## Easy

Table: Users

+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+
user\_id	int
name	varchar
mail	varchar

user id is the primary key (column with unique values) for this table.

This table contains information of the users signed up in a website. Some e-mails are invalid.

Write a solution to find the users who have valid emails.

A valid e-mail has a prefix name and a domain where:

- **The prefix name** is a string that may contain letters (upper or lower case), digits, underscore '\_', period '.', and/or dash '-'. The prefix name **must** start with a letter.
- The domain is '@leetcode.com'.

Return the result table in any order.

The result format is in the following example.

## Example 1:

## **Input:** Users table: +----+ | user\_id | name | mail | +----+----+ | Winston | winston@leetcode.com | 1 | Jonathan | jonathanisgreat 2 3 | Annabelle | bella-@leetcode.com 4 | Sally | sally.come@leetcode.com | 5 | Marwan | quarz#2020@leetcode.com | David | david69@gmail.com 6 | Shapiro | .shapo@leetcode.com 7 **Output:** +-----+ | user\_id | name | mail | | Winston | winston@leetcode.com | 3 | Annabelle | bella-@leetcode.com | | Sally | sally.come@leetcode.com | +----+

## **Explanation:**

The mail of user 2 does not have a domain.

The mail of user 5 has the # sign which is not allowed.

The mail of user 6 does not have the leetcode domain.

The mail of user 7 starts with a period.

SELECT \*
FROM Users
WHERE mail REGEXP '^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9\_.-]\*@leetcode[.]com\$';