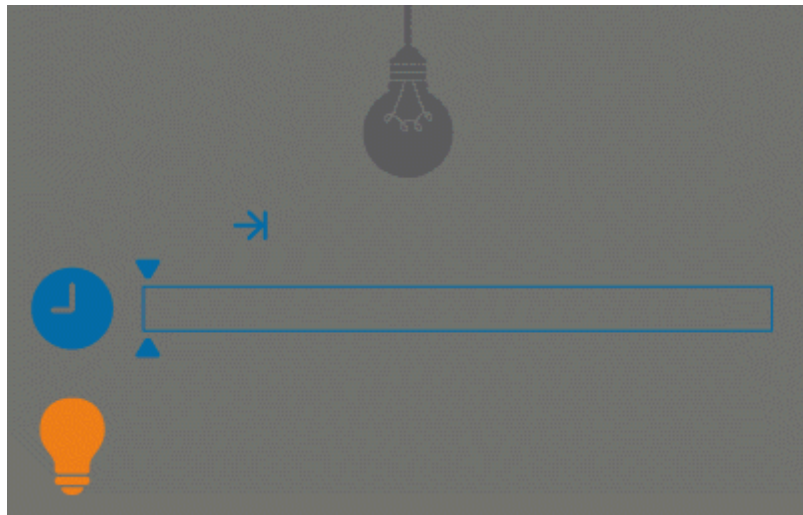


This is the second mission in the lightbulb series. I will try to make each following task slightly more complex.

You have already learned how to count the amount of time a light bulb has been on, or how long a room has been lit. Now let's add one more parameter - the counting start time.

This means that the light continues to turn on and off as before. But now, as a result of the function, I want not only to know how long there was light in the room, but how long the room was lit, starting from a certain moment.

One more argument is added – **start_watching** , and if it's not passed, we count as in the previous version of the program for the entire period.



Input: Two arguments and only the first one is required. The first one is a list of datetime objects and the second one is a datetime object.

Output: A number of seconds as an integer.

Example:

```

1 sum_light([
2     datetime(2015, 1, 12, 10, 0, 0),
3     datetime(2015, 1, 12, 10, 0, 10),
4 ],
5 datetime(2015, 1, 12, 10, 0, 5)) == 5
6
7 sum_light([
8     datetime(2015, 1, 12, 10, 0, 0),
9     datetime(2015, 1, 12, 10, 0, 10),
10 ], datetime(2015, 1, 12, 10, 0, 0)) == 10
11
12 sum_light([
13     datetime(2015, 1, 12, 10, 0, 0),
14     datetime(2015, 1, 12, 10, 10, 10),
15     datetime(2015, 1, 12, 11, 0, 0),
16     datetime(2015, 1, 12, 11, 10, 10),
17 ], datetime(2015, 1, 12, 11, 0, 0)) == 610

```

Precondition:

- The array of pressing the button is always sorted in ascending order
- The array of pressing the button has no repeated elements

- *The amount of elements is always even (the light will eventually be off)*
- *The minimum possible date is 1970-01-01*
- *The maximum possible date is 9999-12-31*