

Robust Optimization

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Motivation

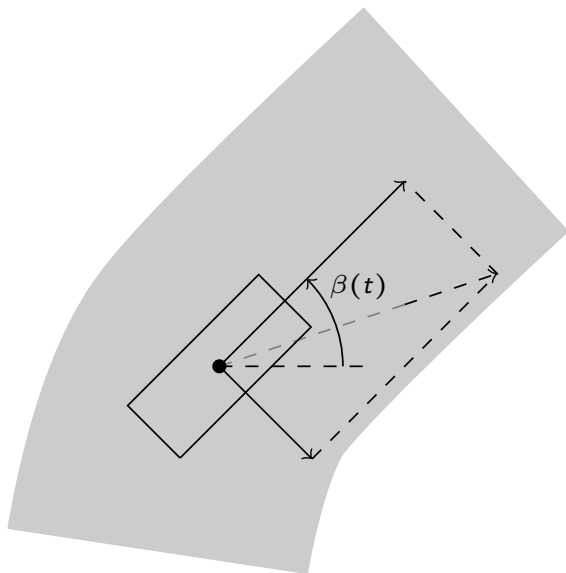
- steering a car
- minimize fuel consumption
- constraints
 - avoid crashes
 - dynamics

Problem

Dynamics change considerably, e.g., for different weather.

→ Robust Optimization

Model of Car



Dynamical System

$$\dot{x}(t) = G(x(t), u(t), p) \quad x(0) = x_0,$$

where

$x \in C^1([0, t_f], \mathbb{R}^n)$ is the state variable,

$u \in C^1([0, t_f], \mathbb{R}^m)$ is the control variable,

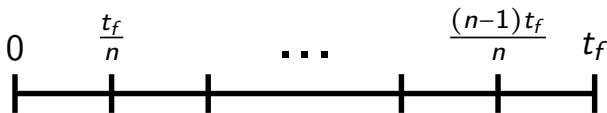
$p \in \mathbb{R}^{n_p}$ is the uncertain parameter vector.

Optimal Control Problem

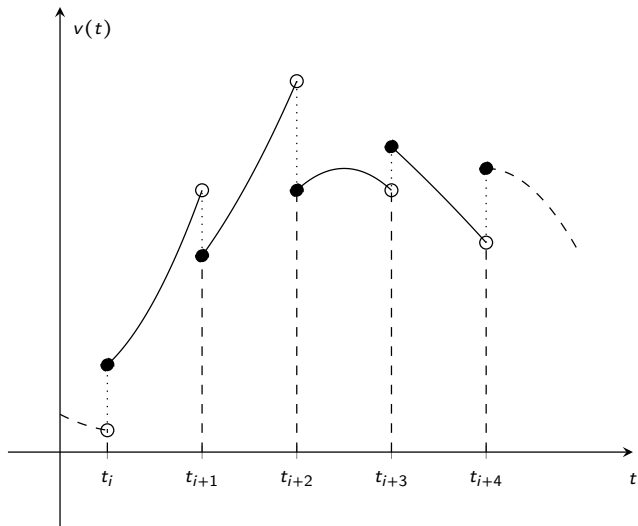
$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{x(\cdot) \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}, u(\cdot) \in \mathbb{R}^{n_u}} f_0(x, u) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \dot{x}(t) = G(x(t), u(t), p) & \forall t \in [0, t_f], \\ & x(0) = x_0, \\ & f_i(x(t), u(t)) \leq 0 & \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n_f, \\ & & \forall t \in [0, t_f]. \end{aligned}$$

Discretization

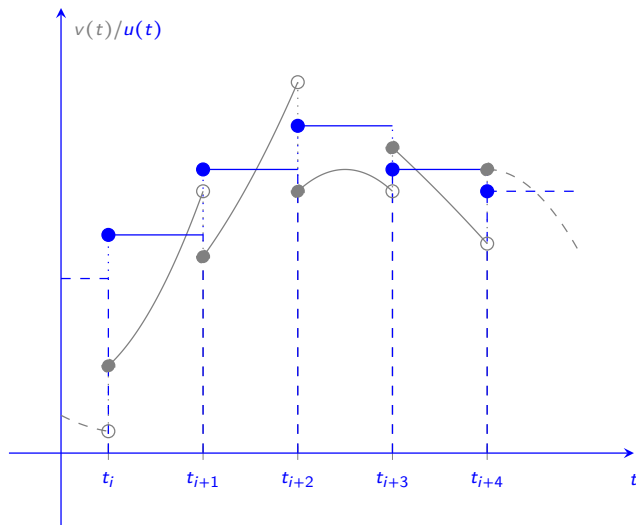
- infinite dimensional optimization problem
→ approximate the optimal control problem



