



Error Handling & D

Per Nordlöv

Machines, Software and Trust



- Why do *today's* programs crash?

Machines, Software and Trust



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Machines, Software and Trust



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Machines, Software and Trust



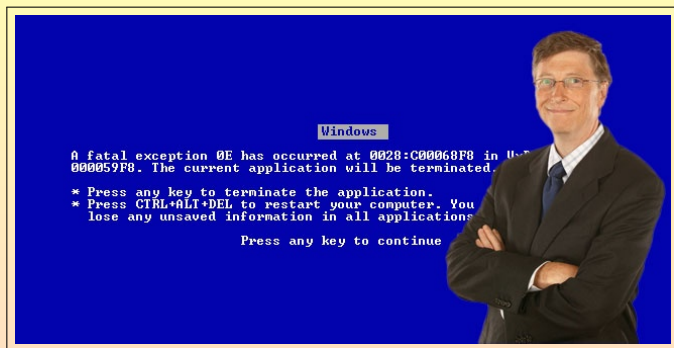
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Machines, Software and Trust



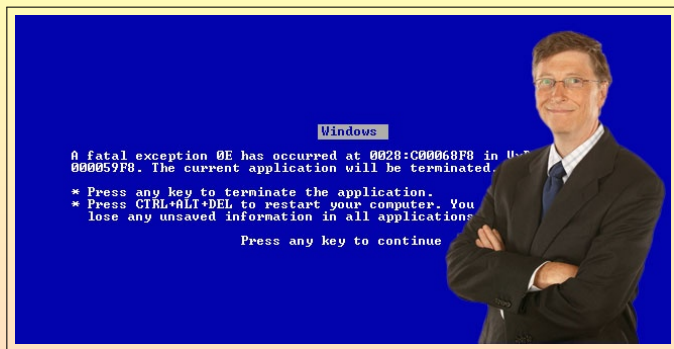
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- D is one step forward. . .

Trend: It's human to err!



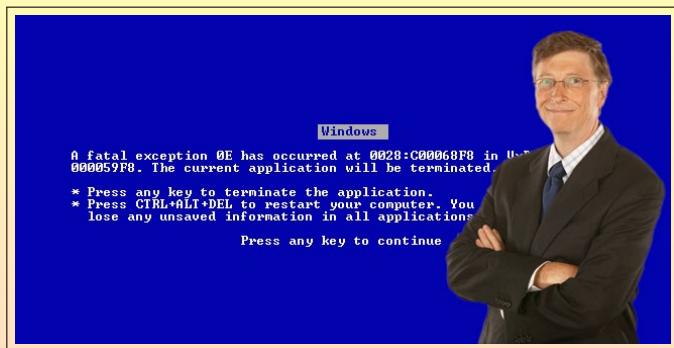
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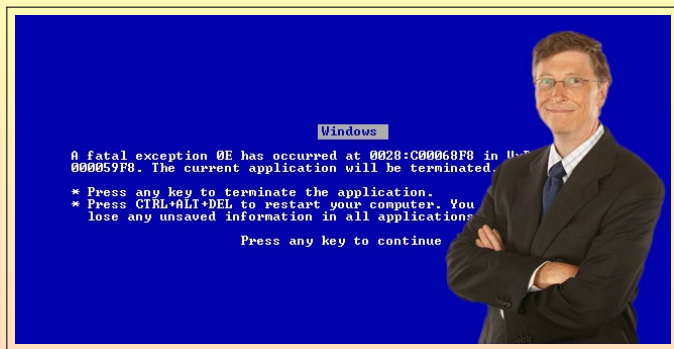
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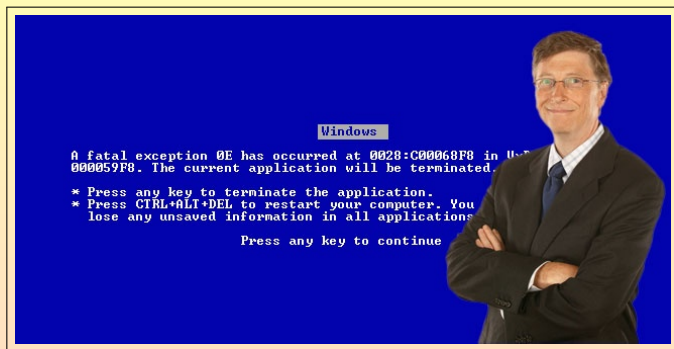
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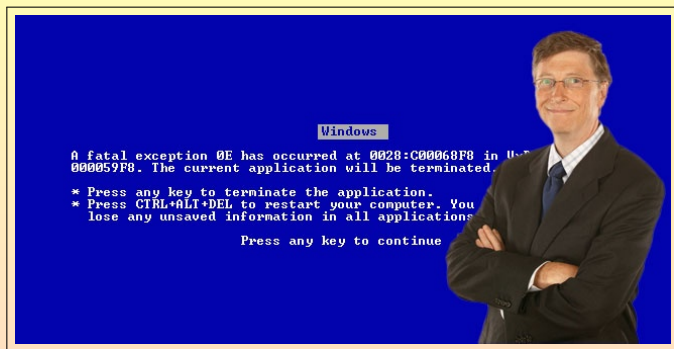
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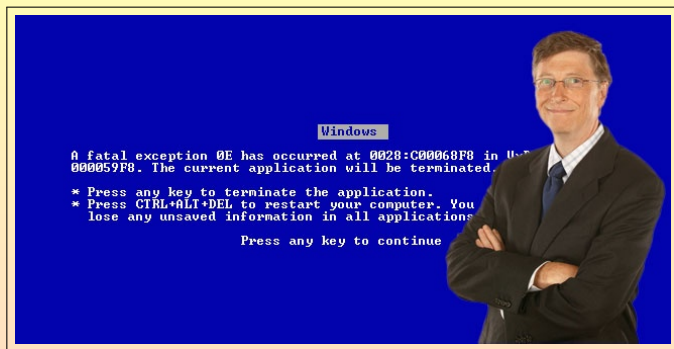
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Detect Errors as *Early as Possible*

