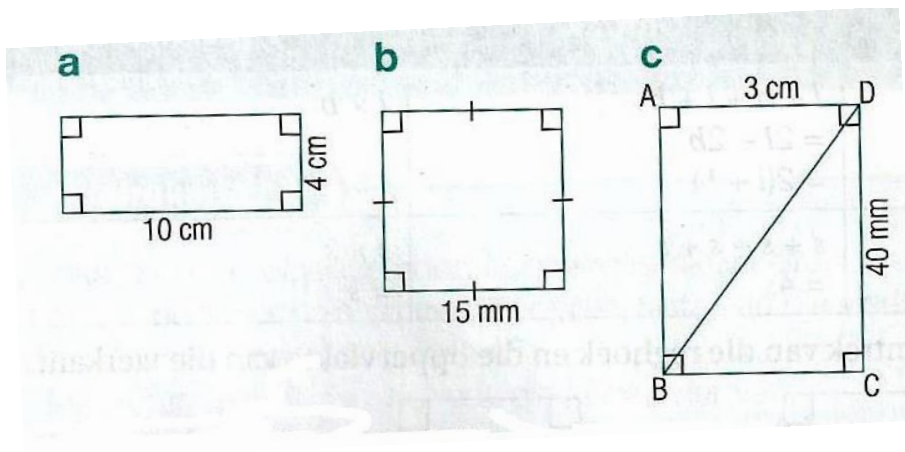


## Oppervlak en Omtrek

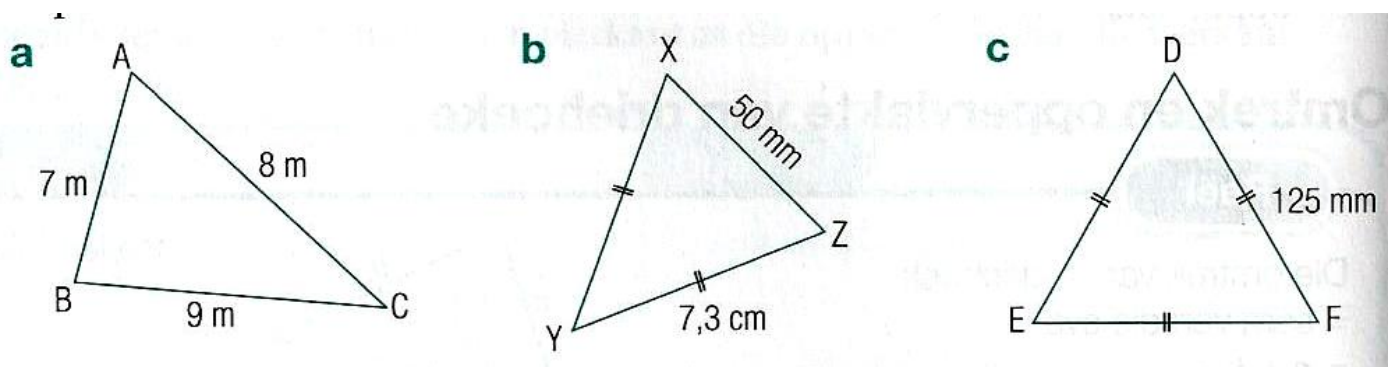
1. Bereken die omtrek van die volgende vierhoeke.



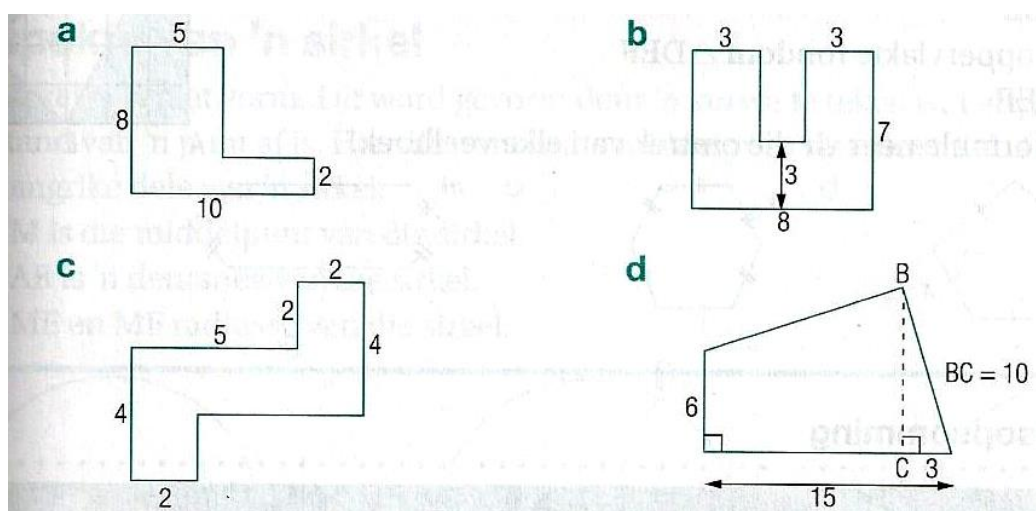
1.1 Bereken nou die oppervlakte van die vierhoeke in vraag 1.

1.2 Kyk na die berekening en skryf die oppervlakte van  $\triangle BCD$  in vraag 1c neer.

2. Bepaal die omtrek van die driehoeke.



3. Bepaal die oppervlakte van elk van die veelhoeke. Alle eenhede is in cm. Teken die sketse oor en verdeel die vorms in reghoeke en driehoeke.



