## Medium

Table: Customer
+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+
| customer\_id | int |
| product\_key | int |
+-----+

This table may contain duplicates rows.

customer id is not NULL.

product key is a foreign key (reference column) to Product table.

Table: Product
+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+
| product key | int |

+----+

product key is the primary key (column with unique values) for this table.

Write a solution to report the customer ids from the Customer table that bought all the products in the Product table.

Return the result table in any order.

The result format is in the following example.

## Example 1:

```
Input:
Customer table:
+----+
| customer_id | product_key |
| 1 | 5
2
      | 6
      | 5
3
      | 6
3
| 1
      | 6
Product table:
+----+
product key
| 5
6
+----+
Output:
+----+
customer id
+----+
1
| 3
```

## +----+

## **Explanation:**

The customers who bought all the products (5 and 6) are customers with IDs 1 and 3.

# Write your MySQL query statement below
SELECT customer\_id
FROM Customer
GROUP BY customer\_id
HAVING GROUP\_CONCAT(DISTINCT product\_key ORDER BY product\_key) IN (SELECT
GROUP\_CONCAT(product\_key ORDER BY product\_key) FROM Product)
ORDER BY customer\_id;

- -- THIS will not incase of a different product key is entered in customer table
- -- SELECT customer id
- -- FROM Customer
- -- GROUP BY customer id
- -- HAVING count(DISTINCT product key) = (SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM Product)