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- *Type Safe Linking*: Should Change Everything! We just need to fixed GNU ld. GCC already puts types in debug information.
- Trend: Static code inference can give guarantees on (concurrent) code!:

Examples: Rust, Haskell, D, Scala, OCaml, F#, Julia partly C#

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- ▶ Compiler generates nested try-catch expressions.

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- Units, Default-Value, Range, Saturation, Ownership, Access, etc

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- Leaders!: Investment always pays off in the long run!

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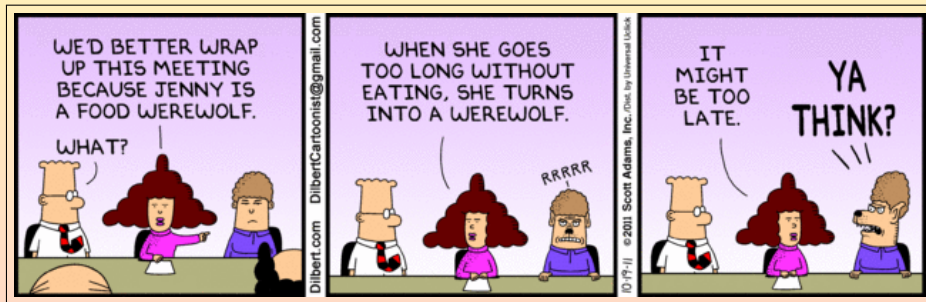
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- Separate logic from presentation (CSS, LaTeX, Qt-XML)

Dinner!



Iron Man like Systems and Interfaces?