## MEMO

1.a.  $Omtrek = 2\ell + 2b = 2(10) + 2(4) = 20 + 8 = 28cm$

b.  $Omtrek = 45 = 4(15) = 60mm(of\ 6cm)$

c.  $Omskep\ mm\ na\ cm = 40mm = 4cm$

$$Oppervlak = 2\ell + 2b = 2(4) + 2(3) = 14cm$$

1.1a.  $Opp = \ell \times b = 10 \times 4 = 40cm^2$

b.  $Opp = 5 \times 5 = 15 \times 15 = 225mm^2$

c.  $Opp = \ell \times b = 4 \times 3 = 12cm^2$

1.2 Die oppervlakte van  $\triangle BCD$  is die helfde van die reghoek

$$\therefore Opp\ of\ \triangle BCD = 6cm^2$$

2.a.  $Omtrek = a + b + c$

$$= 9 + 8 + 7$$

$$= 24m$$

b.  $Omskep\ mm\ na\ cm = 50mm = 5cm$

$$Omtrek = a + b + c$$

$$= 9 + 8 + 7$$

$$= 24m$$

c.  $Omtrek = d + e + f$

$$= 125 + 125 + 125$$

$$= 375mm\ of\ 37.5cm$$

3.a.  $Opp\ I = \ell \times b$

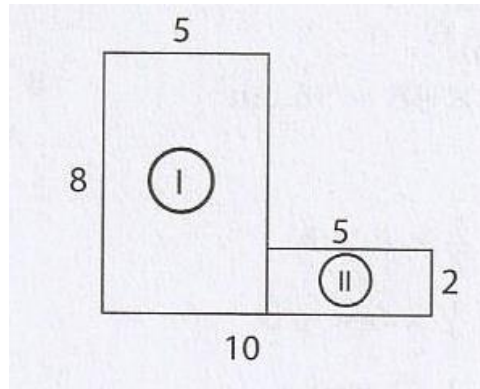
$$= 8 \times 5$$

$$= 40\text{cm}^2$$

$Opp\ II = \ell \times b$

$$= 5 \times 2$$

$$= 10\text{cm}^2$$



$\therefore \text{Totale Opp} = 40 + 10 = 50\text{cm}^2$

b.  $Opp\ I = \ell \times b$

$$= 4 \times 3$$

$$= 12\text{cm}^2$$

$Opp\ II = \ell \times b$

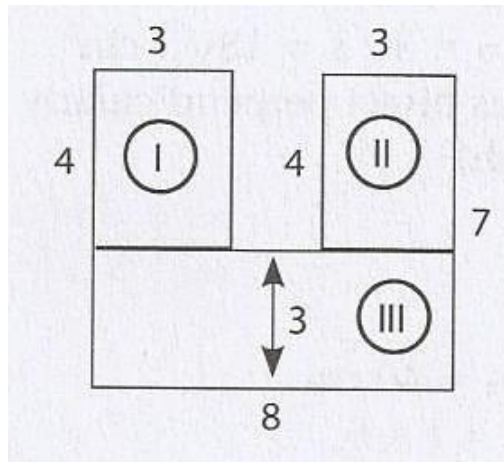
$$= 4 \times 3$$

$$= 12\text{cm}^2$$

$Opp\ III = \ell \times b$

$$= 8 \times 3$$

$$= 24\text{cm}^2$$



$\therefore \text{Totale Opp} = 12 + 12 + 24 = 48\text{cm}^2$

$$c. \text{ Opp I} = \ell \times b$$

$$= 4 \times 2$$

$$= 8\text{cm}^2$$

$$\text{Opp II} = \ell \times b$$

$$= 3 \times 2$$

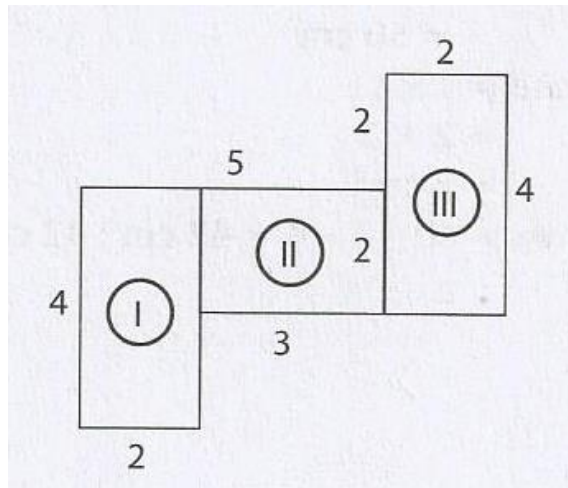
$$= 6\text{cm}^2$$

$$\text{Opp III} = \ell \times b$$

$$= 4 \times 2$$

$$= 8\text{cm}^2$$

$$\therefore \text{Totale Opp} = 8 + 6 + 8 = 22\text{cm}^2$$



$$d. \text{ Opp I} = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 4$$

$$= 24\text{cm}^2$$

$$\text{Opp II} = \ell \times b$$

$$= 12 \times 6$$

$$= 72\text{cm}^2$$

$$\text{Opp I} = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 10$$

$$= 15\text{cm}^2$$

$$\therefore \text{Totale Opp} = 24 + 72 + 15 = 111\text{cm}^2$$

