Medium

Table: Sales
+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+
| sale_id | int |
| product_id | int |
| year | int |
| quantity | int |
| price | int |

(sale_id, year) is the primary key (combination of columns with unique values) of this table. product_id is a foreign key (reference column) to Product table. Each row of this table shows a sale on the product product_id in a certain year. Note that the price is per unit.

Table: Product
+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+
| product_id | int |
| product_name | varchar |

product_id is the primary key (column with unique values) of this table. Each row of this table indicates the product name of each product.

Write a solution to select the **product id**, **year**, **quantity**, and **price** for the **first year** of every product sold.

Return the resulting table in any order.

The result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

```
Input:
Sales table:
+----+
| sale id | product id | year | quantity | price |
+----+
| 1
   100
         | 2008 | 10
                 | 5000 |
   100
         | 2009 | 12
                  5000
2
   | 200
                 9000
| 7
         | 2011 | 15
+----+
Product table:
| product id | product name |
+----+
     | Nokia
100
200
     Apple
     Samsung
300
+----+
Output:
+----+
```

| product_id first_year quantity price | | | |
|--|------|----|------|
| + | + | + | + |
| 100 | 2008 | 10 | 5000 |
| 200 | 2011 | 15 | 9000 |
| + | + | + | + |

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
SELECT product_id, year as first_year, quantity, price
FROM Sales
WHERE (product_id, year) in (SELECT product_id, MIN(year)
FROM Sales
GROUP BY product_id);
```