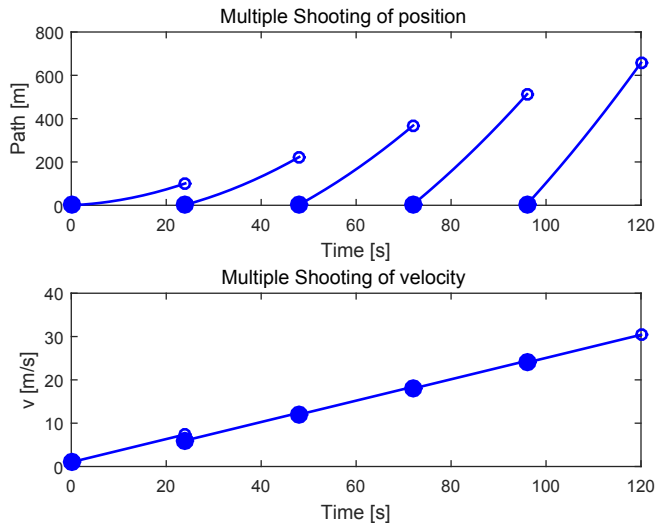
Multiple Shooting



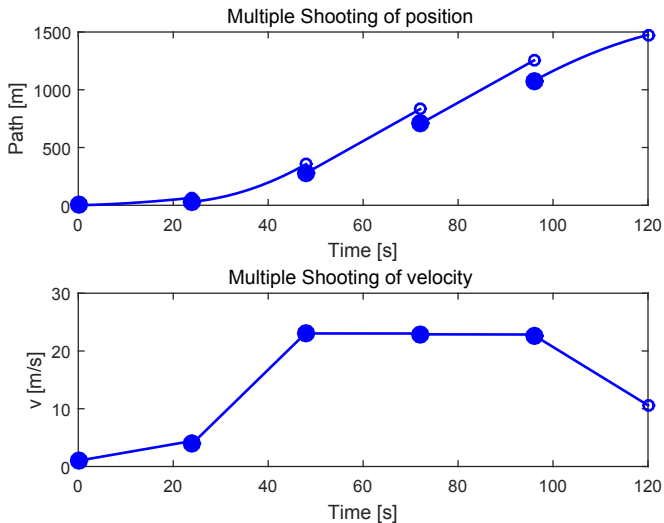
Multiple Shooting



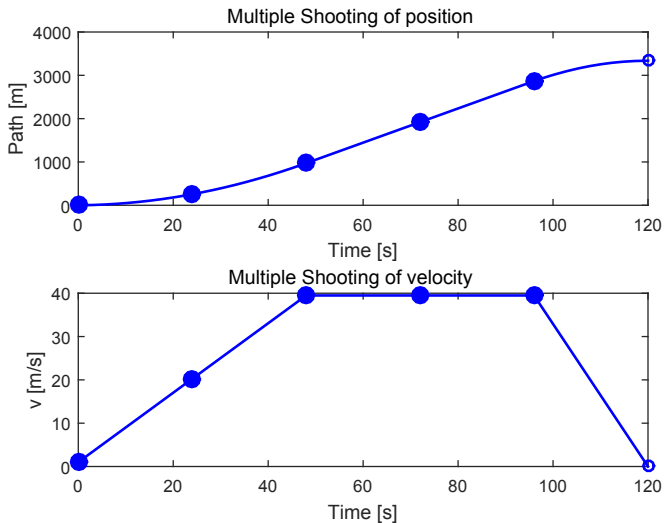
Multiple Shooting



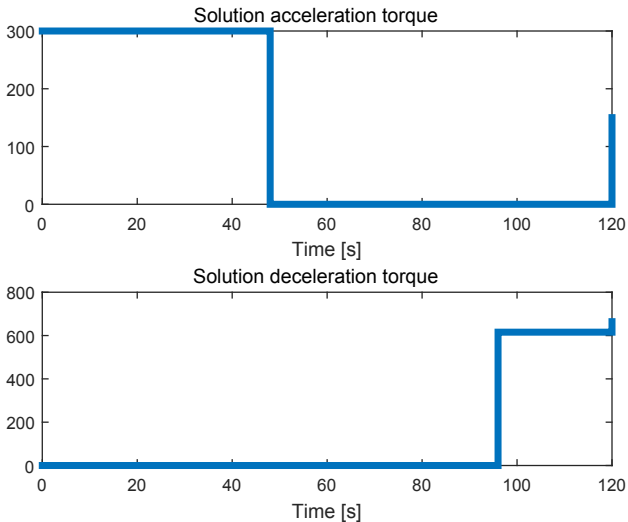
Multiple Shooting



Multiple Shooting



Multiple Shooting



Problem Formulation

Discrete Optimization Problem

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}, u \in \mathbb{R}^{n_u}} & f_0(x, u) \\ \text{s.t.} & f_i(x, u) \leq 0 \quad \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n_f \\ & g_j(x, u, p) = 0 \quad \text{for } j = 1, \dots, n_x, \end{array}$$