How do we turn software engineers into Tony Starks? :)



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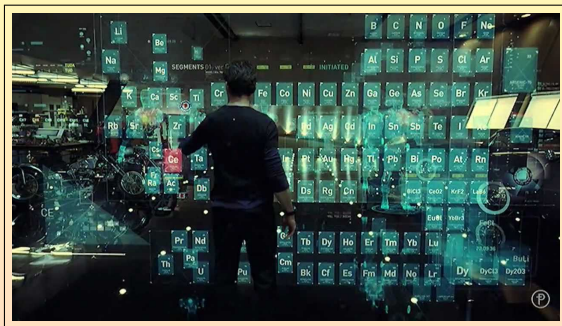


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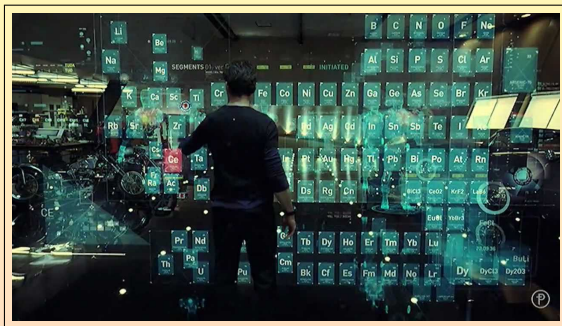


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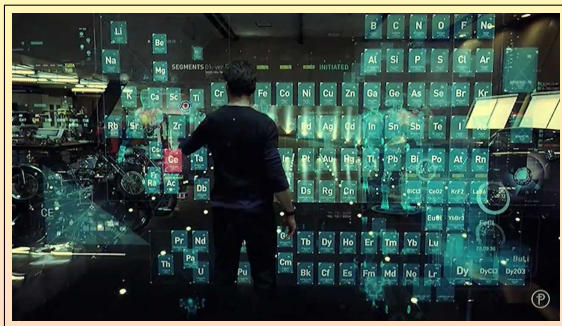


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- Either stick with it, or try to change it:

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- D already does this in company production code

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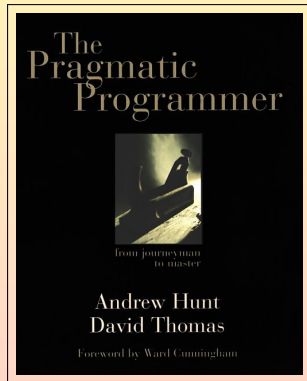
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 - ▶ We will not get it (in languages in general)

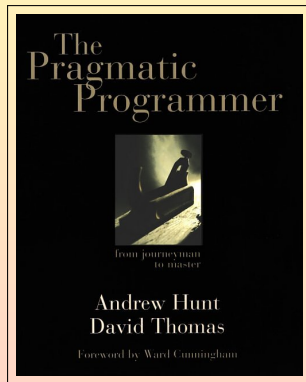
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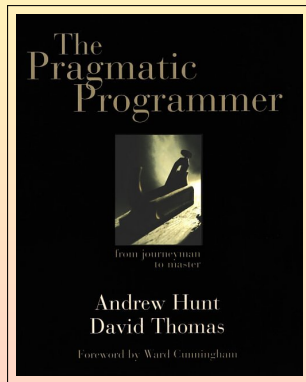
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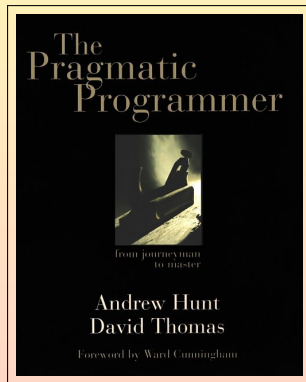
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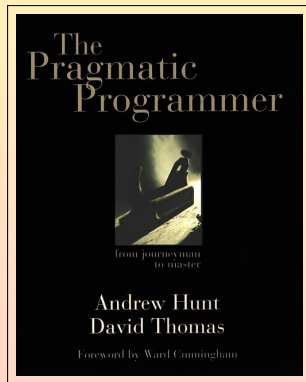
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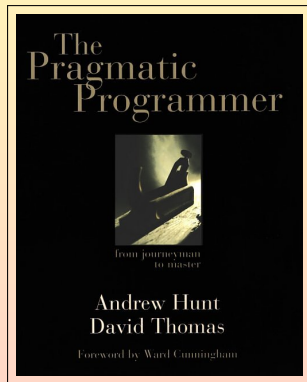
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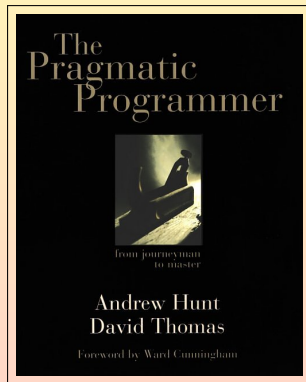
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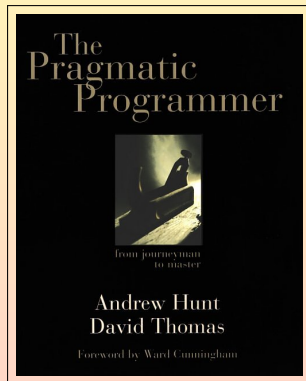
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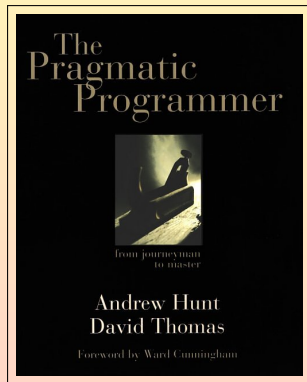
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- Linux-style Deprecation Model



