Informacije:

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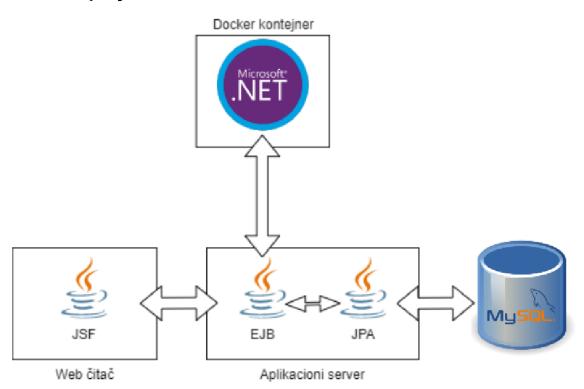
Zadatak

zad-31.txt

Tekst: 14. Informacioni sistem servisa za automobile. Cuva se evidencija automobila primljenih na servis, dostupnih usluga i delova (sa cenam), ali dijagnosticih informacija za automobile. Za svaki automobil se cuva informacija o modelu, boji, broj licne karte vlasnika, datum prijema. Dijagnostika se odnosi na uocene probleme i njihov opis. Nakon dolaska u servis, zavisno od uocenih problema, primenjuju se servisne usluge (popravke i slicno), ali može biti potrebna i nabavka novih delova. Omoguciti generisanje obacuna usluge (broj licne karte, datum kada je završena popravka i ukupna cena) na osnovu dostavljenih usluga i cena, koji se takođe trajno cuva pored prethodno navedenih evidencija.

Obrazac: dekompozicija poslovnog cilja

Arhitektura projekta



Class dijagram

```
</Class>>
Servis

id:int «...»

name: String «...»

price:int «...»

parts:int «...»

Servis(): Servis

Servis(name: String, price: int, parts: int): Servis

getld(): int
```

```
customer

id:int «...»

name: String «...»

email: String «...»

phone: String «...»

carmodel: String «...»

carplate: String «...»

Customer(): Customer

Customer(): Customer

Gustomer(name: String, email: String, phone: String, carmodel: String, carplate: String): Customer

getld(): int
```

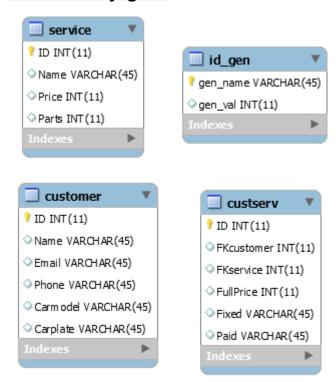


```
<<Interface>>
                                                CustservService
   @getCustserv (id:int): Custserv
   @ deleteCustserv (id : int )
   QupdateCustserv (id: int, fkcustomer: int, fkservice: int, fixed: String, fullprice: int, paid: String)
   [] listOfCustserves(): Custserv[1..*]
   (id: int)
   (id:int)
   (addCustserv (obj : Custserv )
                                                    <<Class>>
                                              CustservServiceImpl
    em: EntityManager «...»
    getCustserv(id:int): Custserv «...»
    deleteCustserv (id : int ) «...»
    updateCustserv (id: int, fkcustomer: int, fkservice: int, fixed: String, fullprice: int, paid: String) «...»
    (): Custserv [1..*] «...»
    isFixed(id:int) «...»
    isPaid(id:int) «...»
    addCustserv (obj : Custserv ) «...»
                                                  <<Class>>
                                             CustservController
🔁 id : String
fkcustomer: String
g fkservice: String
fixed: String
🔁 fullprice: String
apaid: String
service: CustservService «...»
getCustserv(id:String): Custserv
😘 addCustserv (fkcustomer: String, fkservice: String, fixed: String, fullprice: String, paid: String)
🕦 updateCustserv ( id : String , fkcustomer : String , fkservice : String , fixed : String , fullprice : String , paid : String )
( deleteCustserv (id : String )
(istOfCustserves(): Custserv[1..*]
isFixed(id:int)
isPaid(id:int)
```

```
<<Interface>>
                                                  CustomerService
 getCustomer(id:int): Customer
 ( deleteCustomer (id : int )
 updateCustomer (id: int, name: String, email: String, phone: String, carmodel: String, carplate: String)
 ( listOfCustomers ( ): Customer [1..*]
 (addCustomer (obj : Customer )
                                                    <<Class>>
                                              CustomerServiceImpl
em: EntityManager «...»
getCustomer(id:int): Customer «...»
@ deleteCustomer (ajd: int) «...»
🔐 updateCustomer ( id : int , name : String , email : String , phone : String , carmodel : String , carplate : String ) «...»
(istOfCustomers(): Customer[1..*] «...»
addCustomer (obj : Customer ) «...»
                                                       <<Class>>
                                                 CustomerController
    id:String
    name: String
    🔁 email : String
    🔁 phone: String
    carmodel: String
    carplate: String
    service: CustomerService «...»
     getCustomer (id : String ): Customer
     💫 addCustomer ( name : String , email : String , phone : String , carmodel : String , carplate : String )
     🔃 updateCustomer ( id : String , name : String , email : String , phone : String , carmodel : String , carplate : String )
     deleteCustomer (id : String )
     (istOfCustomers(): Customer[1..*]
```