where $p \in \mathbb{R}^{n_p}$ is an uncertain parameter vector

Problem Formulation

Discrete Optimization Problem

$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}, u \in \mathbb{R}^{n_u}} f_0(x, u) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & f_i(x, u) \leq 0 && \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n_f \\ & g_j(x, u, p) = 0 && \text{for } j = 1, \dots, n_x, \end{aligned}$$

where $p \in \mathbb{P}_{\text{box}} = \{p \in \mathbb{R}^{n_p} \mid p_{\text{lower}} \leq p \leq p_{\text{upper}}\}$

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where $p \in \mathbb{P}_{\text{box}} = \{p \in \mathbb{R}^{n_p} \mid p_{\text{lower}} \leq p \leq p_{\text{upper}}\}$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightsquigarrow \Phi_i(u) := & \max_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}, p \in \mathbb{R}^{n_p}} f_i(x, u) && \text{for } i = 0, \dots, n_f \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & g(x, u, p) = 0 \\ & p \in \mathbb{P}_{\text{box}} \end{aligned}$$

Worst Case Formulation

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi_i(u) := & \max_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}, p \in \mathbb{R}^{n_p}} f_i(x, u) && \text{for } i = 0, \dots, n_f \\ \text{s.t.} & g(x, u, p) = 0 \\ & p \in \mathbb{P}_{\text{box}}\end{aligned}$$

Robust Counterpart

$$\begin{aligned}& \min_{u \in \mathbb{R}^{n_u}} \Phi_0(u) \\ \text{s.t.} & \Phi_i(u) \leq 0 && \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n_f.\end{aligned}$$

→ bilevel structure!

Worst Case Formulation

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi_i(u) := & \max_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}, p \in \mathbb{R}^{n_p}} f_i(x, u) && \text{for every } i = 0, \dots, n_f \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & g(x, u, p) = 0 \\ & p \in \mathbb{P}_{\text{box}}\end{aligned}$$

Robust Counterpart

$$\begin{aligned}\min_{u \in \mathbb{R}^{n_u}} & \Phi_0(u) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \Phi_i(u) \leq 0 && \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n_f.\end{aligned}$$

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Worst Case Formulation

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Robust Counterpart

$$\begin{aligned}\min_{u \in \mathbb{R}^{n_u}} & \tilde{\Phi}_0(u) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \tilde{\Phi}_i(u) \leq 0 && \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n_f.\end{aligned}$$

→ bilevel structure!

Approximation Technique

Linearization

at a point (\bar{x}, u, \bar{p}) with $\bar{p} = \frac{p_{lower} + p_{upper}}{2}$ and $g(\bar{x}, u, \bar{p}) = 0$:

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\Phi}_i(u) := & \max_{(x-\bar{x}) \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}, (p-\bar{p}) \in \mathbb{R}^{n_p}} f_i(\bar{x}, u) + \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x}(\bar{x}, u)(x - \bar{x}) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(\bar{x}, u, \bar{p})(x - \bar{x}) + \frac{\partial g}{\partial p}(\bar{x}, u, \bar{p})(p - \bar{p}) = 0 \\ & p \in \mathbb{P}_{box} \end{aligned}$$

Approximation Technique

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at a point (\bar{x}, u, \bar{p}) with $\bar{p} = \frac{p_{lower} + p_{upper}}{2}$ and $g(\bar{x}, u, \bar{p}) = 0$:

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With a unique optimal solution $\tilde{\Phi}_i(u)$:

Standard Optimization Problem

$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{u \in \mathbb{R}^{n_u}, \bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}} \tilde{\Phi}_0(u) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \tilde{\Phi}_i(u) \leq 0 \quad \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n_f \\ & g(\bar{x}, u, \bar{p}) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Visualization

What do we want?

Visualization

- sell our results to you
- nice graphs
- rendered video

Visualization

What can we improve?

Visualization

- textures
- nonlinear street design
- fit acceleration to optimization results
- fit resolution to output device
- follow the car with the camera

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