# FlyNext Database Design Documentation

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# Introduction

This document describes the database design for the FlyNext hotel booking system. The design includes the following models: **User**, **Hotel**, **Room**, **Booking**, **Payment**, **Notification**, **City**, and **Airport**. Each model contains attributes that are explained below. The schema supports features such as user roles, hotel ownership, room bookings, payment tracking, and notifications.

# **Model Explanations**

## 1. User

- id: Unique identifier for each user. It is auto-incremented.
- firstName: The user's first name.
- lastName: The user's last name.
- email: Unique email address for user identification.
- password: A hashed password for secure authentication.
- profilePicture: (Optional) A link or file path to the user's profile picture.
- **phone:** (Optional) The user's phone number.
- role: Enumerated type indicating the user's role (VISITOR, USER, HOTEL\_OWNER). Defaults to USER.
- bookings: A one-to-many relationship; a user can have multiple bookings.
- hotels: A one-to-many relationship for hotel owners who can own multiple hotels.
- notifications: A one-to-many relationship; a user can receive many notifications.
- **createdAt:** Timestamp indicating when the user record was created.
- updatedAt: Timestamp that is automatically updated whenever the record is modified.

# 2. Hotel

- id: Unique identifier for each hotel. Auto-incremented.
- name: The name of the hotel.
- logo: (Optional) An image URL or file path for the hotel's logo.
- address: The physical address (street, etc.) of the hotel.
- location: A string representing the city and country where the hotel is located.
- starRating: An integer representing the quality rating of the hotel.

- images: A JSON field that stores an array of image URLs for the hotel.
- ownerId: (Optional) Foreign key that links to the User who owns the hotel.
- owner: (Optional) The relationship object that associates the hotel with a User.
- rooms: A one-to-many relationship; a hotel can have multiple rooms.
- bookings: A one-to-many relationship; a hotel can receive multiple bookings.
- notifications: A one-to-many relationship; notifications specific to the hotel.

#### 3. Room

- id: Unique identifier for each room. Auto-incremented.
- type: The type of room (e.g., "Double"). Defaults to "Double".
- amenities: A JSON field storing an array of strings representing room amenities.
- pricePerNight: A float value indicating the cost per night. Defaults to 100.0.
- images: A JSON field storing an array of image URLs for the room.
- available: A boolean flag indicating whether the room is available. Defaults to true.
- hotelId: Foreign key linking the room to a specific hotel.
- hotel: The relationship object linking this room to its hotel.
- bookings: A one-to-many relationship; a room can have multiple bookings (at different times).

#### 4. Booking

- id: Unique identifier for each booking. Auto-incremented.
- userId: Foreign key linking the booking to the User who made it.
- hotelId: (Optional) Foreign key linking to the Hotel being booked.
- roomId: (Optional) Foreign key linking to the Room that was booked.
- bookStatus: Enumerated type indicating the booking status (PENDING, CONFIRMED, CANCELLED, UNKNOWN). Defaults to PENDING.
- flightStatus: Enumerated type indicating flight status (SCHEDULED, CANCELLED, DELAYED, DEPARTED, LANDED). Defaults to SCHEDULED.
- flightBookingInfo: (Optional) A field for flight details if the booking includes a flight.
- **checkIn:** (Optional) The check-in date.
- **checkOut:** (Optional) The check-out date.
- createdAt: Timestamp indicating when the booking was created.
- user: The relationship linking the booking to a User.
- hotel: (Optional) The relationship linking the booking to a Hotel.
- room: (Optional) The relationship linking the booking to a Room.
- payment: (Optional) A one-to-one relationship linking the booking to its Payment.
- reference: (Optional) A string reference (e.g., booking reference code) for the booking.

# 5. Payment

- id: Unique identifier for each payment. Auto-incremented.
- bookingId: Unique foreign key linking the payment to a specific booking.
- booking: The relationship linking the payment to its booking.
- cardNumber: The payment card number used for the transaction.
- expiryDate: The expiration date of the payment card.
- amount: The amount charged for the booking.
- status: Enumerated type for payment status (PENDING, SUCCESS, FAILED). Defaults to PEND-ING.
- **createdAt:** Timestamp indicating when the payment was created.
- updatedAt: Timestamp that updates when the payment record is modified.

### 6. Notification

- id: Unique identifier for each notification. Auto-incremented.
- message: The text content of the notification.
- isRead: Boolean flag that indicates whether the notification has been read. Defaults to false.
- **createdAt:** Timestamp for when the notification was created.
- updatedAt: Timestamp that updates when the notification record is modified.
- userId: (Optional) Foreign key linking the notification to a specific User.
- user: The relationship linking the notification to the User.

#### 7. City

- id: Unique identifier for each city. Auto-incremented.
- name: The name of the city.
- **country:** The country where the city is located.

#### 8. Airport

- id: Unique identifier for each airport (in this schema, it is a string).
- code: A unique code representing the airport.
- name: The full name of the airport.
- city: A string representing the city where the airport is located.
- country: A string representing the country where the airport is located.