<<Interface>> ServisService getServis (id : int) : Servis deleteServis (id: int) updateServis (id: int, name: String, price: int, parts: int) (istOfServises (): Servis [1..*] addServis (obj : Servis) <<Class>> ServisServiceImpl em: EntityManager «...» getServis(id:int): Servis «...» @ deleteServis (id : int) «...» QupdateServis (id: int, name: String, price: int, parts: int) «...» [] listOfServises (): Servis [1..*] «...» addServis (obj : Servis) «...» <<Class>> ServisController 🔁 id: String name: String price: String parts: String service: ServisService «...» getServis (id : String) : Servis addServis (name : String , price : String , parts : String) 💫 updateServis (id : String , name : String , price : String , parts : String) deleteServis (id : String) listOfServises (): Servis [1..*]

Database dijagram

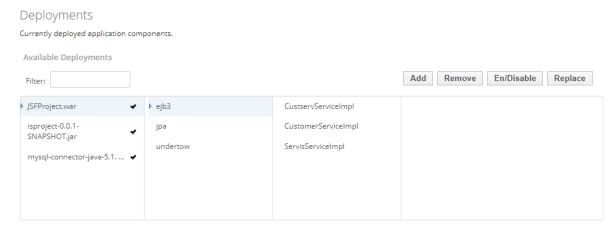


Deployment

Za depoyment aplikacije potrebno je:

- Pokrenuti MySQL server na portu 3306
- Pokrenuti WildFly server, zatim: Desni klik na projekat.
- Run as > Run on Server.
- Finish.
- Pokrenuti docker.

Nasa JSF aplikacija se pokrenula i mozemo pristupiti serveru linkom http://127.0.0.1:9990



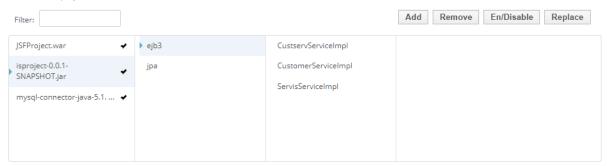
Deployments

Currently deployed application components.

Attributes Connection

Pool

Available Deployments

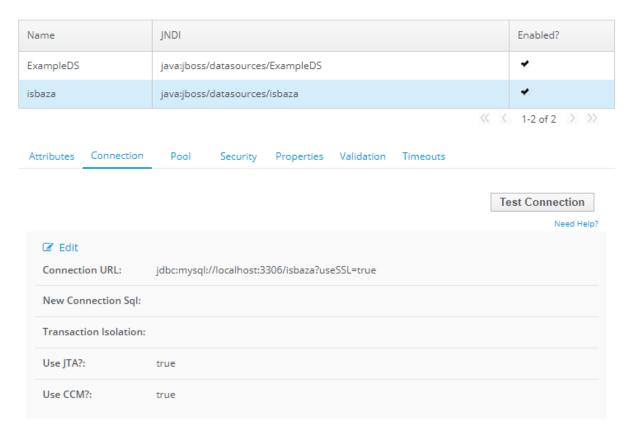


Name	JNDI	Enabled?	
ExampleDS	java:jboss/datasources/ExampleDS	≠ .	
isbaza	java:jboss/datasources/isbaza	₩	
	« <	1-2 of 2 >>>	

Security Properties Validation

Timeouts

☑ Edit Name:		
Name:		
	isbaza	
JNDI:	java:jboss/datasources/isbaza	
ls enabled?:	true	
Statistics enabled?:	false	
Datasource Class:		
Driver:	mysql-connector-java-5.1.41-bin.jar_com.mysql.jdbc.Driver_5_1	
Driver Class:	com.mysql.jdbc.Driver	
Share Prepared Statements:	false	
Statement Cache Size:	0	



