Getting tested

Wear a mask

Living with COVID-19

Oregon has a framework to reduce transmission and protect Oregonians from COVID-19 until vaccines can be widely distributed.

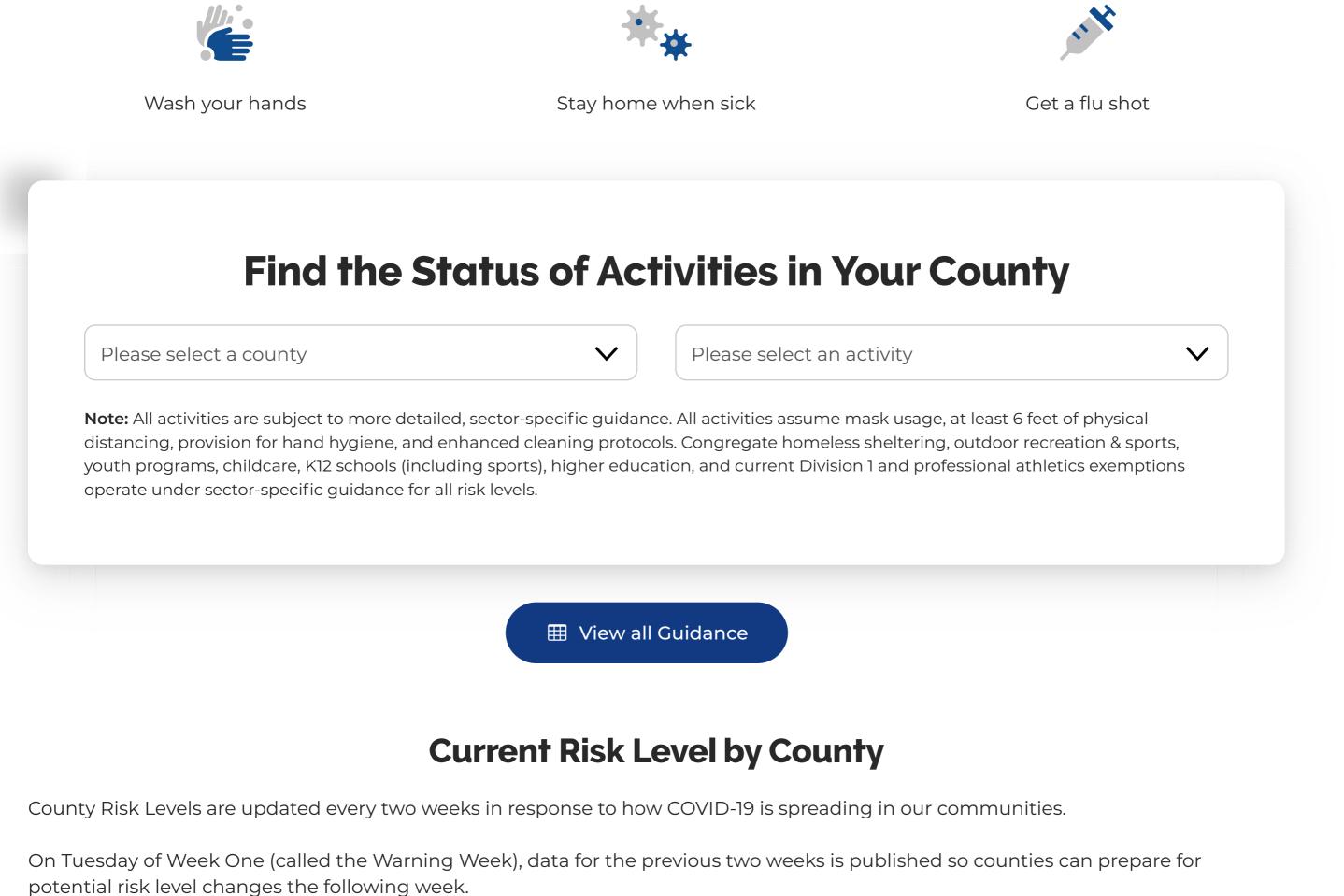
Together we have the ability to prevent COVID-19

from further spreading in our communities.

While the rollout of vaccines in Oregon is promising, it will take time to reach the level of community immunity we need to fully return to normal life. Until vaccines are widely available with high participation rates, the surest way to protect ourselves and others is to continue practicing health and safety measures.

