

## Gr 8 Wiskunde / Mathematics

Getalpatrone / Number Patterns

3 ; 6 ; 9 ; 12 ...

10 ; 14 ; 18 ; 22 ...

1 ; 3 ; 5 ; 7 ...

- 5 ; - 10 ; - 15 ...

$T_1$  beteken Term nommer 1  
means Term number 1

$T_1$   $T_2$   $T_3$   $T_4$   
3 ; 6 ; 9 ; 12 ...

Voltooi die patroon / Complete the pattern:

1) 3 ; 6 ; 9 ; 12 ; \_\_\_ ; \_\_\_ ; \_\_\_  
Tel 3 elke keer by  
Add 3 every time

2) 6 ; 4 ; 2 ; 0 ; \_\_\_ ; \_\_\_ ; \_\_\_  
Trek 2 af  
Subtract 2

3) 2 ; 4 ; 8 ; 16 ; \_\_\_ ; \_\_\_ ; \_\_\_  
Maal met 2  
Multiply by 2

4) 48 ; 24 ; 12 ; \_\_\_ ; \_\_\_ ; \_\_\_  
Deel met 2  
Divide by 2

1. Konstante verskil / Constant difference



As  $T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$  dan is dit 'n konstante verskil  
If  $T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$  then it will be a constant difference

$T_1$   $T_2$   $T_3$   $T_4$

$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$

a) 3 ; 6 ; 9 ; 12 ...

$6 - 3 = 9 - 6$

3 = 3



Konstante verskil  
Constant difference

8.2.6

② b)  $T_1 \quad T_2 \quad T_3 \quad T_4$   
 $2; 4; 8; 16; \dots$

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$$

$$4 - 2 = 8 - 4$$

$$2 \neq 4 \quad \times$$

Skryf term nommers bo  
 Write term numbers at top

## 2. Konstante verhouding / Constant ratio $\times / \div$

As  $\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{T_3}{T_2}$  is daar 'n konstante verhouding.

If  $\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{T_3}{T_2}$  then there is a constant ratio

a)  $T_1 \quad T_2 \quad T_3 \quad T_4$   
 $2; 4; 8; 16; \dots$

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$$

$$4 - 2 = 8 - 4$$

$$2 \neq 4 \quad \times$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{T_3}{T_2}$$

$$\frac{4}{2} = \frac{8}{4}$$

$$2 = 2 \quad \checkmark$$

Konstante verhouding  
 Constant difference

## 3. Algemene Reël / General Rule $T_n =$

• Nommer terme

• Verskil of verhouding?

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2 \quad / \quad \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{T_3}{T_2}$$

• Toets jou reël

$$T_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \text{vervang } n \text{ met } 1$$

• Number terms  $T_1; T_2; T_3 \dots$

• Difference or ratio?

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2 \quad / \quad \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{T_3}{T_2}$$

• Test your rule

$$T_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \text{replace } n \text{ with } 1$$

a)  $3; 6; 9; 12; \dots$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} T_1 & T_2 & T_3 & T_4 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 & 12 \\ n=1 & n=2 & n=3 & n=4 \\ & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow \\ & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$$

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$$

$$6 - 3 = 9 - 6$$

$$3 = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$T_n = 3n$$

$$T_1 = 3(1) = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\therefore T_n = 3n$$

Algemene reël  
 General Rule

b)

$$T_1 \quad T_2 \quad T_3 \quad T_4$$

①; 4; 7; 10; ...  
n=1; n=2; n=3; n=4;

$n=1$     $n=2$     $n=3$     $n=4$   
 $\diagdown$     $\diagup$     $\diagdown$     $\diagup$     $\diagdown$     $\diagup$     $\diagdown$     $\diagup$   
 $3$     $3$     $3$

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$$

$$4 - 1 = 7 - 4$$

$$3 = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

Test  $\rightarrow$

$$T_n = 3n$$

$$T_1 = 3(1)$$

$$T_1 = 3 - 2$$

$$T_1 = 1 \checkmark$$

$$\therefore T_n = 3n - 2$$

c)

$T_1$        $T_2$        $T_3$

$$-2; -6; -10; \dots$$

$n=1$        $n=2$        $n$

$\diagdown$        $\diagup$        $\diagdown$        $\diagup$

$-4$        $-4$

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$$

$$-6 - (-2) = -10 - (-6)$$

$$-6 + 2 = -10 + 6$$

$$-4 = -4 \checkmark$$

$$T_n = -4n$$

$$T_1 = -4(1)$$

$$T_1 = -4 + 2$$

$$T_1 = -2$$

$$\therefore T_n = -4n + 2$$

c)

$T_1 \quad T_2 \quad T_3 \quad T_4$

④; 10; 16; 22; ...  
n=1      n=2      n=3      n=4

$n=1$     $n=2$     $n=3$     $n=4$

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$$

$$10 - 4 = 16 - 10$$

$$6 = 6 \quad \checkmark$$

$$T_n = 6n$$

$$T_1 = 6(1)$$

$$T_1 = 6 - 2$$

$$T_1 = 4$$

$$\therefore T_n = 6n - 2$$