

Progresiones aritméticas

$$a_{i+1} = a_i + d$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i = \frac{1}{2}n(a_1 + a_n)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$$

Progresiones geométricas

$$a_{i+1} = r a_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i = \frac{a_1(r^{n+1} - 1)}{r - 1}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n b^i = \frac{b^{n+1} - b}{b - 1}$$

Sumatorios $\sum_{i=1}^n a = na$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n af(i) = a \sum_{i=1}^n f(i)$$

$$\sum (a + b) = \sum a + \sum b$$

$$\sum_i \sum_j a_i b_j = \sum_i a_i \sum_j b_j$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+1)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i^3 = \left[\frac{1}{2}n(n+1) \right]^2$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i(i+1) = \frac{1}{3}n(n+1)(n+2)$$

Potencias

$$x^{y+z} = x^y \cdot x^z$$
$$x^{y-z} = x^y / x^z$$
$$x^{y \cdot z} = (x^y)^z = (x^z)^y$$

Logaritmos

$$\log_a(n) = \frac{\log_b(n)}{\log_b(a)}$$
$$\log_a(nm) = \log_a(n) + \log_a(m)$$
$$\log_a(n/m) = \log_a(n) - \log_a(m)$$
$$\log_a(n^p) = p \log_a(n)$$
$$n^{\log_a(m)} = m^{\log_a(n)}$$