All Oregonians have a part to play by continuing to:

Limit gatherings to small groups Keep at least six feet away from others outside your household



OHA COVID-19 Website View All COVID-19 Data Dashboards

reduce the effects of COVID-19 on the lives of Oregonians.

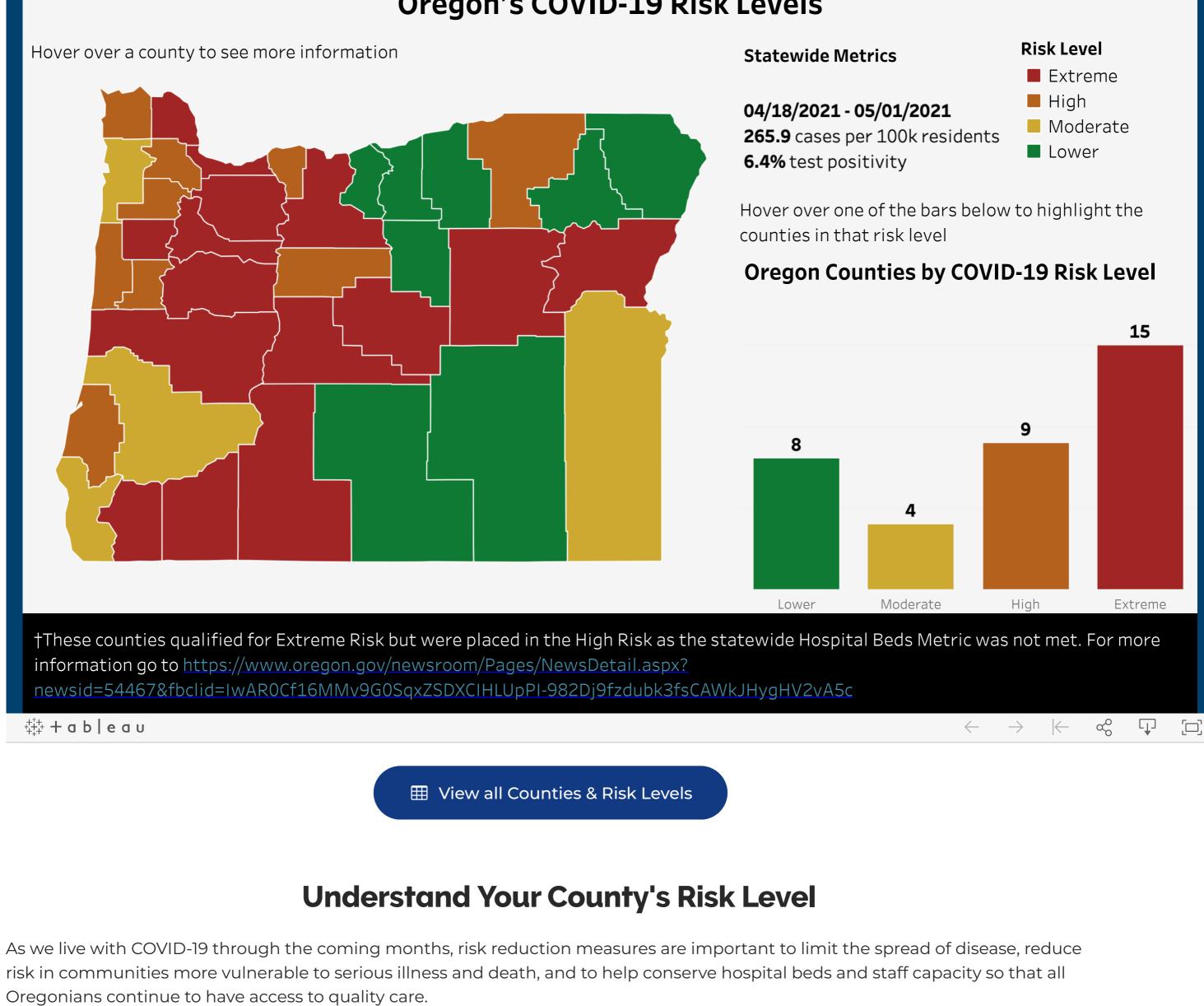
The Oregon Health Authority (OHA) is part of the statewide response working to address and

Summary Table

On Tuesday of Week Two (called the Movement Week), updated data is published and County Risk Levels are assigned. Risk Levels

Oregon's COVID-19 Risk Levels

take effect on Friday and remain in effect for the next two weeks while this process repeats.



