

# Importing CSV Data into PostgreSQL using Python and DBeaver

Download DBeaver from: <https://dbeaver.io/>  
use below details for set-up database

- Server IP: 18.132.73.146

- Database Name: testdb

- User: consultants

- Pwd: WelcomeItc@2022

## 1. Introduction

This report details the process of importing data from a CSV file into a PostgreSQL database using Python. The process involves reading the CSV file, establishing a connection with PostgreSQL, and inserting the data into a table using the Pandas and SQLAlchemy libraries. The data import was validated using DBeaver.

## 2. Environment Details

- **Operating System:** Windows/Linux (User-specific)
- **Python Version:** 3.x
- **Required Libraries:** pandas, psycopg2, sqlalchemy
- **Database Management Tool:** DBeaver
- **Database Engine:** PostgreSQL
- **Server IP:** 18.132.73.146
- **Database Name:** testdb
- **User:** consultants

## 3. Table Structure in PostgreSQL

The table `emp\_data` will be automatically created when the data is written using the `to\_sql()` method in Pandas.

## 4. Python Script to Import Data

The following Python script was used to import CSV data into PostgreSQL:

```
import pandas as pd
import psycopg2
from sqlalchemy import create_engine

# Load the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv("D:/Demo files/managedfile.csv")
print(df.head())

# PostgreSQL connection details
PUBLIC_IP = "18.132.73.146"
USERNAME = "consultants"
```

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```
PASSWORD = "WelcomeItc@2022"
```

```
DB_NAME = "testdb"
```

```
PORT = "5432"
```

```
# Establish connection using psycopg2
```

```
try:
```

```
    connection = psycopg2.connect(  
        host=PUBLIC_IP,  
        database=DB_NAME,  
        user=USERNAME,  
        password=PASSWORD,  
        port=PORT  
    )
```

```
    print("Connected to the PostgreSQL database successfully!")
```

```
except Exception as e:
```

```
    print("Failed to connect to the PostgreSQL database!")
```

```
    print(e)
```

```
# Establish connection using SQLAlchemy
```

```
engine =
```

```
create_engine('postgresql://consultants:WelcomeItc%402022@18.132.73.146:5432/testdb')
```

```
print("Database connection established.")
```

```
# Import data into PostgreSQL
```

```
df.to_sql('bitcoin1_2025', engine, index=False, if_exists='replace') # Replace 'btcusd_data'  
with your desired table name
```

```
print("Data import completed.")
```

### 5. Validation Steps in DBeaver

To validate the data import, the following SQL command was executed in DBeaver:

```
SELECT * FROM bitcoin1_2025;
```

### 6. Observations and Issues Encountered

- The database connection was successfully established.
- The CSV file was loaded correctly.
- The data was successfully inserted into the `bitcoin1\_2025` table.
- The `if\_exists='replace'` parameter in `to\_sql()` replaced the table, potentially deleting existing records.
- If the table should be preserved, consider using `if\_exists='append'` instead.

### 7. Recommendations

- Use environment variables or a configuration file to store database credentials instead of hardcoding them.
- Ensure that the CSV file contains unique IDs to avoid primary key violations.
- If replacing the table is not intended, change `if\_exists='replace'` to `if\_exists='append'`.

### 8. Conclusion

The CSV file was successfully imported into the PostgreSQL database, and the data was verified using DBeaver. The process was automated using Python, ensuring efficiency in future data imports.

**\*\*End of Report\*\***