The Scientist and The Craftman — D's Magic Pair!

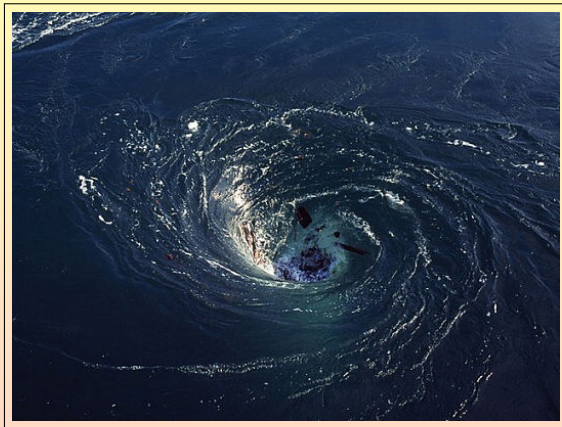


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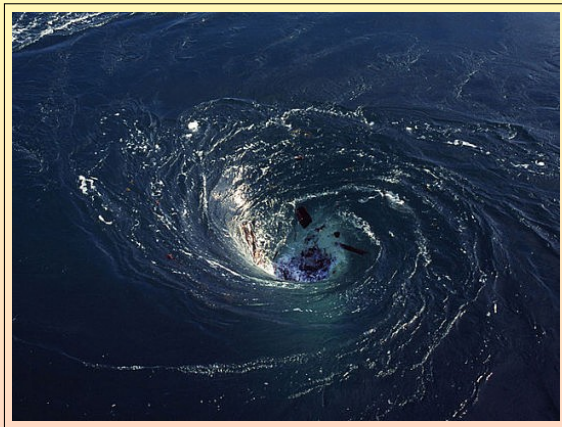
- History and Development of Walter Bright and D is very similar to that of Linus Torvalds and Linux.

Heart of D: Reuseable Software



Walter Bright: How can we

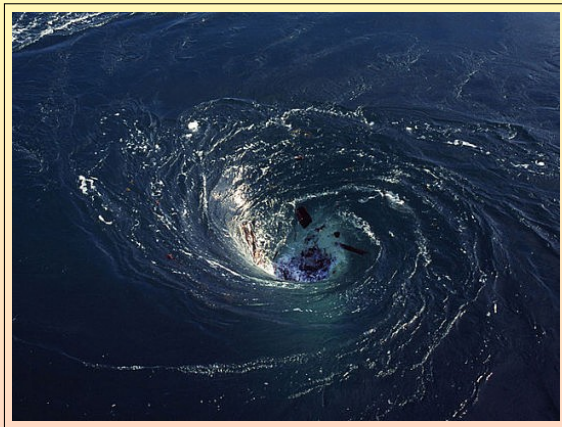
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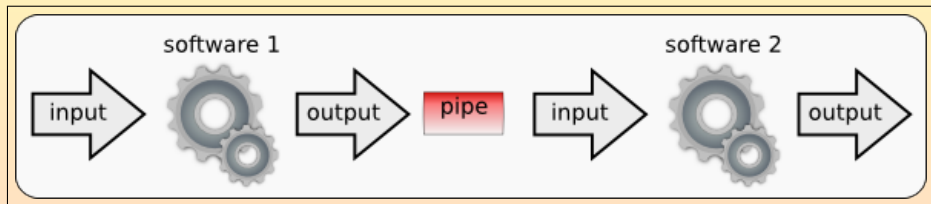
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- Escape “Whirlpool Programming”?

