

2359. Find Closest Node to Given Two Nodes

Hint 

Medium



1.3K

285



Companies

You are given a **directed** graph of n nodes numbered from 0 to $n - 1$, where each node has **at most one** outgoing edge.

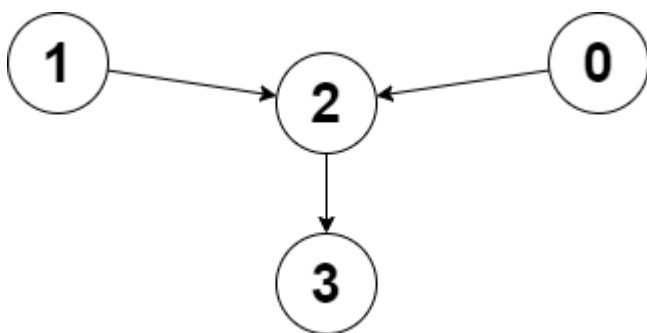
The graph is represented with a given **0-indexed** array `edges` of size n , indicating that there is a directed edge from node i to node `edges[i]`. If there is no outgoing edge from i , then `edges[i] == -1`.

You are also given two integers `node1` and `node2`.

Return the **index** of the node that can be reached from both `node1` and `node2`, such that the **maximum** between the distance from `node1` to that node, and from `node2` to that node is **minimized**. If there are multiple answers, return the node with the **smallest** index, and if no possible answer exists, return -1 .

Note that `edges` may contain cycles.

Example 1:



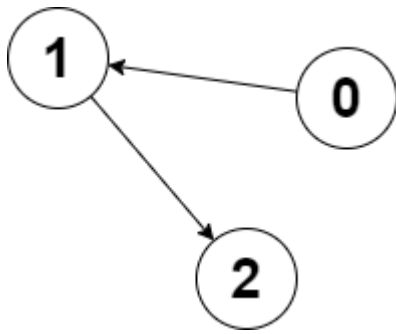
Input: `edges = [2,2,3,-1]`, `node1 = 0`, `node2 = 1`

Output: 2

Explanation: The distance from node 0 to node 2 is 1, and the distance from node 1 to node 2 is 1.

The maximum of those two distances is 1. It can be proven that we cannot get a node with a smaller maximum distance than 1, so we return node 2.

Example 2:



Input: edges = [1,2,-1], node1 = 0, node2 = 2

Output: 2

Explanation: The distance from node 0 to node 2 is 2, and the distance from node 2 to itself is 0.

The maximum of those two distances is 2. It can be proven that we cannot get a node with a smaller maximum distance than 2, so we return node 2.

Constraints:

- $n == \text{edges.length}$
- $2 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $-1 \leq \text{edges}[i] < n$
- $\text{edges}[i] \neq i$
- $0 \leq \text{node1}, \text{node2} < n$