TERN-Data-Skills](https://github.com/ternaustralia/TERN-Data-Skills)

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