Disease spread and percent positivity determine the risk level for activities allowed. Some of this data includes case rates for larger

population counties or absolute cases for smaller population counties. Other metrics serve as additional data for context. Counties

must remain in a risk level for at least two weeks before moving to a less restrictive phase, and must propose community mitigation

measures to minimize risk based on disease spread. The Oregon Healthy Authority and the Governor's Office use this data to assign

Risk level assigned

Lower Risk

Moderate Risk

High Risk

Extreme Risk

Substantial

Spread

100.0 to <200.0

45 to 59

8.0% to <10.0%

Widespread

≥200.0

≥60

≥10.0%

risk level, but counties may choose to remain in a more restrictive risk level for the safety of their community.

Spread (plus other factors)

Minimal Spread

Moderate Spread

Substantial Spread

Widespread

Indicators

over 14 days

days

Rate of COVID-19 cases per 100,000

Number of COVID-19 cases over 14

Understand how data is used to make decisions

We rely on science and data to inform guidance to reduce the risk of COVID-19 spread in our

communities. And, as we learn more about the virus itself, we are changing the way we use data

to inform the guidance we issue to reduce risk of transmission in the community. We know that living with COVID-19 and the measures we are taking to control its spread have been difficult – impacting our mental health, daily rituals, and the economy. Some communities in our state - communities of color, individuals with disabilities, and the elderly - have been especially impacted by COVID-19. But by working together, we can reduce the spread of this disease, allow more students and staff to return to school with lower risk, and start to revitalize the economy. Below is the framework guiding our approach to reduce transmission and protect Oregonians from COVID-19. **Indicators of COVID-19 Spread**

We use indicators of disease spread to determine which restrictive measures will reduce risk

from COVID-19. The principles for reducing risk inform sector-specific guidance to protect

Oregonians — including workers, customers, and others — in these sectors

<50.0

<30

Minimal

Spread

Moderate

Spread

50.0 to <100.0

30 to <45

Percentage test positivity over Counties <5.0% 5.0% to <8.0% previous 14 days with >15,000

Applies to

Counties

30,000+

people

Counties

<30,000

people

people

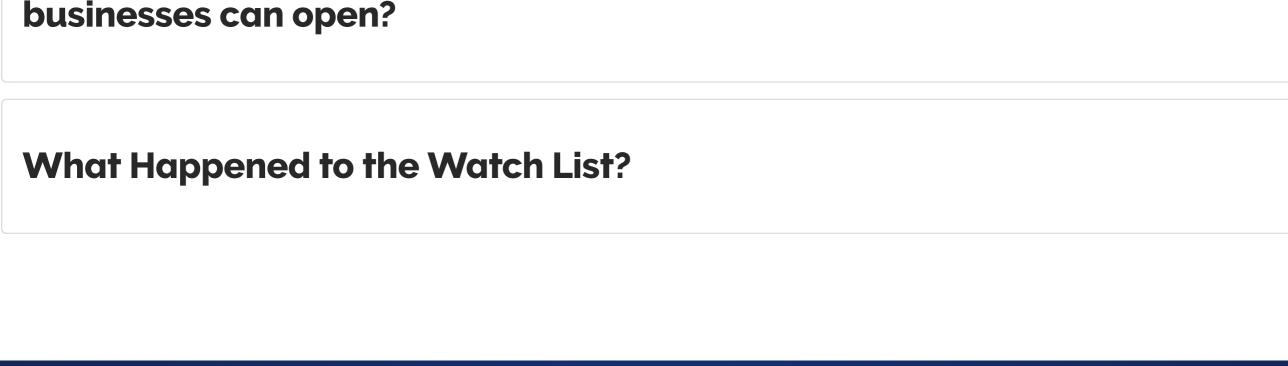
What does Oregon's Hospital Capacity look like?

with

with

Why are some activities open in certain risk levels (like grocery stores or churches) while others (like schools and gyms) are closed?

Common questions & answers



What can I do to reduce my county's risk level so more activities and