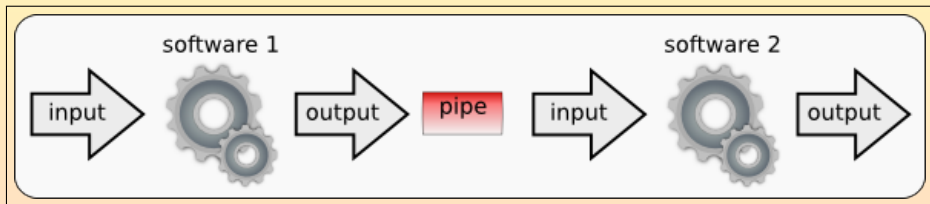
Heart of D: Component Programming Pipeline



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Successful model in

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- Proof of Concept: UNIX Commands & Pipes

Heart of D: Component Programming Example

“Read lines, sort em and print em back”:

```
import std.stdio, std.algorithm, std.range, std.array;
void main(string args[]) {
    Stdin.
        byLine(KeepTerminator.yes).
        map!(a => a.idup).
        array.
        sort.
        copy(stdout.lockingTextWriter());
}
```

as fast as handwritten C with nested loops and with manual error-checking
but way simpler and more flexible

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- Ruby-Style: `"/bin/ls".isFile`

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- Example: Check if a range is a **Palindrome**

```
bool isPalindrome(Range)(in Range x)
if (isBidirectionalRange!Range) {
    import std.algorithm: retro, equal;
    return x.retro.equal(x);
}
```

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- TODO: Visualizations of behaviour would be nice

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- Removes need for C++'s pointer member access operator: `->`

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Basic Needs Builtin

- Strings: `string`
- Arrays: `ubyte[]`
- Maps (Associative Arrays): `ubyte[string]`

Arrays Done Right fixes “C’s Largest Mistake”:

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- **Static** (Stack) Compile-Time Checked with *Value*-Semantics:

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int[2] a;  
int[3] b;  
ubyte[\$] b = [1,2,3]; // type given, length inferred (v2.066)  
a[] = b[]; // mismatched array lengths, 2 and 3
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- **Dynamic** (GC-Heap) Run-Time Checked with *Reference*-Semantics:

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- Dynamic **Scoped** (Heap):

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- Compare with C/C++11/C++14's Complexity: `T[]`, C99 VLA, `std::vector`, `std::array`, `std::valarray`, `std::dynarray`, etc.
- Safe by default (even in release mode): 90 % of (browser) security holes are memory overruns.

Pragmatic Array Slice Semantics

Eventhough this, at first sight, seem inconsisnt this is *really* what we want in pattern (regexp) matching algorithms.

- Pointer part decide “**nullness**” and Bool Conversion

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static assert ([] . ptr != null);  
static assert ("ab"[$..$].ptr == null);  
static assert (![]);  
static assert (!null);
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static assert([].ptr != null);  
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static assert(![]);  
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- Zero-length slices are not null

```
static assert("ab"[0..0] == []);  
static assert("ab"[$..$] == []);  
static assert("ab"[$..$] !is null);  
static assert("ab"[$..$] == null);  
static assert("ab"[0..0] == "ab"[$..$]);  
static assert("ab"[0..0]); // contextual hit (BOL)  
static assert("a\nb"[2..2]); // contextual hit (beginning of  
    second line)  
static assert("ab"[$..$]); // contextual hit (EOL)
```