Ukoliko je sve korektno odrađeno možemo pristupiti aplikaciji na linku: http://localhost:8080/JSFProject

Unit testovi

- 1. Prvi unit test proverava inicijalizaciju CustomerServiceImpl
 - Metoda: new CustomerServiceImpl();
 - Preduslov: Da klasa postoji.
 - Koraci:
 - Instanciranje Customer objekta sa ovim funkcijom
- 2. i 5.. Drugi i peti unit test proverava da li funkcija vraca korisnika sa zadatim ID-jem
 - Metoda: getCustomer(int id)
 - Preduslov: Nema.
 - · Koraci:
 - Trazi u bazi korisnika sa zadatim ID-jem.
 - (2) Ako ne moze, vraca NULL
 - (5) Ako moze, vraca korisnika
- 3. Treći unit test proverava dodavanje korisnika u bazi.
 - Metoda: addCustomer(Customer obj)
 - Preduslov: Da je prosledjen objekat tipa Customer.
 - · Koraci:
 - Dodavanje objekta kao argument
 - · Dodaje u bazu.

- Proverava da uplata nije ostala u bazi.
- 4. Četvrti unit test proverava azuriranje korisnika
 - Metoda: updateCustomer()
 - Preduslov: Da korisnik vec postoji
 - · Koraci:
 - Poslati novi objekat tipa Customer sa istim ID-jem
 - Naci u bazi korisnika sa istim ID-jem
 - Izvrsiti izmene

Docker demployment (.net 6)

Kreiramo novi Web API

```
dotnet new webapi -ISDocker
```

U folderu ISDocker kreiramo Dockerfile i u njemu upisemo sledeci code

```
FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/sdk:6.0 AS build-env
WORKDIR /app

COPY *.csproj ./
RUN dotnet restore

COPY ./ ./
RUN dotnet publish -c Release -o out

FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/aspnet:6.0
WORKDIR /app

COPY --from=build-env /app/out .
ENTRYPOINT ["dotnet", "ISDocker.dll"]
```

Mozemo da dodamo .dockerignore u ISDocker folderu kako bi image bio sto manji.
bin/
obj/

```
Pokrenemo command terminal u folder ISDocker i preko njega pozovemo komandu: docker build -t isproj-image -f Dockerfile .
```

U isto command terminal zatim pozovemo sledecu komandu za kreiranje container-a i njegovo pokretanje:

```
docker run -d -p 8081:80 --name isdoc-container isproject-image
```

Ukoliko je sve odrađeno tačno komanda docker ps bi trebala da pokaže:

```
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
82576e326bc8 isproj-image "dotnet ISDocker.dll" 42 hours ago Up 3 hours 0.0.0.0:8081->80/tcp isdoc-container
```

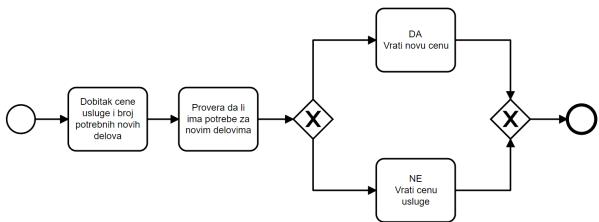
Kontroleru prosledjujemo 2 broja, prvi predstavlja cenu usluge, dok drugi predstavlja koliko novih delova je bilo potrebno pribaviti da se usluga izvrsi.

Ako ima dodatnih delova onda dodati cenu tih delova na cenu usluge.

```
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
namespace ISDocker.Controllers;
[ApiController]
[Route("[controller]")]
public class MoneyController : ControllerBase
    public MoneyController() {}
    [Route("{price}/{hasParts}")]
    [HttpGet]
    public async Task<ActionResult> Get(int price, int hasParts)
        if(hasParts > 0) {
         Random objRnd = new Random();
         int hasPartsPrice = objRnd.Next(hasParts*10, hasParts*1000);
         return await Task.FromResult(Ok(hasPartsPrice + price));
        }else
         return await Task.FromResult(Ok(price));
    }
```

BPMN

Dijagram predstavlja obrađivanje zahteva koji vrši .net web aplikacija u docker kontejneru, proverava da li ima novih delova potrebnih za izvrsenje usluge i na osnovu toga vraca cenu.



Pristup: http://localhost:8081/Money/{broj1}/{broj2}