

Assignment - 03

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Illustrate the queue operation using following function calls of size=5. Enqueue(25), Enqueue(37), Enqueue(90), Dequeue(), Enqueue(15), Enqueue(40), Enqueue(12), Dequeue(), Dequeue(), Dequeue().

Sol. Let's assume the queue has a size of 5

Initialise state:

Queue : [-, -, -, -, -] (Empty)

front : -1

Rear : -1

1) Enqueue(25):

Insert 25 at the rear

Queue after operation : [25, -, -, -, -]

front : 0 [moved from -1 to 0]

Rear : 0 [moved from -1 to 0]

2) Enqueue(37):

Insert 37 at the rear

Queue after operation [25, 37, -, -, -]

Front : 0

Rear : 1

3) Enqueue(90):

Insert 37 at the rear

Queue after operation : [25, 37, 90, -, -]

Front = 0,

Rear = 2,

4) Dequeue()

Remove element from the front

Queue after operation : [-, 37, 90, -, -]

front = 0, Rear = 2

5) Enqueue (15):

Insert 15 at rear

Queue after operation: $[-, 37, 90, 15, -]$

front = 1

rear = 3

6) Enqueue (40):

Insert 40 at rear

Queue after operation: $[-, 37, 90, 15, 40]$

front = 1

rear = 0

7) Dequeue ():

Remove element from the front

Queue after operation $[12, -, 90, 15, 40]$

front = 2

rear = 0

8) Dequeue ():

Remove the element from the front (i.e., 90)

Queue after operation $[12, -, -, 15, 40]$

front = 3

rear = 0

10) Deque ():

remove the element

Queue after operation $[12, -, -, -, 40]$

front = 4, rear = 0

11) Dequeue ():

remove the element

Queue after operation $[12, -, -, -, -]$

front = 0, rear = 0

Write a C program to implement Queue Operations such as EnQueue, Dequeue & display.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define size 5;
struct Queue {
    int item [size];
    int front, rear;
};

void initialize (struct Queue *q) {
    q → front = q → rear = -1;
}

int is-full (struct Queue *q) {
    return (q → rear + 1) % size == q → front;
}

int isEmpty (struct Queue *q) {
    return q → front == -1;
}

void enqueue (struct Queue *q) {
    if (isEmpty(q)) { printf ("Queue Underflow"); return; }
    int element = q → items [q - front];
    if (q → front == q → rear) q → front = q → rear = -1;
    else {
        q → front = (q → front + 1) % size;
        return element; }
}

void display (struct *q) {
    int i = q → front;
    while (i != q → rear) {
        printf ("%d ", q → item [i]);
    }
}
```

$i = (i+1) \% \text{size};$

int main() {

struct Queue q; initialize (&q);
enqueue (q, 25); enqueue (q, 37);
dequeue (q);
return 0;

}