Associative Arrays (Maps) Builtin & Done Right

No need for separate construction of map values:

```
string[][int] tags;  
tags[13] ~= "Alice";
```

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- String Overview

<i>Letter Type</i>	<i>String Type</i>	<i>Code Length</i>	<i>Range Concept</i>	<i>Algorithms</i>
<code>char, wchar</code>	<code>string, wstring</code>	Variable	BiDirectional	Levenshtein Distance
<code>dchar</code>	<code>dstring</code>	Fixed	RandomAccess	Quick Sort

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- To date – not a single classic for loop

Programming Styles Overview:

Which pill to take?

- *Imperative (Blue) Style* (Side-Effects):

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foreach (elt; range) {  
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- *Combined (Magenta)* Style:

```
foreach (elt; range.map!"a*a") {  
    elt.doSideEffect;  
}
```

- *Functional-Lambda (White?)* Style:

```
10.times!({ doSideEffect; });
```

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unittest { assert(something); }
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- Great Leap in Stability/Correctness

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auto i = 254;  
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- and in places such as

```
const i = readInRunTime!ubyte;  
const j = readInRunTime!ubyte;  
const ij = i*j;  
ushort y = ij; // no cast needed
```

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- *Contract-Based Programming* using

```
in {} out (result) {} body {}
```


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 - ▶ Code: pure, in, out, body, invariant, unittest + assert

Transactional Part 1: scope statement

Makes writing a *safe* cp in D a no-brainer:

```
import std.exception, std.file;
void main(string[] args)
{
    enforce(args.length == 3,
            "Usage: trcopy file1 file2");
    auto tmp = args[2] ~ ".messedup";
    scope(failure) {
        if (exists(tmp))
            remove(tmp);
    }
    copy(args[1], tmp);
    rename(tmp, args[2]);
}
```

Transactional Part 2: Exception-Safe Constructors

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- C++ does not \Rightarrow Not Exception-Safe!

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- Multi-threading Unittesting will give further speedups

Compilation Speed Consequences 1

Enables use of new tools such as

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- **dustmite** - Code Minimizer: Automatically isolates bug generating a specific error message by minimizing its parenting source code. Built into recent distribution of DMD.
- Instant (1s) Syntactic and Semantic Analysis for Project around 20k lines
- **Type-Rich Programming** finally becomes *practically* doable in *real* large projects, not just toy examples (such as in `Boost.Units`). Library error-messages can also be made understandable thanks to *aliases* and string template arguments. Having (physical) **unit analysis** checked by the compiler is another quantum leap code correctness.

Compilation Speed Consequences 2

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- `#!/usr/bin/env rdm` removes need for build step and tool for small applications and enables
- Module-Executable-Hybrid Behaviour á lá Python, MATLAB, etc.

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- Better optimizations, safety checks, static analysis, etc

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- Compare with OS Protected Memory
- Threads become *isolated* LWP

Safe Concurrency: Example

```
import std.concurrency: spawn;

alias T = string[];

void useArgs(const T x)
{
    import std.stdio: writeln;
    writeln("x: ", x);
}

void main(T args)
{
    useArgs(args); // ok to call in same thread
    auto f1 = spawn(&useArgs, args.idup); // ok
    auto f3 = spawn(&useArgs, args); // errors as: "Aliases to
        mutable thread-local data not allowed."
}
```

Message Passing

- Unique Feature: Messages are automatically dynamically typed and can be pattern matched on like in dynamic languages! Enabled by close interaction with compiler, type mangling (serialization) etc.

```
import std.concurrency;
void f(Tid tid)
{
    receive(
        (int i) { /* do something with i */ }
    );
    send(tid, true);
}
void main()
{
    auto tid = spawn(&f, thisTid); // async call f
    send(tid, 42);
    const ok = receiveOnly!(bool);
    assert(ok);
}
```

