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ROLL NO: DT-22028

LAB 12

QUESTION: Write a C program to simulate page replacement algorithms.

a) FIFO b) LRU c) Optimal d)MRU

ANSWER:

a) FIFO

```
CODE:
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int i, j, k, frameIndex = 0, pageFaults = 0;
  int referenceString[25], frames[10], n, f;
  printf("Enter the length of the reference string: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter the reference string: ");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &referenceString[i]);
  printf("Enter the number of frames: ");
  scanf("%d", &f);
  for (i = 0; i < f; i++)
    frames[i] = -1; // initialize all frames to -1
```

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printf("\nPage Replacement Process (FIFO):\n");

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  // Check if the page is already in a frame
  for (k = 0; k < f; k++) {
    if (frames[k] == referenceString[i])
       break;
  }
  // Page not found -> page fault
  if (k == f) {
    frames[frameIndex] = referenceString[i];
    frameIndex = (frameIndex + 1) % f;
     pageFaults++;
    // Display current frame state
    for (j = 0; j < f; j++) {
       if (frames[j] != -1)
         printf("%d\t", frames[j]);
       else
         printf("-\t");
    }
    printf("Page Fault %d", pageFaults);
  } else {
     // Page hit - no fault
     for (j = 0; j < f; j++) {
       if (frames[j] != -1)
         printf("%d\t", frames[j]);
```

```
else
    printf("-\t");
}
printf("No Page Fault");
}
printf("\n");
}

printf("\nTotal number of page faults using FIFO: %d\n", pageFaults);
return 0;
}
```

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b) LRU

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int i, j, k, min, n, f;
  int referenceString[25], frames[10], lastUsed[10], pageFaults = 0, next = 1;
  int flag[25] = \{0\};
  printf("Enter the length of reference string: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter the reference string: ");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     scanf("%d", &referenceString[i]);
     flag[i] = 0;
  }
  printf("Enter the number of frames: ");
  scanf("%d", &f);
  for (i = 0; i < f; i++) {
     frames[i] = -1;
     lastUsed[i] = 0;
  }
```

```
printf("\nPage Replacement Process (LRU):\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  int found = 0;
  for (j = 0; j < f; j++) {
     if (frames[j] == referenceString[i]) {
       flag[i] = 1;
       lastUsed[j] = next++;
       found = 1;
       break;
    }
  }
  if (!found) {
     if (i < f) {
       frames[i] = referenceString[i];
       lastUsed[i] = next++;
     } else {
       min = 0;
       for (j = 1; j < f; j++) {
          if (lastUsed[j] < lastUsed[min]) {</pre>
            min = j;
          }
       }
       frames[min] = referenceString[i];
```

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```
lastUsed[min] = next++;
       }
       pageFaults++;
    }
    for (j = 0; j < f; j++) {
       if (frames[j] != -1)
         printf("%d\t", frames[j]);
       else
         printf("-\t");
    }
    if (!found)
       printf("Page Fault %d", pageFaults);
    else
       printf("No Page Fault");
    printf("\n");
  }
  printf("\nTotal number of page faults using LRU: %d\n", pageFaults);
  return 0;
}
```

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c) Optimal

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int no_of_frames, no_of_pages;
  int frames[10], pages[30], temp[10];
  int flag1, flag2, flag3;
  int i, j, k, pos, max, faults = 0;
  printf("Enter number of frames: ");
  scanf("%d", &no_of_frames);
  printf("Enter number of pages: ");
  scanf("%d", &no_of_pages);
  printf("Enter page reference string: ");
  for (i = 0; i < no_of_pages; ++i) {
    scanf("%d", &pages[i]);
  }
  for (i = 0; i < no_of_frames; ++i) {
    frames[i] = -1;
  }
  printf("\nPage Replacement Process (Optimal):\n");
```

```
for (i = 0; i < no_of_pages; ++i) {
  flag1 = flag2 = 0;
  // Check if page is already in a frame
  for (j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j) {
    if (frames[j] == pages[i]) {
       flag1 = flag2 = 1;
       break;
    }
  }
  // If page is not already in frame
  if (flag1 == 0) {
    // Check for empty frame
    for (j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j) {
       if (frames[j] == -1) {
         frames[j] = pages[i];
         faults++;
         flag2 = 1;
         break;
       }
    }
  }
```

// If no empty frame, use optimal replacement

```
if (flag2 == 0) {
  flag3 = 0;
  for (j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j) {
     temp[j] = -1;
    for (k = i + 1; k < no_of_pages; ++k) {
       if (frames[j] == pages[k]) {
         temp[j] = k;
         break;
       }
     }
  }
  for (j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j) {
    if (temp[j] == -1) {
       pos = j;
       flag3 = 1;
       break;
     }
  }
  if (flag3 == 0) {
    max = temp[0];
     pos = 0;
    for (j = 1; j < no_of_frames; ++j) {
```

```
if (temp[j] > max) {
            max = temp[j];
            pos = j;
         }
       }
    }
    frames[pos] = pages[i];
    faults++;
  }
  // Print current state of frames
  for (j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j) {
    if (frames[j] != -1)
       printf("%d\t", frames[j]);
    else
       printf("-\t");
  }
  if (!flag1) printf("Page Fault %d", faults);
  else printf("No Page Fault");
  printf("\n");
printf("\nTotal Page Faults = %d\n", faults);
return 0;
```

}

}

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d) MRU

CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// Function to update the array in most recently used (MRU) fashion
void recently(int* arr, int size, int elem) {
  int index = elem % size; // Find index using modulo
  int id = arr[index]; // Get the value at the index
  // Shift elements from index to front
  while (index > 0) {
    arr[index] = arr[index - 1];
    index--;
  }
  // Place the accessed element at the front
  arr[0] = id;
}
// Function to print array elements
void print(int* arr, int size) {
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    cout << arr[i] << " ";
  cout << endl;
}
```

```
int main() {
  int elem = 3;
  int arr[] = {6, 1, 9, 5, 3};
  int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);

recently(arr, size, elem);

cout << "Array in most recently used fashion: ";
  print(arr, size);

return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Array in most recently used fashion: 5 6 1 9 3

------
Process exited after 0.8271 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . _
```