2014-04-04.sagews

April 4, 2014

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L	ath 480b Sage Course		
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Ĺ	Math 480b Sage Course		
L.	.1 April 4, 2014		
Зc	creencast: http://youtu.be/T7aXPTQx3hI		

• Questions?

• Python

Plan

- control structures: if/then/else
- looping: while, for, range
- data types: string, integer, list, tuple, dict
- functions
- Python variables are references
- putting code in files/modules and loading them
- Homework 2

```
R. <x> = QQ[]
R
Univariate Polynomial Ring in x over Rational Field
S. <y> = PolynomialRing(RR)
S
```

Univariate Polynomial Ring in y over Real Field with 53 bits of precision

```
3/5*y + y^5
y^5 + 0.600000000000000000
f = (x^3 - 1)*(x-6/7)^2*(x-5)
x^6 - 47/7*x^5 + 456/49*x^4 - 229/49*x^3 + 47/7*x^2 - 456/49*x + 180/49
v = f.roots()
type(v)
<type 'list'>
v [0]
(5, 1)
[0][0]v
5
[(5, 1), (1, 1), (6/7, 2)]
for r in v:
print "hi there"
print r[0]
print "Hmm. I wonder what r is?"
print r
hi there
5
hi there
hi there
6/7
Hmm. I wonder what r is?
(6/7, 2)
5/4
5/4
5//4
f
x^6 - 47/7*x^5 + 456/49*x^4 - 229/49*x^3 + 47/7*x^2 - 456/49*x + 180/49
CC
{\tt Complex \ Field \ with \ 53 \ bits \ of \ precision}
ComplexField(200)
Complex Field with 200 bits of precision
f.roots(ring=CC)
[(1.0000000000000, 1), (5.000000000000, 1), (-0.500000000000 - 0.866025403784439*I,
```

```
1), (-0.5000000000000 + 0.866025403784439*I, 1), (0.857142857142856 -
1.70882477893134e-8*I, 1), (0.857142857142856 + 1.70882477893134e-8*I, 1)]
 a = 5
 b = 7
 a+b
Error in lines 1-1
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/projects/edf7b34d-8ef9-49ad-b83f-8fa4cde53380/.sagemathcloud/sage_server.py",
line 733, in execute
   exec compile(block+'\n', '', 'single') in namespace, locals
 File "", line 1, in <module>
NameError: name 'b' is not defined
def f(n,m):
return n+m
f(2,5)
10
```

1.2 Python - Control Structures: if/then/else

```
# come up with examples here

if "":
    if "false":
    if 2 == 1+10:
        print "good"

elif 3 == 1+2:
        print "yes"
else:
        print "very bad"

very bad

# like "?:"

a = "good" if 2==1+1 else "bad"
a
'good'

a = "good" if 2==5+1 else "bad"
a
'bad'
```

1.3 Python - Looping while, for, range

```
range(5)
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
for n in range(5):
print n
1
2
3
4
for n in range(10<sup>8</sup>): # scary
    print n
    if n > 5:
        break
for n in xrange(10^8): # good
    print n
    if n > 5:
        break
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
v = ['william', 'simon', pi, e, sin(x)]
['william', 'simon', pi, e, sin(x)]
for z in v:
    print 2*z, z + z
williamwilliam williamwilliam
simonsimon simonsimon
2*pi 2*pi
2*e 2*e
2*sin(x) 2*sin(x)
a = "simon"; b = "william"
a + b
b + a
'simonwilliam'
'williamsimon'
a*b # this should be concat; sigh...
Error in lines 1-1
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

```
File "/projects/edf7b34d-8ef9-49ad-b83f-8fa4cde53380/.sagemathcloud/sage_server.py",
line 733, in execute
    exec compile(block+'\n', '', 'single') in namespace, locals
    File "", line 1, in <module>
TypeError: can't multiply sequence by non-int of type 'str'

a = 10
while a > 3:
    print a^5
    a = a - 2

100000
32768
7776
1024
```

- 1.4 Python Data types str, int and long, float, list, tuple, dict, etc.
- 1.5 Python Functions (again)

1.6 Python - Variables are references!

There is a major difference between how the math-oriented programming languages (Matlab, Pari, Maple, etc.) work, and how most modern mainstream programming languages, such as Python, work.

```
cotave = Octave()
%octave
v = [3,4]; w = v; w(1)=2014
w =
2014 4
%octave
v
v =
3 4
#python
v = [3,4]; w = v; w[0]=2014
w
[2014, 4]
```

1.7 Putting code in files/modules and loading it

WARNING: The Sage preparser!

•	import
•	reload

•

%default_mode	python
2/3	
0	
3^8	
11	
%default_mode	sage
2/3	
2/3	
%python 2/3	
0	