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- Example: Close to optimal speedup:

```
import std.algorithm, std.parallelism, std.range;
void main() {
    immutable n = 1_000_000_000;
    immutable delta = 1.0 / n;
    real getTerm(int i) {
        immutable x = ( i - 0.5 ) * delta;
        return delta / ( 1.0 + x * x ) ;
    }
    immutable pi = 4.0 * taskPool.reduce!"a+b"(
        std.algorithm.map!getTerm(iota(n))
    );
}
```

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 - ▶ TaskPool.reduce: 12.170 s

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        return delta / ( 1.0 + x * x ) ;
    }
    immutable pi = 4.0 * taskPool.reduce!"a+b"(
        std.algorithm.map!getTerm(iota(n))
    );
}
```

Parallelism

- Fibers and Threads
- Inside std.parallelism
- Task-Based Scheduling & Stealing
- Builtin (no costly 3:rd part such as C++'s Intel TBB)
- Builtin TaskPool Singleton
- Showcase is vibe.d
- Example: Close to optimal speedup:
 - ▶ TaskPool.reduce: 12.170 s
 - ▶ std.algorithm.reduce: 24.065 s

```
import std.algorithm, std.parallelism, std.range;
void main() {
    immutable n = 1_000_000_000;
    immutable delta = 1.0 / n;
    real getTerm(int i) {
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- GC Heap Allocation: **@nogc** and compiler flag **-vgc**

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- Upcoming Custom Allocators in Phobos: `std allocator`

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- This reduces code bloat more than *any* other *imperative* (non Haskell-like) language

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Compile-Time-Function-Evaluation (CTFE) ,
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 - ▶ Pegged on Github replaces external parsing tools
 - ▶ `std.regex.ctRegex` fastest in the world!

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- Executed at Run-time:

```
auto a = f();  
const c = f();  
immutable i = f();
```

CTFE + Mixin Magic: Pegged

```
import pegged.peg;
import pegged.grammar;
pragma(lib, "pegged");

mixin(grammar('
Arithmetic:
    Term      < Factor (Add / Sub)*
    Add       < "+" Factor
    Sub       < "-" Factor
    Factor    < Primary (Mul / Div)*
    Mul       < "*" Primary
    Div       < "/" Primary
    Primary   < Parens / Neg / Number / Variable
    Parens    < "(" Term ")"
    Neg       < "-" Primary
    Number    < ~([0-9]+)
    Variable  <- identifier')));

void main(string[] args) {
    enum parseTree1 = Arithmetic("1 + 2 - (3*x-5)*6");
    assert(parseTree1.matches == ["1", "+", "2", "-",
        "(", "3", "*", "x", "-", "5", ")", "*", "6"]);
}
```


Concise and Uniform Syntax

```
ubyte someByte = 13;  
string someString = "alpha";  
auto someNumber = 42;  
enum someConstant = 1;  
const iPromiseToNeverChangeThisValue = 1;  
immutable thisValueCanNeverBeChangedByAnyone = 1;  
alias goodName = badName; // potentially many overloads
```

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- Consequence: Many github projects are one D file!

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- This makes it trivial to break out classes and functions into new separate files.

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Expressiveness: Type Construction

Haskell-Like Elegance in Type Construction:

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alias Pair(T) = Tuple!(T, T);
```

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- **Nested functions**: Capture scope of parent

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- CTFE is slow for complex usage such as **Pegged**.

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- Firefox & Rust: 95 % of browser security holes are buffer overflows
- D has thought of this—DMD's `-release` builds keeps range checking
- Further, DMD is preparing for *Data-flow and Escape Analysis*
- Inhibit slice checking in Divide-&-Conquer Algorithms.
- Strongly-Typed “Nullness” á lá Haskell’s Maybe: `NotNull` or `@nullable`: No more “null-pointer-exceptions”.

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- **D Parsing:** `std.lexer`

Conclusion: Component Programming



Features come together in an elegant and concise harmony
Reusable Software with native performance!

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- Flexibility: Fulfills more needs than any other language

Final Words

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- Ask not..
what D can do for you but...
what you can do for D!

The End



Let's make the best candidate win!